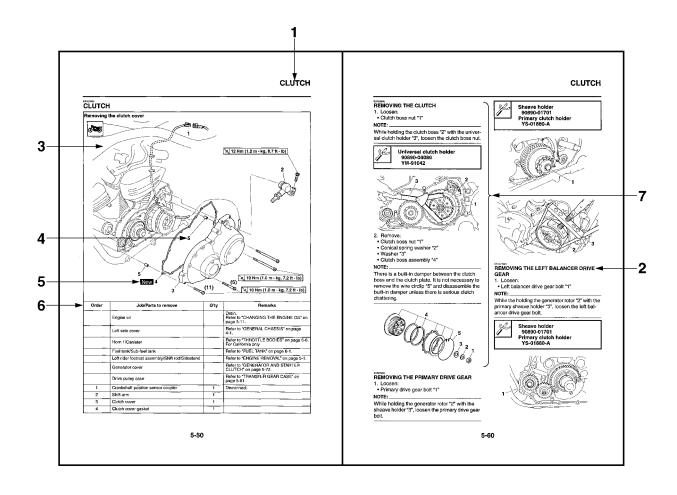
### **HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL**

This manual is intended as a handy, easy-to-read reference book for the mechanic. Comprehensive explanations of all installation, removal, disassembly, assembly, repair and check procedures are laid out with the individual steps in sequential order.

- The manual is divided into chapters and each chapter is divided into sections. The current section title is shown at the top of each page "1".
- Sub-section titles "2" appear in smaller print than the section title.
- To help identify parts and clarify procedure steps, there are exploded diagrams "3" at the start of each removal and disassembly section.
- Numbers "4" are given in the order of the jobs in the exploded diagram. A number indicates a disassembly step.
- Symbols "5" indicate parts to be lubricated or replaced. Refer to "SYMBOLS".
- A job instruction chart "6" accompanies the exploded diagram, providing the order of jobs, names of parts, notes in jobs, etc.
- Jobs "7" requiring more information (such as special tools and technical data) are described sequentially.

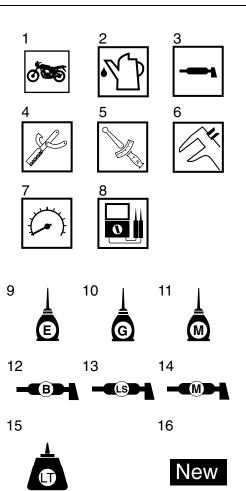


## **SYMBOLS**

The following symbols are used in this manual for easier understanding.

NOTE: \_

The following symbols are not relevant to every vehicle.



- 1. Serviceable with engine mounted
- 2. Filling fluid
- 3. Lubricant
- 4. Special tool
- 5. Tightening torque
- 6. Wear limit, clearance
- 7. Engine speed
- 8. Electrical data
- 9. Engine oil
- 10. Gear oil
- 11. Molybdenum-disulfide oil
- 12. Wheel-bearing grease
- 13. Lithium-soap-based grease
- 14. Molybdenum-disulfide grease
- 15. Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)
- 16. Replace the part

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## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

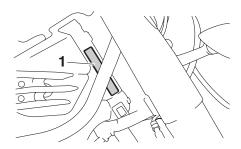
| IDENTIFICATION                          | 1-1  |
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## EAS20130 IDENTIFICATION

EAS20140

### **VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**

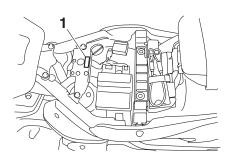
The vehicle identification number "1" is stamped into the right side of the steering head pipe.



EAS20150

#### **MODEL LABEL**

The model label "1" is affixed to the frame under the rider seat. This information will be needed to order spare parts.



### **FEATURES**

ET1D71017

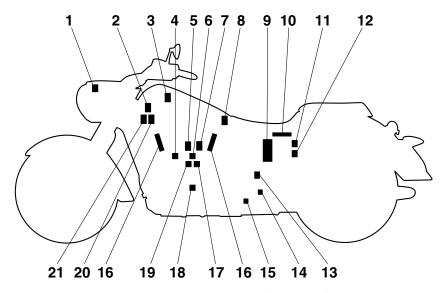
#### **OUTLINE OF THE FI SYSTEM**

The main function of a fuel supply system is to provide fuel to the combustion chamber at the optimum air-fuel ratio in accordance with the engine operating conditions and the atmospheric temperature. In the conventional carburetor system, the air-fuel ratio of the mixture that is supplied to the combustion chamber is created by the volume of the intake air and the fuel that is metered by the jet used in the respective carburetor.

Despite the same volume of intake air, the fuel volume requirement varies by the engine operating conditions, such as acceleration, deceleration, or operating under a heavy load. Carburetors that meter the fuel through the use of jets have been provided with various auxiliary devices, so that an optimum airfuel ratio can be achieved to accommodate the constant changes in the operating conditions of the engine.

As the requirements for the engine to deliver more performance and cleaner exhaust gases increase, it becomes necessary to control the air-fuel ratio in a more precise and finely tuned manner. To accommodate this need, this model has adopted an electronically controlled fuel injection (FI) system, in place of the conventional carburetor system. This system can achieve an optimum air-fuel ratio required by the engine at all times by using a microprocessor that regulates the fuel injection volume according to the engine operating conditions detected by various sensors.

The adoption of the FI system has resulted in a highly precise fuel supply, improved engine response, better fuel economy, and reduced exhaust emissions.



- 1. Air temperature sensor
- 2. ISC (idle speed control) unit
- Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor
- 4. Engine temperature sensor
- 5. Cylinder-#1 right ignition coil
- 6. Throttle position sensor
- 7. Cylinder-#1 left ignition coil
- 8. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor
- 9. Fuel pump
- 10. ECU (electronic control unit)
- 11. Relay unit (fuel pump relay)
- 12. EXUP servo motor
- 13. Speed sensor
- 14.0<sub>2</sub> sensor

- 15. Lean angle sensor
- 16. Spark plug
- 17. Injector #1
- 18. Crankshaft position sensor
- 19. Injector #2
- 20. Cylinder-#2 right ignition coil
- 21. Cylinder-#2 left ignition coil

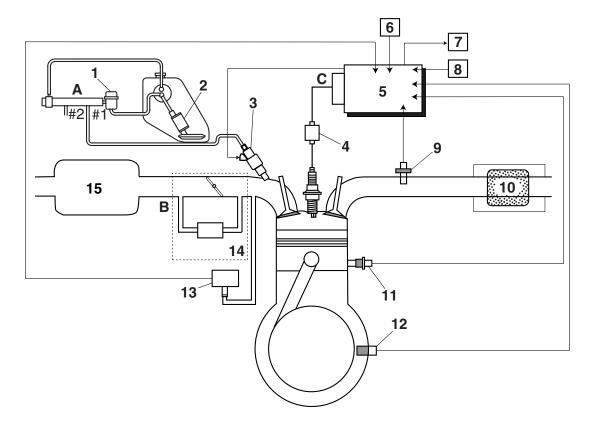
ET1D71018

#### **FI SYSTEM**

The fuel pump delivers fuel to the fuel injector via the fuel filter. The pressure regulator maintains the fuel pressure that is applied to the fuel injector at only 392 kPa (3.92 kg/cm², 55.7 psi). Accordingly, when the energizing signal from the ECU energizes the fuel injector, the fuel passage opens, causing the fuel to be injected into the intake manifold only during the time the passage remains open. Therefore, the longer the length of time the fuel injector is energized (injection duration), the greater the volume of fuel that is supplied. Conversely, the shorter the length of time the fuel injector is energized (injection duration), the lesser the volume of fuel that is supplied.

The injection duration and the injection timing are controlled by the ECU. Signals that are input from the throttle position sensor, crankshaft position sensor, intake air pressure sensor, air temperature sensor, engine temperature sensor, speed sensor and  $O_2$  sensor enable the ECU to determine the injection duration. The injection timing is determined through the signals from the crankshaft position sensor. As a result, the volume of fuel that is required by the engine can be supplied at all times in accordance with the driving conditions.

#### Illustration is for reference only.



- 1. Pressure regulator
- 2. Fuel pump
- 3. Fuel injector
- 4. Ignition coil
- 5. ECU (electronic control unit)
- 6. Air temperature sensor
- 7. ISC (idle speed control) unit
- 8. Throttle position sensor
- 9. O<sub>2</sub> sensor
- 10. Catalytic converter
- 11. Engine temperature sensor
- 12. Crankshaft position sensor

- 13. Intake air pressure sensor
- 14. Throttle body
- 15. Air filter case
- A. Fuel system
- B. Air system
- C. Control system

ET1D71036

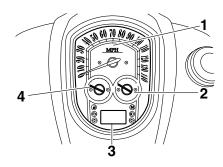
#### **INSTRUMENT FUNCTIONS**

#### **Multi-function meter unit**

EW1D7100

### **WARNING**

Be sure to stop the vehicle before making any setting changes to the multi-function meter unit.



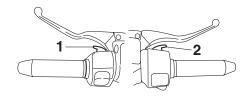
- 1. Speedometer
- 2. Fuel gauge
- 3. Odometer/tripmeter/fuel reserve tripmeter/clock
- 4. Tachometer

The multi-function meter unit is equipped with the following:

- a speedometer (which shows the riding speed)
- a tachometer (which shows the engine speed)
- a fuel gauge
- an odometer (which shows the total distance traveled)
- two tripmeters (which show the distance traveled since they were last set to zero)
- a fuel reserve tripmeter (which shows the distance traveled on the fuel reserve)
- a clock
- a self-diagnosis device
- · a brightness control mode

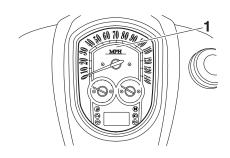
#### NOTE:

- Be sure to turn the key to "ON" before using the "SELECT" and "RESET" switches.
- To switch the odometer, the tripmeters and the fuel reserve tripmeter displays between kilometers and miles, press the "SELECT" switch for at least two seconds. (For USA and California only)



- 1. "SELECT" switch
- 2. "RESET" switch

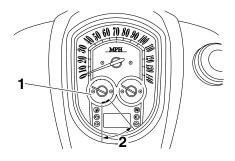
#### Speedometer



#### 1. Speedometer

The speedometer shows the riding speed. When the key is turned to "ON", the speedometer needle will sweep once across the speed range and then return to zero in order to test the electrical circuit.

#### **Tachometer**



- 1. Tachometer
- 2. Tachometer red zone

The electric tachometer allows the rider to monitor the engine speed and keep it within the ideal power range.

When the key is turned to "ON", the tachometer needle will sweep once across the r/min range and then return to zero r/min in order to test the electrical circuit.

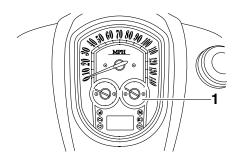
EC1D71017

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not operate the engine in the tachometer red zone.

Red zone: 5000 r/min and above

#### Fuel gauge



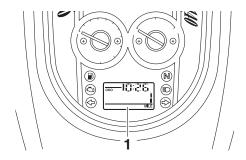
#### 1. Fuel gauge

The fuel gauge indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank. The needle moves towards "E" (Empty) as the fuel level decreases. When the needle reaches "E", approximately 3.0 L (0.79 US gal) (0.66 Imp.gal) remain in the fuel tank. If this occurs, refuel as soon as possible. When the key is turned to "ON", the fuel gauge needle will sweep once across the fuel level range and then return to the current amount in order to test the electrical circuit.

#### NOTE: \_

- Do not allow the fuel tank to empty itself completely.
- The fuel gauge does not indicate the correct fuel level for the first 5 km/h (3 mi/h) after refueling.

#### Odometer, tripmeter, and clock modes



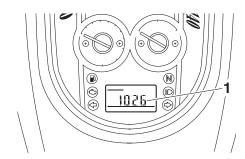
 Odometer/tripmeter/fuel reserve tripmeter/clock Push the "SELECT" switch to switch the display between the odometer mode "ODO", the tripmeter modes "TRIP 1" and "TRIP 2" and the clock mode in the following order:

ODO  $\rightarrow$  TRIP 1  $\rightarrow$  TRIP 2  $\rightarrow$  Clock  $\rightarrow$  ODO If the fuel level warning light comes on, the odometer display will automatically change to the fuel reserve tripmeter mode "F-TRIP" and start counting the distance traveled from that point. In that case, push the "SELECT" switch to switch the display between the various tripmeter, odometer, and clock modes in the following order:

 $\textbf{F-TRIP} \rightarrow \textbf{TRIP} \ \textbf{1} \rightarrow \textbf{TRIP} \ \textbf{2} \rightarrow \textbf{Clock} \rightarrow \textbf{ODO} \rightarrow \textbf{F-TRIP}$ 

To reset a tripmeter, select it by pushing the "SE-LECT" switch, and then push the "RESET" switch for at least one second. If you do not reset the fuel reserve tripmeter manually, it will reset itself automatically, and the display will return to the prior mode after refueling and traveling 5 km (3 mi).

#### Clock mode



#### 1. Clock

To set the clock:

- 1. Push the "SELECT" switch to change the display to the clock mode.
- 2. Push the "SELECT" and "RESET" switches together for at least two seconds.
- 3. When the hour digits start flashing, push the "RESET" switch to set the hours.
- 4. Push the "SELECT" switch, and the minute digits will start flashing.
- 5. Push the "RESET" switch to set the minutes.
- 6. Push the "SELECT" switch and then release it to start the clock.

#### Self-diagnosis device

This model is equipped with a self-diagnosis device for various electrical circuits.

If any of those circuits are defective, the engine trouble warning light will come on, and then the odometer/tripmeter/clock display will indicate a two-digit error code (e.g., 12, 13, 14).

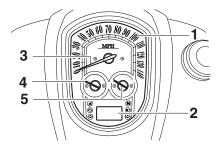
If the odometer/tripmeter/clock display indicates any error codes, note the code number, and then check the vehicle. Refer to "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM" on page 7-27.

EC1D71018

#### **CAUTION:**

If the display indicates an error code, the vehicle should be checked as soon as possible in order to avoid engine damage.

#### **Brightness control mode**



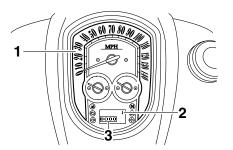
- 1. Multi-function meter unit panel
- 2. LCD
- 3. Speedometer needle
- 4. Tachometer needle
- 5. Fuel gauge needle

The brightness can be adjusted for the following:

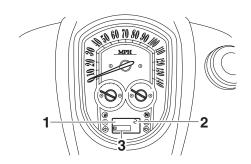
- the multi-function meter unit panel (item number "1")
- the LCD (item number "2")
- the speedometer, tachometer, and the fuel gauge needles (item number "3")

Select the brightness control mode as follows.

- 1. Turn the key to "OFF".
- 2. Push and hold the "SELECT" switch.
- 3. Turn the key to "ON", and then release the "SELECT" switch after five seconds. Item number "1" is displayed.



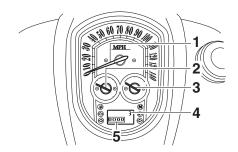
- 1. Multi-function meter unit panel
- 2. Item number
- 3. Brightness level
- Adjust the multi-function meter unit panel brightness level by pushing the "RESET" switch.
- Push the "SELECT" switch to select the LCD. Item number "2" is displayed.
   Adjust the LCD brightness level by pushing the "RESET" switch.



- 1. LCD
- 2. Item number
- 3. Brightness level
- 6. Push the "SELECT" switch to select the speedometer, tachometer, and the fuel gauge needles.

Item number "3" is displayed.

Adjust the brightness level of the speedometer, tachometer, and the fuel gauge needles by pushing the "RESET" switch.



- 1. Speedometer needle
- 2. Tachometer needle

- 3. Fuel gauge needle4. Item number
- 5. Brightness level
- 7. Push the "SELECT" switch.

The odometer/tripmeter/clock display will return to the prior mode.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

EAS20190

## PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

1. Before removal and disassembly, remove all dirt, mud, dust and foreign material.



- 2. Use only the proper tools and cleaning equipment.
  - Refer to "SPECIAL TOOLS" on page 1-11.
- When disassembling, always keep mated parts together. This includes gears, cylinders, pistons and other parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must always be reused or replaced as an assembly.



- During disassembly, clean all of the parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly and allow for the correct installation of all parts.
- 5. Keep all parts away from any source of fire.

EAS20200

#### REPLACEMENT PARTS

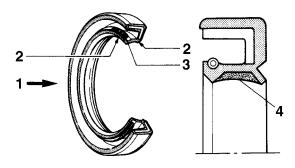
Use only genuine Yamaha parts for all replacements. Use oil and grease recommended by Yamaha for all lubrication jobs. Other brands may be similar in function and appearance, but inferior in quality.



EAS20210

#### **GASKETS, OIL SEALS AND O-RINGS**

- When overhauling the engine, replace all gaskets, seals and O-rings. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips and O-rings must be cleaned.
- 2. During reassembly, properly oil all mating parts and bearings and lubricate the oil seal lips with grease.

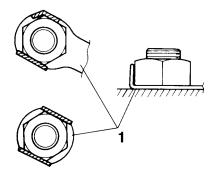


- 1. Oil
- 2. Lip
- 3. Spring
- 4. Grease

EAS20220

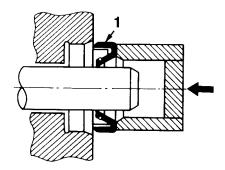
## LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

After removal, replace all lock washers/plates "1" and cotter pins. After the bolt or nut has been tightened to specification, bend the lock tabs along a flat of the bolt or nut.



#### **BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS**

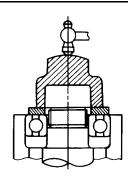
Install bearings and oil seals so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers are visible. When installing oil seals "1", lubricate the oil seal lips with a light coat of lithium-soap-based grease. Oil bearings liberally when installing, if appropriate.



ECA13300

#### **CAUTION:**

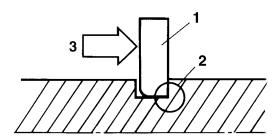
Do not spin the bearing with compressed air because this will damage the bearing surfaces.



EAS20240

#### **CIRCLIPS**

Before reassembly, check all circlips carefully and replace damaged or distorted circlips. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. When installing a circlip "1", make sure the sharp-edged corner "2" is positioned opposite the thrust "3" that the circlip receives.

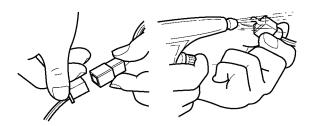


## **CHECKING THE CONNECTIONS**

Check the leads, couplers, and connectors for stains, rust, moisture, etc.

- 1. Disconnect:
- Lead
- Coupler
- Connector
- 2. Check:
- Lead
- Coupler
- Connector

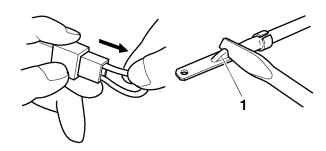
Moisture  $\rightarrow$  Dry with an air blower. Rust/stains  $\rightarrow$  Connect and disconnect several times.



- 3. Check:
  - All connections
     Loose connection → Connect properly.

NOTE: \_

If the pin "1" on the terminal is flattened, bend it up.



- 4. Connect:
  - Lead
- Coupler
- Connector

NOTE: \_

Make sure all connections are tight.

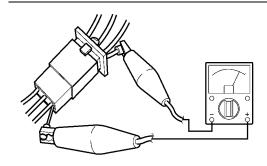
- 5. Check:
  - Continuity (with the pocket tester)

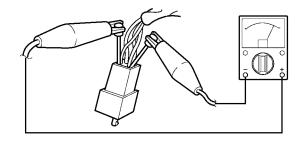


Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

#### NOTE: \_

- If there is no continuity, clean the terminals.
- When checking the wire harness, perform steps (1) to (3).
- As a quick remedy, use a contact revitalizer available at most part stores.





## **SPECIAL TOOLS**

The following special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Use only the appropriate special tools as this will help prevent damage caused by the use of inappropriate tools or improvised techniques. Special tools, part numbers or both may differ depending on the country. When placing an order, refer to the list provided below to avoid any mistakes.

#### NOTE

- For U.S.A. and Canada, use part number starting with "YM-", "YU-", or "ACC-".
- For others, use part number starting with "90890-".

| Tool name/Tool No.   | Illustration | Reference pages  |
|--|--------------|--|
| Pocket tester<br>90890-03112<br>Analog pocket tester<br>YU-03112-C                               |              | 1-10, 5-79,<br>7-73, 7-74,<br>7-75, 7-79,<br>7-80, 7-81,<br>7-82, 7-83,<br>7-84, 7-85,<br>7-86, 7-87,<br>7-88, 7-89,<br>7-90, 7-91 |
| Thickness gauge<br>90890-03180<br>Feeler gauge set<br>YU-26900-9                                 |              | 3-6, 5-61  |
| Tappet adjusting tool (4 mm)<br>90890-04133<br>Valve adjustment wrench 3 mm & 4 mm<br>YM-08035-A | 90890-04133  | 3-6, 3-7   |
|  | YM-08035-A   |  |
| Vacuum gauge<br>90890-03094<br>Carburetor synchronizer<br>YU-44456                               | 90890-03094  | 3-7  |
|  | YU-44456     |  |

| Tool name/Tool No.  | Illustration     | Reference pages |
|---|------------------|-----------------|
| Timing light<br>90890-03141<br>Inductive clamp timing light<br>YU-03141               |                  | 3-10            |
| Oil filter wrench<br>90890-01426<br>YU-38411  | 64.2             | 3-12            |
| Belt tension gauge<br>90890-03170<br>Rear drive belt tension gauge<br>YM-03170        | munimum Junimum) | 3-24            |
| Steering nut wrench<br>90890-01403<br>Spanner wrench<br>YU-33975                      | R20              | 3-26, 4-71      |
| Damper rod holder<br>90890-01460  | ø21.2            | 4-64, 4-66      |
| T-handle<br>90890-01326<br>T-handle 3/8" drive 60 cm long<br>YM-01326                 |                  | 4-64, 4-66      |
| Fork seal driver<br>90890-01442<br>Adjustable fork seal driver (36–46 mm)<br>YM-01442 |                  | 4-66, 4-67      |
| Pivot shaft wrench<br>90890-01485<br>Frame mount insert wrench<br>YM-01485            | 5                | 5-12            |
| Valve spring compressor<br>90890-04019<br>YM-04019                                    | 931 M6×P1.0      | 5-39, 5-44      |

| Tool name/Tool No.  | Illustration                                      | Reference pages           |
|---|---|---------------------------|
| Valve guide remover (ø6)<br>90890-04064<br>Valve guide remover (6.0 mm)<br>YM-04064-A     |   | 5-40                      |
| Valve guide installer (ø6)<br>90890-04065<br>Valve guide installer (6.0 mm)<br>YM-04065-A |   | 5-40                      |
| Valve guide reamer (ø6)<br>90890-04066<br>Valve guide reamer (6.0 mm)<br>YM-04066         |   | 5-40                      |
| Piston pin puller set<br>90890-01304<br>Piston pin puller<br>YU-01304                     | 90890-01304<br>M6×P1.0<br>YU-01304                | 5-46                      |
| Universal clutch holder<br>90890-04086<br>YM-91042  | 90890-04086 M8×P1.25<br>30 119<br>156<br>YM-91042 | 5-60, 5-65                |
| Sheave holder<br>90890-01701<br>Primary clutch holder<br>YS-01880-A                       |   | 5-60, 5-64,<br>5-74, 5-75 |
| Yamaha bond No. 1215<br>90890-85505<br>(Three Bond No.1215 <sup>®</sup> )                 |   | 5-66, 5-76,<br>5-93       |

## **SPECIAL TOOLS**

| Tool name/Tool No.   | Illustration   | Reference pages |
|--|--|-----------------|
| Rotor puller<br>90890-01080<br>Stator rotor puller<br>YM-01080-A                         | M16×P1.5   | 5-74            |
| Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set 90890-06756   | Madello  | 6-12            |
| Pressure gauge<br>90890-03153  | The state of the s | 6-12            |
| Fuel pressure adapter<br>90890-03176<br>YM-03176   |  | 6-12            |
| Digital circuit tester<br>90890-03174<br>Model 88 Multimeter with tachometer<br>YU-A1927 |  | 6-12            |
| Ignition checker<br>90890-06754<br>Opama pet-4000 spark checker<br>YM-34487              |  | 7-83            |

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

| GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  | 2-1          |
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## **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Model                  |                                     |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Model                  | XV19SV 1D71 (USA)                   |
|                        | XV19SV 1D73 (CDN)                   |
|                        | XV19SVC 1D72 (California)           |
|                        | XV19V 4D41 (USA)                    |
|                        | XV19V 4D43 (CDN)                    |
|                        | XV19VC 4D42 (California)            |
|                        | XV19MV 4D51 (USA)                   |
|                        | XV19MV 4D53 (CDN)                   |
|                        | XV19MVC 4D52 (California)           |
|                        | XV19CTSV 2C51 (USA)                 |
|                        | XV19CTSV 2C53 (CDN)                 |
|                        | XV19CTSVC 2C52 (California)         |
|                        | XV19CTV 4P01 (USA)                  |
|                        | XV19CTV 4P03 (CDN)                  |
|                        | XV19CTVC 4P02 (California)          |
|                        | XV19CTMV 4P11 (USA)                 |
|                        | XV19CTMV 4P13 (CDN)                 |
|                        | XV19CTMVC 4P12 (California)         |
| Dimensions             |                                     |
| Overall length         | 2580 mm (101.6 in)                  |
| Overall width          | 1100 mm (43.3 in)                   |
| Overall height         | XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C):       |
| -                      | 1100 mm (43.3 in)                   |
|                        | XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C): |
|                        | 1515 mm (59.6 in)                   |
| Seat height            | 735 mm (28.9 in)                    |
| Wheelbase              | 1715 mm (67.5 in)                   |
| Ground clearance       | 155 mm (6.10 in)                    |
| Minimum turning radius | 3480 mm (137.0 in)                  |
| Weight                 |                                     |
| With oil and fuel      | XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C):       |
|                        | 340.0 kg (750 lb)                   |
|                        | XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C): |
|                        | 364.0 kg (802 lb)                   |
| Maximum load           | XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C):       |
|                        | 210 kg (463 lb)                     |
|                        | XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C): |
|                        | 186 kg (410 lb)                     |
|                        |                                     |

#### **ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS**

**Engine** 

Engine type Air cooled 4-stroke, OHV Displacement 1854.0 cm<sup>3</sup> (113.13 cu.in)

Cylinder arrangement V-type 2-cylinder

Bore × stroke  $100.0 \times 118.0 \text{ mm} (3.94 \times 4.65 \text{ in})$ 

Compression ratio 9.48:1

Starting system Electric starter

Fuel

Recommended fuel Premium unleaded gasoline only 17.0 L (4.49 US gal) (3.74 Imp.gal) Fuel tank capacity Fuel reserve amount 3.0 L (0.79 US gal) (0.66 Imp.gal)

Engine oil

Lubrication system Dry sump

YAMALUBE 4 (20W40) or SAE20W40 Type Recommended engine oil grade API service SE, SF, SG type or higher

Engine oil quantity

Total amount 5.20 L (5.50 US qt) (4.58 lmp.qt) 3.2 L (3.38 US qt) (2.82 Imp.qt) Engine 2.0 L (2.11 US qt) (1.76 Imp.qt) Oil tank Without oil filter cartridge replacement 4.10 L (4.33 US qt) (3.61 Imp.qt)

4.90 L (5.18 US qt) (4.31 Imp.qt) With oil filter cartridge replacement

Oil pressure (hot) 60.0 kPa/900 r/min (8.7 psi/900 r/min) (0.60

kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>/900 r/min)

Transfer gear oil

Type SAE80 API GL-4 Hypoid gear oil Quantity (disassembled) 0.60 L (0.63 US qt) (0.53 Imp.qt) 0.55 L (0.58 US qt) (0.48 Imp.qt)

Quantity

Oil filter Oil filter type Cartridge (paper)

Qmuq liO

Oil pump type Trochoid

Inner-rotor-to-outer-rotor-tip clearance Less than 0.12 mm (0.0047 in)

0.20 mm (0.0079 in) Limit

Outer-rotor-to-oil-pump-housing clearance 0.09-0.19 mm (0.0035-0.0075 in)

0.26 mm (0.0102 in) Limit

Oil-pump-housing-to-inner-and-outer-rotor clearance 0.06-0.13 mm (0.0024-0.0051 in)

0.20 mm (0.0079 in) Limit

80.0-120.0 kPa (11.6-17.4 psi) (0.80-1.20 Bypass valve opening pressure

kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

Relief valve operating pressure 600.0 kPa (87.0 psi) (6.00 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

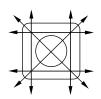
Transfer gear oil pump

Oil pump type Trochoid

Inner-rotor-to-outer-rotor-tip clearance Less than 0.12 mm (0.0047 in)

0.20 mm (0.0079 in) Limit Outer-rotor-to-oil-pump-housing clearance 0.10-0.15 mm (0.0039-0.0059 in) Limit 0.22 mm (0.0087 in) Oil-pump-housing-to-inner-and-outer-rotor clearance 0.04-0.09 mm (0.0016-0.0035 in) Limit 0.160 mm (0.0063 in) Spark plug (s) Manufacturer/model NGK/DPR8EA-9 Manufacturer/model DENSO/X24EPR-U9 0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 in) Spark plug gap Cylinder head Volume 80.90-84.90 cm<sup>3</sup> (4.94-5.18 cu.in)

0.03 mm (0.0012 in)



Warpage limit

#### **Camshaft**

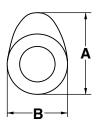
Drive system Gear drive Crankcase hole inside diameter 25.000-25.021 mm (0.9843-0.9851 in) Camshaft journal diameter (crankcase side) 24.957–24.980 mm (0.9826–0.9835 in) Camshaft to crankcase clearance 0.020-0.064 mm (0.0008-0.0025 in) Camshaft cover hole inside diameter 28.000-28.021 mm (1.1024-1.1032 in) Camshaft journal diameter (camshaft cover side) 27.957–27.980 mm (1.1007–1.1016 in) Camshaft to camshaft cover clearance 0.020-0.064 mm (0.0008-0.0025 in) Camshaft lobe dimensions 42.532-42.632 mm (1.6745-1.6784 in)

Intake A
Limit
Intake B
Limit
Exhaust A

42.432 mm (1.6705 in)
35.950–36.050 mm (1.4154–1.4193 in)
35.850 mm (1.4114 in)
42.530–42.630 mm (1.6744–1.6783 in) (cylinder #1)
42.531–42.631 mm (1.6744–1.6784 in) (cylinder #2)
42.430 mm (1.6705 in) (cylinder #1)
42.431 mm (1.6705 in) (cylinder #2)
35.950–36.050 mm (1.4154–1.4193 in)
35.850 mm (1.4114 in)

Exhaust B Limit

Limit



Rocker arm/rocker arm shaft

Rocker arm inside diameter

Limit

Rocker arm shaft outside diameter

Rocker-arm-to-rocker-arm-shaft clearance

Limit

18.000–18.018 mm (0.7087–0.7094 in)

18.036 mm (0.7101 in)

17.976–17.991 mm (0.7077–0.7083 in) 0.009-0.042 mm (0.0004-0.0017 in)

0.080 mm (0.0032 in)

Valve, valve seat, valve guide

Valve clearance (cold)

Intake Exhaust

Valve dimensions

Valve head diameter A (intake)

Valve head diameter A (exhaust)

0.00-0.04 mm (0.0000-0.0016 in) 0.00-0.04 mm (0.0000-0.0016 in)

35.90–36.10 mm (1.4134–1.4213 in) 30.90-31.10 mm (1.2165-1.2244 in)

Valve seat width C (intake)

Limit

Valve seat width C (exhaust)

Limit

1.10-1.30 mm (0.0433-0.0512 in)

2.0 mm (0.08 in)

1.10-1.30 mm (0.0433-0.0512 in)

2.0 mm (0.08 in)



Valve margin thickness D (intake)

Valve margin thickness D (exhaust)

Limit

1.15–1.45 mm (0.0453–0.0571 in)

0.4 mm (0.02 in)

1.15–1.45 mm (0.0453–0.0571 in)

0.4 mm (0.02 in)



Valve stem diameter (intake)

Limit

Valve stem diameter (exhaust)

Valve guide inside diameter (intake)

Limit

Valve guide inside diameter (exhaust)

Limit

Valve-stem-to-valve-guide clearance (intake)

Limit

Valve-stem-to-valve-guide clearance (exhaust)

Limit

5.975–5.990 mm (0.2352–0.2358 in)

5.945 mm (0.2341 in)

5.960-5.975 mm (0.2346-0.2352 in)

5.920 mm (0.2331 in)

6.000-6.012 mm (0.2362-0.2367 in)

6.050 mm (0.2382 in)

6.000-6.012 mm (0.2362-0.2367 in)

6.050 mm (0.2382 in)

0.010-0.037 mm (0.0004-0.0015 in)

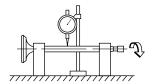
0.080 mm (0.0032 in)

0.025-0.052 mm (0.0010-0.0020 in)

0.100 mm (0.0039 in)

Valve stem runout

0.010 mm (0.0004 in)



| Valve  | spring |
|--------|--------|
| T GITC | OPILIA |

Free length (intake)

Limit

44.71 mm (1.84 in)

44.71 mm (1.76 in)

Free length (exhaust)

46.71 mm (1.84 in)

46.71 mm (1.84 in)

Limit

44.71 mm (1.76 in)

Installed length (intake)

32.66 mm (1.29 in)
Installed length (exhaust)

32.66 mm (1.29 in)

 Spring rate K1 (intake)
 16.58 N/mm (94.67 lb/in) (1.69 kgf/mm)

 Spring rate K2 (intake)
 21.98 N/mm (125.51 lb/in) (2.24 kgf/mm)

 Spring rate K1 (exhaust)
 16.58 N/mm (94.67 lb/in) (1.69 kgf/mm)

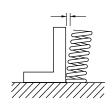
 Spring rate K2 (exhaust)
 21.98 N/mm (125.51 lb/in) (2.24 kgf/mm)

 Installed compression spring force (intake)
 217.00–249.00 N (48.78–55.98 lb) (22.13–

25.39 kgf)

Installed compression spring force (exhaust) 217.00–249.00 N (48.78–55.98 lb) (22.13–

25.39 kgf) 2.5 °/2.0 mm 2.5 °/2.0 mm



Spring tilt (intake)
Spring tilt (exhaust)

Winding direction (intake) Clockwise Winding direction (exhaust) Clockwise

#### Valve lifter

Valve lifter outside diameter (intake)

Valve lifter outside diameter (exhaust)

Valve lifter hole inside diameter (intake)

Valve lifter hole inside diameter (exhaust)

Valve lifter hole inside diameter (exhaust)

Valve-lifter-to-valve-lifter-hole clearance

22.962–22.974 mm (0.9040–0.9045 in)

22.962–22.974 mm (0.9040–0.9045 in)

23.000–23.021 mm (0.9055–0.9063 in)

0.026–0.059 mm (0.0010–0.0023 in)

#### Valve push rod

Valve push rod 1 length286.5 mm (11.280 in)Valve push rod 2 length288.5 mm (11.358 in)Valve push rod runout0.3 mm (0.012 in)

#### Cylinder

Bore 100.000–100.010 mm (3.9370–3.9374 in)
Taper limit 0.050 mm (0.0020 in)
Out of round limit 0.050 mm (0.0020 in)

**Piston** 

Piston-to-cylinder clearance

Limit

Diameter D

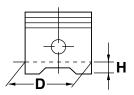
Height H

 $0.025 \hbox{--} 0.050 \ mm \ (0.0010 \hbox{--} 0.0020 \ in)$ 

0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

99.960-99.975 mm (3.9354-3.9360 in)

10.0 mm (0.39 in)



Offset

Piston pin bore inside diameter

I imit

Piston pin outside diameter

Limit

Piston-pin-to-piston-pin-bore clearance

Limit

0.50 mm (0.0197 in)

23.004-23.015 mm (0.9057-0.9061 in)

23.045 mm (0.9073 in)

22.991-23.000 mm (0.9052-0.9055 in)

22.971 mm (0.9044 in)

0.004-0.024 mm (0.00016-0.00094 in)

0.074 mm (0.00291 in)

**Piston ring** 

Top ring

Ring type

Dimensions (B  $\times$  T)

Barrel

 $1.20 \times 3.80 \text{ mm} (0.05 \times 0.15 \text{ in})$ 



End gap (installed)

Limit

Ring side clearance

Limit

2nd ring

Ring type

Dimensions (B  $\times$  T)

0.20-0.35 mm (0.0079-0.0138 in)

0.55 mm (0.0217 in)

0.030-0.080 mm (0.0012-0.0032 in)

0.120 mm (0.0047 in)

Taper

 $1.20 \times 4.00 \text{ mm} (0.05 \times 0.16 \text{ in})$ 



End gap (installed)

Limit

Ring side clearance

Limit

0.45-0.60 mm (0.0177-0.0236 in)

0.95 mm (0.0374 in)

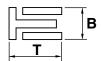
0.030-0.070 mm (0.0012-0.0028 in)

0.120 mm (0.0047 in)

Oil ring

Dimensions  $(B \times T)$ 

 $2.50 \times 3.40 \text{ mm} (0.10 \times 0.13 \text{ in})$ 



End gap (installed)

0.20-0.70 mm (0.0079-0.0276 in)

**Connecting rod** 

Oil clearance (using plastigauge®)

Bearing color code

0.050-0.074 mm (0.0020-0.0029 in) 1.Blue 2.Black 3.Brown 4.Green 5.Yellow

Crankshaft

Width A

Runout limit C

Big end side clearance D

Big end radial clearance E

Limit

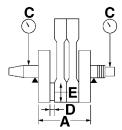
105.80–106.20 mm (4.165–4.181 in)

0.040 mm (0.0016 in)

0.320-0.474 mm (0.0126-0.0187 in)

0.037-0.074 mm (0.0015-0.0029 in)

0.09 mm (0.0035 in)



Journal oil clearance (using plastigauge®) Limit

0.030-0.060 mm (0.0012-0.0024 in)

2.90-3.10 mm (0.114-0.122 in)

2.92-3.08 mm (0.115-0.121 in)

1.90-2.10 mm (0.075-0.083 in)

0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

Wet, multiple-disc

Hydraulic inner push

Left hand operation

2.80 mm (0.110 in)

2.82 mm (0.111 in)

Clutch

Clutch type

Clutch release method

Operation

Friction plate 1, 3 thickness

Wear limit

Plate quantity

Friction plate 2 thickness

Wear limit

Plate quantity

Clutch plate thickness

Plate quantity

Warpage limit

Clutch spring free length

Minimum length

Spring quantity

Clutch housing radial clearance

Clutch housing thrust clearance

0.20 mm (0.0079 in) 6.78 mm (0.27 in)

6.28 mm (0.25 in)

1 pcs

10 pcs

1 pcs

10 pcs

0.100-0.110 mm (0.0039-0.0043 in)

0.020-0.066 mm (0.0008-0.0026 in)

**Transmission** 

Transmission type

Constant mesh 5-speed

Primary reduction system Spur gear Primary reduction ratio 72/51 (1.412) Secondary reduction system Belt drive Secondary reduction ratio 70/31 (2.258) Operation Left foot operation Gear ratio 38/16 (2.375) 1st 2nd 33/21 (1.571) 3rd 29/25 (1.160) 4th 26/28 (0.929) 5th 24/30 (0.800) Main axle runout limit 0.08 mm (0.0032 in) Drive axle runout limit 0.08 mm (0.0032 in) Shifting mechanism Shift mechanism type Guide bar Shift fork guide bar bending limit 0.025 mm (0.0010 in) Shift fork thickness 6.26-6.39 mm (0.2465-0.2516 in) Air filter Air filter element Oil-coated paper element **Fuel pump** Pump type Electrical Model/manufacturer 1D7/MITSUBISHI Maximum consumption amperage 5.5 A Output pressure 441.0-637.0 kPa (63.9-92.4 psi) (4.41-6.37 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>) **Fuel injection** Model/quantity INP-101/2 Manufacturer NIPPON INJECTOR Throttle body Type/quantity AC43/2 Manufacturer MIKUNI ID mark XV19MV/XV19SV/XV19V/XV19CTMV/ XV19CTSV/XV19CTV: 1D71 00 XV19MVC/XV19SVC/XV19VC/XV19CTMVC/ XV19CTSVC/XV19CTVC: 1D72 10 Throttle valve size #100 Throttle position sensor Resistance  $4.0-6.0 \text{ k}\Omega/\text{blue-black}$ Output voltage (at idle) 0.63-0.73 V Fuel injection sensor Crankshaft position sensor resistance 248–372 Ω Intake air pressure sensor output voltage 3.75-4.25 V Engine temperature sensor resistance  $0.90-1.10 \text{ k}\Omega$  at 100 °C (212 °F)

Idling condition
Engine idling speed
Intake vacuum 850-950 r/min

31.3-35.3 kPa (9.3-10.4 inHg) (235-265

mmHg)

80.0–90.0 °C (176.00–194.00 °F) 4.0–6.0 mm (0.16–0.24 in) Oil temperature Throttle cable free play

### CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS

#### CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS

Chassis

Frame type Double cradle

Caster angle 31.20°

Trail 152.0 mm (5.98 in)

Front wheel

Wheel type Cast wheel 18M/C × MT4.00 Rim size

Rim material Aluminum

130.0 mm (5.12 in) Wheel travel Radial wheel runout limit 1.0 mm (0.04 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) Lateral wheel runout limit

Rear wheel

Wheel type Cast wheel 17M/C × MT5.50 Rim size Rim material Aluminum

Wheel travel 110.0 mm (4.33 in) Radial wheel runout limit 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Lateral wheel runout limit 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

Front tire

Type Tubeless

Size 130/70R18M/C 63H Manufacturer/model DUNLOP/D251F

Manufacturer/model BRIDGESTONE/G851 RADIAL G

Wear limit (front) 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

Rear tire

Type Tubeless

Size 190/60R17M/C 78H Manufacturer/model DUNLOP/D251

BRIDGESTONE/G850 RADIAL G Manufacturer/model

Wear limit (rear) 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires)

Loading condition 0-90 kg (0-198 lb)

250 kPa (36 psi) (2.50 kgf/cm²) Front Rear 280 kPa (41 psi) (2.80 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>) XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C): Loading condition

90-210 kg (198-463 lb)

XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C):

90-186 kg (198-410 lb)

250 kPa (36 psi) (2.50 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>) Front 280 kPa (41 psi) (2.80 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>) Rear

High-speed riding

Front 250 kPa (36 psi) (2.50 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>) Rear 280 kPa (41 psi) (2.80 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

### CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS

Front brake

Type Dual disc brake Operation Right hand operation

Front disc brake

Disc outside diameter × thickness  $298.0 \times 5.0 \text{ mm} (11.73 \times 0.20 \text{ in})$ 

4.5 mm (0.18 in) Brake disc thickness limit Brake disc deflection limit 0.10 mm (0.0039 in) Brake pad lining thickness (inner) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) Limit 0.5 mm (0.02 in) Brake pad lining thickness (outer) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) Limit

Master cylinder inside diameter 14.00 mm (0.55 in) Caliper cylinder inside diameter 27.00 mm (1.06 in) Caliper cylinder inside diameter 30.23 mm (1.19 in)

Recommended fluid DOT 4

Rear brake

Type Single disc brake Operation Right foot operation 110.0 mm (4.33 in)

Brake pedal position

Rear disc brake

Disc outside diameter × thickness  $320.0 \times 6.0 \text{ mm} (12.60 \times 0.24 \text{ in})$ 

Brake disc thickness limit 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) Brake disc deflection limit Brake pad lining thickness (inner) 5.8 mm (0.23 in) Limit 0.8 mm (0.03 in) Brake pad lining thickness (outer) 5.8 mm (0.23 in) 0.8 mm (0.03 in) Limit

Master cylinder inside diameter 12.7 mm (0.50 in) Caliper cylinder inside diameter 41.30 mm (1.63 in)

Recommended fluid DOT 4

Steering

Steering bearing type Taper roller bearing

Lock to lock angle (left) 35.0° 35.0° Lock to lock angle (right)

Front suspension

Type Telescopic fork Spring/shock absorber type Coil spring/oil damper

Front fork travel 130.0 mm (5.12 in) Fork spring free length 273.9 mm (10.78 in) Limit 268.4 mm (10.57 in) Collar length 230.0 mm (9.06 in)

Installed length 268.9 mm (10.59 in) 10.0 N/mm (57.1 lb/in) (1.02 kgf/mm) Spring rate K1

0.0-30.0 mm (0.00-1.18 in) Spring stroke K1

Spring rate K2 12.0 N/mm (68.5 lb/in) (1.22 kgf/mm)

Spring stroke K2 30.0–130.0 mm (1.18–5.12 in)

Inner tube outer diameter 46.0 mm (1.81 in) 0.2 mm (0.01 in) Inner tube bending limit

Optional spring available No

### CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS

Recommended oil Fork oil 10WT

Quantity 571.0 cm<sup>3</sup> (19.31 US oz) (20.10 Imp.oz)

Level 124.0 mm (4.88 in)

Rear suspension

Type Swingarm (link suspension)
Spring/shock absorber type Coil spring/gas-oil damper

Spring/shock absorber type Coil spring/gas-oil damper Rear shock absorber assembly travel 50.0 mm (1.97 in)

 Spring free length
 180.0 mm (7.09 in)

 Limit
 176.4 mm (6.94 in)

Installed length XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C):

171.0 mm (6.73 in)

XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C):

165.0 mm (6.50 in)

Spring rate K1 176.50 N/mm (1007.82 lb/in) (18.00 kgf/mm)

Spring stroke K1 0.0–50.0 mm (0.00–1.97 in)

Optional spring available No

Enclosed gas/air pressure (STD) 0.98 MPa (139.4 psi) (9.8 kgf/cm²)

Spring preload adjusting positions Installed spring length Minimum 162.0 mm (6.38 in)

Standard XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C):

171.0 mm (6.73 in)

XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C):

165.0 mm (6.50 in) 171.0 mm (6.73 in)

Maximum

**Swingarm** 

Swingarm end free play limit (radial) 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Swingarm end free play limit (axial) 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

**Drive belt** 

Model/manufacturer UBD-0732/GATES CORPORATION

Drive belt slack (on the sidestand)

7.5–13 mm (0.30–0.51 in)

Drive belt slack (on a suitable stand)

14–21 mm (0.55–0.83 in)

## **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

| Flores                           |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS        |  |
| Voltage                          |  |
| System voltage                   | 12 V                                   |
| Ignition system                  |  |
| Ignition system                  | Transistorized coil ignition (digital) |
| Advancer type                    | Electric                               |
| Ignition timing (B.T.D.C.)       | 10.0 °/900 r/min                       |
| Engine control unit              |  |
| Model/manufacturer               | F008T83271/MITSUBISHI                  |
| Ignition coil                    |  |
| Model/manufacturer               | 2JN/MORIC                              |
| Minimum ignition spark gap       | 6.0 mm (0.24 in)                       |
| Primary coil resistance          | $2.16-2.64 \Omega$                     |
| Secondary coil resistance        | 8.64–12.96 kΩ                          |
| Spark plug cap                   |  |
| Material                         | Resin                                  |
| Resistance                       | 10.0 kΩ                                |
| AC magneto                       |  |
| Model/manufacturer               | F4T38971/MITSUBISHI                    |
| Standard output                  | 14.0 V 32.0 A 5000 r/min               |
| Stator coil resistance           | $0.112 – 0.168  \Omega$                |
| Voltage regulator                |  |
| Rectifier/regulator              |  |
| Regulator type                   | Semi conductor-short circuit           |
| Model/manufacturer               | FH012AA/SHINDENGEN                     |
| No load regulated voltage        | 14.2–14.8 V                            |
| Rectifier capacity               | 50.0 A                                 |
| Withstand voltage                | 40.0 V                                 |
| Battery                          |  |
| Model                            | GT14B-4                                |
| Voltage, capacity                | 12 V, 12.0 Ah                          |
| Manufacturer                     | GS YUASA                               |
| Ten hour rate amperage           | 1.20 A                                 |
| Headlight                        |  |
| Bulb type                        | Halogen bulb                           |
| Bulb voltage, wattage × quantity |  |
| Low beam headlight               | 12 V, 51.0 W × 1                       |
| High beam headlight              | 12 V, 55.0 W $\times$ 1                |
| Tail/brake light                 | LED                                    |
| Front turn signal/position light | 12 V, 23 W/8.0 W × 2                   |
| Rear turn signal light           | 12 V, 21.0 W × 2                       |
| License plate light              | 12 V, 5.0 W                            |

## **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

| Meter lighting                  | LED   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Indicator light                 |   |
| Neutral indicator light         | LED   |
| Turn signal indicator light     | LED   |
| High beam indicator light       | LED   |
| Fuel level warning light        | LED   |
| Engine trouble warning light    | LED   |
| Electric starting system        |   |
| System type                     | Constant mesh                               |
| Starter motor                   |   |
| Model/manufacturer              | 1D7/YAMAHA                                  |
| Power output                    | 0.90 kW                                     |
| Armature coil resistance        | $0.0081 – 0.0099 \Omega$                    |
| Brush overall length            | 9.8 mm (0.39 in)                            |
| Limit                           | 5.00 mm (0.20 in)                           |
| Brush spring force              | 7.36–11.04 N (26.49–39.74 oz) (750–1126 gf) |
| Commutator diameter             | 28.5 mm (1.12 in)                           |
| Limit                           | 27.5 mm (1.08 in)                           |
| Mica undercut (depth)           | 1.50 mm (0.06 in)                           |
| Starter relay                   |   |
| Model/manufacturer              | 2768079-A/JIDECO                            |
| Amperage                        | 180.0 A                                     |
| Coil resistance                 | 4.18–4.62 $\Omega$                          |
| Horn                            |   |
| Horn type                       | Eddy  |
| Quantity                        | 2 pcs                                       |
| Model/manufacturer              | YP-12/NIKKO                                 |
| Maximum amperage                | 2.0 A                                       |
| Coil resistance                 | $0.94-0.98 \Omega$                          |
| Performance                     | 95–115 dB/2m                                |
| Turn signal relay               |   |
| Relay type                      | Semi transistor                             |
| Model/manufacturer              | FB246H/DENSO                                |
| Built-in, self-canceling device | Yes   |
| Turn signal blinking frequency  | 75.0–95.0 cycles/min                        |
| Wattage                         | 21(23) W $\times$ 2 + LED $\times$ 2        |
| Fuel gauge                      |   |
| Model/manufacturer              | 1D7/YAMAHA                                  |
| Sender unit resistance (full)   | 9–11 Ω                                      |
| Sender unit resistance (empty)  | 213–219 Ω                                   |
| Starting circuit cut-off relay  |   |
| Model/manufacturer              | G8R-30Y-V3/OMRON                            |
| Coil resistance                 | 162–198 Ω                                   |

## **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

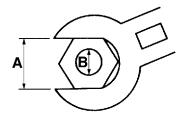
| Headlight relay             |                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Model/manufacturer          | ACM33211M05/MATSUSHITA |
| Fuel pump relay             |                        |
| Model/manufacturer          | G8R-30Y-V3/OMRON       |
| Coil resistance             | 162–198 Ω              |
| Thermo unit                 |                        |
| Model/manufacturer          | 5PX/DENSO              |
| Resistance at 100°C         | 898.4–1098.0 $\Omega$  |
| Fuses                       |                        |
| Main fuse                   | 50.0 A                 |
| Headlight fuse              | 20.0 A                 |
| Taillight fuse              | 10.0 A                 |
| Signaling system fuse       | 10.0 A                 |
| Ignition fuse               | 25.0 A                 |
| Auxiliary DC connector fuse | 3.0 A                  |
| ECU fuse                    | 10.0 A                 |
| Fuel injection system fuse  | 15.0 A                 |
| Backup fuse                 | 10.0 A                 |
| Reserve fuse                | 25.0 A                 |
| Reserve fuse                | 20.0 A                 |
| Reserve fuse                | 15.0 A                 |
| Reserve fuse                | 10.0 A                 |
| Reserve fuse                | 3.0 A                  |
|                             |                        |

## **TIGHTENING TORQUES**

EAS20330

## GENERAL TIGHTENING TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

This chart specifies tightening torques for standard fasteners with a standard ISO thread pitch. Tightening torque specifications for special components or assemblies are provided for each chapter of this manual. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross pattern and progressive stages until the specified tightening torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, tightening torque specifications require clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.



- A. Distance between flats
- B. Outside thread diameter

| A (nut) | B (bolt) | General tightening torques |      |       |  |
|---------|----------|----------------------------|------|-------|--|
|         |          | Nm                         | m⋅kg | ft⋅lb |  |
| 10 mm   | 6 mm     | 6                          | 0.6  | 4.3   |  |
| 12 mm   | 8 mm     | 15                         | 1.5  | 11    |  |
| 14 mm   | 10 mm    | 30                         | 3.0  | 22    |  |
| 17 mm   | 12 mm    | 55                         | 5.5  | 40    |  |
| 19 mm   | 14 mm    | 85                         | 8.5  | 61    |  |
| 22 mm   | 16 mm    | 130                        | 13.0 | 94    |  |

## **ENGINE TIGHTENING TORQUES**

| Item                                     | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque           | Remarks      |
|--|-------------|------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Cylinder head nut                        | M12         | 8    | 60 Nm (6.0 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)  | -(E)         |
| Cylinder head stud bolt (exhaust pipe)   | M8          | 4    | 15 Nm (1.5 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)  |              |
| Spark plug                               | M12         | 4    | 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)  |              |
| Engine temperature sensor                | _           | 1    | 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)  |              |
| Rocker arm base bolt                     | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |              |
| Rocker arm base bolt                     | M8          | 8    | 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)  |              |
| Cylinder head cover bolt                 | M6          | 28   | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |              |
| Connecting rod bolt (1st)                | M8          | 4    | 15 Nm (1.5 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)  | See<br>NOTE. |
| Connecting rod bolt (final)              | M8          | 4    | Specified angle 125–135°    | See<br>NOTE. |
| Right balancer driven gear bolt          | M10         | 1    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)  | <b>⊸</b> €   |
| Left balancer drive gear bolt            | M10         | 1    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)  | -(E)         |
| Left balancer driven gear housing screw  | M6          | 6    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -6           |
| Left balancer weight bolt                | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -6           |
| Left balancer idle gear shaft bolt       | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |              |
| Camshaft driven gear bolt                | M10         | 1    | 60 Nm (6.0 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)  | <b>⊸</b> (€) |
| Camshaft drive gear bolt                 | M10         | 1    | 60 Nm (6.0 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)  | -(E)         |
| Front cylinder camshaft gear bolt        | M10         | 1    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)  | -(E)         |
| Locknut (rocker arm adjusting screw)     | M7          | 4    | 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)  |              |
| Valve lifter case bolt                   | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -6           |
| Oil filter bolt                          | M18         | 1    | 70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb)  |              |
| Oil filter cartridge                     | M20         | 1    | 17 Nm (1.7 m·kg, 12 ft·lb)  |              |
| Oil pipe 1 union bolt                    | M10         | 2    | 21 Nm (2.1 m·kg, 15 ft·lb)  |              |
| Oil pipe 1 union bolt                    | M8          | 1    | 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)  |              |
| Oil filter bracket bolt                  | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | <b>√⑤</b>    |
| Oil pipe bolt                            | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -€           |
| Oil delivery pipe 2 bolt                 | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |              |
| Engine oil pump driven gear stopper bolt | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -6           |
| Oil pipe 3 bolt                          | M6          | 5    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |              |
| Oil pump bolt (crankcase)                | M8          | 3    | 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)  |              |

| Item   | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque              | Remarks    |
|--|-------------|------|--------------------------------|------------|
| Oil pipe 2 bolt  | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    |            |
| Oil pipe 4 bolt  | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    |            |
| Oil pump housing cover 1 screw (crankcase)                                       | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)     |            |
| Oil pump housing cover 2 screw (crankcase)                                       | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)     |            |
| Throttle body joint clamp screw  | M5          | 2    | 3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb)     |            |
| Pressure regulator bolt  | M5          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)     |            |
| Intake manifold assembly bolt  | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    |            |
| Fuel pipe bolt   | M12         | 2    | 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)     |            |
| Rear exhaust pipe joint nut  | M8          | 2    | 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)     |            |
| Rear exhaust pipe, rear exhaust pipe joint cover and rear exhaust pipe joint nut | M8          | 2    | 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)     |            |
| Front exhaust pipe nut   | M8          | 2    | 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)     |            |
| Front exhaust pipe and rear exhaust pipe bolt                                    | M8          | 1    | 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)     |            |
| Rear exhaust pipe and muffler bolt   | M8          | 1    | 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)     |            |
| Locknut (EXUP cable)   | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)     |            |
| EXUP valve pulley cover bolt   | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)     |            |
| Rear exhaust pipe joint cover bolt   | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    |            |
| Muffler and muffler bracket bolt   | M8          | 3    | 29 Nm (2.9 m·kg, 21 ft·lb)     |            |
| Muffler bracket and frame bolt   | M10         | 2    | 53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)     | - <b>©</b> |
| O <sub>2</sub> sensor  | M18         | 1    | 44 Nm (4.4 m·kg, 32 ft·lb)     |            |
| Crankcase stud bolt  | M12         | 8    | See NOTE.                      | <b>⊸©</b>  |
| Crankcase bolt   | M6          | 21   | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    |            |
| Crankcase bolt   | M8          | 3    | 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)     |            |
| Oil baffle plate bolt (left crank-case)  | M6          | 6    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    | -6         |
| Crankcase stud bolt  | M10         | 1    | See NOTE.                      | <b>⊸©</b>  |
| Nozzle   | M6          | 4    | 0.5 Nm (0.05 m·kg, 0.36 ft·lb) |            |
| Oil gallery screw  | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    | -(1)       |
| Bearing housing bolt (torque limiter)  | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    | -6         |
| Oil gallery bolt   | M8          | 4    | 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)     | -(1)       |
| Engine oil drain bolt (crankcase)  | M14         | 2    | 43 Nm (4.3 m·kg, 31 ft·lb)     |            |
| Stator coil lead holder screw  | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    | -(6)       |
| Crankshaft position sensor lead holder screw                                     | M6          | 6    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)    | -16        |

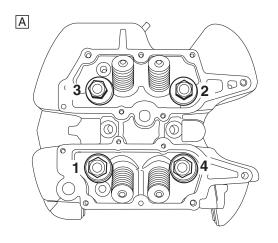
| Item  | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque             | Remarks      |
|---|-------------|------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Clutch cover damper plate screw             | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   | -0           |
| Camshaft cover bolt                         | M6          | 8    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Generator damper cover bolt                 | M5          | 3    | 5 Nm (0.5 m·kg, 3.6 ft·lb)    | -0           |
| Engine oil filler plug                      | M20         | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Camshaft sprocket cover plate bolt          | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   | -(1)         |
| Oil baffle plate bolt (right crank-case)    | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   | -6           |
| Clutch cover plate bolt                     | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   | Þ            |
| Generator cover bolt                        | M6          | 10   | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Camshaft sprocket cover bolt                | M6          | 8    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Clutch cover bolt                           | M6          | 18   | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Oil gallery bolt                            | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Clutch damper cover plate bolt              | M5          | 3    | 5 Nm (0.5 m·kg, 3.6 ft·lb)    |              |
| Clutch damper cover bolt                    | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Starter clutch bolt                         | M8          | 6    | 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    | -@           |
| Generator rotor bolt                        | M12         | 1    | 80 Nm (8.0 m·kg, 58 ft·lb)    | <b>⊸©</b>    |
| Starter motor bolt                          | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Primary drive gear bolt                     | M12         | 1    | 105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)  | <b>⊸</b> (€) |
| Clutch boss nut                             | M20         | 1    | 105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)  | Stake        |
| Clutch spring plate retainer bolt           | M6          | 6    | 8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb)    |              |
| Bleed screw (clutch release cylinder)       | M8          | 1    | 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)    |              |
| Clutch release cylinder bolt                | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Drive axle bearing retainer screw           | M8          | 2    | 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)    | Stake        |
| Main axle bearing retainer screw            | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   | -6           |
| Engine oil drain bolt (oil tank)            | M14         | 1    | 43 Nm (4.3 m·kg, 31 ft·lb)    |              |
| Transfer gear oil drain bolt                | M8          | 1    | 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)    |              |
| Middle drive gear nut                       | M22         | 1    | 140 Nm (14.0 m·kg, 100 ft·lb) | Stake        |
| Transfer gear case oil pump assembly nut    | M10         | 1    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)    |              |
| Transfer gear case oil pump assembly bolt   | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |              |
| Oil pump housing screw (transfer gear case) | M5          | 2    | 4 Nm (0.4 m·kg, 2.9 ft·lb)    |              |
| Transfer gear oil check bolt                | M6          | 1    | 8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb)    |              |
| Transfer gear case bolt                     | M10         | 4    | 50 Nm (5.0 m·kg, 36 ft·lb)    |              |

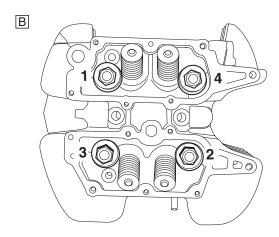
| Item                                | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque           | Remarks    |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------|-----------------------------|------------|
| Dipstick joint bolt                 | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | <b>-©</b>  |
| Drive pulley case bolt              | M10         | 8    | 70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb)  |            |
| Oil strainer bolt (oil tank)        | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -0         |
| Oil pipe 5 bolt                     | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -•         |
| Transfer gear case cover plate bolt | M6          | 3    | 5 Nm (0.5 m·kg, 3.6 ft·lb)  |            |
| Transfer gear case cover bolt       | M6          | 12   | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |            |
| Oil tank cover bolt                 | M6          | 15   | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |            |
| Oil tank bracket bolt               | M8          | 2    | 28 Nm (2.8 m·kg, 20 ft·lb)  |            |
| Shift shaft spring stopper bolt     | M8          | 1    | 22 Nm (2.2 m·kg, 16 ft·lb)  | -1         |
| Stopper lever bolt                  | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -•         |
| Crankshaft position sensor screw    | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -6         |
| Neutral switch screw                | M6          | 2    | 4 Nm (0.4 m·kg, 2.9 ft·lb)  | <b>-</b>   |
| Stator coil screw                   | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -1         |
| Neutral switch lead clamp screw     | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | <b>-</b> • |
| Speed sensor bolt                   | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -(5)       |
| Oil cooler bolt                     | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)  |            |
| Oil cooler bracket bolt             | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)  |            |
| Oil cooler hose bolt                | M6          | 8    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)  |            |
| Clutch hose union bolt              | M10         | 2    | 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)  |            |
| Clutch pipe union bolt              | M10         | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |            |
| Clutch pipe holder bolt             | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)  |            |
| Clutch pipe joint nut               | M10         | 1    | 19 Nm (1.9 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)  |            |

#### NOTE: \_

- Tighten the connecting rod bolts to 15 Nm (1.5 m·kg, 11 ft·lb), and then tighten them further to reach the specified angle 125-135°.
- Install the crankcase stud bolts (M12) so that their installed length is 141.5 mm (5.57 in).
  Install the crankcase stud bolts (M10) so that their installed length is 70.5 mm (2.78 in).

### Cylinder head tightening sequence:





- A. Front cylinder
- B. Rear cylinder

EAS2035

#### **CHASSIS TIGHTENING TORQUES**

| Item   | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque            | Remarks   |
|--|-------------|------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Engine mounting bolt (left upper side)                 | M12         | 2    | 66 Nm (6.6 m·kg, 48 ft·lb)   | -@        |
| Engine mounting bolt (right upper side)                | M12         | 2    | 59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine mounting nut (rear upper side)                  | M12         | 1    | 98 Nm (9.8 m·kg, 71 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine mounting spacer bolt                            | M18         | 1    | 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine bracket bolt (left upper side)                  | M10         | 2    | 53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine bracket bolt (right upper side)                 | M10         | 2    | 53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine bracket nut (rear upper side)                   | M10         | 2    | 53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine mounting nut (front upper side)                 | M12         | 1    | 98 Nm (9.8 m·kg, 71 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine mounting nut (rear lower side)                  | M12         | 1    | 98 Nm (9.8 m·kg, 71 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine mounting nut (front lower side)                 | M12         | 1    | 105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb) | <b>⊸©</b> |
| Engine bracket nut (front upper side)                  | M10         | 4    | 53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine cross-member bracket bolt                       | M10         | 2    | 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine bracket nut (left rear low-<br>er side)         | M10         | 3    | 58 Nm (5.8 m·kg, 42 ft·lb)   |           |
| Engine bracket bolt (right rear lower side)            | M10         | 2    | 53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)   |           |
| Transfer gear case bracket and transfer gear case bolt | M10         | 2    | 63 Nm (6.3 m·kg, 45 ft·lb)   |           |
| Transfer gear case bracket and frame bolt              | M10         | 2    | 53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)   |           |
| Cylinder-#1 ignition coil bolt                         | M6          | 4    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   | -(6)      |
| Cylinder-#2 ignition coil bolt                         | M6          | 4    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   |           |
| Lean angle sensor bolt                                 | M4          | 2    | 2 Nm (0.2 m·kg, 1.4 ft·lb)   |           |
| Horn bolt  | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)  |           |
| ISC (idle speed control) unit bolt                     | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   |           |
| ISC (idle speed control) unit bracket bolt             | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   |           |
| Pivot shaft nut  | M18         | 1    | 125 Nm (12.5 m·kg, 90 ft·lb) |           |
| Relay arm nut (relay arm and swingarm)                 | M12         | 1    | 59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)   |           |

| Item   | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque            | Remarks      |
|--|-------------|------|------------------------------|--------------|
| Relay arm nut (relay arm and connecting arm)                   | M12         | 1    | 59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)   |              |
| Rear shock absorber assembly nut (rear side)                   | M10         | 1    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)   |              |
| Rear shock absorber assembly nut (front side)                  | M12         | 1    | 59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)   |              |
| Upper drive belt cover bolt                                    | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   |              |
| Lower drive belt cover bolt                                    | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   |              |
| Rear brake hose guide bolt                                     | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   |              |
| Upper bracket pinch bolt                                       | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)  | Ð            |
| Headlight cover bolt   | M6          | 4    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   |              |
| Headlight bracket and throttle cable guide bolt                | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)  | -10          |
| Headlight body bolt  | M6          | 3    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   |              |
| Steering stem nut  | M28         | 1    | 115 Nm (11.5 m·kg, 85 ft·lb) |              |
| Upper handlebar holder bolt                                    | M8          | 4    | 28 Nm (2.8 m·kg, 20 ft·lb)   |              |
| Lower ring nut (initial tightening torque)                     | M30         | 1    | 52 Nm (5.2m·kg, 37 ft·lb)    | See<br>NOTE. |
| Lower ring nut (final tightening torque)                       | M30         | 1    | 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)   | See<br>NOTE. |
| Hose guide and lower handlebar holder nut                      | M10         | 2    | 32 Nm (3.2 m·kg, 23 ft·lb)   |              |
| Front brake master cylinder holder bolt                        | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)  |              |
| Front brake hose union bolt (front brake master cylinder side) | M10         | 2    | 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)   |              |
| Clutch master cylinder holder bolt                             | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)  |              |
| Grip end   | M16         | 2    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)   |              |
| Lower handlebar holder nut                                     | M10         | 2    | 50 Nm (5.0 m·kg, 36 ft·lb)   | -6           |
| Upper bracket cover bolt                                       | M8          | 2    | 19 Nm (1.9 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)   | -©           |
| Upper bracket cover bolt                                       | M8          | 2    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)   | -6           |
| Front brake hose guide and front brake hose guide bracket bolt | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)  | -6           |
| Front brake hose guide and lower bracket bolt                  | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)  | -6           |
| Front brake hose joint bolt                                    | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)  | -6           |
| Bolt (lower bracket hole)                                      | M8          | 2    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)   |              |
| Front fender stay bolt   | M6          | 4    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)   | -6           |
| Front fender bolt  | M8          | 6    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)   | -6           |
| Fuel sender bolt   | M5          | 4    | 4 Nm (0.4 m·kg, 2.9 ft·lb)   |              |

| Item   | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque             | Remarks                     |
|--|-------------|------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Fuel tank bracket bolt (front side)                    | M8          | 2    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Fuel tank bracket nut (rear side)                      | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |                             |
| Sub-fuel tank bolt                                     | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |                             |
| Rider seat bracket bolt                                | M8          | 2    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    | -6                          |
| Fuel tank and fuel tank bracket bolt (front side)      | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Fuel tank and fuel tank bracket bolt (rear side)       | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |                             |
| Meter cover bolt                                       | M6          | 3    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Fuel pump bolt   | M5          | 6    | 5 Nm (0.5 m·kg, 3.6 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Fuel return pipe holder bolt                           | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Air filter case bracket bolt                           | M8          | 3    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Canister bolt  | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    | For Cali-<br>fornia<br>only |
| Front wheel axle                                       | M18         | 1    | 72 Nm (7.2 m·kg, 52 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Front wheel axle pinch bolt                            | M8          | 1    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Rear wheel axle nut                                    | M18         | 1    | 150 Nm (15.0 m⋅kg, 110 ft⋅lb) |                             |
| Locknut (drive belt adjusting bolt)                    | M8          | 2    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Front brake caliper bolt                               | M10         | 4    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Front brake hose union bolt (front brake caliper side) | M10         | 2    | 32 Nm (3.2 m·kg, 23 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Rear brake caliper bolt                                | M10         | 2    | 27 Nm (2.7 m·kg, 19 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Front brake disc bolt                                  | M6          | 12   | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    | -6                          |
| Rear brake disc bolt                                   | M6          | 6    | 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)    | -(5)                        |
| Bleed screw (front brake caliper)                      | M8          | 2    | 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Bleed screw (rear brake caliper)                       | M7          | 1    | 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Rear wheel pulley nut                                  | M12         | 5    | 95 Nm (9.5 m·kg, 68 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Left side cover and sub-fuel tank bracket bolt         | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Left side cover bolt                                   | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |                             |
| Seat lock cable assembly bolt                          | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   | <b>-</b> (1)                |
| Lead holder bracket bolt                               | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   |                             |
| Right side cover bolt                                  | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   | -(1)                        |
| Starter motor lead bolt (starter relay side)           | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Positive battery lead bolt (starter relay side)        | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |                             |
| Rear fender bracket and frame bolt                     | M10         | 4    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)    |                             |

| Item   | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque             | Remarks    |
|--|-------------|------|-------------------------------|------------|
| Rear fender bracket and frame bolt                                     | M10         | 2    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)    | -(5)       |
| Rear fender bracket and rear fender bolt                               | M8          | 4    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    |            |
| Passenger seat bolt  | M8          | 2    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)    |            |
| Rider seat bracket assembly and seat lock assembly bolt                | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |            |
| Tool kit and battery box bolt  | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |            |
| Pressure regulator bracket bolt  | M6          | 2    | 13 Nm (1.3 m·kg, 9.4 ft·lb)   |            |
| Cylinder-#1 ignition coil cover bolt                                   | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    | -6         |
| Cylinder-#1 ignition coil bracket bolt                                 | M6          | 2    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |            |
| License plate bolt   | M8          | 3    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)    |            |
| Sidestand bolt   | M10         | 2    | 63 Nm (6.3 m·kg, 45 ft·lb)    | -@         |
| Rider footrest assembly bolt (left and right)                          | M10         | 4    | 48 Nm (4.8 m·kg, 35 ft·lb)    | -6         |
| Passenger footrest bolt (left and right)                               | M10         | 4    | 48 Nm (4.8 m·kg, 35 ft·lb)    | -0         |
| Rear brake master cylinder bracket and rear brake master cylinder bolt | M8          | 2    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    |            |
| Rear brake master cylinder bracket and frame bolt                      | M8          | 2    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    |            |
| Rear brake master cylinder cover bolt                                  | M8          | 2    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)    |            |
| Brake fluid reservoir and frame bolt                                   | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |            |
| Rear brake hose union bolt   | M10         | 2    | 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)    |            |
| Rear brake hose holder bolt  | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    |            |
| Shift pedal shaft bracket bolt   | M8          | 2    | 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)    |            |
| Locknut (shift rod)  | M8          | 2    | 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)   |            |
| Shift arm bolt   | M6          | 1    | 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)   |            |
| Shift pedal bolt (toe side)  | M6          | 1    | 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)    |            |
| Shift pedal bolt (heel side)   | M6          | 1    | 13 Nm (1.3 m·kg, 9.4 ft·lb)   |            |
| Lower bracket pinch bolt   | M8          | 4    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    |            |
| Cap bolt   | M43         | 2    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)    |            |
| Damper rod assembly  | M12         | 2    | 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)    | -0         |
| Lower front fork cover bolt  | M6          | 4    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)    | -0         |
| Drive pulley nut   | M22         | 1    | 140 Nm (14.0 m·kg, 100 ft·lb) | Stake      |
| Drive pulley cover damper plate screw                                  | M6          | 3    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)   | - <b>©</b> |

| Item  | Thread size | Q'ty | Tightening torque           | Remarks |
|---|-------------|------|-----------------------------|---------|
| Drive pulley cover bolt                                       | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |         |
| Rectifier/regulator cover bolt                                | M6          | 6    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |         |
| Lead cover bolt   | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |         |
| Rectifier/regulator bolt                                      | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |         |
| Drive pulley cover plate bolt                                 | M6          | 3    | 5 Nm (0.5 m·kg, 3.6 ft·lb)  |         |
| Wire harness guide bolt                                       | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)  | -6      |
| Throttle cable guide bolt (upper side)                        | M6          | 1    | 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)  | -0      |
| Throttle cable guide bolt (lower side)                        | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |         |
| Rear shock absorber locknut                                   | M50         | 1    | 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)  |         |
| Windshield holder bracket assembly bolt*                      | M8          | 4    | 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)  |         |
| Windshield holder nut*  | M8          | 4    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)  |         |
| Windshield bracket brace nut*                                 | M6          | 4    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |         |
| Windshield brace nut*   | M6          | 6    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) |         |
| Windshield lock nut*  | M24         | 1    | 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb) |         |
| Windshield lock cover nut*                                    | M6          | 1    | 8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb)  |         |
| Backrest upper bracket and back-<br>rest lower bracket bolt*  | M8          | 4    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)  |         |
| Backrest pad and backrest up-<br>per bracket bolt*            | M6          | 1    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -0      |
| Backrest pad and backrest up-<br>per bracket stay bolt*       | M6          | 2    | 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) | -0      |
| Backrest lock nut*  | M24         | 1    | 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb) |         |
| Passenger footrest and sidebag bracket bolt (left and right)* | M10         | 4    | 47 Nm (4.7 m·kg, 34 ft·lb)  | -0      |
| Sidebag bracket bolt*   | M8          | 4    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)  |         |
| Sidebag bracket brace nut*                                    | M8          | 2    | 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)  |         |

<sup>\*</sup> For XV19CTSV(C), XV19CTV(C) and XV19CTMV(C)

#### NOTE:

<sup>1.</sup> First, tighten the lower ring nut to approximately 52 Nm (5.2 m·kg, 37 ft·lb) with a torque wrench, then loosen the lower ring nut completely.

<sup>2.</sup> Retighten the lower ring nut to 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb) with a torque wrench.

### **LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPES**

EAS20360

#### **LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPES**

#### EAS20370

### **ENGINE**

| Lubrication point  | Lubricant     |
|--|---------------|
| Oil seal lips  |               |
| O-rings  | <b>-</b> (s)- |
| Bearings   | -(E           |
| Cylinder head nuts and washers   | -(E           |
| Connecting rod small end and big end                                   | ⊸(E           |
| Crankshaft journals  |               |
| Piston surfaces  | -IE           |
| Piston pins  | -IE           |
| Connecting rod bolts   |               |
| Balancer idle gear inner surface and balancer idle gear shaft          | -IE           |
| Left balancer driven gear inner surface                                |               |
| Right balancer   | -1M           |
| Gasket (left balancer driven gear housing)                             |               |
| Flange bolts (left balancer drive gear and right balancer driven gear) | -IE           |
| Camshaft cam lobes and camshaft journals                               |               |
| Flange bolt (camshaft gear)  | -IE           |
| Valve push rod end balls   | -IE           |
| Valve stems (intake and exhaust)                                       |               |
| Valve stem ends (intake and exhaust)                                   | —(E           |
| Valve lifters  | -√E           |
| Rocker arms  | —(Ē           |
| Rocker arm shafts  | —(Ē           |
| Camshaft (front and rear cylinders)                                    | -√E           |
| Oil pump rotors (inner and outer) and oil pump housing                 | <b>-</b> (3)- |
| Oil pump driven gear shaft   | -√E           |
| Crankcase stud bolt ends   | -IE           |
| Starter clutch idle gear shaft   | —(E           |
| Starter clutch idle gear inner surface                                 | —(E           |
| Starter clutch gear inner surface and outer surface                    | —(E           |
| Generator shaft journal  | ⊸(E)          |

### **LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPES**

| Lubrication point                                | Lubricant  |
|--|--|
| Primary driven gear inner surface                | <b>⊸</b> €   |
| Clutch push rods and ball                        | <b>-CS-</b>  |
| Clutch boss nut and washer                       | <b>⊸</b> (E)   |
| Transmission gears (wheel and pinion) and collar | <b>⊸</b> @   |
| Drive pulley nut and washer                      | <b>⊸</b> (E)   |
| Shift forks and shift fork guide bars            | <b>⊸</b> (E)   |
| Shift drum                                       | <b>⊸</b> (E)   |
| Shift shaft and shift shaft oil seal             | -49-1  |
| Shift fork pawl                                  | <b>⊸</b> @   |
| Crankcase mating surface                         | Yamaha bond<br>No.1215 (Three Bond<br>No.1215 <sup>®</sup> ) |
| Stator coil lead grommet                         | Yamaha bond<br>No.1215 (Three Bond<br>No.1215 <sup>®</sup> ) |
| Crankshaft position sensor lead grommet          | Yamaha bond<br>No.1215 (Three Bond<br>No.1215 <sup>®</sup> ) |

### **LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPES**

# CHASSIS

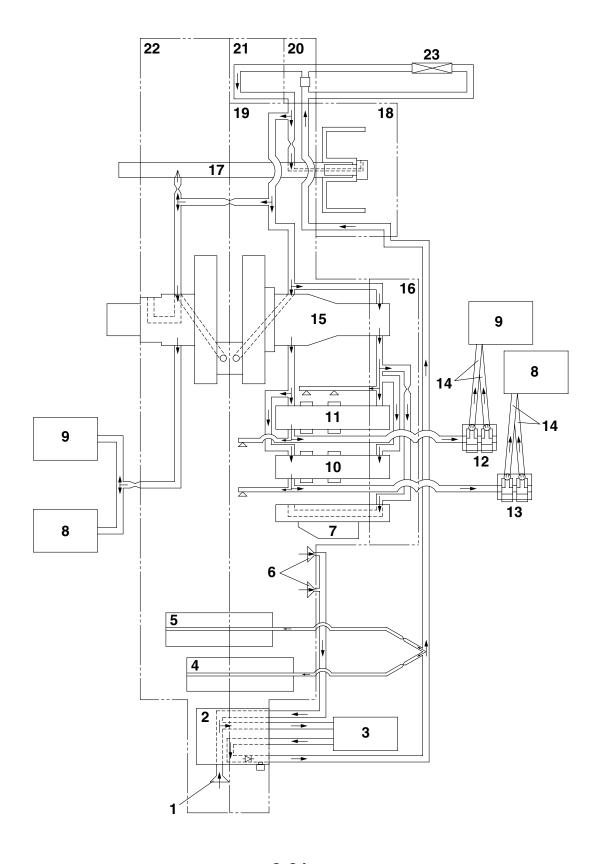
| Lubrication point  | Lubricant    |
|--|--------------|
| Steering bearings and upper bearing dust cover lip                               |              |
| Lower bearing dust seal lip  |              |
| Front wheel oil seal lips (left and right)                                       |              |
| Rear wheel oil seal lips   |              |
| Rear wheel drive hub oil seal lip  |              |
| Rear wheel drive hub mating surface  |              |
| Tube guide (throttle grip) inner surface and throttle cables                     |              |
| Brake lever pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts                       |              |
| Clutch lever pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts                      |              |
| Brake pedal shaft pivoting point   |              |
| Shift pedal pivoting point   |              |
| Passenger footrest pivoting point and ball                                       |              |
| Sidestand pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts                         |              |
| Dowel pins (rear fender stay)  |              |
| Pivot shaft  |              |
| Swingarm pivoting point, collar flange circumference, and oil seal inner surface | <b>-C9-1</b> |
| Rear shock absorber bushings and O-rings   | <b>—(S)</b>  |
| Swingarm, relay arm bearings, and oil seal lips                                  |              |
| Connecting arm bushings and O-rings  |              |
| Rear wheel axle  |              |
| Clutch master cylinder push rod pin and contact surface                          |              |

EAS20390

#### **LUBRICATION SYSTEM CHART AND DIAGRAMS**

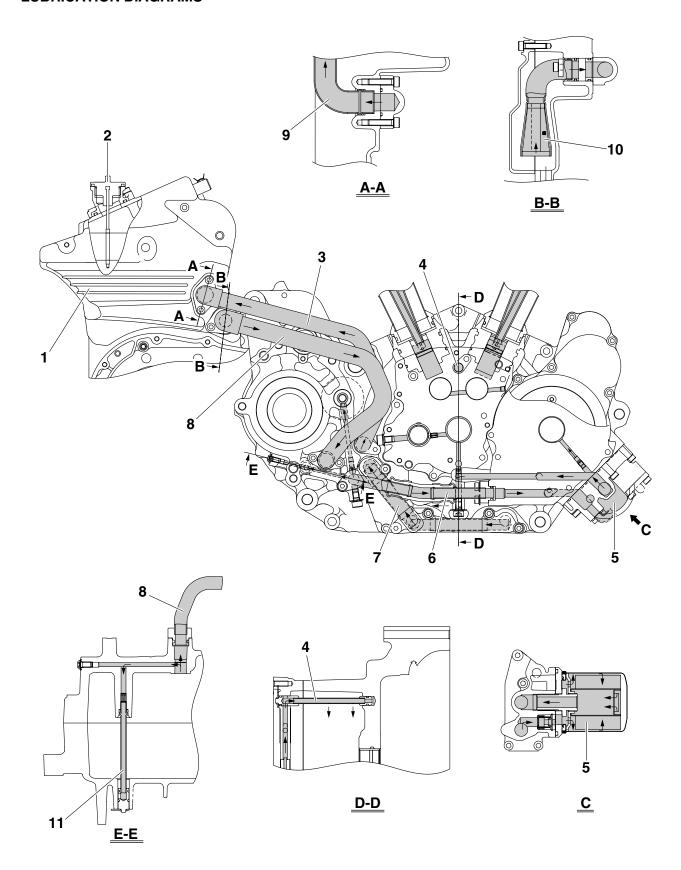
EAS20400

#### **ENGINE OIL LUBRICATION CHART**

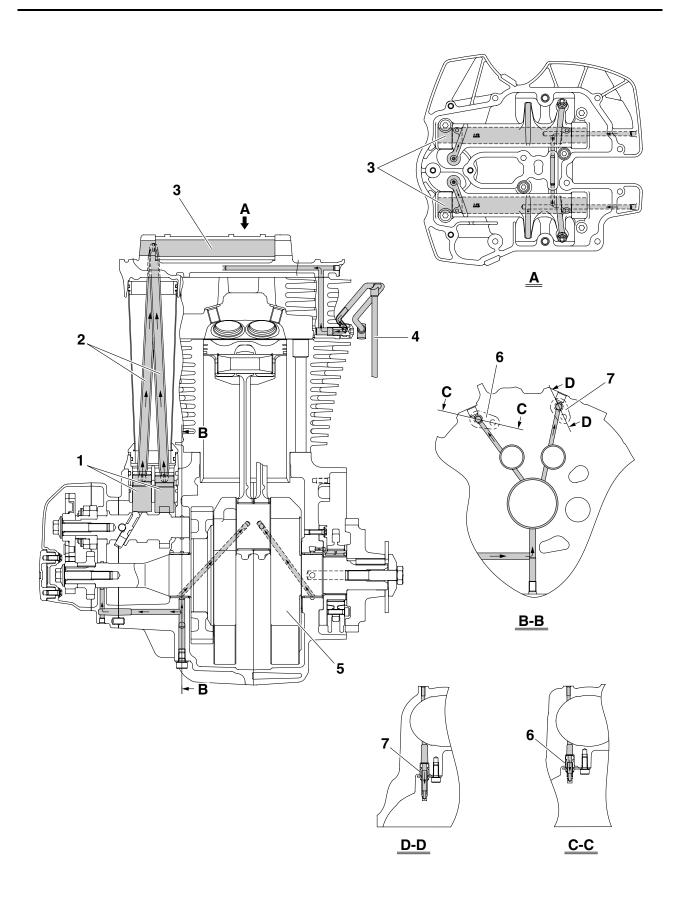


- 1. Oil strainer (transfer gear case)
- 2. Oil pump
- 3. Oil tank
- 4. Drive axle
- 5. Main axle
- 6. Oil strainer (crankcase)
- 7. Balancer
- 8. Front cylinder head cover
- 9. Rear cylinder head cover
- 10. Rear cylinder camshaft
- 11. Front cylinder camshaft
- 12. Rear valve lifter case
- 13. Front valve lifter case
- 14. Push rod
- 15. Crankshaft
- 16. Camshaft sprocket cover
- 17. Generator shaft
- 18. Generator cover
- 19. Left crankcase
- 20. Oil filter cartridge bracket
- 21. Oil filter cartridge
- 22. Right crankcase
- 23. Oil cooler

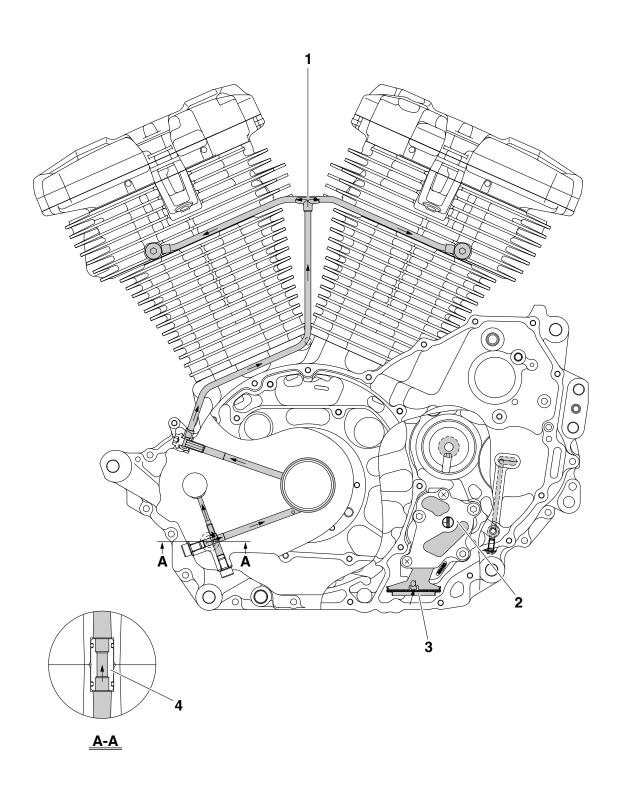
# EAS20410 LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS



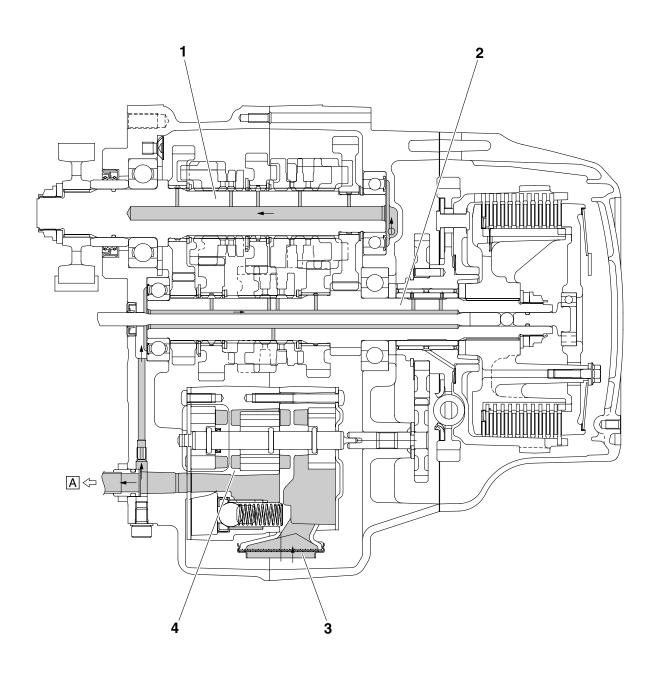
- 1. Oil tank
- 2. Dipstick
- 3. Oil pipe 2
- 4. Oil delivery pipe 1
- 5. Oil filter cartridge
- 6. Oil delivery pipe 2
- 7. Oil pipe 38. Oil pipe 4
- 9. Oil pipe 5
- 10. Oil strainer (oil tank)
- 11. Oil delivery pipe 3



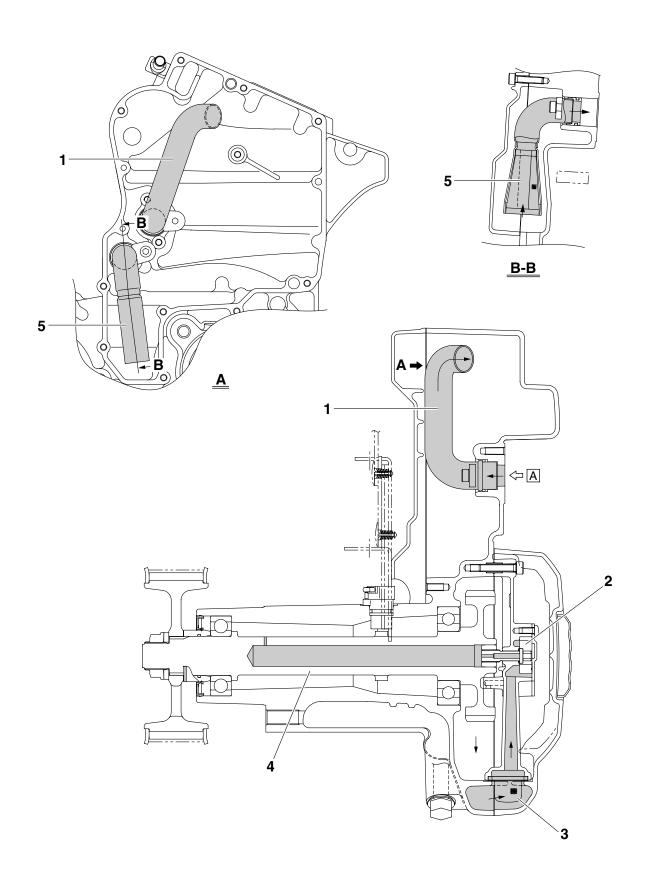
- 1. Valve lifter
- 2. Push rod
- 3. Rocker arm shaft
- 4. Oil pipe 1
- 5. Crankshaft
- 6. Oil pipe ("F" mark)
- 7. Oil pipe ("R" mark)



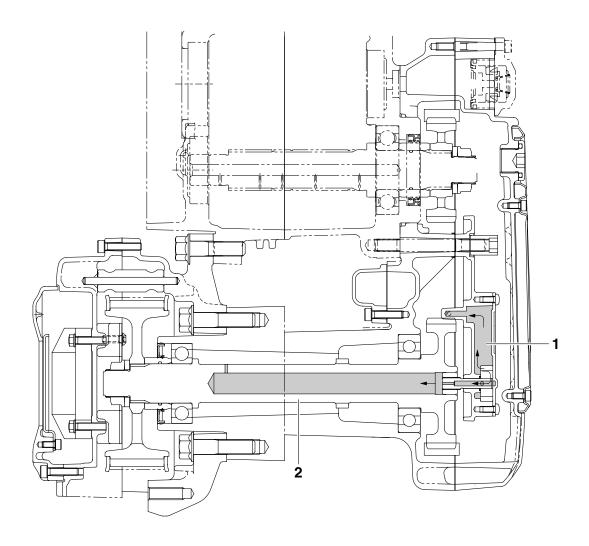
- 1. Oil pipe 1
- 2. Oil pump
- 3. Oil strainer (crankcase)
- 4. Joint pipe



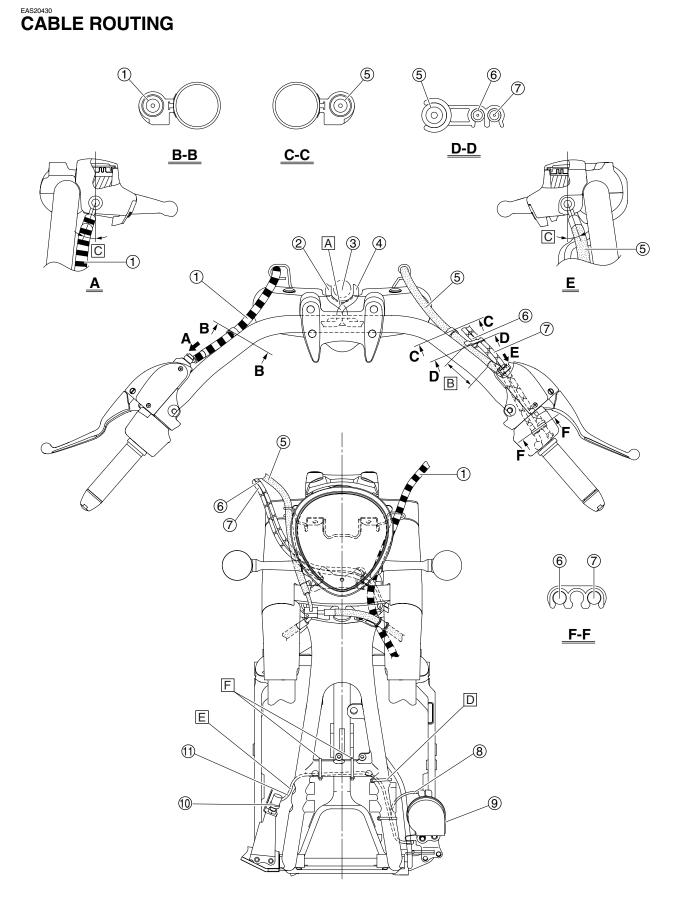
- 1. Main axle
- 2. Drive axle
- 3. Oil strainer (crankcase)
- 4. Oil pump
- A. To the oil filter cartridge



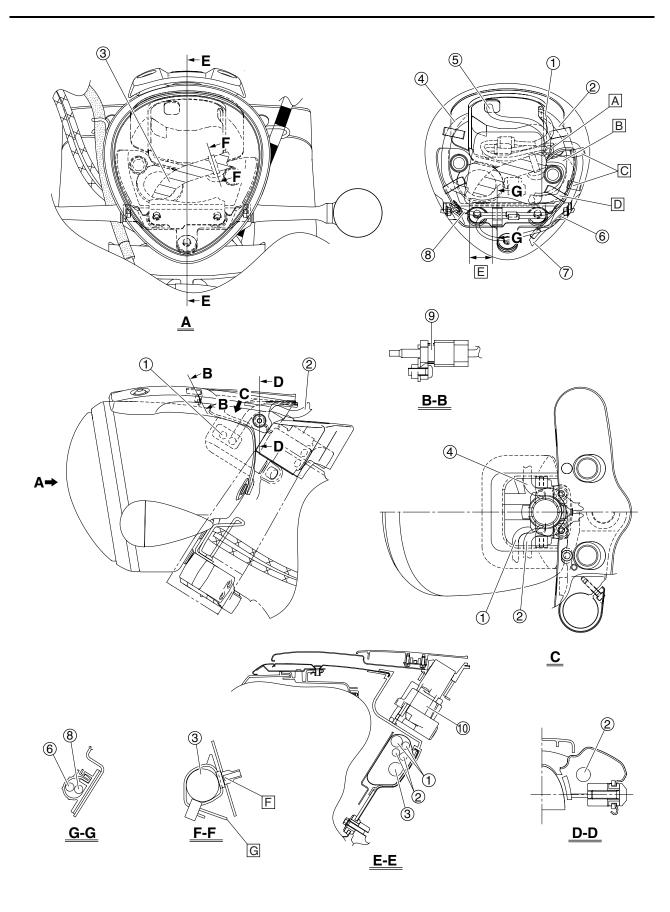
- 1. Oil pipe 5
- 2. Transfer gear oil pump
- 3. Oil strainer (transfer gear case)
- 4. Middle drive shaft
- 5. Oil strainer (oil tank)
- A. From the oil pump



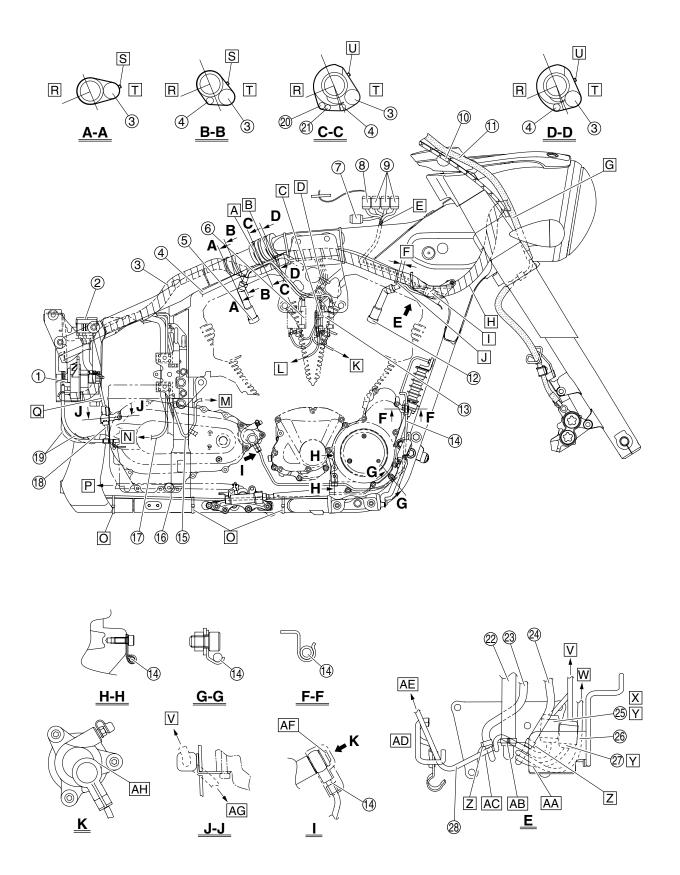
- 1. Transfer gear oil pump
- 2. Middle driven shaft



- 1. Clutch hose
- 2. Right handlebar switch lead
- 3. Main switch
- 4. Left handlebar switch lead
- 5. Front brake hose
- 6. Throttle cable (decelerator cable)
- 7. Throttle cable (accelerator cable)
- 8. Horn 1 lead
- 9. Horn 1
- 10. Rear brake light switch
- 11. Rear brake light switch lead
- A. Cross the left and right handlebar switch leads. Either lead can be routed on top.
- B. 70 mm (2.76 in)
- C. 10-30°
- D. Fasten the rear brake light switch lead with the plastic locking tie. Face the end of the plastic locking tie inward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- E. Make sure that there is no slack in the rear brake light switch lead in the area shown in the illustration.
- F. Fasten the rear brake light switch lead with the plastic locking tie. Face the end of the plastic locking tie downward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.

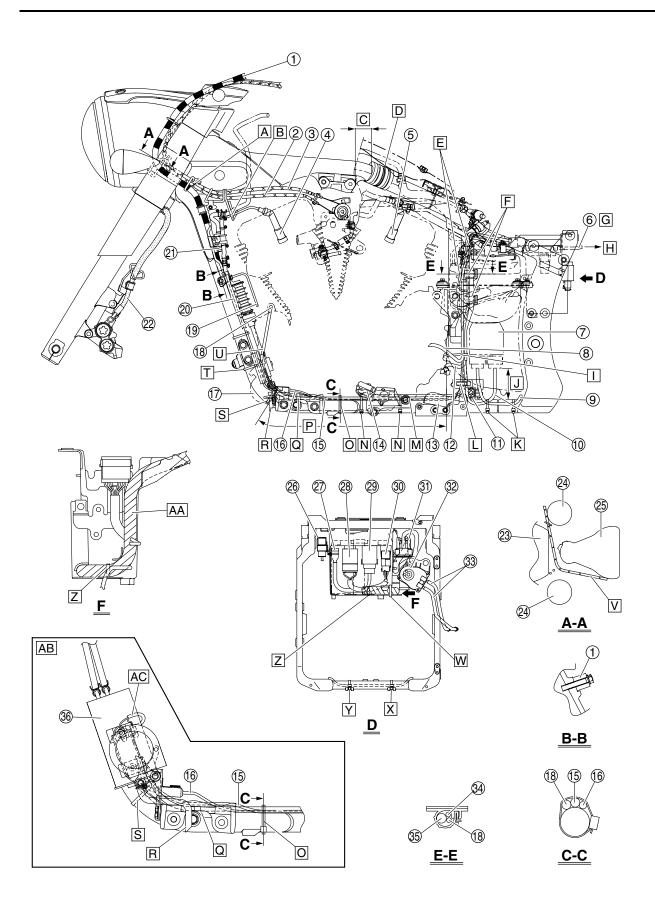


- 1. Main switch lead
- 2. Right handlebar switch lead
- 3. Wire harness
- 4. Left handlebar switch lead
- 5. Air temperature sensor lead
- 6. Front left turn signal/position light lead
- 7. Headlight lead
- 8. Front right turn signal/position light lead
- 9. Air temperature sensor
- 10. Main switch
- A. Place the joint coupler behind the leads.
- B. Place the sections of the handlebar switch leads that are not covered by their protective sleeves in the rear of the headlight housing.
- C. Fasten the headlight leads, front turn signal/position light leads, and accessory light lead with the holders along the side of the headlight housing.
- D. Place the headlight leads, front turn signal/position light leads, and accessory light lead near the base of the holder.
- E. 30 mm (1.18 in)
- F. Secure the plastic band by inserting the projection on the band into the hole in the headlight housing.
- G. Face the end of the plastic band downward.



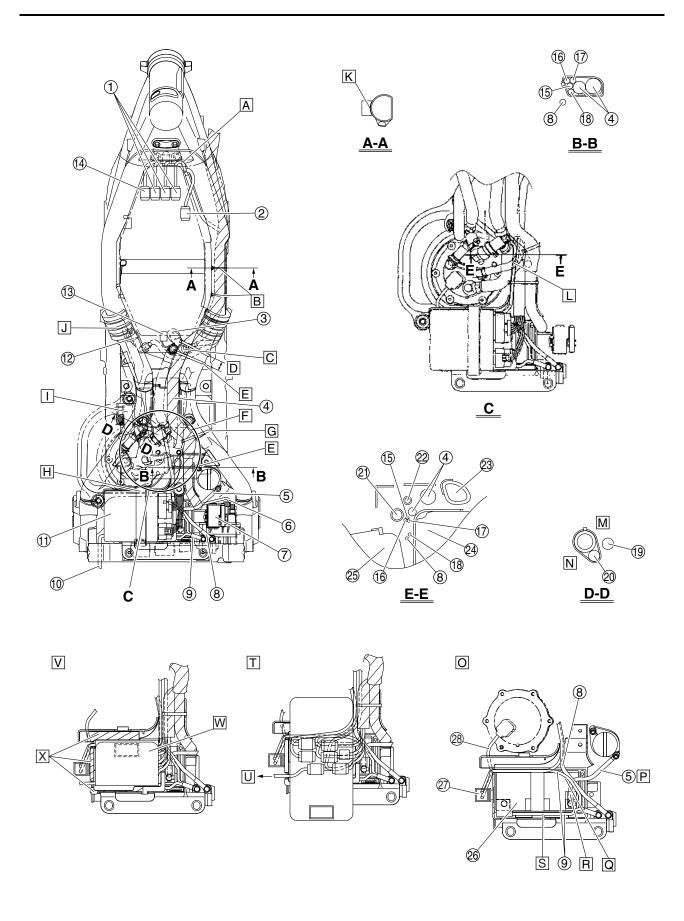
- 1. EXUP servo motor
- 2. Fuse box
- 3. Wire harness
- 4. Fuel outlet hose
- 5. Cylinder-#1 right spark plug cap
- 6. Cylinder-#1 right ignition coil
- 7. Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor coupler
- 8. Fuel sender (fuel tank) coupler
- 9. Meter assembly coupler
- 10. Throttle cable
- 11. Front brake hose
- 12. Cylinder-#2 right spark plug cap
- 13. Cylinder-#1 left ignition coil
- 14. Clutch pipe
- 15. Neutral switch lead
- 16. Stator coil lead
- 17. Speed sensor lead
- 18. O<sub>2</sub> sensor lead
- 19. EXUP cable
- Cylinder-#1 right spark plug lead
- Cylinder-#1 left spark plug lead
- 22. ISC (idle speed control) unit inlet hose
- 23. Cylinder-#2 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose
- 24. Cylinder-#1 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose
- 25. Sub-wire harness 3 coupler
- 26. Cylinder-#2 right spark plug lead
- 27. Sub-wire harness 4 coupler
- 28. Cylinder-#2 left spark plug lead
- A. Fasten the cylinder-#1 left and right spark plug leads, fuel outlet hose, wire harness and the fuel tank damper with the plastic locking tie. Install the plastic locking tie in the rear slot of the fuel tank damper.
- B. Fasten the fuel outlet hose, wire harness, and fuel tank damper with the plastic locking tie. Install the plastic locking tie in the front slot of the fuel tank damper and make sure that the end of the damper is aligned with the edge of the flat section on the outside of the frame.
- C. Fasten the cylinder-#1 left and right ignition coil leads, engine temperature sensor lead, and throttle position sensor lead to the guide on the engine bracket (right upper side) with the plastic locking tie. Face the end of the plastic locking tie rearward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- D. Fasten sub-wire harness 2 with the plastic locking
- E. Align the positioning tape on the wire harness with the top of the frame.
- F. 0-15 mm (0-0.59 in)
- G. Route the throttle cables behind the front brake hose.
- H. Make sure that the wire harness is not twisted between the fuel tank and the headlight assembly.
- Position the cylinder-#2 left and right spark plug leads, sub-wire harness 2 coupler and sub-wire harness 4 coupler on top of the guide.

- J. Fasten the wire harness and the cylinder-#2 left and right spark plug leads with a plastic locking tie, making sure to install the tie just past the end of the protective tube of the wire harness. Face the end of the plastic locking tie inward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- K. To the throttle position sensor
- L. To the fuel injector and engine temperature sensor
- M. To the neutral switch
- N. To the speed sensor
- Fasten the stator coil lead with the plastic locking ties. Face the end of each plastic locking tie outward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- P. To the rear brake caliper
- Q. Install the O<sub>2</sub> sensor coupler completely onto the O<sub>2</sub> sensor bracket.
- R. Outside of the frame
- S. Position the buckle of the plastic locking tie to the inside of the frame. Face the end of the plastic locking tie upward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- T. Inside of the frame
- U. Position the buckle of the plastic locking tie to the inside of the frame.
- V. To the wire harness
- W. To the cylinder-#2 right spark plug
- X. Right side
- Y. Position the sub-wire harness 3 coupler and the sub-wire harness 4 coupler between the cylinder-#2 right spark plug lead and the cylinder-#1 ISC unit outlet hose.
- Z. Face the ends of the hose clamp outward, angled 45° downward.
- AA. Route the cylinder-#2 right spark plug lead under the sub-wire harness 4.
- AB. Face the ends of the hose clamp downward.
- AC. Route the cylinder-#2 left spark plug lead under the cylinder-#2 ISC unit outlet hose.
- AD. Left side
- AE. To the cylinder-#2 left spark plug
- AF. Install the clutch pipe onto the clutch release cylinder, making sure that the pipe contacts the projection on the cylinder.
- AG. To the O<sub>2</sub> sensor
- AH. Align the cutout in the clutch pipe union bolt cap with the projection on the clutch release cylinder.



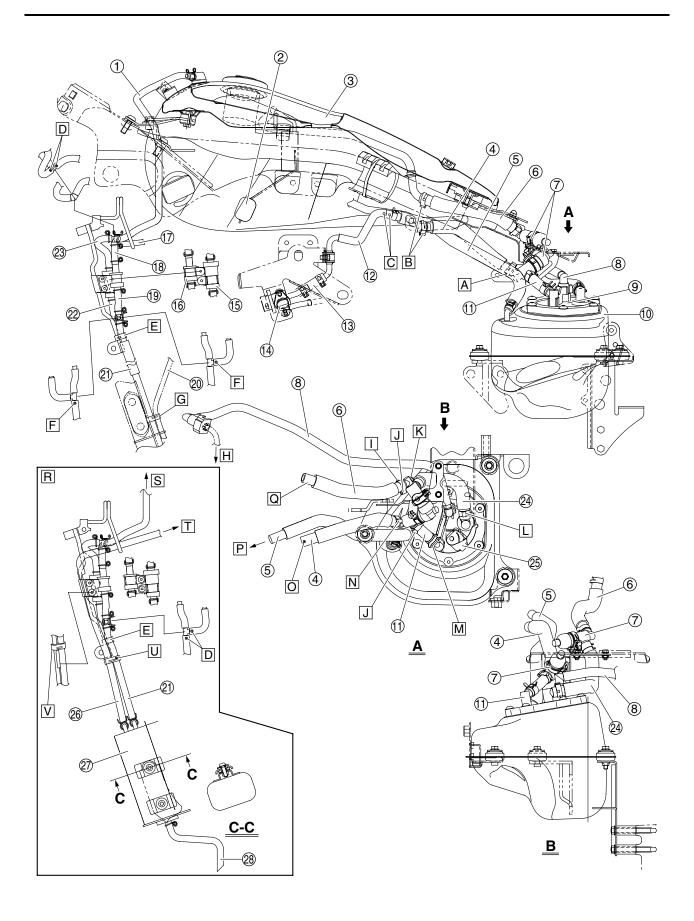
- 1. Clutch hose
- 2. Throttle cable (decelerator cable)
- 3. Throttle cable (accelerator cable)
- 4. Cylinder-#2 left spark plug cap
- Cylinder-#1 left spark plug cap
- 6. Sub-wire harness 1
- 7. Rectifier/regulator
- 8. Crankshaft position sensor lead
- 9. Stator coil lead
- 10. Rectifier/regulator lead
- 11. Lean angle sensor
- 12. Horn 2 lead
- 13. Horn 2
- 14. Sidestand switch
- 15. Horn 1 lead
- 16. Rear brake light switch lead
- 17. Horn 1
- 18. Starter motor lead
- 19. Clutch pipe
- 20. Fuel tank breather/overflow hose
- 21. Rollover valve
- 22. Front brake hose
- 23. Headlight assembly
- 24. Front fork
- 25. Frame
- 26. Main fuse
- 27. Diode 1
- 28. Relay unit
- 29. Turn signal relay
- 30. Headlight relay
- 31. Starter relay
- 32. EXUP servo motor
- 33. EXUP cable
- 34. Speed sensor lead
- 35. Wire harness
- 36. Canister
- Route the throttle cables to the inside of the clutch hose.
- B. Pass the cylinder-#2 left spark plug lead through the guide.
- C. 30-40 mm (1.18-1.57 in)
- Position the buckle of the plastic locking tie to the inside of the frame.
- E. Fasten the crankshaft position sensor lead, neutral switch lead, and sidestand switch lead with the holders.
- F. Fasten the starter motor lead, speed sensor lead, and wire harness with the holders.
- G. Route sub-wire harness 1 to the inside of the frame.
- H. To the tail/brake light
- Fasten the starter motor lead, horn 1 lead, rear brake light switch lead, sidestand switch lead, and crankshaft position sensor lead with the plastic locking tie.
- J. Make sure that there is no slack in the stator coil lead and rectifier/regulator lead in the area shown in the illustration.

- K. Fasten the stator coil lead and rectifier/regulator lead with the plastic locking tie. Face the end of the plastic locking tie outward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- L. Fasten the lean angle sensor lead, starter motor lead, horn 1 lead, rear brake light switch lead, and sidestand switch lead with the holder.
- M. Route the starter motor lead, horn 1 lead, rear brake light switch lead, and sidestand switch lead to the inside of the frame boss.
- N. Fasten the starter motor lead, horn 1 lead, rear brake light switch lead, and sidestand switch lead with the plastic locking tie. Face the end of the plastic locking tie outward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- O. Fasten the starter motor lead, horn 1 lead, and rear brake light switch lead with the plastic locking tie, and then face the end of the tie outward. Be sure to install the plastic locking tie behind the frame cross member and to fasten the rear brake light switch lead at the white tape.
- P. Route the starter motor lead, horn 1 lead, and rear brake light switch lead along the frame in the area shown in the illustration, making sure not to cross the leads.
- Q. Align the positioning tape on the starter motor lead with the engine mounting bolt (front lower side).
- R. Pass the fuel tank breather/overflow hose through the horn 1 bracket, making sure to position the end of the hose as shown in the illustration.
- Fasten the starter motor lead, horn 1 lead, and rear brake light switch lead with the plastic locking tie, and then face the end of the tie inward.
- T. Fasten the horn 1 lead, rear brake light switch lead, and starter motor lead with the plastic locking tie. Face the end of the plastic locking tie inward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- U. Route the horn lead 1 to the rear of the starter motor lead.
- V. Pass the throttle cables through the cable guides as shown in the illustration.
- W. Pass the plastic locking tie through the hole in the battery box projection, and then fasten the wire harness with the tie.
- X. Fasten the stator coil lead at the white tape with the plastic locking tie.
- Y. Fasten the stator coil lead with the plastic locking
- Pass the plastic locking tie through the hole in the battery box projection, and then fasten the wire harness with the tie.
- AA. Route the wire harness along the side of the fuse box/starter relay bracket.
- AB. For California only
- AC. Route the horn lead 1 to the rearward of the canister.



- 1. Meter assembly coupler
- 2. Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor coupler
- 3. Cylinder-#1 right spark plug cap
- 4. Wire harness
- 5. Negative battery lead
- EXUP servo motor
- 7. Fuse box
- 8. Starter motor lead
- Positive battery lead
- 10. Sub-wire harness 1
- 11. ECU (electronic control unit)
- 12. Cylinder-#1 left spark plug cap
- 13. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor coupler
- 14. Fuel sender (fuel tank) coupler
- 15. Neutral switch lead
- 16. Sidestand switch lead
- 17. Crankshaft position sensor lead
- 18. Speed sensor lead
- 19. Fuel hose (fuel tank to fuel hose joint)
- 20. Fuel return hose (fuel return pipe to sub-fuel tank)
- 21. Air vent hose (fuel pump to fuel hose joint)
- 22. Fuel outlet hose
- 23. Frame
- 24. Oil tank
- 25. Sub-fuel tank
- 26. Battery
- 27. Main fuse
- 28. Fuel pump lead
- A. Do not pinch the leads between the fuel tank bracket and the frame when installing the bracket.
- B. Pass the plastic locking ties through the holes in the frame damper, and then fasten the wire harness and damper with the ties. Face the end of each plastic locking tie upward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- C. Align the white tape on the wire harness with the frame cross member.
- D. 20 mm (0.79 in)
- E. Fasten the wire harness with the plastic locking tie. Face the end of the plastic locking tie upward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- F. Route the wire harness along the frame.
- G. Fasten the wire harness with the plastic locking tie, making sure to align the tie with the line on the rubber damper. Face the end of the plastic locking tie upward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- H. Connect the ECU couplers, and then fasten the ECU with the band.
- Fasten the fuel return hose (fuel return pipe to subfuel tank) with the plastic locking tie. Face the end of the plastic locking tie inward, and then cut off the excess end of the tie.
- J. Fasten the fuel tank damper with the plastic locking tie. Install the plastic locking tie in the middle slot of the fuel tank damper.
- K. Fasten the air filter case damper with the plastic locking tie so that the rubber part of the damper contacts the frame. Be sure to pass the plastic locking tie between the air filter case damper and the frame.

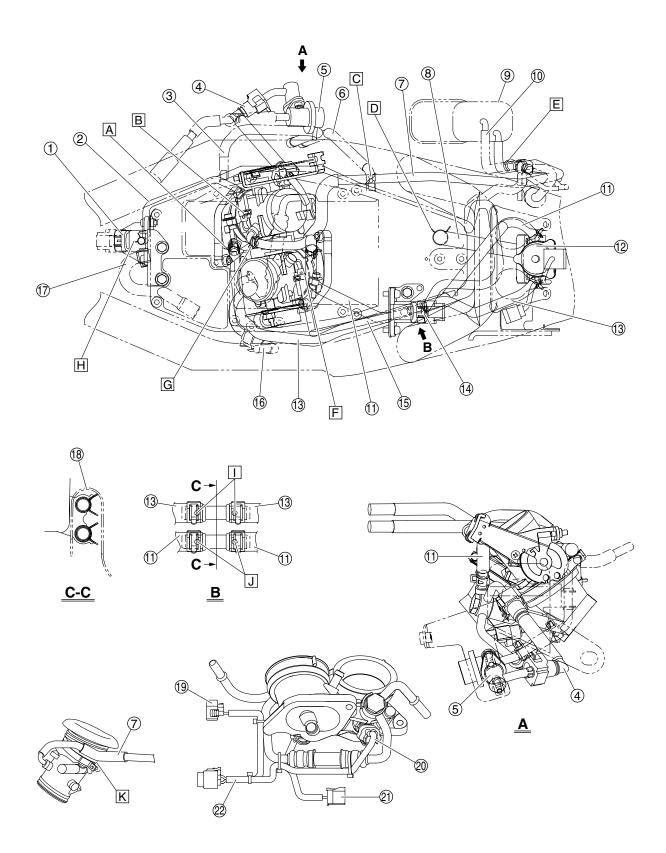
- L. Route the crankshaft position sensor lead, sidestand switch lead, neutral switch lead, starter motor lead and speed sensor lead under the fuel outlet hose.
- M. Inside of frame
- N. Outside of frame
- O. View with tray removed
- P. Route the negative battery lead under the starter motor lead and battery positive lead.
- Route the positive battery lead (main fuse to starter relay) over the tray.
- R. Route the negative battery lead towards the front of the vehicle.
- S. Route the positive battery lead (battery to starter relay) under the tray.
- T. View with tray installed
- U. To the tail/brake light
- V. View with ECU removed
- W. Wrap the protective covering around the couplers (crankshaft position sensor coupler, auxiliary DC coupler, neutral switch coupler, sub-wire harness 1 coupler, speed sensor coupler, and sidestand switch coupler) and the wire harness.
- X. When installing the ECU, be sure not to pinch the leads in the areas shown in the illustration with oblique lines.



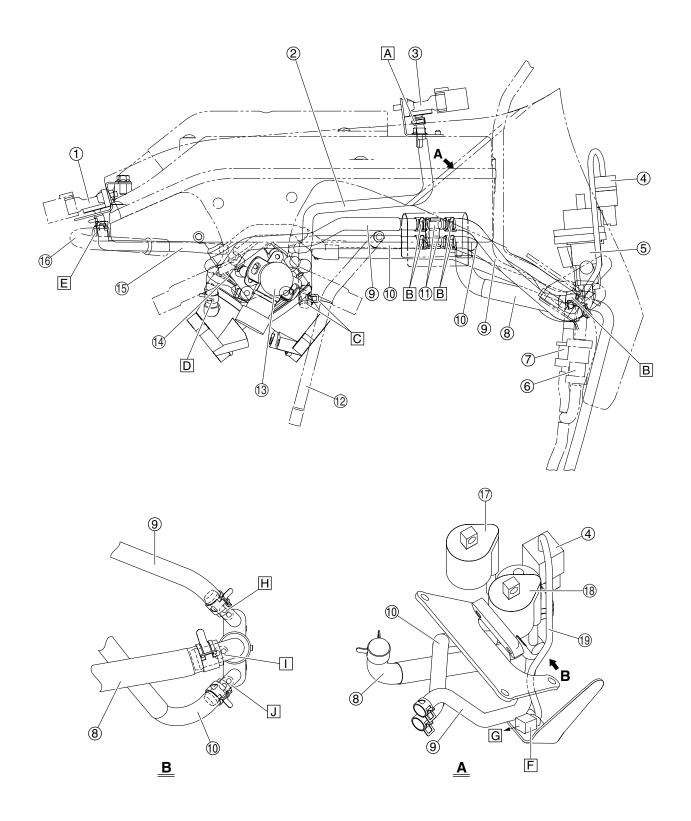
#### CABLE ROUTING

- 1. Fuel tank breather hose
- 2. Fuel sender (fuel tank)
- 3. Fuel tank
- 4. Fuel hose (fuel tank to fuel hose joint)
- 5. Fuel return hose (fuel return pipe to sub-fuel tank)
- 6. Air vent hose (fuel hose joint to fuel tank)
- 7. Fuel hose joint
- 8. Fuel outlet hose
- 9. Fuel pump
- 10. Sub-fuel tank
- Fuel hose (fuel hose joint to fuel pump)
- 12. Fuel return pipe
- Fuel return hose (pressure regulator to fuel return pipe)
- 14. Pressure regulator
- 15. Rollover valve 1
- 16. Rollover valve 2
- 17. Cylinder-#2 left spark plug lead
- 18. Rollover valve hose 1
- 19. Rollover valve hose 2
- 20. Starter motor lead
- 21. Fuel tank breather/overflow hose
- 22. Rollover valve hose 4
- 23. Rollover valve hose 3
- 24. Air vent hose (fuel pump to fuel hose joint)
- 25. Fuel pump coupler
- 26. Canister purge hose (for California only)
- 27. Canister (for California only)
- 28. Canister breather hose (for California only)
- A. Align the blue paint mark on the fuel hose (fuel hose joint to fuel tank) with the round indentation on the bend in the fuel hose joint.
- B. Face the fastener of the clamp downward, making sure that the projections on the clamp are positioned as shown in the illustration.
- C. Align the white paint mark on the end of the fuel return hose (fuel return pipe to sub-fuel tank) with the white paint mark on the fuel return pipe.
- D. Align the paint marks on the hoses with the hose joint as shown in the illustration.
- E. Fasten the fuel tank breather/overflow hose to the throttle cable guide with the holder.
- F. Align the paint mark on the hose with the hose joint as shown in the illustration.
- G. Fasten the fuel tank breather/overflow hose and starter motor lead with the holder.
- H. To the fuel injector
- Align the yellow paint mark on the air vent hose (fuel hose joint to fuel tank) with the round indentation on the bend in the fuel hose joint.
- J. Face the fastener of the clamp to the left.
- K. Face the ends of the hose clamp forward.
- L. Install the air vent hose (fuel pump to fuel hose joint) with its white paint mark facing upward.
- M. Face the ends of the hose clamp upward.
- N. Face the fastener of the clamp upward, making sure that the projections on the clamp are positioned as shown in the illustration.
- O. Install the fuel hose (fuel tank to fuel hose joint) with its white paint mark facing downward.
- P. To the pressure regulator

- Q. Install the air vent hose (fuel hose joint to fuel tank) with its white paint mark facing downward.
- R. For California only
- S. To the fuel tank
- T. To the intake manifold assembly
- U. Fasten the canister purge hose and fuel tank breather/overflow hose with the holder, making sure to align the paint mark on the breather/overflow hose with the holder.
- V. Fasten the canister purge hose and throttle cable guide with the holder.



- 1. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor
- 2. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose
- 3. Air filter case breather hose 1
- Fuel hose (intake manifold assembly to pressure regulator)
- 5. Pressure regulator
- 6. Air filter case breather hose 2
- 7. Canister purge hose (for California only)
- 8. ISC (idle speed control) unit inlet hose
- 9. Canister (for California only)
- Fuel tank breather/overflow hose (for California only)
- 11. Cylinder-#2 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose
- 12. ISC (idle speed control) unit
- Cylinder-#1 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose
- 14. Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor
- 15. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose
- 16. Fuel outlet hose
- 17. Cylinder head breather hose
- 18. Hose joint cover
- 19. Throttle position sensor
- 20. Cylinder-#1 injector coupler
- 21. Engine temperature sensor coupler
- 22. Sub-wire harness 2
- A. Face the ends of the hose clamp to the left, angled 45° rearward.
- B. Install the cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose onto the throttle body pipe up to the bend in the pipe, making sure to face the white paint mark on the hose upward. Face the ends of the hose clamp forward.
- C. Fasten the canister purge hose and the air filter case breather hose 2 with the hose clamp, making sure to face the ends of the clamp upward (for California only).
- D. Face the ends of the hose clamp to the left.
- E. Fasten the canister purge hose and fuel tank breather/overflow hose with the holder 70 mm (2.76 in) from the hose joints on the canister (for California only).
- F. Install the cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor hose onto the throttle body pipe up to the bend in the pipe, making sure to face the white paint mark on the hose upward. Face the ends of the hose clamp rearward.
- G. Install the canister purge hose onto the throttle body pipe up to the bend in the pipe, making sure to face the white paint mark on the hose upward (for California only).
- H. Face the ends of the hose clamp rearward, angled to the left.
- I. Align the white paint marks.
- J. Align the yellow paint marks.
- K. Route the canister purge hose over the air filter case joint clamp screw.



- 1. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor
- 2. Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor hose
- 3. Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor
- 4. ISC (idle speed control) unit coupler
- 5. ISC (idle speed control) unit
- Rollover valve 1
- 7. Rollover valve 2
- 8. ISC (idle speed control) unit inlet hose
- Cylinder-#1 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose
- Cylinder-#2 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose
- 11. Hose joint
- 12. Air filter case breather hose 2
- 13. Throttle position sensor
- 14. Throttle body assembly
- 15. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose
- 16. Cylinder head breather hose
- 17. Cylinder-#2 left ignition coil
- 18. Cylinder-#2 right ignition coil
- 19. Sub-wire harness 4
- Face the ends of the hose clamp inward.
- B. Face the ends of the hose clamps outward.
- C. Install the cylinder-#2 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose (hose joint to intake manifold assembly) completely onto the intake manifold, making sure to face the green paint mark on the hose to the left. Face the ends of the hose clamp outward, angled 45° forward.
- D. Install the cylinder-#1 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose (hose joint to intake manifold assembly) completely onto the intake manifold, making sure to face the blue paint mark on the hose to the left.
- E. Face the ends of the hose clamp upward.
- F. Position the sub-wire harness 4 coupler on top of the guide.
- G. To the wire harness
- H. Install the cylinder-#1 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose onto the ISC unit pipe, making sure to align the blue paint mark on the hose with the blue paint mark on the pipe.
- Install the ISC (idle speed control) unit inlet hose onto the ISC unit pipe, making sure to align the white paint mark on the hose with the white paint mark on the pipe.
- J. Install the cylinder-#2 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose onto the ISC unit pipe, making sure to align the green paint mark on the hose with the green paint mark on the pipe.

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EAS20450

### PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

EAS20460

#### INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended checks and adjustments. If followed, these preventive maintenance procedures will ensure more reliable vehicle operation, a longer service life and reduce the need for costly overhaul work. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as to new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

FAU17600

#### PERIODIC MAINTENANCE CHART FOR THE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

|     |   |   | INITIAL   | INITIAL ODOMETER READINGS            |  |   |  |  |  |
|-----|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| No. |   | ITEM  | ROUTINE   | 600 mi<br>(1000 km)<br>or<br>1 month | 4000 mi<br>(7000 km)<br>or<br>6 months | 8000 mi<br>(13000<br>km)<br>or<br>12 months | 12000 mi<br>(19000<br>km)<br>or<br>18 months | 16000 mi<br>(25000<br>km)<br>or<br>24 months | 20000 mi<br>(31000<br>km)<br>or<br>30 months |
| 1   | * | Fuel line   | <ul> <li>Check fuel hoses for cracks or<br/>damage.</li> <li>Replace if necessary.</li> </ul>                                   |                                      | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 2   | * | Spark plugs   | <ul> <li>Check condition.</li> <li>Adjust gap and clean.</li> <li>Replace every 8000 mi<br/>(13000 km) or 12 months.</li> </ul> |                                      | V                                      | Replace.                                    | V  | Replace.                                     | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 3   | * | Valve clearance   | <ul> <li>Check and adjust valve clear-<br/>ance when engine is cold.</li> <li>Adjust if necessary.</li> </ul>                   | Every 16000 mi (25000 km)            |  |   |  |  |  |
| 4   | * | Crankcase<br>breather system                              | <ul> <li>Check breather hose for<br/>cracks or damage.</li> <li>Replace if necessary.</li> </ul>                                |                                      | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | √  |
| 5   | * | Fuel injection  | Adjust synchronization.   |                                      | V                                      | √   | V  | <b>√</b>                                     | V  |
| 6   | * | Exhaust system  | <ul> <li>Check for leakage.</li> <li>Tighten if necessary.</li> <li>Replace gasket(s) if necessary.</li> </ul>                  |                                      | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 7   | * | Evaporative emission control system (For California only) | Check control system for damage.     Replace if necessary.  |                                      |  |   | V  |  | V  |

<sup>\*</sup> Since these items require special tools, data and technical skills, have a Yamaha dealer perform the service.

EAU32183

#### **GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION CHART**

|   |                    |                    |  | INITIAL ODOMETER READINGS            |  |   |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| N | 0.                 | ITEM               | ROUTINE  | 600 mi<br>(1000 km)<br>or<br>1 month | 4000 mi<br>(7000 km)<br>or<br>6 months | 8000 mi<br>(13000<br>km)<br>or<br>12 months | 12000 mi<br>(19000<br>km)<br>or<br>18 months | 16000 mi<br>(25000<br>km)<br>or<br>24 months | 20000 mi<br>(31000<br>km)<br>or<br>30 months |
| 1 | *                  | Air filter element | <ul><li>Check condition and damage.</li><li>Replace if necessary.</li></ul>                  |                                      | √                                      | √   | √  | √  | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 2 | *                  | Clutch             | Check operation and fluid leakage.     Correct if necessary.                                 | V                                    | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | V  |
| 3 | *                  | Front brake        | Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage.     Replace brake pads if necessary.    | V                                    | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | V  |
| 4 | *                  | Rear brake         | Check operation, fluid level,<br>and for fluid leakage.     Replace brake pads if necessary. | V                                    | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | V  |
| 5 | ^   Brake hoses  - |                    | Check for cracks or damage.  |                                      | $\sqrt{}$                              | √   | √  | V  | V  |
|   |                    |                    | Replace. Every 4 years   |                                      |  |   |  |  |  |

## **PERIODIC MAINTENANCE**

|    |    |   |   | INITIAL                              | ODOMETER READINGS                      |   |  |  |  |
|----|----|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| No | о. | ITEM                                    | ROUTINE   | 600 mi<br>(1000 km)<br>or<br>1 month | 4000 mi<br>(7000 km)<br>or<br>6 months | 8000 mi<br>(13000<br>km)<br>or<br>12 months | 12000 mi<br>(19000<br>km)<br>or<br>18 months | 16000 mi<br>(25000<br>km)<br>or<br>24 months | 20000 mi<br>(31000<br>km)<br>or<br>30 months |
| 6  | *  | Wheels                                  | Check runout and for damage.  |                                      | √                                      | √   | V  | √  | V  |
| 7  | *  | Tires                                   | <ul> <li>Replace if necessary.</li> <li>Check tread depth and for damage.</li> <li>Replace if necessary.</li> <li>Check air pressure.</li> </ul>                      |                                      | √                                      | √   | √  | √  | √  |
| 8  | *  | Wheel bearings                          | <ul> <li>Correct if necessary.</li> <li>Check bearings for smooth operation.</li> <li>Replace if necessary.</li> </ul>  |                                      | V                                      | √   | √  | √  | √  |
| 9  | *  | Swingarm pivot bearings                 | Check bearing assemblies for looseness.   |                                      | <b>V</b>                               | <b>V</b>                                    | V  | <b>V</b>                                     | V  |
| 10 | *  | Drive belt                              | <ul><li>Check belt tension.</li><li>Adjust if necessary.</li></ul>  | <b>V</b>                             |  | Every                                       | 2500 mi (40                                  | 00 km)                                       |  |
| 11 | *  | Steering bearings                       | Check bearing assemblies for looseness.     Moderately repack with lithium-soap-based grease every 16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months.                                  | V                                    | <b>V</b>                               | <b>V</b>                                    | V  | Repack.                                      | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 12 | *  | Chassis fasteners                       | Check all chassis fitting and fasteners.     Correct if necessary.  |                                      | V                                      | <b>V</b>                                    | V  | <b>V</b>                                     | <b>√</b>                                     |
| 13 |    | Brake and clutch lever pivot shafts     | Apply lithium-soap-based<br>grease (all-purpose grease)<br>lightly.   |                                      | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | V  |
| 14 |    | Brake and shift pedal pivot shafts      | Apply lithium-soap-based<br>grease (all-purpose grease)<br>lightly.   |                                      | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | V  |
| 15 |    | Sidestand pivot                         | Check operation.     Apply lithium-soap-based grease (all-purpose grease) lightly.  |                                      | V                                      | <b>V</b>                                    | <b>V</b>                                     | V  | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 16 | *  | Sidestand switch                        | Check operation and replace<br>if necessary.  | <b>V</b>                             | <b>V</b>                               | <b>V</b>                                    | V  | √  | V  |
| 17 | *  | Front fork                              | <ul> <li>Check operation and for oil leakage.</li> <li>Replace if necessary.</li> </ul>   |                                      | √                                      | <b>√</b>                                    | V  | <b>√</b>                                     | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 18 | *  | Shock absorber assembly                 | <ul> <li>Check operation and for oil leakage.</li> <li>Replace if necessary.</li> </ul>   |                                      | <b>√</b>                               | <b>√</b>                                    | V  | <b>V</b>                                     | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 19 | *  | Rear suspension link pivots             | Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly.  |                                      |  |   |  | √  |  |
| 20 |    | Engine oil                              | Change (warm engine before draining).   | √                                    | √                                      | √   | V  | √  | V  |
| 21 | *  | Engine oil filter cartridge             | Replace.  | <b>V</b>                             |  | √   |  | √  |  |
| 22 | *  | Transfer case oil                       | Check for leakage.     Change at initial 600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month, and thereafter every 16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months.  | Change.                              |  | V   |  | Change.                                      |  |
| 23 | *  | Front and rear brake switches           | Check operation.  | √                                    | √                                      | √   | V  | √  | √  |
| 24 | *  | Control cables                          | Apply Yamaha chain and ca-<br>ble lube or engine oil SAE<br>10W-30 thoroughly.  | <b>√</b>                             | √                                      | √   | V  | √  | <b>V</b>                                     |
| 25 | *  | Throttle grip<br>housing and ca-<br>ble | <ul> <li>Check operation and free play.</li> <li>Adjust the throttle cable free play if necessary.</li> <li>Lubricate the throttle grip housing and cable.</li> </ul> |                                      | V                                      | V   | V  | V  | V  |
| 26 | *  | Lights, signals and switches            | <ul><li>Check operation.</li><li>Adjust headlight beam.</li></ul>   | √                                    | $\checkmark$                           | √   | V  | √  | V  |

<sup>\*</sup> Since these items require special tools, data and technical skills, have a Yamaha dealer perform the service.

### PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

| NOTE:  |
|--|
| From 24000 mi (37000 km) or 36 months, repeat the maintenance intervals starting from 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months. |
| EAU38440   |
| NOTE:  |

#### A : C:1.

- Air filter
  - This model's air filter is equipped with a disposable oil-coated paper element, which must not be cleaned with compressed air to avoid damaging it.
- The air filter element needs to be replaced more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
- Hydraulic brake and clutch systems
  - After disassembling the brake or clutch master cylinders, caliper cylinders or clutch release cylinder, always change the fluid. Regularly check the brake and clutch fluid levels and fill the reservoirs as required.
- Replace the oil seals on the inner parts of the brake or clutch master cylinders, caliper cylinders and clutch release cylinder every two years.
- Replace the brake and clutch hoses every four years or if cracked or damaged.

EAS20470

#### **ENGINE**

EAS20530

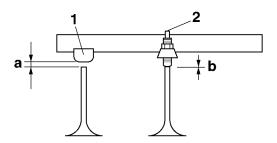
#### ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE

The following procedure applies to all of the valves.

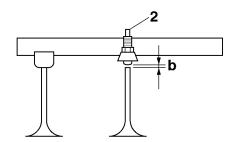
#### NOTE: \_

 The valve clearance is automatically adjusted by the hydraulic valve lifter. However, there are times when the valve clearance needs to be adjusted manually. If this is the case, adjust the clearance of the two maladjusted or worn valves using the adjusting screw on the rocker arm.

If clearance is on the slip side "1", loosen the adjusting screw and bring the valve clearance "a" within specification. Check if the valve clearance "b" on the adjusting screw "2" side is within specification.

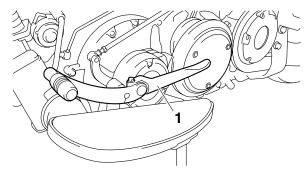


If clearance is on the adjusting screw "2" side, tighten the adjusting screw and bring the valve clearance "b" within specification.

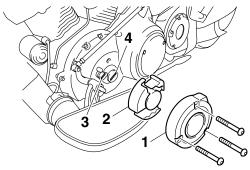


- Valve clearance adjustment should be made on a cold engine, at room temperature.
- When the valve clearance is to be measured or adjusted, the piston must be at top dead center (TDC) on the compression stroke.
- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat
- Rider seat bracket assembly Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

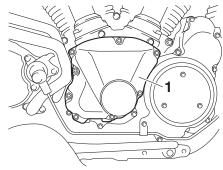
- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- Air filter case Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- Muffler
- Exhaust pipes Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.
- 2. Disconnect:
- Spark plug caps
- 3. Remove:
- Spark plugs
- 4. Remove:
  - Shift pedal assembly "1"



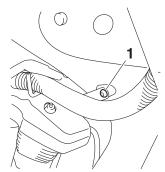
- 5. Remove:
- Damper cover "1"
- Damper "2"
- Timing mark accessing screw "3"
- Crankshaft end screw "4"



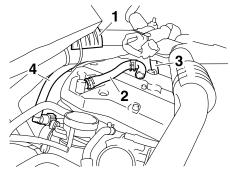
- 6. Remove:
- Camshaft sprocket cover "1"



- 7. Remove:
- Wire harness guide bolt "1"



- 8. Remove:
  - Fuel tank damper "1"
- Cylinder head breather hose "2"
- 9. Disconnect:
  - Oil tank breather hose "3"
  - Fuel outlet hose "4"

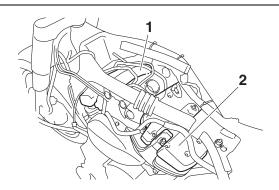


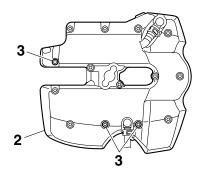
#### 10.Remove:

- Front cylinder head cover "1"
- Rear cylinder head cover "2"

#### NOTE: \_

Due to the small clearance between the frame and the rear cylinder head cover, the three bolts "3" cannot be removed when the cover is in place. Loosen the bolts, and then remove the cylinder head cover from the right side of the vehicle, making sure that the bolts do not scratch the rocker arms or other engine parts.





#### 11.Measure:

Valve clearance
 Out of specification → Adjust.



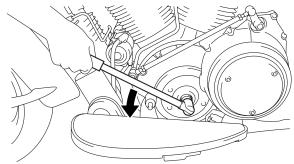
Valve clearance (cold) Intake

0.00-0.04 mm (0.0000-0.0016 in) Exhaust

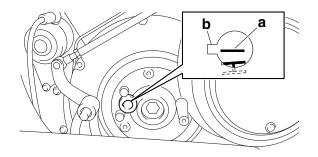
0.00-0.04 mm (0.0000-0.0016 in)

### Piston #1 TDC (rear cylinder)

a. Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.

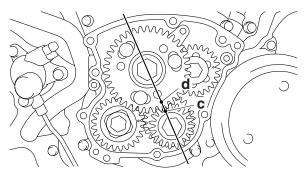


b. When piston #1 is at TDC on the compression stroke, align the TDC mark "a" on the crankshaft position sensor rotor with the pointer "b" on the clutch cover.



c. Check the camshaft drive gear mark "c" position and camshaft driven gear mark "d" position as shown.

If the marks are not aligned, turn the crankshaft counterclockwise 360 degrees and recheck step (b).



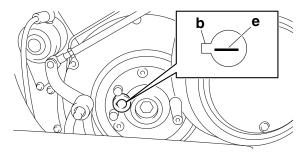
d. Measure the valve clearance with a thickness gauge.



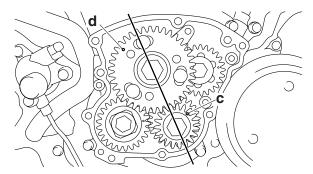
Thickness gauge 90890-03180 Feeler gauge set YU-26900-9

### Piston #2 TDC (front cylinder)

- a. Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise from the piston #1 TDC by 408 degrees.
- b. When piston #2 is at TDC on the compression stroke, align the TDC mark "e" on the crankshaft position sensor rotor with the pointer "b" on the clutch cover.



c. Check the camshaft drive gear mark "c" position and camshaft driven gear mark "d" position as shown.



d. Measure the valve clearance with a thickness gauge.

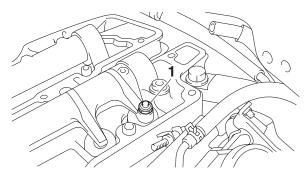


Thickness gauge 90890-03180 Feeler gauge set YU-26900-9

12.Adjust:

Valve clearance

Loosen the locknut "1".



b. Insert a thickness gauge "2" between the end of the adjusting screw and the valve tip.



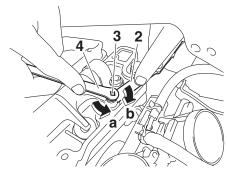
Thickness gauge 90890-03180 Feeler gauge set YU-26900-9

c. Turn the adjusting screw "3" in direction "a" or "b" with the tappet adjusting tool "4" until the specified valve clearance is obtained.



Tappet adjusting tool (4 mm) 90890-04133 Valve adjustment wrench 3 mm & 4 mm YM-08035-A

|               | Adjusting screw side                    | Slip side                               |
|---------------|---|---|
| Direction "a" | Valve clear-<br>ance is in-<br>creased. | Valve clear-<br>ance is de-<br>creased. |
| Direction "b" | Valve clear-<br>ance is de-<br>creased. | Valve clear-<br>ance is in-<br>creased. |



 Hold the adjusting screw to prevent it from moving and tighten the locknut to specification.



Locknut (rocker arm adjusting screw)
20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)



Tappet adjusting tool (4 mm) 90890-04133 Valve adjustment wrench 3 mm & 4 mm YM-08035-A

- e. Measure the valve clearance again.
- f. If the valve clearance is still out of specification, repeat all of the valve clearance adjustment steps until the specified clearance is obtained.

#### 

13.Install:

All removed parts
 Refer to "CAMSHAFTS" on page 5-14.

| N  | U. | т | F | • |
|----|----|---|---|---|
| 14 | v  |   | _ |   |

For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

EAS20570

### SYNCHRONIZING THE THROTTLE BODIES

NOTE:

Prior to synchronizing the throttle bodies, the valve clearance and the engine idling speed should be properly adjusted and the ignition timing should be checked.

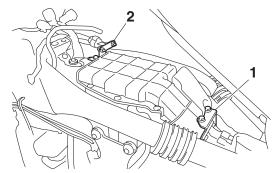
1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

NOTE:

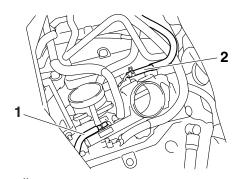
Place the vehicle on a suitable stand.

- 2. Remove:
  - Rider seat
  - Rider seat bracket assembly Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

- Cylinder-#1 ignition coil cover Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.
- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- 3. Remove:
  - Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor bracket "1"
  - Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor bracket "2"



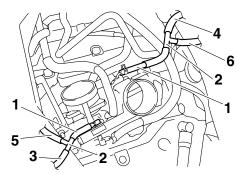
- 4. Disconnect:
- Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose "1"
- Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor hose "2"



- 5. Install:
- Hose "1" (Parts No.: 5JW-24311-00)
- 3-way joint "2" (Parts No.: 90413-05014)
- Vacuum gauge hose for #1 "3"
- Vacuum gauge hose for #2 "4"
- Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose "5"
- Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor hose "6"
- Vacuum gauge
- Tachometer



Vacuum gauge 90890-03094 Carburetor synchronizer YU-44456



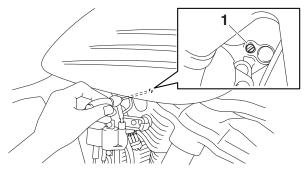
- 6. Install:
  - Fuel tank Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- 7. Adjust:
- Throttle body synchronization

 Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes, and then let it run at specified engine idling speed.



## Engine idling speed 850–950 r/min

b. With throttle body #1 as standard, adjust throttle body #2 using the air screw "1" (for throttle body #2).



#### NOTE:

- After each step, rev the engine two or three times, each time for less than a second, and check the synchronization again.
- If the air screw was removed, turn the screw 3/4 turn in and be sure to synchronize the throttle body.

ECA14900

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use the throttle valve adjusting screws to adjust the throttle body synchronization.



Intake vacuum 31.3–35.3 kPa (9.3–10.4 inHg) (235–265 mmHg)

#### NOTE: \_\_\_

The difference in vacuum pressure between two throttle bodies should not exceed 1.33 kPa (10 mmHq).

#### 

- 8. Stop the engine and remove the measuring equipment.
- 9. Adjust:
  - Throttle cable free play Refer to "ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CA-BLE FREE PLAY" on page 3-8.



Throttle cable free play 4.0–6.0 mm (0.16–0.24 in)

#### 10.Install:

- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- Cylinder-#1 ignition coil cover Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.
- Rider seat bracket assembly
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

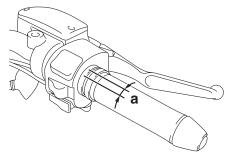
EAS2063

## ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY

NOTE: \_

Prior to adjusting the throttle cable free play, the engine idling speed and throttle body synchronization should be adjusted properly.

- 1. Check:
- Throttle cable free play "a"
   Out of specification → Adjust.





Throttle cable free play 4.0-6.0 mm (0.16-0.24 in)

- 2. Adjust:
- Throttle cable free play

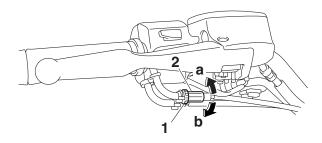
- a. Loosen the locknut "1".
- b. Turn the adjusting nut "2" in direction "a" or "b" until the specified throttle cable free play is obtained.

Direction "a"

Throttle cable free play is increased. Direction "b"

Throttle cable free play is decreased.

c. Tighten the locknut "1".



#### EWA12910

#### **WARNING**

After adjusting the throttle cable free play, start the engine and turn the handlebar to the right and to the left to ensure that this does not cause the engine idling speed to change.

#### 

#### EAS20680

#### **CHECKING THE SPARK PLUGS**

The following procedure applies to all of the spark plugs.

- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat
- Rider seat bracket assembly Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- Air filter case
   Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 2. Disconnect:
- Spark plug cap
- 3. Remove:
  - Spark plug

ECA13320

#### **CAUTION:**

Before removing the spark plugs, blow away any dirt accumulated in the spark plug wells with compressed air to prevent it from falling into the cylinders.

- 4. Check:
- Spark plug type Incorrect → Change.



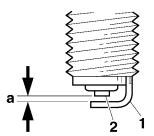
Manufacturer/model NGK/DPR8EA-9 Manufacturer/model DENSO/X24EPR-U9

- 5. Check:
- Electrode "1"
   Damage/wear → Replace the spark plug.
- Insulator "2"
   Abnormal color → Replace the spark plug.

   Normal color is medium-to-light tan.
- 6. Clean:
- Spark plug (with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush)
- 7. Measure:
  - Spark plug gap "a" (with a wire thickness gauge)
     Out of specification → Regap.



Spark plug gap 0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 in)



- 8. Install:
- Spark plug



Spark plug 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)

#### NOTE: \_

Before installing the spark plug, clean the spark plug and gasket surface.

- 9. Connect:
- Spark plug cap

#### 10.Install:

- Air filter case Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- Rider seat bracket assembly
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

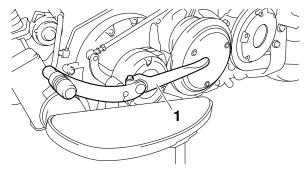
#### EAS20700

#### **CHECKING THE IGNITION TIMING**

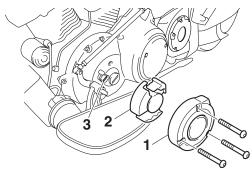
#### NOTE: \_

Prior to checking the ignition timing, check the wiring connections of the entire ignition system. Make sure all connections are tight and free of corrosion.

- 1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.
- 2. Remove:
- Shift pedal assembly "1"



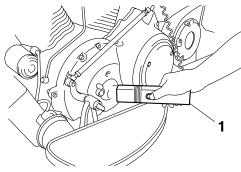
- 3. Remove:
  - Damper cover "1"
  - Damper "2"
  - Timing mark accessing screw "3"



- 4. Connect:
- Timing light "1"
- Tachometer



Timing light 90890-03141 Inductive clamp timing light YU-03141



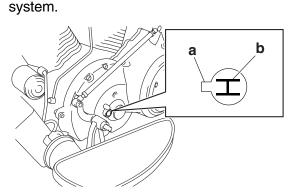
- 5. Check:
- Ignition timing

 a. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then let it run at the specified engine idling speed.



## Engine idling speed 850–950 r/min

 b. Check that pointer "a" on the clutch cover is within the firing range "b" on the crankshaft position sensor rotor.
 Incorrect firing range → Check the ignition



NOTE:

The ignition timing is not adjustable.

#### \_\_\_\_

- Install:
- Timing mark accessing screw
- Damper
- Damper cover



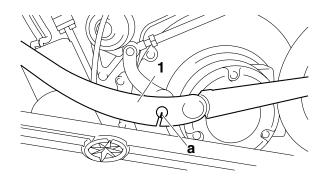
Damper cover bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 7. Install:
- Shift pedal assembly "1"



Shift pedal bolt 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb) NOTE:

Align the mark "a" on the shift pedal shaft with the slot in the shift pedal.



#### EAS20750

#### CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

#### NOTE:

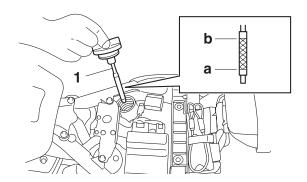
- Place the vehicle on a suitable stand.
- Make sure the vehicle is upright.
- 2. Start the engine, warm it up for approximately 15 minutes until the oil temperature rises to 60 °C (140 °F), and then turn it off.
- 3. Remove:
  - Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 4. Remove:
- Dipstick "1"
- 5. Check:
  - Engine oil level

The engine oil level should be between the minimum level mark "a" and maximum level mark "b".

Below the minimum level mark  $\rightarrow$  Add the recommended engine oil to the proper level.

#### NOTE: \_

- Before checking the engine oil level, wait a few minutes until the oil has settled.
- Do not screw the dipstick in when inspecting the oil level.

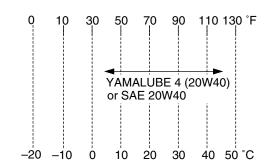




Type VAMALUBE 4.62

YAMALUBE 4 (20W40) or SAE20W40

Recommended engine oil grade API service SE, SF, SG type or higher



#### ECA13380

#### **CAUTION:**

- Engine oil also lubricates the clutch and the wrong oil types or additives could cause clutch slippage. Therefore, do not add any chemical additives.
- Do not allow foreign materials to enter the crankcase.

#### NOTE:

API Service "SE", "SF" and "SG" type or equivalent (e.g., "SF-SE", "SF-SE-CC", "SF-SE-SD")

- 6. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 7. Check the engine oil level again.

#### NOTE:

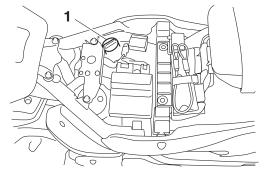
Before checking the engine oil level, wait a few minutes until the oil has settled.

- 8. Install:
- Dipstick
- 9. Install:
  - Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

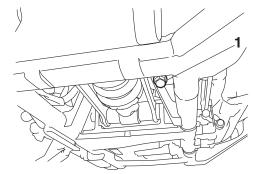
#### EAS2078

#### **CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL**

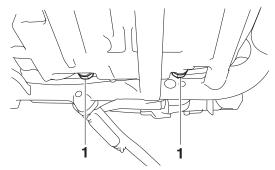
- 1. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 2. Place a container under the engine oil drain bolts.
- 3. Remove:
- Engine oil filler cap "1"



- 4. Remove:
- Engine oil drain bolt (oil tank) "1" (along with the gasket)



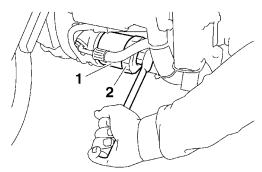
- 5. Remove:
- Engine oil drain bolts (crankcase) "1" (along with the gaskets)



- 6. Drain:
- Engine oil (completely from the oil tank and crankcase)
- 7. If the oil filter cartridge is also to be replaced, perform the following procedure.
- a. Remove the oil filter cartridge "1" with an oil filter wrench "2".



Oil filter wrench 90890-01426 YU-38411

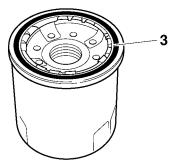


b. Lubricate the O-ring "3" of the new oil filter cartridge with a thin coat of engine oil.

ECA13390

#### **CAUTION:**

Make sure the O-ring "3" is positioned correctly in the groove of the oil filter cartridge.



c. Tighten the new oil filter cartridge to specification with an oil filter wrench.



Oil filter cartridge 17 Nm (1.7 m·kg, 12 ft·lb)

#### 8. Check:

- Engine oil drain bolt gaskets
   Damage → Replace.
- 9. Install:
  - Engine oil drain bolt (oil tank) (along with the gasket)



Engine oil drain bolt (oil tank) 43 Nm (4.3 m·kg, 31 ft·lb)

#### 10.Install:

 Engine oil drain bolts (crankcase) (along with the gaskets)



Engine oil drain bolt (crankcase) 43 Nm (4.3 m·kg, 31 ft·lb)

#### 11.Fill:

 Oil tank (with the specified amount of the recommended engine oil)



Engine oil quantity Total amount

5.20 L (5.50 US qt) (4.58 Imp.qt) Without oil filter cartridge replacement

4.10 L (4.33 US qt) (3.61 Imp.qt)
With oil filter cartridge replacement

4.90 L (5.18 US qt) (4.31 Imp.qt)

#### NOTE: \_

Pour the engine oil in two stages. First, pour in 2.5 L of oil, then start the engine and rev it 3 to 5 times. Stop the engine, and then pour in the remainder of the specified amount.

EC1D71008

#### **CAUTION:**

When starting the engine make sure the dipstick is securely fitted into the oil tank.

12.Fill: (when engine is disassembled)

 Crankcase and oil tank (with the specified amount of the recommended engine oil)



Engine oil quantity Total amount

5.20 L (5.50 US qt) (4.58 Imp.qt) Engine

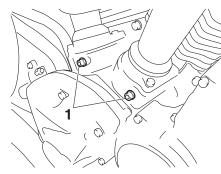
3.2 L (3.38 US qt) (2.82 Imp.qt) Oil tank

2.0 L (2.11 US qt) (1.76 Imp.qt)

#### 13.Install:

- Engine oil filler cap
- 14. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 15.Check:
- Engine (for engine oil leaks)
- 16.Check:
- Engine oil level Refer to "CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL" on page 3-11.
- 17.Check:
- Engine oil pressure

a. Slightly loosen the oil gallery bolts "1".



- b. Start the engine and keep it idling until engine oil starts to seep from the oil gallery bolts. If no engine oil comes out after one minute, turn the engine off so that it will not seize.
- c. Check the engine oil passages, the oil filter cartridge and the oil pump for damage or leakage. Refer to "OIL PUMP" on page 5-95.
- d. Start the engine after solving the problem(s) and check the engine oil pressure again.
- e. Tighten the oil gallery bolts to specification.



Oil gallery bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

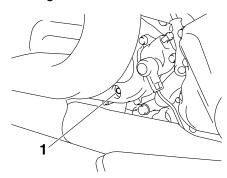
EAS2084

## CHECKING THE TRANSFER GEAR OIL LEVEL

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

#### NOTE:

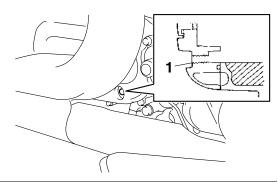
- Place the vehicle on a suitable stand.
- Make sure the vehicle is upright.
- 2. Remove:
  - Transfer gear oil check bolt "1"



- 3. Check:
- Transfer gear oil level
   The transfer gear oil level should be up to the brim "1" of the hole.

   Below the brim → Add the recommended

transfer gear oil to the proper level.





Type SAE80 API GL-4 Hypoid gear oil

EC1D71024

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not allow foreign materials to enter the transfer gear case.

- 4. Install:
- Transfer gear oil check bolt

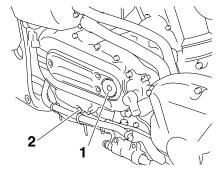


Transfer gear oil check bolt 8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb)

EAS20850

#### CHANGING THE TRANSFER GEAR OIL

- 1. Remove:
- Muffler
- Exhaust pipes
   Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.
- 2. Place a container under the transfer gear oil drain bolt.
- 3. Remove:
- Straight plug "1"
- Transfer gear oil drain bolt "2"



- 4. Drain:
  - Transfer gear oil (completely from the transfer gear case)
- 5. Check:
  - Transfer gear oil drain bolt gasket Damage → Replace.
- 6. Install:
  - Transfer gear oil drain bolt (along with the gasket)



Transfer gear oil drain bolt 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)

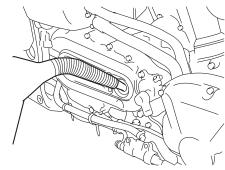
#### 7. Fill:

 Transfer gear case (with the specified amount of the recommended transfer gear oil)



Quantity

0.55 L (0.58 US qt) (0.48 Imp.qt) Quantity (disassembled) 0.60 L (0.63 US qt) (0.53 Imp.qt)



- 8. Install:
- Straight plug
- 9. Check:
  - Transfer gear oil level Refer to "CHECKING THE TRANSFER GEAR OIL LEVEL" on page 3-13.

#### 10.Install:

- Exhaust pipes
- Muffler Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.

EAS20890

#### **CHECKING THE CLUTCH FLUID LEVEL**

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

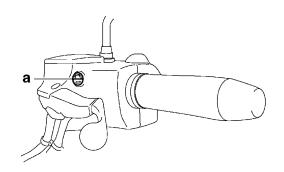
NOTE:

Place the vehicle on a suitable stand.

- 2. Check:
  - Clutch fluid level Below the minimum level mark "a" → Add the recommended clutch fluid to the proper level.



Recommended clutch fluid Brake fluid DOT 4



### WARNING

- Use only the designated clutch fluid. Other clutch fluids may cause the rubber seals to deteriorate, causing leakage and poor clutch performance.
- Refill with the same type of clutch fluid that is already in the system. Mixing clutch fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction, leading to poor clutch performance.
- When refilling, be careful that water does not enter the clutch fluid reservoir. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the clutch fluid and could cause vapor lock.

CAUTION:

Clutch fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt clutch fluid immediately.

#### NOTE:

In order to ensure a correct reading of the clutch fluid level, make sure the top of the reservoir is horizontal.

EAS20900

## BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC CLUTCH SYSTEM

EWA13000

#### **WARNING**

Bleed the hydraulic clutch system whenever:

- the system was disassembled,
- · a clutch hose was loosened or removed,
- the clutch fluid level is very low,
- clutch operation is faulty.

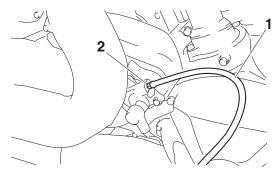
NOTE:

- Be careful not to spill any clutch fluid or allow the clutch master cylinder reservoir to overflow.
- When bleeding the hydraulic clutch system, make sure there is always enough clutch fluid before applying the clutch lever. Ignoring this

- precaution could allow air to enter the hydraulic clutch system, considerably lengthening the bleeding procedure.
- If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the clutch fluid settle for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the hose have disappeared.
- 1. Bleed:
- Hydraulic clutch system

# a. Add the recommended clutch fluid to the proper level.

- Install the clutch master cylinder reservoir diaphragm.
- c. Connect a clear plastic hose "1" tightly to the bleed screw "2".



- d. Place the other end of the hose into a container.
- e. Slowly squeeze the clutch lever several times.
- f. Fully squeeze the clutch lever without releasing it.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw. This will release the tension and cause the clutch lever to contact the handlebar grip.
- h. Tighten the bleed screw and then release the clutch lever.
- i. Repeat steps (e) to (h) until all of the air bubbles have disappeared from the clutch fluid in the plastic hose.
- j. Tighten the bleed screw to specification.



Bleed screw (clutch release cylinder)

6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)

k. Add the recommended clutch fluid to the proper level.

Refer to "CHECKING THE CLUTCH FLUID LEVEL" on page 3-14.

EWA13010

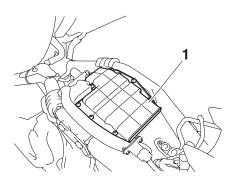
### **WARNING**

After bleeding the hydraulic clutch system, check the clutch operation.

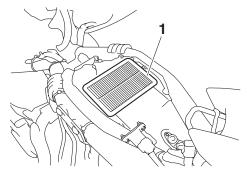
EAS20960

#### REPLACING THE AIR FILTER ELEMENT

- 1. Remove:
  - Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 2. Remove:
- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- 3. Remove:
  - Air filter case cover "1"



- 4. Remove:
  - Air filter element "1"



- 5. Check:
  - Air filter element
     Damage → Replace.

NOTE:

The air filter needs more frequent service if you are riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.

- 6. Install:
  - · Air filter case cover

EC1D71002

#### **CAUTION:**

Never operate the engine without the air filter element installed. Unfiltered air will cause rapid wear of engine parts and may damage the engine. Operating the engine without the air filter element will also affect the throttle body synchronization, leading to poor engine performance and possible overheating.

NOTE:

When installing the air filter element into the air filter case, make sure that the sealing surfaces are aligned to prevent any air leaks.

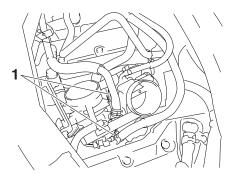
- 7. Install:
  - Fuel tank
     Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

EAS2101

#### CHECKING THE THROTTLE BODY JOINTS

The following procedure applies to all of the throttle body joints and intake manifolds.

- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat
- Rider seat bracket assembly Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- Air filter case Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 2. Check:
  - Throttle body joints "1" Cracks/damage → Replace.



- 3. Install:
  - Air filter case Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
  - Fuel tank
     Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
  - Rider seat bracket assembly
  - Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

EAS21030

#### **CHECKING THE FUEL LINE**

The following procedure applies to all of the fuel, air vent and breather hoses.

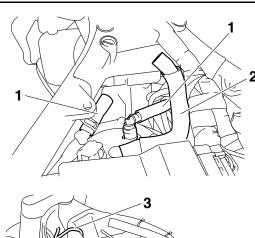
- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat

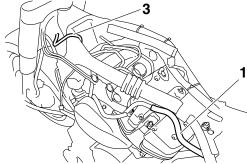
- Rider seat bracket assembly Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- 2. Check:
- Fuel hoses "1"
- Air vent hose "2"
- Breather hose "3"
   Cracks/damage → Replace.
   Loose connection → Connect properly.

ECA14940

#### **CAUTION:**

# Make sure the fuel tank breather hose is routed correctly.





- 3. Install:
  - Fuel tank
     Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
  - Rider seat bracket assembly
  - Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

EAS21050

# CHECKING THE CYLINDER HEAD BREATHER HOSE

- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat
- Rider seat bracket assembly Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- Fuel tank
   Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- Air filter case
   Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

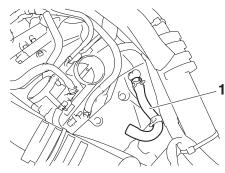
#### 2. Check:

Cylinder head breather hose "1"
 Cracks/damage → Replace.
 Loose connection → Connect properly.

ECA14920

#### **CAUTION:**

# Make sure the cylinder head breather hose is routed correctly.



#### 3. Install:

- Air filter case Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- Fuel tank Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.
- Rider seat bracket assembly
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

EAS2106

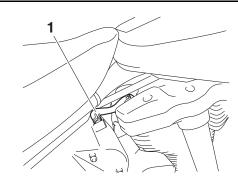
## CHECKING THE OIL TANK BREATHER HOSE

- 1. Remove:
- Right side cover Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 2. Check:
  - Oil tank breather hose "1"
     Cracks/damage → Replace.
     Loose connection → Connect properly.

ECA14930

#### **CAUTION:**

## Make sure the oil tank breather hose is routed correctly.



- 3. Install:
  - Right side cover Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

EAS21080

#### **CHECKING THE EXHAUST SYSTEM**

The following procedure applies to all of the exhaust pipes and gaskets.

- 1. Check:
- Front exhaust pipe "1"
- Rear exhaust pipe "2"
- Muffler "3"
- Muffler bracket "4"
   Cracks/damage → Replace.
- Gaskets "5"
   Exhaust gas leaks → Replace.
- 2. Check:

Tightening torque

- Front exhaust pipe nuts "6"
- Front exhaust pipe and rear exhaust pipe bolt "7"
- Rear exhaust pipe nuts "8"
- Rear exhaust pipe and muffler bolt "9"
- Muffler and muffler bracket bolts "10"
- Muffler bracket and frame bolts "11"

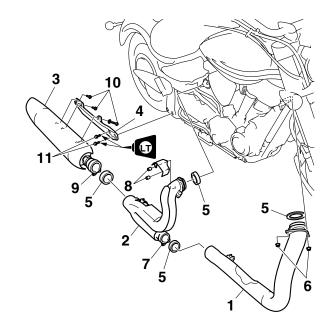
**LOCTITE®** 

Front exhaust pipe nut

20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)



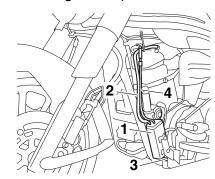
Front exhaust pipe and rear exhaust pipe bolt
20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)
Rear exhaust pipe nut
24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)
Rear exhaust pipe and muffler
bolt
20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)
Muffler and muffler bracket bolt
29 Nm (2.9 m·kg, 21 ft·lb)
Muffler bracket and frame bolt
53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)



F4004000

## CHECKING THE CANISTER (for California only)

- 1. Remove:
- Horn 1 Refer to "THROTTLE BODIES" on page 6-6.
- 2. Check:
  - Canister "1"
  - Canister purge hose "2"
- Canister breather hose "3"
- Fuel tank breather/overflow hose "4" Cracks/damage → Replace.

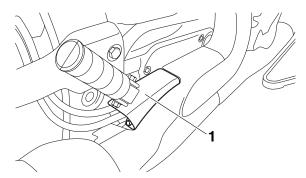


- 3. Install:
  - Horn 1 Refer to "THROTTLE BODIES" on page 6-6.

EAS21100

#### **ADJUSTING THE EXUP CABLES**

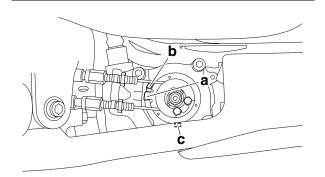
- 1. Remove:
- EXUP valve pulley cover "1"



- 2. Check:
- EXUP system operation
- a. Turn the main switch to "ON".
- b. Check that the EXUP valve operates properly.

#### NOTE: \_

Check that the projection "a" on the EXUP valve pulley contact the stopper "b" (fully-open position) and the stopper "c" (fully-closed position).

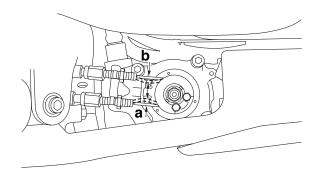


- 3 Check
  - EXUP cable free play (at the EXUP valve pulley) "a" and "b"



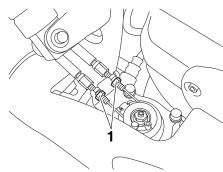
EXUP cable free play (at the EXUP valve pulley)

a: 3 mm (0.12 in) or less b: 3 mm (0.12 in) or less



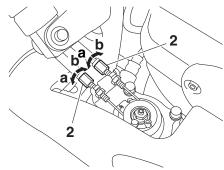
- 4. Adjust:
- EXUP cable free play

a. Loosen both locknuts "1".

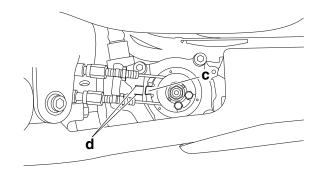


b. Turn both adjusting bolts "2" in or out until the specification.

Turn in "a"  $\rightarrow$  Free play is increased. Turn out "b"  $\rightarrow$  Free play is decreased.



- c. Tighten both locknuts.
- d. Turn the main switch to "ON" and check that the projection "c" on the EXUP valve pulley contacts the stoppers (fully open and fully closed positions), then stops between the lines "d" on the cable holder.



- 5. Install:
- EXUP valve pulley cover



EXUP valve pulley cover bolt 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

EAS21140

### CHASSIS

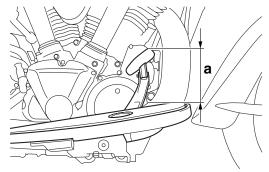
#### EAS21190

#### ADJUSTING THE REAR DISC BRAKE

- 1. Check:
- Brake pedal position (distance "a" from the top of the rider footrest to the top of the brake pedal)
   Out of specification → Adjust.



Brake pedal position 110.0 mm (4.33 in)



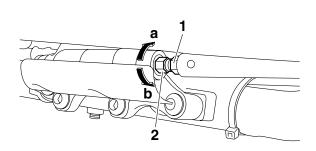
- 2. Adjust:
  - Brake pedal position
- a. Loosen the locknut "1".
- b. Turn the adjusting bolt "2" in direction "a" or "b" until the specified brake pedal position is obtained.

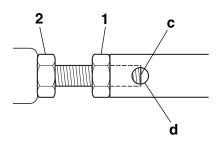
Direction "a"
Brake pedal is raised.
Direction "b"
Brake pedal is lowered.

#### EWA13070

#### **WARNING**

After adjusting the brake pedal position, check that the end of the adjusting bolt "c" is visible through the hole "d".





c. Tighten the locknut.

#### EW1D71005

#### **WARNING**

A soft or spongy feeling in the brake pedal can indicate the presence of air in the brake system. Before the vehicle is operated, the air must be removed by bleeding the brake system. Air in the brake system will considerably reduce braking performance.

#### ECA13510

#### **CAUTION:**

After adjusting the brake pedal position, make sure there is no brake drag.

- 3. Adjust:
  - Rear brake light switch Refer to "ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH" on page 3-22.

#### EAS21240

#### **CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL**

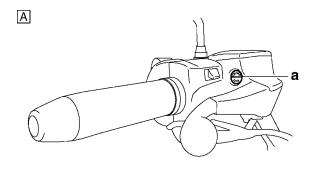
1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

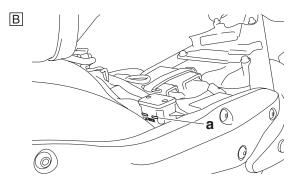
#### NOTE:

- Place the vehicle on a suitable stand.
- Make sure the vehicle is upright.
- 2. Remove:
  - Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 3. Check:
- Brake fluid level
   Below the minimum level mark "a" → Add the
   recommended brake fluid to the proper level.



Front brake
Recommended fluid
DOT 4
Rear brake
Recommended fluid
DOT 4





- A. Front brake
- B. Rear brake

### WARNING

- Use only the designated brake fluid. Other brake fluids may cause the rubber seals to deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid that is already in the system. Mixing brake fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction, leading to poor brake performance.
- When refilling, be careful that water does not enter the brake fluid reservoir. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and could cause vapor lock.

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces and plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt brake fluid immediately.

NOTE:

In order to ensure a correct reading of the brake fluid level, make sure the top of the brake fluid reservoir is horizontal.

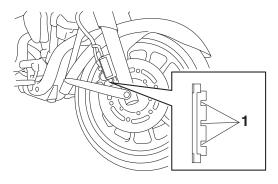
- 4. Install:
  - Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

EAS2125

#### CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE PADS

The following procedure applies to all of the brake pads.

- 1. Operate the brake.
- 2. Check:
  - Front brake pad
     Wear indicator grooves "1" almost disappeared → Replace the brake pads as a set.
     Refer to "FRONT BRAKE" on page 4-31.

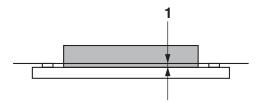


EAS21260

#### CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE PADS

The following procedure applies to all of the brake pads.

- 1. Operate the brake.
- 2. Check:
  - Rear brake pad
     Wear indicators "1" almost touch the brake
     disc → Replace the brake pads as a set.
     Refer to "REAR BRAKE" on page 4-43.

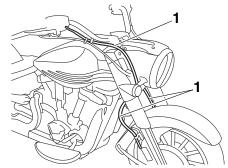


EAS21280

#### CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE HOSES

The following procedure applies to all of the brake hoses and brake hose clamps.

- 1. Check:
- Brake hoses "1"
   Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.



- 2. Check:
  - Brake hose clamps
     Loose → Tighten the clamp bolt.
- 3. Hold the vehicle upright and apply the brake several times.
- 4. Check:
  - Brake hoses

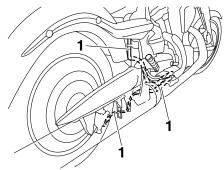
Brake fluid leakage  $\rightarrow$  Replace the damaged hose.

Refer to "FRONT BRAKE" on page 4-31.

EAS21290

#### CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE HOSES

- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 2. Check:
  - Brake hoses "1"
     Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.



- 3. Check:
- Brake hose clamp
   Loose connection → Tighten the clamp bolt.
- 4. Check:
  - Brake hose guide Loose  $\rightarrow$  Tighten the guide bolt.
- 5. Hold the vehicle upright and apply the brake several times.
- 6. Check:
  - Brake hoses

Brake fluid leakage → Replace the damaged hose.

Refer to "REAR BRAKE" on page 4-43.

EAS2133

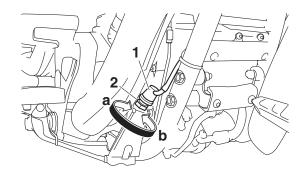
## ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH

NOTE: \_

The rear brake light switch is operated by movement of the brake pedal. The rear brake light switch is properly adjusted when the brake light comes on just before the braking effect starts.

- 1. Check:
- Rear brake light operation timing Incorrect → Adjust.
- 2. Adjust:
- Rear brake light operation timing
- a. Hold the main body "1" of the rear brake light switch so that it does not rotate and turn the adjusting nut "2" in direction "a" or "b" until the rear brake light comes on at the proper time.

Direction "a"
Brake light comes on sooner.
Direction "b"
Brake light comes on later.



EAS2135

## BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM

EWA13100

### WARNING

Bleed the hydraulic brake system whenever:

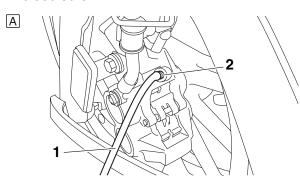
- the system is disassembled.
- a brake hose is loosened, disconnected or replaced.
- the brake fluid level is very low.
- brake operation is faulty.
- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

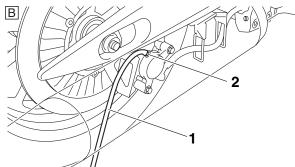
#### NOTE: \_\_

- Be careful not to spill any brake fluid or allow the brake master cylinder reservoir or brake fluid reservoir to overflow.
- When bleeding the hydraulic brake system, make sure there is always enough brake fluid before applying the brake. Ignoring this precaution could allow air to enter the hydraulic brake system, considerably lengthening the bleeding procedure.
- If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid settle for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the hose have disappeared.
- 2. Bleed:
  - Hydraulic brake system

### a Fill the broke fluid reconveir to the

- a. Fill the brake fluid reservoir to the proper level with the recommended brake fluid.
- b. Install the diaphragm (brake master cylinder reservoir or brake fluid reservoir).
- c. Connect a clear plastic hose "1" tightly to the bleed screw "2".





- A. Front
- B. Rear
- d. Place the other end of the hose into a container.
- e. Slowly apply the brake several times.
- f. Fully pull the brake lever or fully press down the brake pedal and hold it in position.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw.

#### NOTE: \_\_\_

Loosening the bleed screw will release the pressure and cause the brake lever to contact the throttle grip or the brake pedal to fully extend.

- h. Tighten the bleed screw and then release the brake lever or brake pedal.
- Repeat steps (e) to (h) until all of the air bubbles have disappeared from the brake fluid in the plastic hose.
- j. Tighten the bleed screw to specification.



Bleed screw (front brake caliper) 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb) Bleed screw (rear brake caliper) 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)

 k. Fill the brake fluid reservoir to the proper level with the recommended brake fluid.
 Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" on page 3-20.

### WARNING

After bleeding the hydraulic brake system, check the brake operation.

#### 

- 3. Install:
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

FAS21380

#### **ADJUSTING THE SHIFT PEDAL**

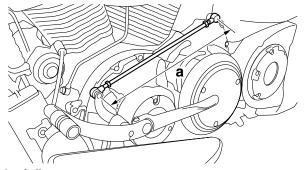
#### NOTE:

The shift pedal position is determined by the installed shift rod length "a".

- 1. Measure:
- Installed shift rod length "a" Incorrect → Adjust.



Installed shift rod length 312.0–316.0 mm (12.28–12.44 in)

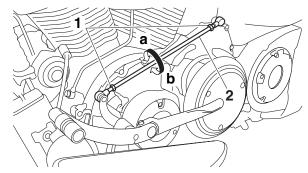


- 2. Adjust:
- Installed shift rod length

a. Loosen both locknuts "1".

b. Turn the shift rod "2" in direction "a" or "b" until the specified installed shift rod length is obtained.

Direction "a"
Installed shift rod length increases.
Direction "b"
Installed shift rod length decreases.



c. Tighten both locknuts.



Locknut (shift rod) 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)

d. Make sure the installed shift rod length is within specification.

EAS2143

#### ADJUSTING THE DRIVE BELT SLACK

NOTE: \_

The drive belt slack must be checked at the tightest point on the belt.

ECA14950

#### **CAUTION:**

A drive belt that is too tight will overload the engine and other vital parts, and one that is too loose can skip and damage the swingarm or cause an accident. Therefore, keep the drive belt slack within the specified limits.

NOTE: \_

Measure the drive belt slack when the engine is cold, and when the drive belt is dry.

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

EWA13120

#### **⚠** WARNING

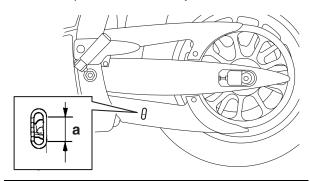
Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

#### NOTE: \_\_\_

Place the vehicle on the sidestand and or on a suitable stand so that the rear wheel is elevated.

#### 2. Check:

Drive belt slack "a"
 Out of specification → Adjust.





Drive belt slack (on the sidestand)

7.5–13 mm (0.30–0.51 in) Drive belt slack (on a suitable stand)

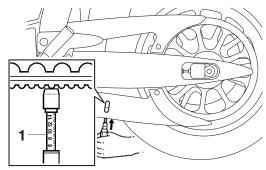
14-21 mm (0.55-0.83 in)



Belt tension gauge 90890-03170 Rear drive belt tension gauge YM-03170

#### NOTE: \_

- The level marks of the level window on the lower drive belt cover are in units of 5 mm (0.20 in).
   Use them as a standard for measuring the drive belt slack.
- Measure the drive belt slack when the drive belt has been pushed with 4.5 kg (10 lbs) of pressure using a belt tension gauge "1".



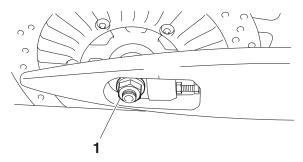
- 3. Remove:
- Muffler Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.
- 4. Adjust:
- Drive belt slack

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

NOTE:

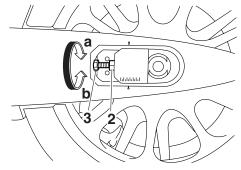
Place the vehicle on a suitable stand so that the rear wheel is elevated.

a. Loosen the wheel axle nut "1".



- b. Loosen both locknuts "2".
- c. Turn both adjusting bolts "3" in direction "a" or "b" until the specified drive belt slack is obtained.

Direction "a" Drive belt is tightened. Direction "b" Drive belt is loosened.



Using the alignment marks on each side of the swingarm, make sure that both belt pullers are in the same position for proper wheel alignment.

d. Tighten the locknuts to specification.



Locknut (drive belt adjusting bolt) 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)

e. Tighten the rear wheel axle nut to specification.



Rear wheel axle nut 150 Nm (15.0 m·kg, 110 ft·lb)

- 5. Install:
- Muffler Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.

**WARNING** 

Always use a new gasket.

EAS21510

#### CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE STEERING HEAD

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

#### **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

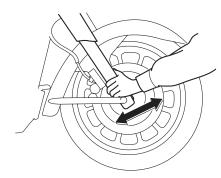
#### NOTE: \_

Place the vehicle on a suitable stand so that the front wheel is elevated.

- 2. Check:
- Steering head

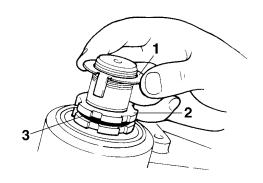
Grasp the bottom of the front fork legs and gently rock the front fork.

Binding/looseness → Adjust the steering head.



- 3. Remove:
  - Upper bracket Refer to "FRONT FORK" on page 4-60.
- 4. Adjust:
  - Steering head

a. Remove the lock washer "1", the upper ring nut "2", and the rubber washer "3".



b. Loosen the lower ring nut "4", and then tighten it to the specified torque with a steering nut wrench "5".

#### NOTE:

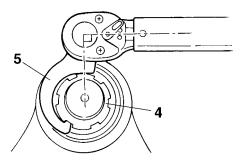
Set a torque wrench at a right angle to the steering nut wrench.



Steering nut wrench 90890-01403 Spanner wrench YU-33975



Lower ring nut (initial tightening torque)
52 Nm (5.2 m·kg, 37 ft·lb)



c. Loosen the lower ring nut completely, and then tighten it to specification with a steering nut wrench.

EWA13140

### **WARNING**

Do not overtighten the lower ring nut.



Lower ring nut (final tightening torque)
18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)

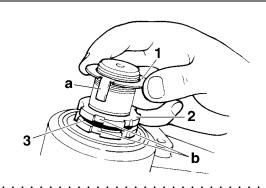
d. Check the steering head for looseness or binding by turning the front fork all the way in both directions. If any binding is felt, remove the lower bracket and check the upper and lower bearings.

Refer to "STEERING HEAD" on page 4-69.

- e. Install the rubber washer "3".
- f. Install the upper ring nut.
- g. Finger tighten the upper ring nut "2", then align the slots of both ring nuts. If necessary, hold the lower ring nut and tighten the upper ring nut until their slots are aligned.
- h. Install the lock washer "1".

NOTE: \_\_\_\_

Make sure the lock washer tabs "a" sit correctly in the ring nut slots "b".



5. Install:

 Upper bracket Refer to "FRONT FORK" on page 4-60.

EAS2153

#### CHECKING THE FRONT FORK

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

EWA13120

#### **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

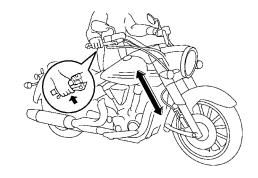
- 2. Check:
- Inner tube

Damage/scratches  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

- Oil seal
  - Oil leakage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.
- 3. Hold the vehicle upright and apply the front brake.
- 4. Check:
  - Front fork operation

Push down hard on the handlebar several times and check if the front fork rebounds smoothly.

Rough movement → Repair.
Refer to "FRONT FORK" on page 4-60.



EAS2159

## ADJUSTING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY

EWA13120

### **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

#### Spring preload

ECA13590

#### **CAUTION:**

Never go beyond the maximum or minimum adjustment positions.

- 1. Adjust:
  - Spring preload

#### NOTE: \_

Adjust the spring preload with the special wrench "1".

a. Loosen the locknut "2".

b. Turn the adjusting ring "3" in direction "a" or "b".

Direction "a"

Spring preload is increased (suspension is harder).

Direction "b"

Spring preload is decreased (suspension is softer).



Spring preload adjusting positions

Installed spring length

Minimum

162.0 mm (6.38 in)

Standard

XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C):

171.0 mm (6.73 in)

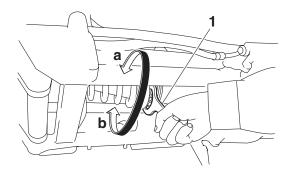
XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/

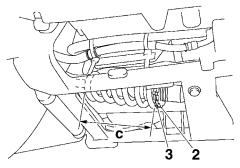
XV19CTMV(C):

165.0 mm (6.50 in)

Maximum

171.0 mm (6.73 in)





- c. Installed spring length
- c. Tighten the locknut to specification.



Locknut (rear shock absorber spring preload adjusting nut) 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)

ECA1360

#### **CAUTION:**

Always tighten the locknut against the adjusting nut and torque it to specification.

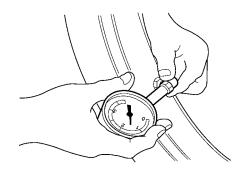
EAS2165

#### **CHECKING THE TIRES**

The following procedure applies to both of the tires.

- 1. Check:
- Tire pressure

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Regulate.



### **WARNING**

- The tire pressure should only be checked and regulated when the tire temperature equals the ambient air temperature.
- The tire pressure and the suspension must be adjusted according to the total weight (including cargo, rider, passenger and accessories) and the anticipated riding speed.
- Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause tire damage, an accident or an injury. **NEVER OVERLOAD THE VEHICLE.**



Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires)

Loading condition

0-90 kg (0-198 lb) Front

250 kPa (36 psi) (2.50 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

280 kPa (41 psi) (2.80 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

Loading condition

XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C):

90-210 kg (198-463 lb)

XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/

XV19CTMV(C):

90-186 kg (198-410 lb)

Front

250 kPa (36 psi) (2.50 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

Rear

280 kPa (41 psi) (2.80 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

High-speed riding

Front

250 kPa (36 psi) (2.50 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

280 kPa (41 psi) (2.80 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

**Maximum load** 

XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/XV19MV(C):

210 kg (463 lb) XV19CTSV(C)/XV19CTV(C)/

XV19CTMV(C):

186 kg (410 lb)

\* Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo and accessories

### EWA13190

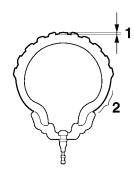
#### **WARNING**

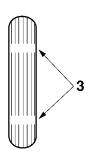
It is dangerous to ride with a worn-out tire. When the tire tread reaches the wear limit, replace the tire immediately.

- 2. Check:
- Tire surfaces Damage/wear  $\rightarrow$  Replace the tire.



Wear limit (front) 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Wear limit (rear) 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

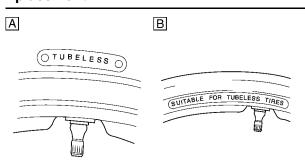




- 1. Tire tread depth
- Side wall
- 3. Wear indicator

## WARNING

- Do not use a tubeless tire on a wheel designed only for tube tires to avoid tire failure and personal injury from sudden deflation.
- When using a tube tire, be sure to install the correct tube.
- Always replace a new tube tire and a new tube as a set.
- To avoid pinching the tube, make sure the wheel rim band and tube are centered in the wheel groove.
- Patching a punctured tube is not recommended. If it is absolutely necessary to do so, use great care and replace the tube as soon as possible with a good quality replacement.



- A. Tire
- B. Wheel

| Tube wheel     | Tube tire only        |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| Tubeless wheel | Tube or tubeless tire |

EWA14090

## **WARNING**

After extensive tests, the tires listed below have been approved by Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. for this model. The front and rear tires should always be by the same manufacturer and of the same design. No guarantee concerning handling characteristics can be given if a tire combination other than one approved by Yamaha is used on this vehicle.



Front tire
Size
130/70R18M/C 63H
Manufacturer/model
DUNLOP/D251F

Manufacturer/model BRIDGESTONE/G851 RADIAL G



Rear tire
Size
190/60R17M/C 78H
Manufacturer/model
DUNLOP/D251
Manufacturer/model
BRIDGESTONE/G850 RADIAL G

EWA13210

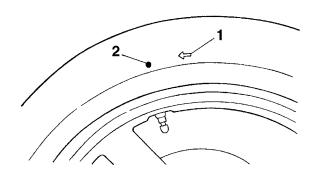
## **WARNING**

New tires have a relatively low grip on the road surface until they have been slightly worn. Therefore, approximately 100 km should be traveled at normal speed before any high-speed riding is done.

#### NOTE:

For tires with a direction of rotation mark "1":

- Install the tire with the mark pointing in the direction of wheel rotation.
- Align the mark "2" with the valve installation point.



EAS21670

## **CHECKING THE WHEELS**

The following procedure applies to both of the wheels.

- 1. Check:
- Wheel

Damage/out-of-round  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

EWA13260

## **WARNING**

Never attempt to make any repairs to the wheel.

#### NOTE:

After a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced, always balance the wheel.

EAS21690

## CHECKING AND LUBRICATING THE CABLES

The following procedure applies to all of the inner and outer cables.

EWA13270

## **WARNING**

Damaged outer cable may cause the cable to corrode and interfere with its movement. Replace damaged outer cable and inner cables as soon as possible.

- 1. Check:
- Outer cable
   Damage → Replace.
- 2. Check:
  - Cable operation
     Rough movement → Lubricate.



Recommended lubricant
Engine oil or a suitable cable lubricant

## NOTE: \_

Hold the cable end upright and pour a few drops of lubricant into the cable sheath or use a suitable lubricating device.

### **LUBRICATING THE LEVERS**

Lubricate the pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts of the levers.



Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

EAS21710

## **LUBRICATING THE PEDAL**

Lubricate the pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts of the pedal.



Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

EAS21720

## **LUBRICATING THE SIDESTAND**

Lubricate the pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts of the sidestand.



Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

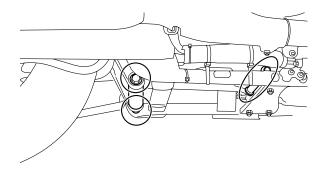
EAS21740

## **LUBRICATING THE REAR SUSPENSION**

Lubricate the pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts of the rear suspension.



Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease



NOTE: \_

Lubricate the pivoting points and contact surfaces between the connecting rod and frame and between the swingarm and frame.

## **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**

EAS21760

CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY Refer to "ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS" on page 7-67.

EAS21770

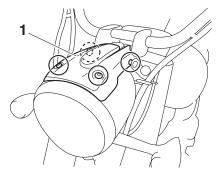
### **CHECKING THE FUSES**

Refer to "ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS" on page 7-67.

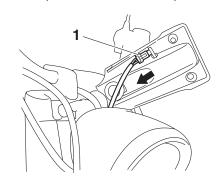
EAS21790

#### REPLACING THE HEADLIGHT BULBS

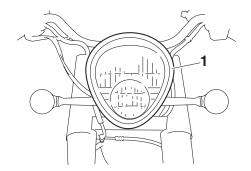
- 1. Remove:
- Windshield (For XV19CTSV(C)/ XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C) only)
   Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 2. Remove:
- Headlight cover "1"



- 3. Disconnect:
  - Air temperature sensor coupler "1"



- 4. Remove:
- Headlight assembly "1"



- 5. Replace:
- · Low beam headlight bulb

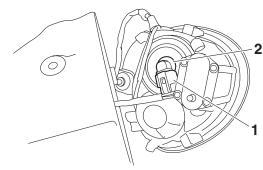
## a. Disconnect:

- Headlight coupler "1"
- b. Remove:
  - Headlight bulb "2"

WA1332

## **WARNING**

Since the headlight bulb gets extremely hot, keep flammable products and your hands away from the bulb until it has cooled down.



- c. Install:
  - Headlight bulb New Secure the new headlight bulb with the headlight bulb holder.

ECA13690

## **CAUTION:**

Avoid touching the glass part of the headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the life of the bulb and the luminous flux will be adversely affected. If the headlight bulb gets soiled, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

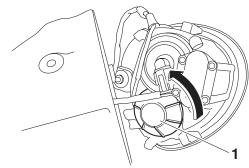
- d. Connect:
- Headlight coupler

## 6. Replace:

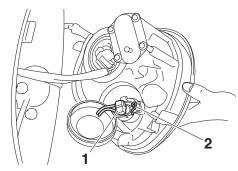
High beam headlight bulb

## a. Remove:

Headlight bulb cover "1"



- b. Disconnect:
- Headlight coupler "1"
- c. Detach:
  - Headlight bulb holder "2"



- d. Remove:
  - Headlight bulb

EWA13320

## **WARNING**

Since the headlight bulb gets extremely hot, keep flammable products and your hands away from the bulb until it has cooled down.

- e. Install:
  - Headlight bulb New Secure the new headlight bulb with the headlight bulb holder.

ECA13690

### **CAUTION:**

Avoid touching the glass part of the headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the life of the bulb and the luminous flux will be adversely affected. If the headlight bulb gets soiled, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

- f. Attach:
  - Headlight bulb holder
- g. Connect:
  - · Headlight coupler
- h. Install:
  - Headlight bulb cover

7. Install:

- · Headlight assembly
- 8. Connect:
- Air temperature sensor coupler
- 9. Install:
  - Headlight cover



Headlight cover bolt 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

## 10.Install:

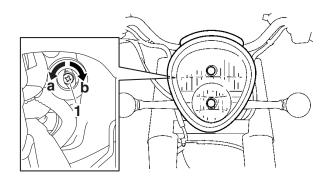
 Windshield (For XV19CTSV(C)/ XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C) only)
 Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

#### EAS21810

### ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAMS

- 1. Adjust:
- Headlight beam (vertically)
- a. Turn the adjusting bolt "1" in direction "a" or "b".

Direction "a"
Headlight beam is raised.
Direction "b"
Headlight beam is lowered.



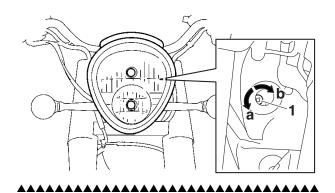
- 2. Adjust:
  - Headlight beam (horizontally)
- a. Turn the adjusting bolt "1" in direction "a" or "b"

Direction "a"

Headlight beam moves to the right. Direction "b"

Headlight beam moves to the left.

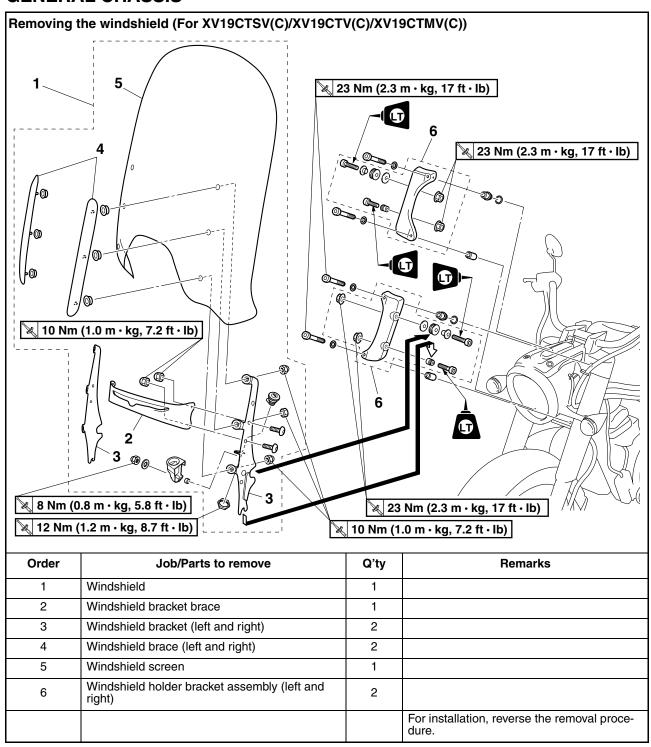
## **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**



## **CHASSIS**

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| interred the there where (them broke blood)    | 1 20 |
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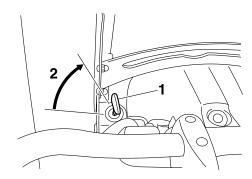


ET1D71039

### REMOVING THE WINDSHIELD

- 1. Remove:
- Windshield

a. Insert the key "1" into the windshield lock, turn it clockwise and then remove the key.



- 2. Unlock.
- b. Remove the windshield by pushing it forward, and then pulling it upward as shown.

EW1D71016

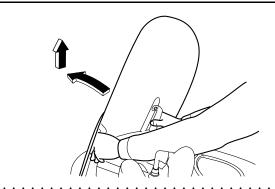
## **WARNING**

Be careful not to push the vehicle forward when removing the windshield. The vehicle could fall off the sidestand.

EC1D71025

## **CAUTION:**

Securely hold the windshield to prevent it from falling when removing.



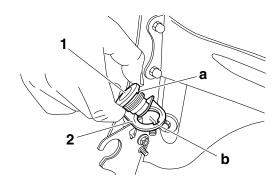
ET1D71045

## **ASSEMBLING THE WINDSHIELD**

- 1. Install:
- Windshield lock "1"

NOTE:

Align the projection "a" on the lock "1" with the slot "b" in the windshield bracket "2".



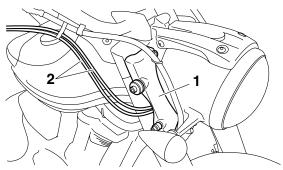
ET1D7104

## **INSTALLING THE WINDSHIELD**

- 1. Install:
- Right windshield holder bracket assembly "1"

NOTF:

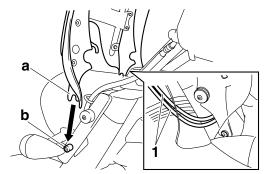
Pass the throttle cables "2" between the front fork and the right windshield holder bracket assembly.



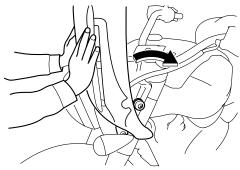
- 2. Install:
- Windshield
- a. Fit the slot "a" in each windshield bracket (left and right side) into its holder "b".

NOTE: \_\_

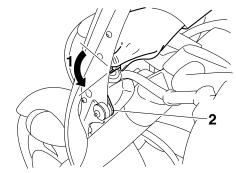
Make sure that the throttle cables "1" are not pinched.



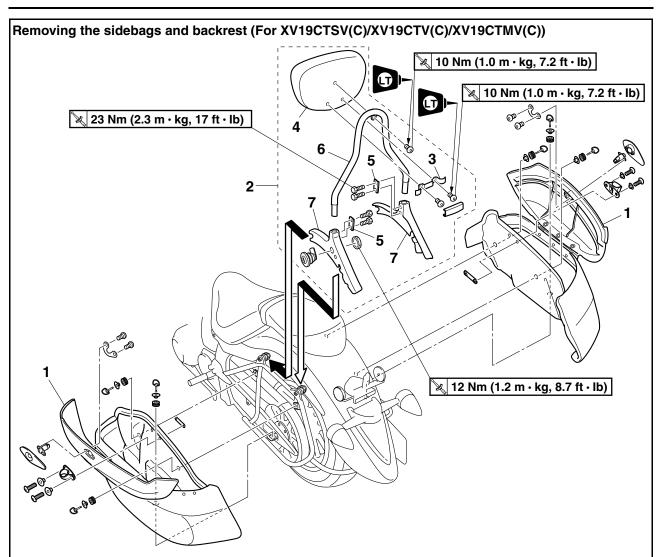
b. Push the windshield backward until it snaps into place.



c. Insert the key into the windshield lock, turn it counterclockwise until it stops to lock the fastener, and then remove the key.



- 1. Lock
- 2. Fastener



| Order | Job/Parts to remove                     | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---|------|--|
| 1     | Sidebag (left and right)                | 2    | Water can be harmful to untreated leather. Use Yamaha Saddle Soap or another quality brand according to the manufacturer's directions to clean the leather on the sidebags. Polish the dry leather with a soft cloth, and then treat with Yamaha Mink Oil or another high-quality leather protectant for increased water resistance. |
| 2     | Backrest assembly                       | 1    |  |
| 3     | Backrest upper bracket stay             | 1    |  |
| 4     | Backrest pad                            | 1    |  |
| 5     | Backrest plate                          | 2    |  |
| 6     | Backrest upper bracket                  | 1    |  |
| 7     | Backrest lower bracket (left and right) | 2    |  |
|       |   |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure.   |

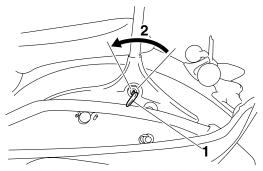
ET1D71041

### REMOVING THE BACKREST

- 1. Remove:
- Backrest

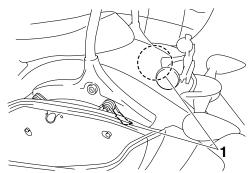
a. Open the sidebag lids.

b. Insert the key "1" into the backrest lock, turn it counterclockwise, and then remove the key.

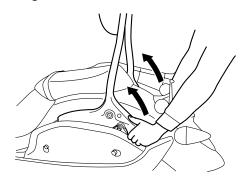


2. Unlock.

c. Pull the lever "1" on each side of the backrest upward.



d. While holding the levers in the upward position, lift the backrest upward and remove it by pulling it to the rear.



ET1D71046

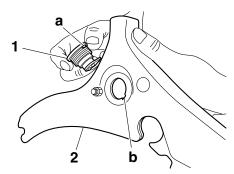
## **ASSEMBLING THE BACKREST**

1. Install:

Backrest lock "1"

NOTE: \_

Align the projection "a" on the lock "1" with the slot "b" in the left backrest lower bracket "2".

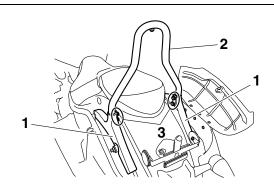


2. Install:

- Backrest lower brackets "1"
- Backrest upper bracket "2"
- Backrest plate

NOTE:\_

Before tightening the bolts "3" to specification, temporarily install the backrest lower brackets on the backrest holders, making sure not to push down on the rear of the brackets. The lower bolts cannot be tightened when the backrest lower brackets are installed completely.



ET1D71042

## **INSTALLING THE BACKREST**

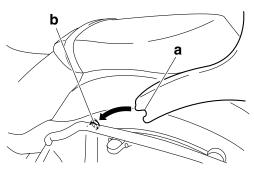
- 1. Install:
- Backrest

 a. Fit the slot "a" on each backrest bracket (left and right side) into the groove of its holder "b".

EC1D71026

## **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to scratch the rear fender when fitting the slot into the groove.

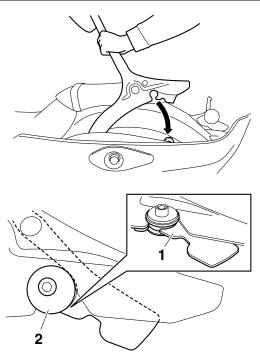


b. Push the rear of the backrest down smoothly but forcefully to lock it in place and make sure that the lever hook "1" on each side is securely fit over its holder "2".

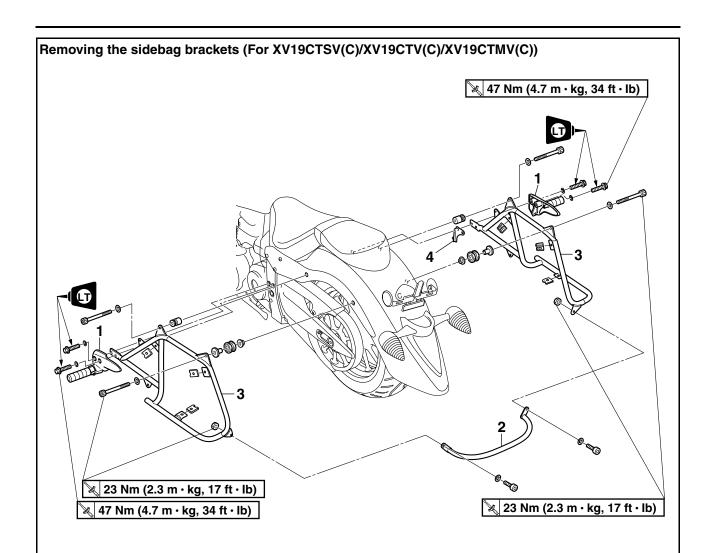
EW1D71017

## **WARNING**

Both lever hooks must be securely fitted over their holder. If the backrest is loose, a passenger might lose balance and fall.



c. Insert the key into the backrest lock, turn it clockwise, and then remove the key.



| Order | Job/Parts to remove                 | Q'ty | Remarks   |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------|---|
|       | Sidebag/Backrest                    |      | Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.   |
| 1     | Passenger footrest (left and right) | 2    |   |
| 2     | Sidebag bracket brace               | 1    |   |
| 3     | Sidebag bracket (left and right)    | 2    | NOTE:  Remove only one sidebag bracket at a time. If both brackets are removed at the same time, the rear fender will fall. |
| 4     | O <sub>2</sub> sensor lead guide    | 1    |   |
|       |                                     |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure.  |

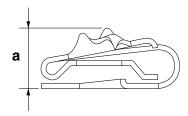
ET1D71047

## CHECKING THE SIDEBAG BRACKET SPRING NUTS

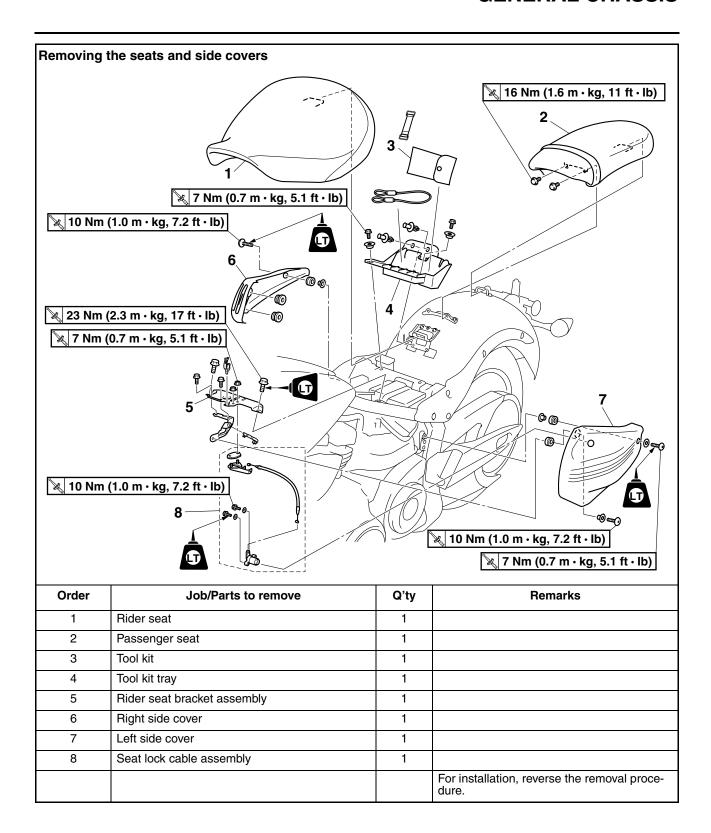
- 1. Check:
- Sidebag bracket spring nut height "a" Out of specification → Adjust.

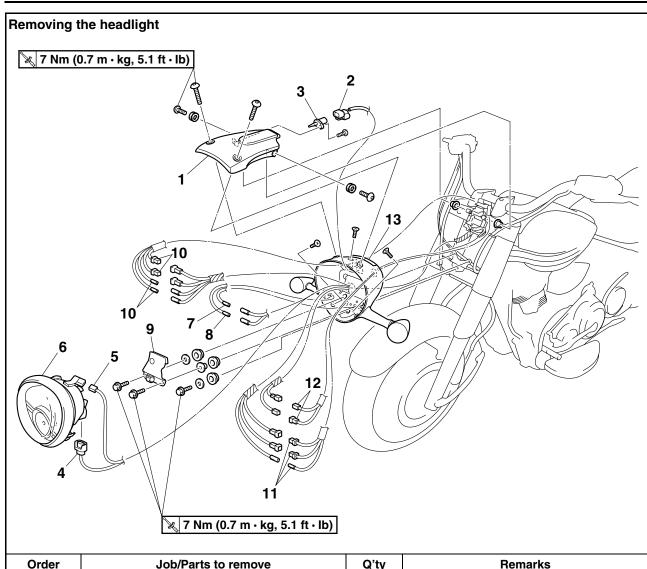


Sidebag bracket spring nut height 12.0 mm (0.47 in)

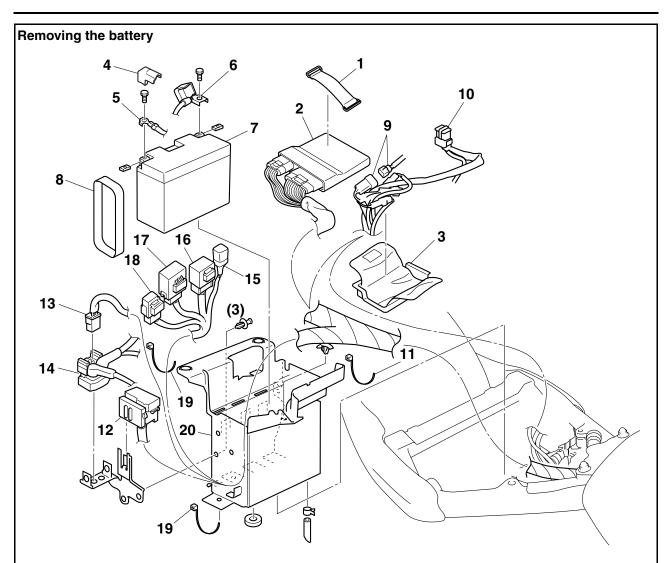


- 2. Check:
  - $\begin{tabular}{l} \bullet & {\sf Sidebag} & {\sf bracket} & {\sf spring} & {\sf nuts} \\ {\sf Damage} & \to {\sf Replace}. \\ \end{tabular}$

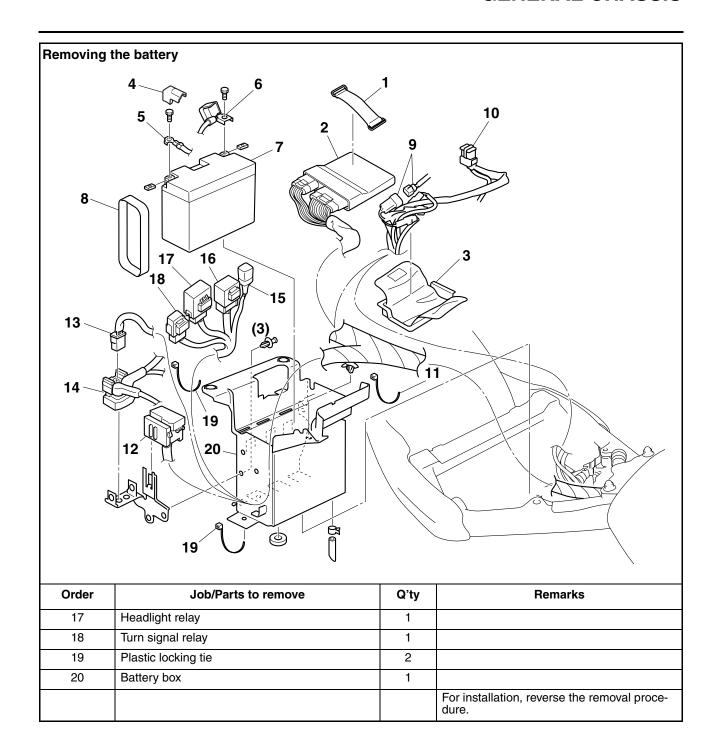


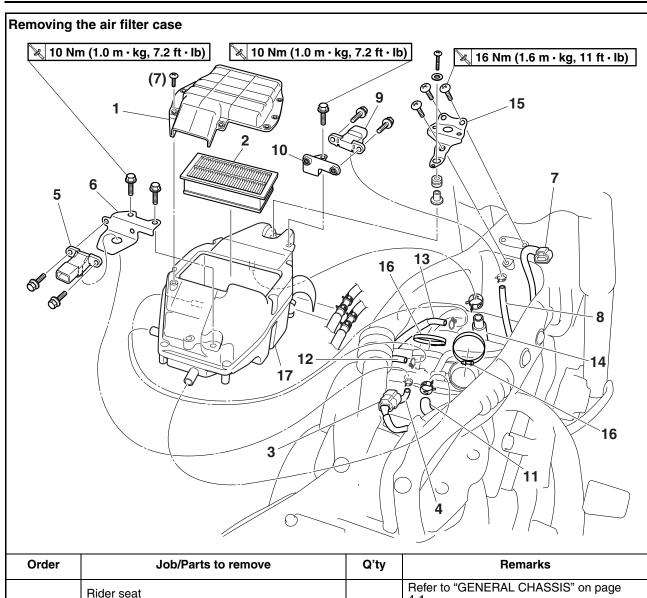


| Order | Job/Parts to remove                            | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|--|------|--|
| 1     | Headlight cover                                | 1    |  |
| 2     | Air temperature sensor coupler                 | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 3     | Air temperature sensor                         | 1    |  |
| 4     | Headlight (low beam) coupler                   | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 5     | Headlight (high beam) coupler                  | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 6     | Headlight lens unit                            | 1    |  |
| 7     | Front left turn signal/position light coupler  | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 8     | Front right turn signal/position light coupler | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 9     | Wire harness stopper bracket                   | 1    |  |
| 10    | Left handlebar switch coupler                  | 4    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 11    | Right handlebar switch coupler                 | 3    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 12    | Main switch coupler                            | 2    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 13    | Headlight body                                 | 1    |  |
|       |  |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |

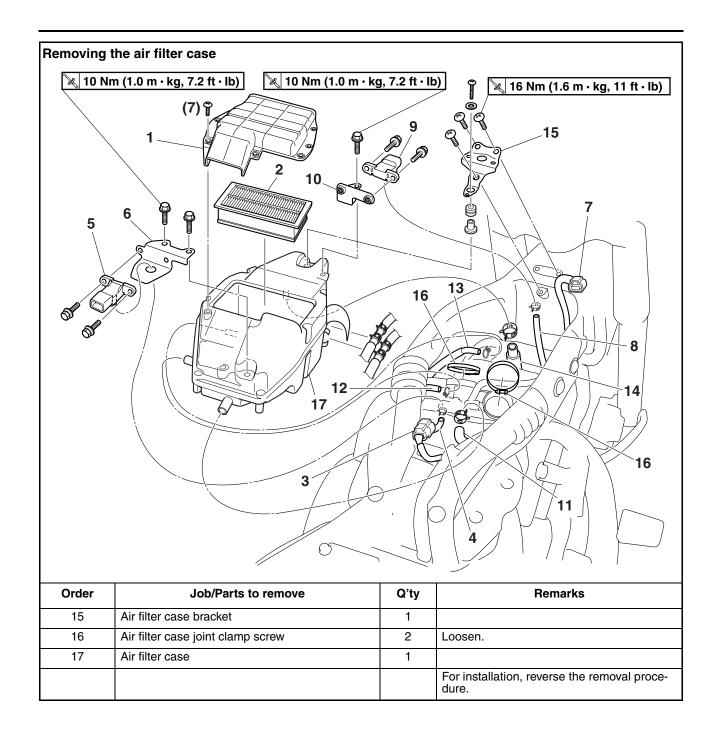


| Order | Job/Parts to remove           | Q'ty | Remarks                                 |
|-------|-------------------------------|------|---|
|       | Tool kit tray/Seat bracket    |      | Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1. |
| 1     | ECU band                      | 1    |   |
| 2     | ECU (electronic control unit) | 1    |   |
| 3     | Coupler tray                  | 1    |   |
| 4     | Negative terminal cover       | 1    |   |
| 5     | Negative battery lead         | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 6     | Positive battery lead         | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 7     | Battery                       | 1    |   |
| 8     | Battery band                  | 1    |   |
| 9     | Sub-wire harness 1            | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 10    | Main fuse                     | 1    |   |
| 11    | Plastic locking tie           | 1    |   |
| 12    | Fuse box                      | 1    |   |
| 13    | Starter relay coupler         | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 14    | Starter relay                 | 1    |   |
| 15    | Diode 1                       | 1    |   |
| 16    | Relay unit                    | 1    |   |

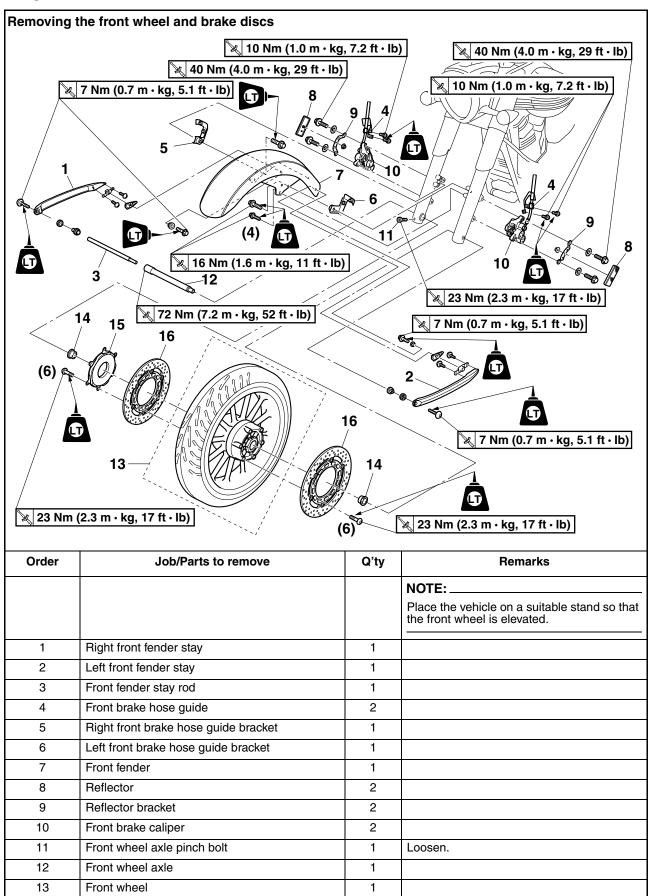


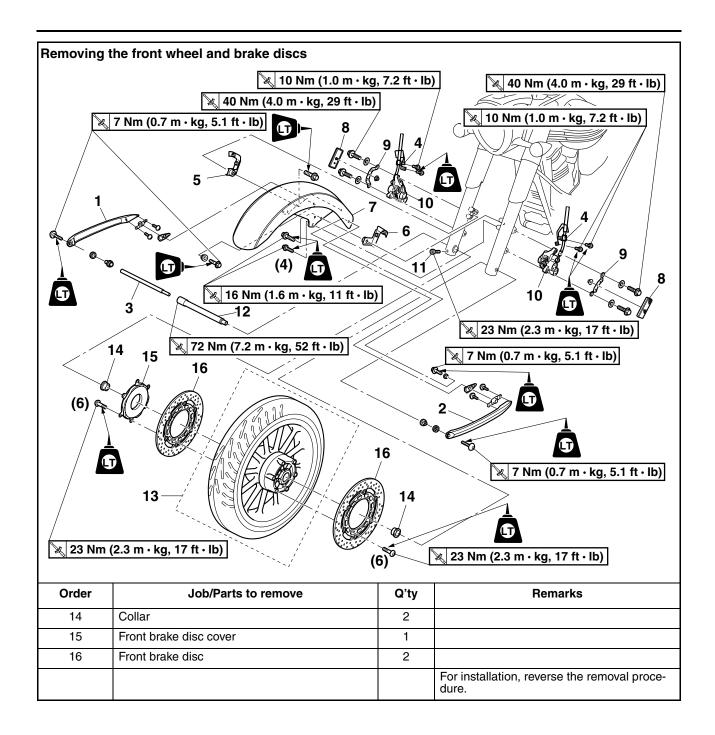


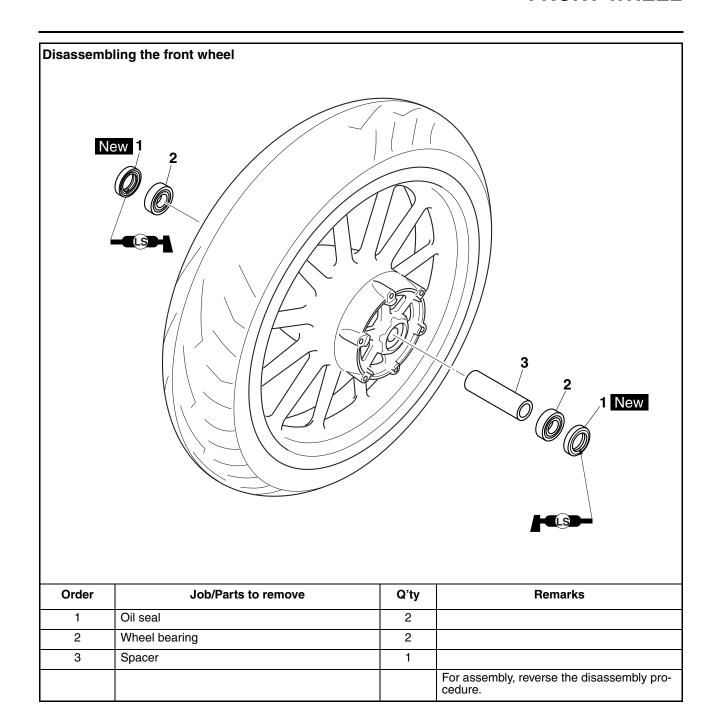
| Order | Job/Parts to remove                            | Q'ty | Remarks                                 |
|-------|--|------|---|
|       | Rider seat                                     |      | Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1. |
|       | Fuel tank                                      |      | Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.       |
|       | Pressure regulator cover                       |      | Refer to "THROTTLE BODIES" on page 6-6  |
| 1     | Air filter case cover                          | 1    |   |
| 2     | Air filter element                             | 1    |   |
| 3     | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor coupler | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 4     | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose    | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 5     | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor         | 1    |   |
| 6     | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor bracket | 1    |   |
| 7     | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor coupler | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 8     | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor hose    | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 9     | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor         | 1    |   |
| 10    | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor bracket | 1    |   |
| 11    | Cylinder head breather hose                    | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 12    | Air filter case breather hose 1                | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 13    | Air filter case breather hose 2                | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 14    | ISC (idle speed control) unit inlet hose       | 1    | Disconnect.                             |



## **FRONT WHEEL**







### REMOVING THE FRONT WHEEL

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

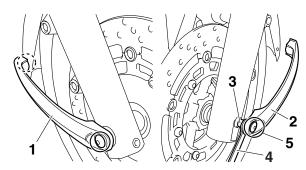
## **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

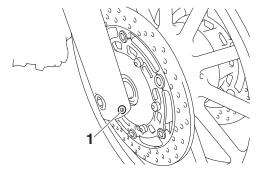
- 2. Remove:
  - Right front fender stay "1"
  - Left front fender stay "2"
  - Front fender stay rod "3"

NOTE:

- Remove the right front fender stay bolts and left front fender stay bolt (rear side), then hold the rod with a wrench "4" and remove the left front fender stay bolt (front side) "5".
- · Remove the rod from the right side of the vehi-



- 3. Loosen:
- Front wheel axle pinch bolt "1"



- 4. Remove:
  - Front brake calipers

Do not apply the brake lever when removing the brake calipers.

- 5. Elevate:
  - Front wheel

Place the vehicle on a suitable stand so that the front wheel is elevated.

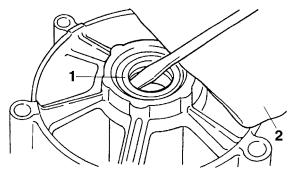
## DISASSEMBLING THE FRONT WHEEL

- 1. Remove:
- Oil seals
- Wheel bearings

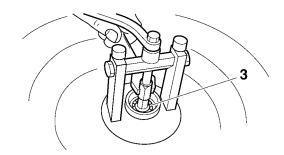
- a. Clean the outside of the front wheel hub.
- b. Remove the oil seals "1" with a flathead screwdriver.

NOTE: \_

To prevent damaging the wheel, place a rag "2" between the screwdriver and the wheel surface.



c. Remove the wheel bearings "3" with a general bearing puller.

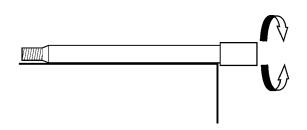


## **CHECKING THE FRONT WHEEL**

- 1. Check:
  - Front wheel axle Roll the wheel axle on a flat surface. Bends  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

## **WARNING**

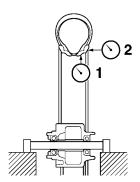
Do not attempt to straighten a bent wheel axle.



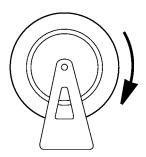
- 2. Check:
  - Tire
  - Front wheel
     Damage/wear → Replace.
     Refer to "CHECKING THE TIRES" on page 3-27 and "CHECKING THE WHEELS" on page 3-29.
- 3. Measure:
  - Radial wheel runout "1"
  - Lateral wheel runout "2"
     Over the specified limits → Replace.



Radial wheel runout limit 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Lateral wheel runout limit 0.5 mm (0.02 in)



- 4. Check:
  - Wheel bearings
     Front wheel turns roughly or is loose → Replace the wheel bearings.
  - Oil seals
     Damage/wear → Replace.



EAS21960

## ASSEMBLING THE FRONT WHEEL

- 1. Install:
- Wheel bearings New
- Oil seals New

a. Install the new wheel bearings and oil seals in the reverse order of disassembly.

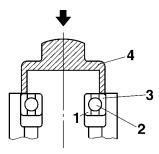
C1D71011

### **CAUTION:**

Do not contact the wheel bearing inner race "1" or balls "2". Contact should be made only with the outer race "3".

NOTE:

Use a socket "4" that matches the diameter of the wheel bearing outer race and oil seal.



EAS2197

## ADJUSTING THE FRONT WHEEL STATIC BALANCE

NOTE: \_

- After replacing the tire, wheel or both, the front wheel static balance should be adjusted.
- Adjust the front wheel static balance with the brake disc installed.
- 1. Remove:
- Balancing weight(s)
- 2. Find:
  - Front wheel's heavy spot

NOTE:

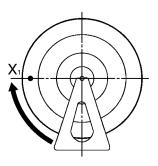
Place the front wheel on a suitable balancing stand.

- a. Spin the front wheel.
- b. When the front wheel stops, put an "X<sub>1</sub>" mark at the bottom of the wheel.





- c. Turn the front wheel  $90^{\circ}$  so that the "X<sub>1</sub>" mark is positioned as shown.
- d. Release the front wheel.
- e. When the wheel stops, put an "X<sub>2</sub>" mark at the bottom of the wheel.



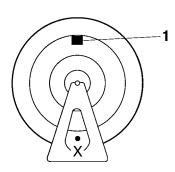


- f. Repeat steps (d) through (f) several times until all the marks come to rest at the same spot.
- g. The spot where all the marks come to rest is the front wheel's heavy spot "X".

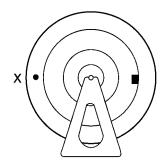
- 3. Adjust:
  - Front wheel static balance
- a. Install a balancing weight "1" onto the rim exactly opposite the heavy spot "X".

NOTE: \_

Start with the lightest weight.



b. Turn the front wheel 90° so that the heavy spot is positioned as shown.

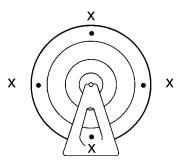


- c. If the heavy spot does not stay in that position, install a heavier weight.
- d. Repeat steps (b) and (c) until the front wheel is balanced.

\_\_\_\_

- 4. Check:
  - Front wheel static balance

a. Turn the front wheel and make sure it stays at each position shown.



b. If the front wheel does not remain stationary at all of the positions, rebalance it.

FAS22000

## INSTALLING THE FRONT WHEEL (FRONT BRAKE DISCS)

The following procedure applies to both of the front brake discs.

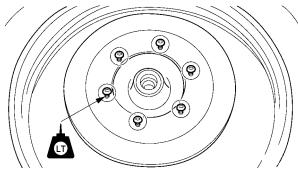
- 1. Install:
- Front brake disc
- Front brake disc cover



Front brake disc bolt 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

NOTE: \_

Tighten the front brake disc bolts in stages and in a crisscross pattern.



- 2. Check:
- Front brake discs
   Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE
   DISCS" on page 4-36.
- 3. Lubricate:
  - · Oil seal lips

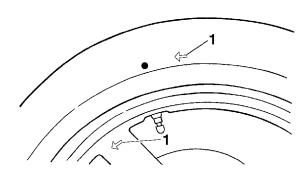


Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

- 4. Install:
- Front wheel axle

NOTE:

Install the tire and wheel with the mark "1" pointing in the direction of wheel rotation.



- 5. Tighten:
- Front wheel axle
- Front wheel axle pinch bolt



Front wheel axle
72 Nm (7.2 m·kg, 52 ft·lb)
Front wheel axle pinch bolt
23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

EC1D71004

### **CAUTION:**

Before tightening the wheel axle, push down hard on the handlebar several times and check if the front fork rebounds smoothly.

- 6. Install:
  - Front brake calipers



Front brake caliper bolt 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)

WARNING

Make sure the brake hose is routed properly.

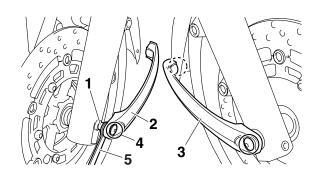
- 7. Install:
  - Front fender
- Left front brake hose guide bracket
- Right front brake hose guide bracket

#### NOTE:

- Temporarily tighten the front fender bolts.
- Apply locking agent (LOCTITE<sup>®</sup>) to the threads of the front fender bolts.
- 8. Install:
  - Front fender stay rod "1"
  - Left front fender stay "2"
  - Right front fender stay "3"

#### NOTE: \_

- Insert the rod into the front wheel axle from the right side of the vehicle.
- Tighten the left front fender stay bolt (front side) "4" to specification while holding the rod with a wrench "5", and then tighten the left front fender stay bolt (rear side) and right front fender stay bolts to specification.

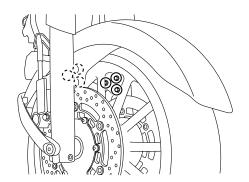


- 9. Tighten:
- Front fender bolts

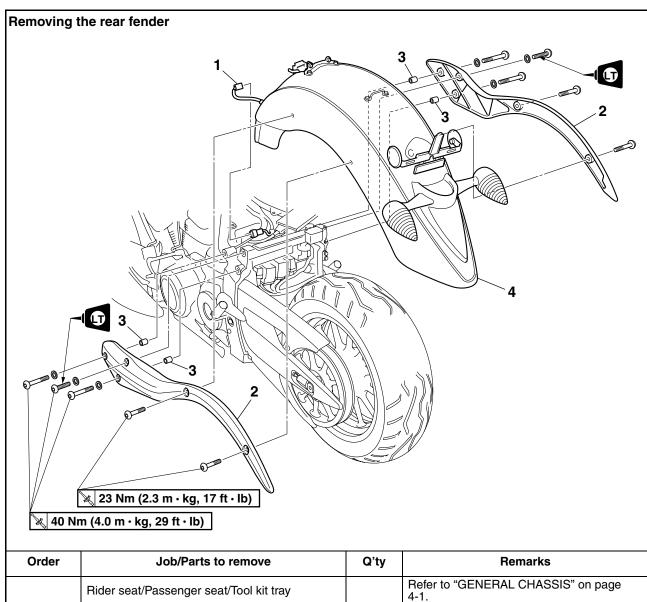


Front fender bolt 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

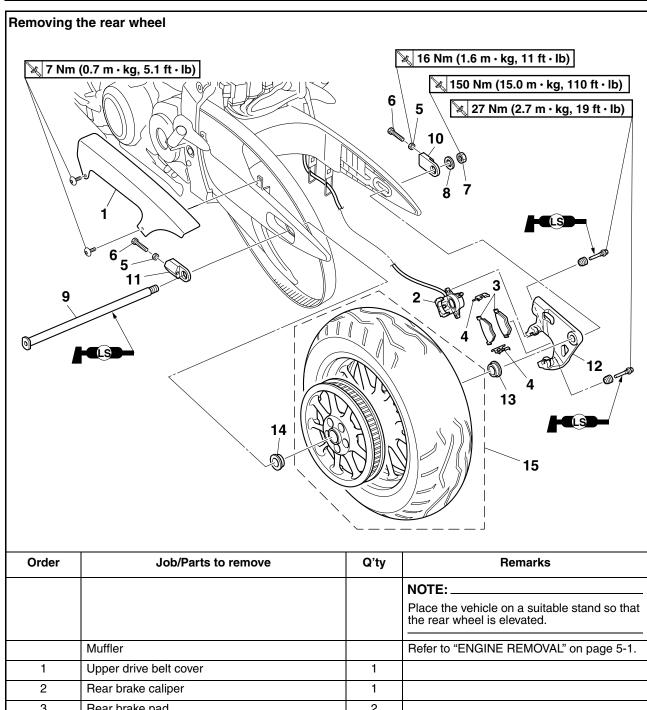
## **FRONT WHEEL**



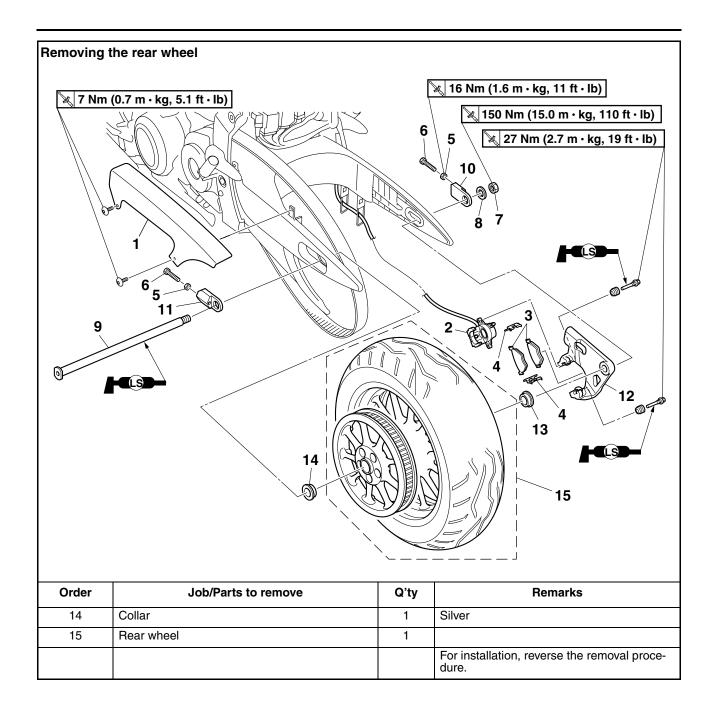
# REAR WHEEL

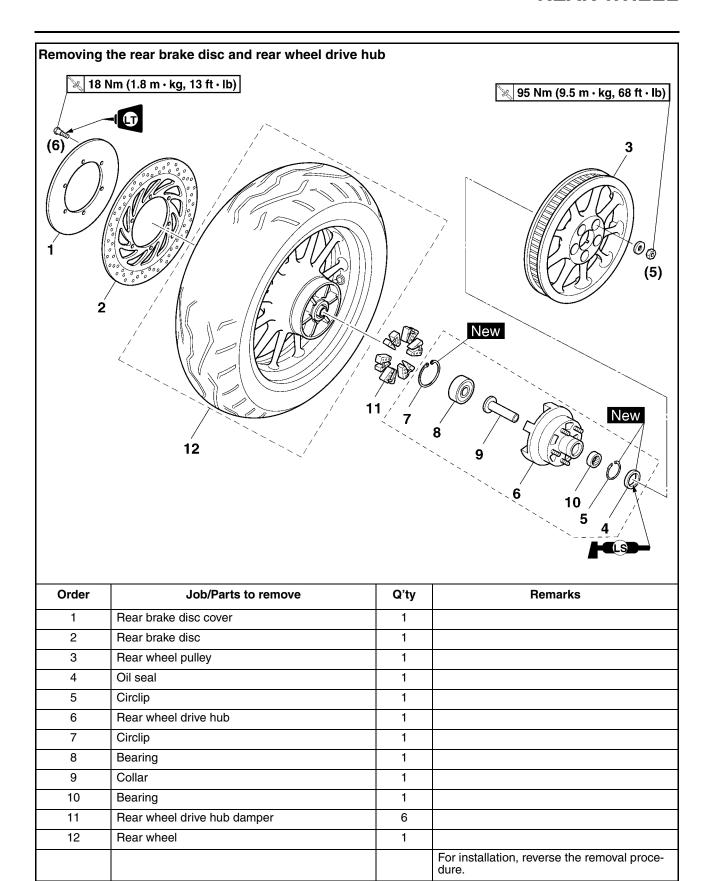


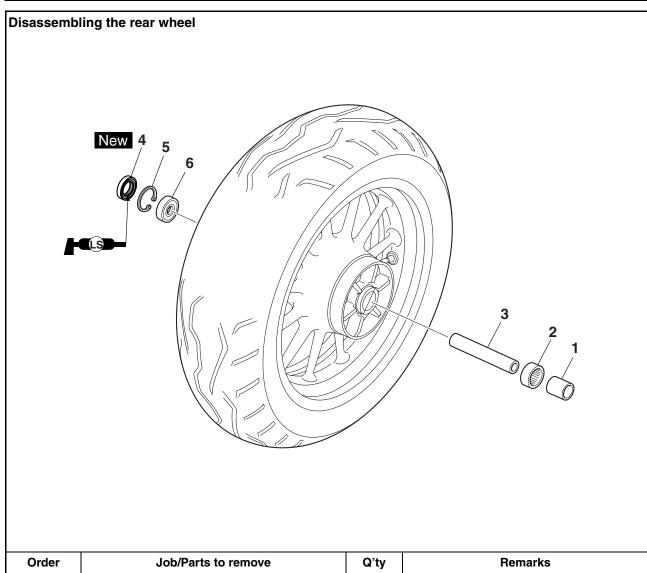
| Order | Job/Parts to remove                     | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---|------|--|
|       | Rider seat/Passenger seat/Tool kit tray |      | Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.          |
| 1     | Sub-wire harness 1 coupler              | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 2     | Rear fender bracket                     | 2    |  |
| 3     | Dowel pin                               | 4    |  |
| 4     | Rear fender assembly                    | 1    |  |
|       |   |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |



| 1  | Upper drive belt cover       | 1 |         |
|----|------------------------------|---|---------|
| 2  | Rear brake caliper           | 1 |         |
| 3  | Rear brake pad               | 2 |         |
| 4  | Brake pad spring             | 2 |         |
| 5  | Drive belt adjusting locknut | 2 | Loosen. |
| 6  | Drive belt adjusting bolt    | 2 | Loosen. |
| 7  | Rear wheel axle nut          | 1 |         |
| 8  | Washer                       | 1 |         |
| 9  | Rear wheel axle              | 1 |         |
| 10 | Right drive belt puller      | 1 |         |
| 11 | Left drive belt puller       | 1 |         |
| 12 | Rear brake caliper bracket   | 1 |         |
| 13 | Collar                       | 1 | Black   |







| Order | Job/Parts to remove | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Collar              | 1    |  |
| 2     | Bearing             | 1    |  |
| 3     | Spacer              | 1    |  |
| 4     | Oil seal            | 1    |  |
| 5     | Circlip             | 1    |  |
| 6     | Bearing             | 1    |  |
|       |                     |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |

## REMOVING THE REAR WHEEL (DISC)

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

EWA13120

## **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

NOTE:

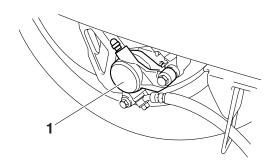
Place the vehicle on a suitable stand so that the rear wheel is elevated.

2. Remove:

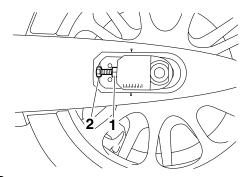
• Rear brake caliper "1"

NOTF:

Do not depress the brake pedal when removing the brake caliper.



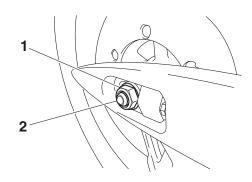
- 3. Loosen:
- Drive belt adjusting locknuts "1"
- Drive belt adjusting bolts "2"



- 4. Remove:
  - Rear wheel axle nut "1"
- Rear wheel axle "2"
- Rear wheel

NOTE: \_

Push the rear wheel forward and remove the drive belt from the rear wheel pulley.



EAS220

## **DISASSEMBLING THE REAR WHEEL**

- 1. Remove:
- Oil seals
- Wheel bearings Refer to "DISASSEMBLING THE FRONT WHEEL" on page 4-18.

EAS22090

## **CHECKING THE REAR WHEEL**

- 1. Check:
  - · Rear wheel axle
- Rear wheel
- Wheel bearings
- Oil seals

Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT WHEEL" on page 4-18.

- 2. Check:
  - Tire
  - Rear wheel
     Damage/wear → Replace.

     Refer to "CHECKING THE TIRES" on page 3-27 and "CHECKING THE WHEELS" on page 3-29.
- Measure:
- Radial wheel runout
- Lateral wheel runout Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT WHEEL" on page 4-18.



Radial wheel runout limit 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Lateral wheel runout limit 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

ET1D7102

# CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE CALIPER BRACKET

- 1. Check:
- Rear brake caliper bracket Cracks/damage → Replace.

## **CHECKING THE REAR WHEEL DRIVE HUB**

- 1. Check:
- Rear wheel drive hub Cracks/damage → Replace.
- Rear wheel drive hub dampers Damage/wear → Replace.

EAS22130

## CHECKING AND REPLACING THE REAR WHEEL PULLEY

- 1. Check:
- Rear wheel pulley
   Surface plating has come off → Replace the
   rear wheel pulley.

Bent teeth  $\rightarrow$  Replace the rear wheel pulley.

- 2. Replace:
  - · Rear wheel pulley

a. Remove the self-locking nuts and the rear wheel pulley.

- b. Clean the rear wheel drive hub with a clean cloth, especially the surfaces that contact the pulley.
- c. Install the new rear wheel pulley.

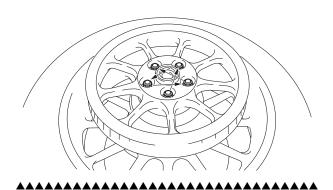


Rear wheel pulley self-locking nut

95 Nm (9.5 m·kg, 68 ft·lb)

NOTE: \_

Tighten the self-locking nuts in stages and in a crisscross pattern.



EAS22140

## **ASSEMBLING THE REAR WHEEL**

- 1. Install:
- Wheel bearings New
- Oil seals New Refer to "ASSEMBLING THE FRONT WHEEL" on page 4-19.

EAS2215

## ADJUSTING THE REAR WHEEL STATIC BALANCE

NOTE:

- After replacing the tire, wheel or both, the rear wheel static balance should be adjusted.
- Adjust the rear wheel static balance with the brake disc and rear wheel drive hub installed.
- 1. Adjust:
  - Rear wheel static balance Refer to "ADJUSTING THE FRONT WHEEL STATIC BALANCE" on page 4-19.

EAS2877

## **INSTALLING THE REAR WHEEL (DISC)**

- 1. Lubricate:
  - · Rear wheel axle
  - Oil seal lips



Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

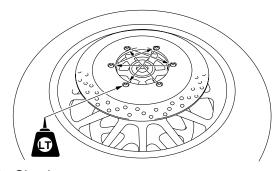
- 2. Install:
- Rear brake disc
- Rear brake disc cover



Rear brake disc bolt 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

#### NOTE:

- Apply locking agent (LOCTITE<sup>®</sup>) to the threads of the brake disc bolts.
- Tighten the brake disc bolts in stages and in a crisscross pattern.



- 3. Check:
  - Rear brake disc Refer to "CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE DISC" on page 4-49.
- 4. Install:
- · Rear wheel axle
- Washer
- Rear wheel axle nut

| NOTE: _ |  |  |  |
|---------|--|--|--|
|         |  |  |  |

Temporarily tighten the wheel axle nut.

- 5. Adjust:
- Drive belt slack Refer to "ADJUSTING THE DRIVE BELT SLACK" on page 3-24.
- 6. Tighten:
  - Rear wheel axle nut



Rear wheel axle nut 150 Nm (15.0 m·kg, 110 ft·lb)

- 7. Install:
- Rear brake caliper

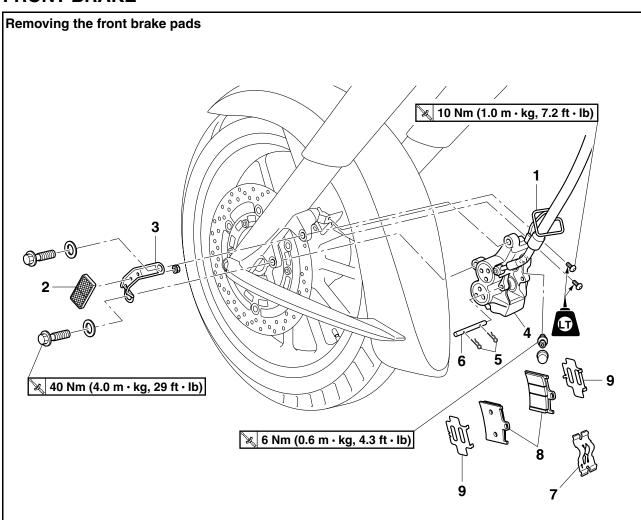


Rear brake caliper 27 Nm (2.7 m·kg, 19 ft·lb)

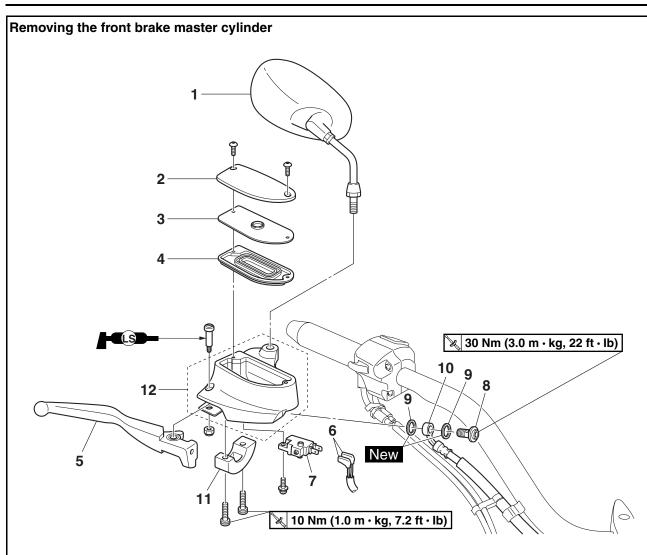


Make sure the brake hose is routed properly.

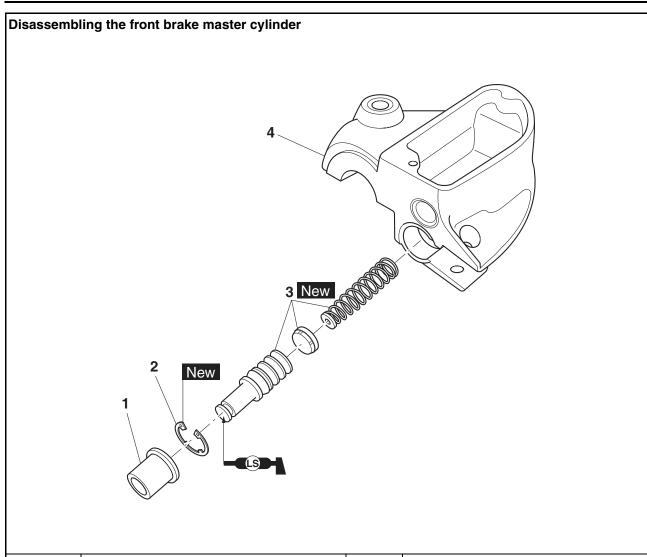
# FRONT BRAKE



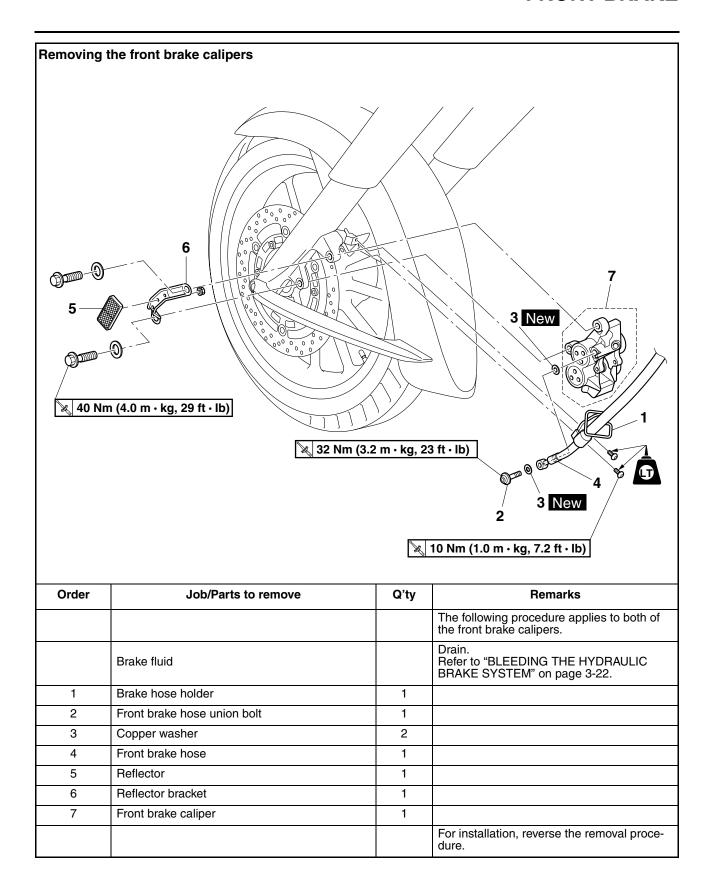
| Order | Job/Parts to remove | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---------------------|------|--|
|       |                     |      | The following procedure applies to both of the front brake calipers. |
| 1     | Brake hose holder   | 1    |  |
| 2     | Reflector           | 1    |  |
| 3     | Reflector bracket   | 1    |  |
| 4     | Front brake caliper | 1    |  |
| 5     | Brake pad clip      | 2    |  |
| 6     | Brake pad pin       | 1    |  |
| 7     | Brake pad spring    | 1    |  |
| 8     | Brake pad           | 2    |  |
| 9     | Brake pad shim      | 2    |  |
|       |                     |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure.                     |

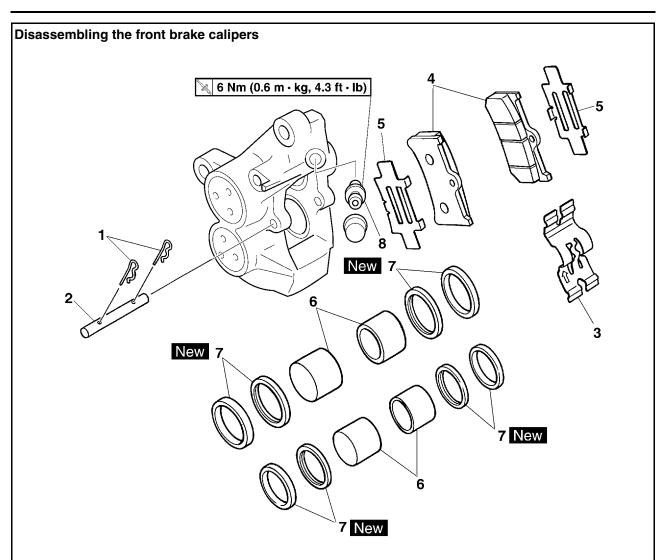


| Order | Job/Parts to remove                              | Q'ty | Remarks   |
|-------|--|------|---|
|       | Brake fluid                                      |      | Drain. Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22. |
| 1     | Right rearview mirror                            | 1    |   |
| 2     | Brake master cylinder reservoir cap              | 1    |   |
| 3     | Brake master cylinder reservoir diaphragm holder | 1    |   |
| 4     | Brake master cylinder reservoir diaphragm        | 1    |   |
| 5     | Brake lever                                      | 1    |   |
| 6     | Brake light switch connector                     | 2    | Disconnect.   |
| 7     | Brake light switch                               | 1    |   |
| 8     | Front brake hose union bolt                      | 1    |   |
| 9     | Copper washer                                    | 2    |   |
| 10    | Front brake hose                                 | 1    |   |
| 11    | Front brake master cylinder holder               | 1    |   |
| 12    | Front brake master cylinder                      | 1    |   |
|       |  |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure.                    |



| Order | Job/Parts to remove        | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|----------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Dust boot                  | 1    |  |
| 2     | Circlip                    | 1    |  |
| 3     | Brake master cylinder kit  | 1    |  |
| 4     | Brake master cylinder body | 1    |  |
|       |                            |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |





| Order | Job/Parts to remove       | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---------------------------|------|--|
|       |                           |      | The following procedure applies to both of the front brake calipers. |
| 1     | Brake pad clip            | 2    |  |
| 2     | Brake pad pin             | 1    |  |
| 3     | Brake pad spring          | 1    |  |
| 4     | Brake pad                 | 2    |  |
| 5     | Brake pad shim            | 2    |  |
| 6     | Brake caliper piston      | 4    |  |
| 7     | Brake caliper piston seal | 8    |  |
| 8     | Bleed screw               | 1    |  |
|       |                           |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly pro cedure.                    |

#### **INTRODUCTION**

EWA14100

# **WARNING**

Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. Therefore, always follow these preventive measures:

- Never disassemble brake components unless absolutely necessary.
- If any connection on the hydraulic brake system is disconnected, the entire brake system must be disassembled, drained, cleaned, properly filled, and bled after reassembly.
- Never use solvents on internal brake components.
- Use only clean or new brake fluid for cleaning brake components.
- Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces and plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt brake fluid immediately.
- Avoid brake fluid coming into contact with the eyes as it can cause serious injury.
- FIRST AID FOR BRAKE FLUID ENTERING THE EYES:
- Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

EAS22240

#### CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE DISCS

The following procedure applies to both brake discs.

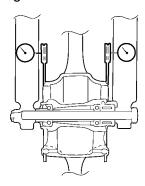
- 1. Remove:
- Front wheel Refer to "FRONT WHEEL" on page 4-15.
- 2. Check:
  - Brake disc
     Damage/galling → Replace.
- 3. Measure:
- Brake disc deflection
   Out of specification → Correct the brake disc
   deflection or replace the brake disc.



Brake disc deflection limit 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

- a. Place the vehicle on a suitable stand so that the front wheel is elevated.
- b. Before measuring the front brake disc deflection, turn the handlebar to the left or right to ensure that the front wheel is stationary.
- c. Remove the brake caliper.
- d. Hold the dial gauge at a right angle against the brake disc surface.

e. Measure the deflection 1.5 mm (0.06 in) below the edge of the brake disc.

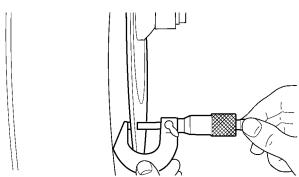


- 4. Measure:
  - Brake disc thickness
     Measure the brake disc thickness at a few different locations.

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



Brake disc thickness limit 4.5 mm (0.18 in)



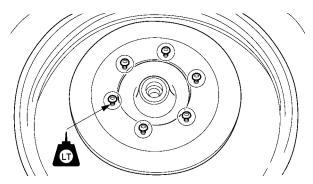
- 5. Adjust:
- Brake disc deflection
- a. Remove the brake disc.
- b. Rotate the brake disc by one bolt hole.
- c. Install the brake disc.



Front brake disc bolt 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17ft·lb) LOCTITE®

#### NOTE:\_

- Apply locking agent (LOCTITE<sup>®</sup>) to the threads of the brake disc bolts.
- Tighten the brake disc bolts in stages and in a crisscross pattern.



- d. Measure the brake disc deflection.
- e. If out of specification, repeat the adjustment steps until the brake disc deflection is within specification.
- f. If the brake disc deflection cannot be brought within specification, replace the brake disc.

### 

- 6. Install:
  - Front wheel Refer to "FRONT WHEEL" on page 4-15.

EAS22270

#### REPLACING THE FRONT BRAKE PADS

The following procedure applies to both brake calipers.

#### NOTE: \_

When replacing the brake pads, it is not necessary to disconnect the brake hose or disassemble the brake caliper.

- 1. Measure:
- Brake pad wear limit "a"
   Out of specification → Replace the brake pads as a set.



Brake pad lining thickness (inner)

5.5 mm (0.22 in)

Limit

0.5 mm (0.02 in)

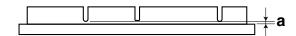
Brake pad lining thickness (out-

er)

5.5 mm (0.22 in)

Limit

0.5 mm (0.02 in)

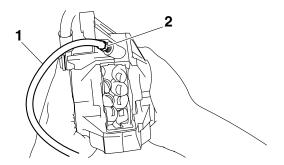


- 2. Install:
  - Brake pad shims (onto the brake pads)
- Brake pads
- Brake pad spring

#### NOTE: \_

Always install new brake pads, brake pad shims, and a brake pad spring as a set.

- a. Connect a clear plastic hose "1" tightly to the bleed screw "2". Put the other end of the hose into an open container.
- Loosen the bleed screw and push the brake caliper pistons into the brake caliper with your finger.



c. Tighten the bleed screw.

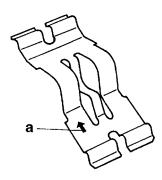


Bleed screw (front brake caliper) 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3ft·lb)

- d. Install a new brake pad shim onto each new brake pad.
- e. Install new brake pads and a new brake pad spring.

| N  | U. | т | E |  |
|----|----|---|---|--|
| 14 | v  |   | _ |  |

The arrow mark "a" on the brake pad spring must point in the direction of disc rotation.



# 3. Install:

- Brake pad pin
- Brake pad clips
- Front brake caliper

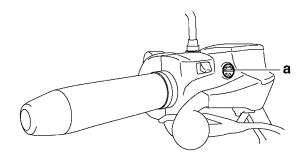


Front brake caliper bolt 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)

#### 4. Check:

Brake fluid level

Below the minimum level mark "a"  $\rightarrow$  Add the recommended brake fluid to the proper level. Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" on page 3-20.



#### 5. Check:

Brake lever operation

Soft or spongy feeling  $\rightarrow$  Bleed the brake system.

Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.

#### EAS22300

### REMOVING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPERS

The following procedure applies to both of the brake calipers.

#### NOTE: \_

Before removing the brake caliper, drain the brake fluid from the entire brake system.

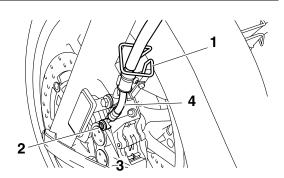
#### 1. Remove:

- Brake hose holder "1"
- Front brake hose union bolt "2"
- Copper washers "3"

• Front brake hose "4"

#### NOTE: \_

Put the end of the brake hose into a container and pump out the brake fluid carefully.



#### EAS22350

# DISASSEMBLING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPERS

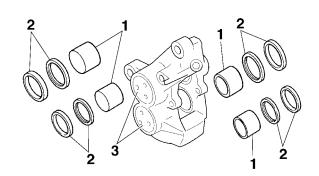
The following procedure applies to both of the brake calipers.

- 1. Remove:
  - Brake caliper pistons "1"
  - Brake caliper piston seals "2"

#### EW1D7100

### **WARNING**

Do not loosen the bolts "3".

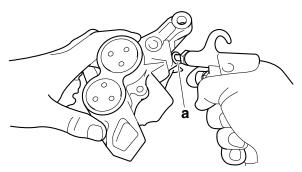


a. Blow compressed air into the brake hose joint opening "a" to force out the pistons from the brake caliper.

#### EWA135

# **WARNING**

- Cover the brake caliper pistons with a rag.
   Be careful not to get injured when the pistons are expelled from the brake caliper.
- Never try to pry out the brake caliper pistons.



b. Remove the brake caliper piston seals.

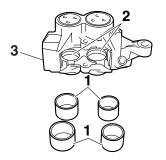
#### **CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPERS**

| Recommended brake component replacement schedule |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Brake pads                                       | If necessary   |  |  |
| Piston seals                                     | Every two years  |  |  |
| Brake hoses                                      | Every four years                                       |  |  |
| Brake fluid                                      | Every two years and whenever the brake is disassembled |  |  |

- 1. Check:
- Brake caliper pistons "1" Rust/scratches/wear → Replace the brake caliper pistons.
- Brake caliper cylinders "2" Scratches/wear → Replace the brake caliper assembly.
- Brake caliper body "3" Cracks/damage → Replace the brake caliper assembly.
- Brake fluid delivery passages (brake caliper body)
  - Obstruction  $\rightarrow$  Blow out with compressed air.

## **₩ARNING**

Whenever a brake caliper is disassembled, replace the piston seals.



#### ASSEMBLING THE FRONT BRAKE **CALIPERS**

# **WARNING**

- Before installation, all internal brake components should be cleaned and lubricated with clean or new brake fluid.
- Never use solvents on internal brake components as they will cause the piston seals to swell and distort.
- Whenever a brake caliper is disassembled, replace the brake caliper piston seals.



Recommended fluid DOT 4

### INSTALLING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPERS

The following procedure applies to both of the brake calipers.

- 1. Install:
- Front brake caliper "1" (temporarily)
- Copper washers New
- Front brake hose "2"
- Front brake hose union bolt "3"



Front brake hose union bolt 32 Nm (3.2 m·kg, 23 ft·lb)

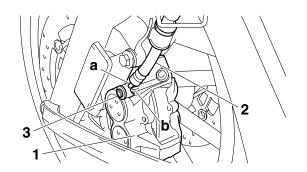
### WARNING

Proper brake hose routing is essential to insure safe vehicle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" on page 2-45.

#### ECA14170

#### **CAUTION:**

When installing the brake hose onto the brake caliper "1", make sure the brake pipe "a" touches the projection "b" on the brake caliper.



- 2. Remove:
- Front brake caliper
- 3. Install:
  - Brake pads
  - Brake pad spring
  - Brake pad pin
  - Brake pad clips
  - Front brake caliper
  - Brake hose guide



Brake caliper bolt 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb) Brake hose holder bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

Refer to "REPLACING THE FRONT BRAKE PADS" on page 4-37.

- 4. Fill:
  - Brake master cylinder reservoir (with the specified amount of the recommended brake fluid)



Recommended fluid DOT 4

EWA13090

# **WARNING**

- Use only the designated brake fluid. Other brake fluids may cause the rubber seals to deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid that is already in the system. Mixing brake fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction, leading to poor brake performance.
- When refilling, be careful that water does not enter the brake fluid reservoir. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and could cause vapor lock.

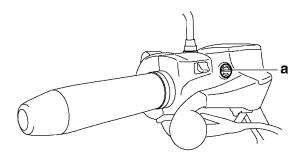
ECA13540

#### **CAUTION:**

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces and plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt brake fluid immediately.

- 5. Bleed:
  - Brake system Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.
- 6. Check:
  - Brake fluid level Below the minimum level mark "a" → Add the recommended brake fluid to the proper level.

Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" on page 3-20.



#### 7. Check:

Brake lever operation
 Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the brake system.

Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.

EAS2249

# REMOVING THE FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

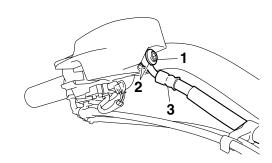
NOTE: \_

Before removing the front brake master cylinder, drain the brake fluid from the entire brake system.

- 1. Remove:
  - Front brake hose union bolt "1"
  - Copper washers "2"
  - Front brake hose "3"

NOTE:

To collect any remaining brake fluid, place a container under the master cylinder and the end of the brake hose.

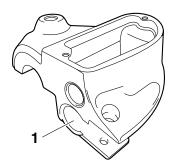


EAS22500

# CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

- 1. Check:
- Brake master cylinder "1"
   Damage/scratches/wear → Replace.

 Brake fluid delivery passages (brake master cylinder body)
 Obstruction → Blow out with compressed air.



- 2. Check:
- Brake master cylinder kit
   Damage/scratches/wear → Replace.
- 3. Check:
- Brake master cylinder reservoir Cracks/damage → Replace.
- Brake master cylinder reservoir diaphragm Damage/wear → Replace.
- 4. Check:
  - Brake hose Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.

EAS22520

# ASSEMBLING THE FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

EWA13520

#### **WARNING**

- Before installation, all internal brake components should be cleaned and lubricated with clean or new brake fluid.
- Never use solvents on internal brake components.



Recommended fluid DOT 4

AS22530

# INSTALLING THE FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

- 1. Install:
- Front brake master cylinder "1"
- Front brake master cylinder holder "2"

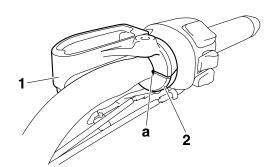


Front brake master cylinder holder bolt

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

#### NOTE: \_

 Align the end of the brake master cylinder holder with the punch mark "a" on the handlebar. • First, tighten the rear bolt, then the front bolt.



#### 2. Install:

- Copper washers New
- Front brake hose "1"
- Front brake hose union bolt "2"



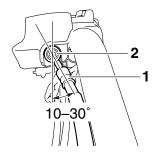
Front brake hose union bolt 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)

WARNING

Proper brake hose routing is essential to insure safe vehicle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" on page 2-45.

#### NOTE:

- Install the brake hose at a right angle to the front brake master cylinder as shown in the illustration.
- While holding the brake hose, tighten the union bolt.
- Turn the handlebar to the left and right to make sure the brake hose does not touch other parts (e.g., wire harness, cables, leads). Correct if necessary.



#### 3. Fill:

 Brake master cylinder reservoir (with the specified amount of the recommended brake fluid)



Recommended fluid DOT 4

#### EWA13540

### **⚠** WARNING

- Use only the designated brake fluid. Other brake fluids may cause the rubber seals to deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid that is already in the system. Mixing brake fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction, leading to poor brake performance.
- When refilling, be careful that water does not enter the brake master cylinder reservoir. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and could cause vapor lock.

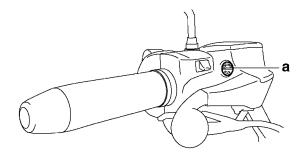
ECA13540

#### **CAUTION:**

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces and plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt brake fluid immediately.

- 4. Bleed:
  - Brake system Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.
- 5. Check:
  - Brake fluid level

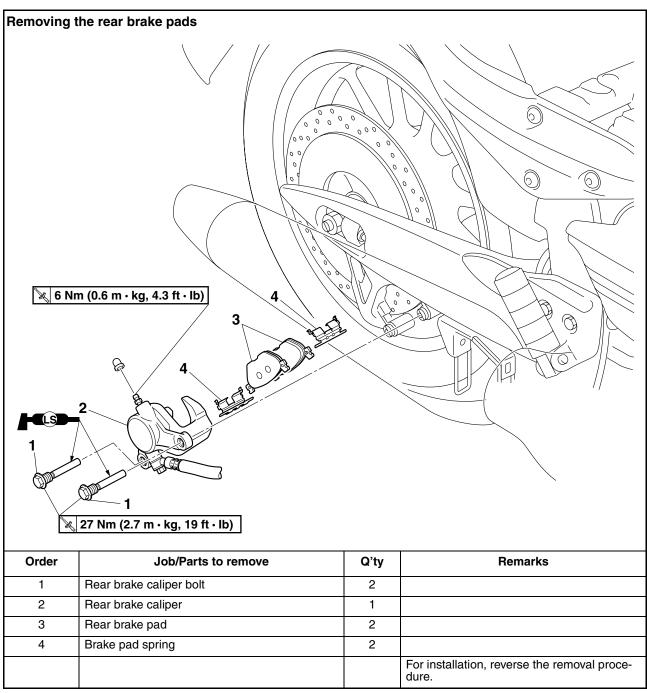
Below the minimum level mark "a"  $\rightarrow$  Add the recommended brake fluid to the proper level. Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID LEVEL" on page 3-20.

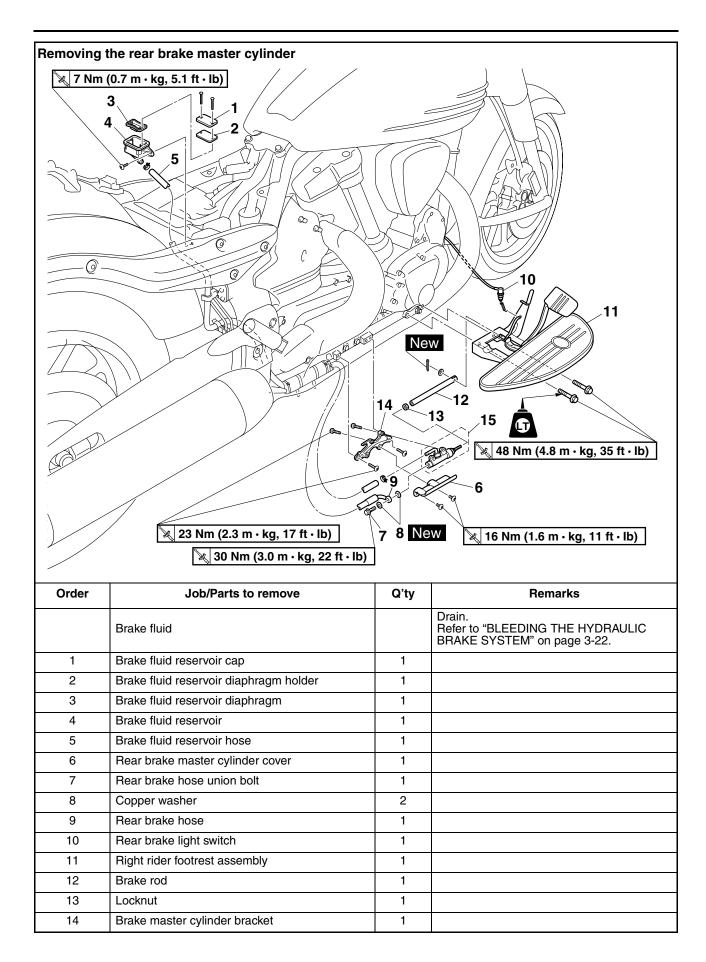


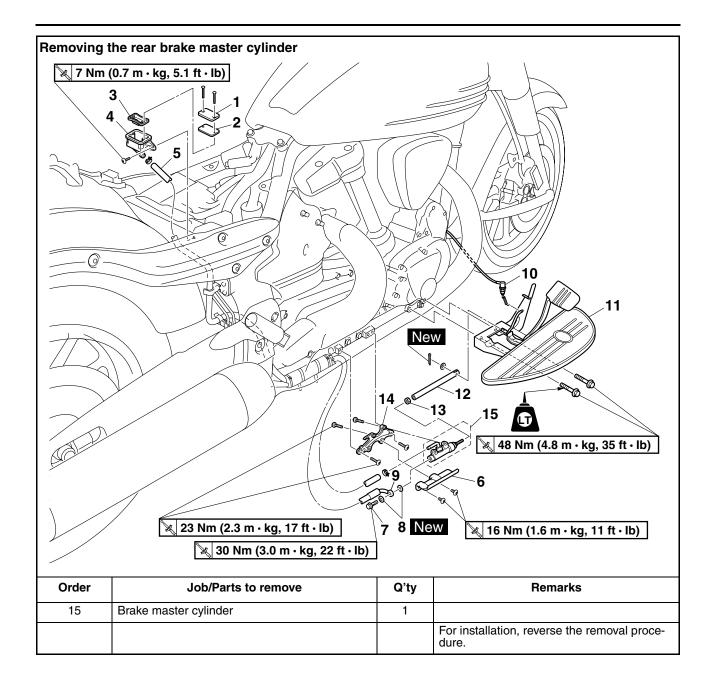
- 6. Check:
  - Brake lever operation
     Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the brake system.

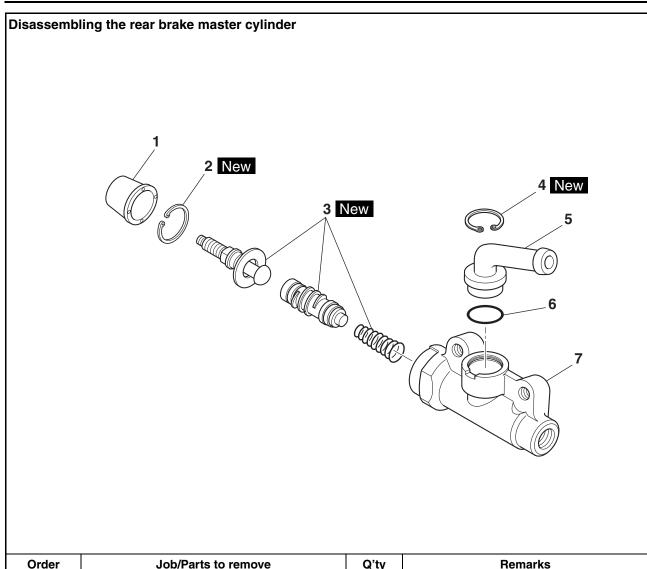
Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.

# **REAR BRAKE**

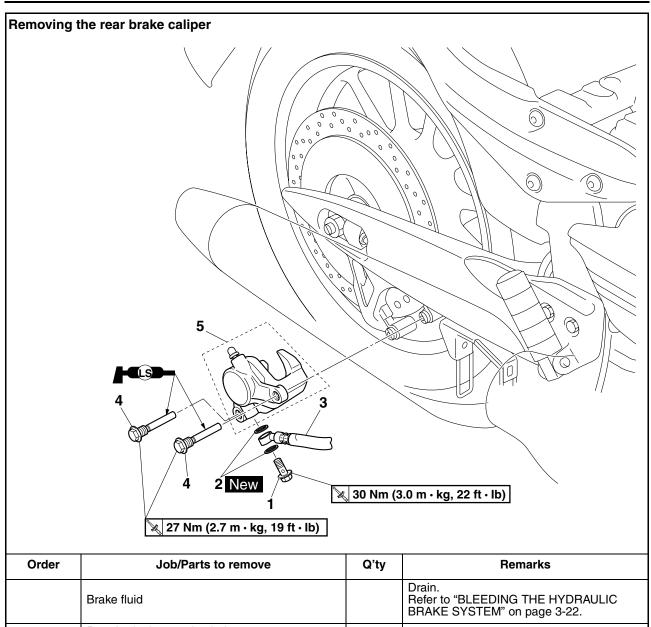




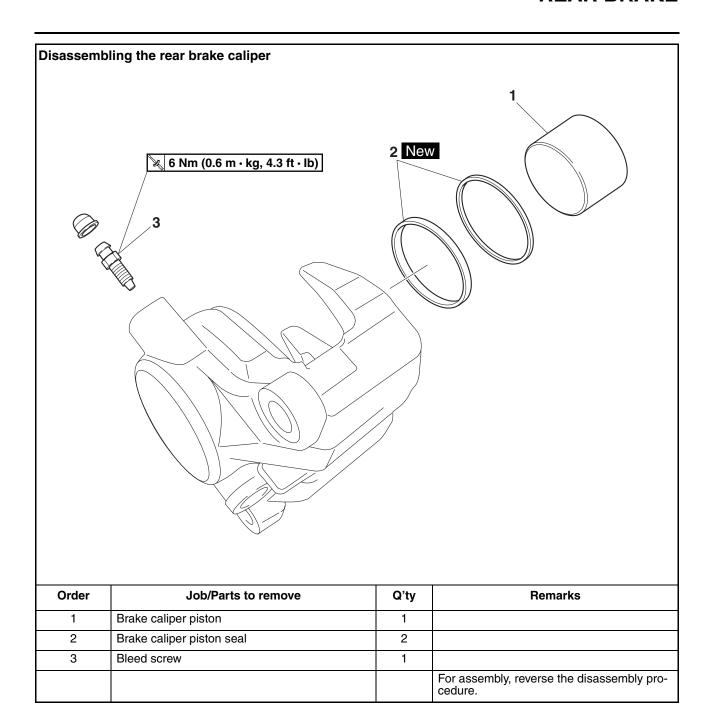




| Order | Job/Parts to remove        | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|----------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Dust boot                  | 1    |  |
| 2     | Circlip                    | 1    |  |
| 3     | Brake master cylinder kit  | 1    |  |
| 4     | Circlip                    | 1    |  |
| 5     | Brake hose joint           | 1    |  |
| 6     | O-ring                     | 1    |  |
| 7     | Brake master cylinder body | 1    |  |
|       |                            |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |



| Order | Job/Parts to remove        | Q'ty | Remarks   |
|-------|----------------------------|------|---|
|       | Brake fluid                |      | Drain. Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22. |
| 1     | Rear brake hose union bolt | 1    |   |
| 2     | Copper washer              | 2    |   |
| 3     | Rear brake hose            | 1    |   |
| 4     | Rear brake caliper bolt    | 2    |   |
| 5     | Rear brake caliper         | 1    |   |
|       |                            |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure.                    |



#### **INTRODUCTION**

EWA14100

# **WARNING**

Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. Therefore, always follow these preventive measures:

- Never disassemble brake components unless absolutely necessary.
- If any connection on the hydraulic brake system is disconnected, the entire brake system must be disassembled, drained, cleaned, properly filled, and bled after reassembly.
- Never use solvents on internal brake components.
- Use only clean or new brake fluid for cleaning brake components.
- Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces and plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt brake fluid immediately.
- Avoid brake fluid coming into contact with the eyes as it can cause serious injury.
- FIRST AID FOR BRAKE FLUID ENTERING THE EYES:
- Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

EAS22570

#### CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE DISC

- 1. Remove:
- Rear wheel Refer to "REAR WHEEL" on page 4-23.
- 2. Check:
  - Brake disc
     Damage/galling → Replace.
- 3. Measure:
- Brake disc deflection
   Out of specification → Correct the brake disc
   deflection or replace the brake disc.
   Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE
   DISCS" on page 4-36.



Brake disc deflection limit 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

- 4. Measure:
- Brake disc thickness

Measure the brake disc thickness at a few different locations.

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE DISCS" on page 4-36.



Brake disc thickness limit 5.5 mm (0.22 in)

- 5. Adjust:
- Brake disc deflection Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT BRAKE DISCS" on page 4-36.



Brake disc bolt 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

- 6. Install:
- Rear wheel Refer to "REAR WHEEL" on page 4-23.

EAS2258

#### REPLACING THE REAR BRAKE PADS

NOTE: \_

When replacing the brake pads, it is not necessary to disconnect the brake hose or disassemble the brake caliper.

- 1. Measure:
- Brake pad wear limit "a"
   Out of specification → Replace the brake pads as a set.



Brake pad lining thickness (inner)
5.8 mm (0.23 in)
Limit
0.8 mm (0.03 in)
Brake pad lining thickness (outer)
5.8 mm (0.23 in)
Limit
0.8 mm (0.03 in)

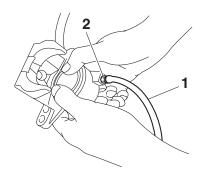


- 2. Install:
- Brake pads
- Brake pad springs

NOTF:

Always install new brake pads and brake pad springs as a set.

- a. Connect a clear plastic hose "1" tightly to the bleed screw "2". Put the other end of the hose into an open container.
- Loosen the bleed screw and push the brake caliper piston into the brake caliper with your finger.



c. Tighten the bleed screw.



Bleed screw (rear brake caliper) 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)

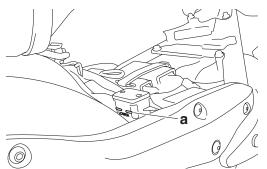
3. Install:

Brake caliper



Rear brake caliper bolt 27 Nm (2.7 m·kg, 19 ft·lb)

- 4. Check:
- Brake fluid level
   Below the minimum level mark "a" → Add the
   recommended brake fluid to the proper level.
   Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID
   LEVEL" on page 3-20.



5. Check:

Brake pedal operation
 Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the brake system.

Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.

EAS2259

#### REMOVING THE REAR BRAKE CALIPER

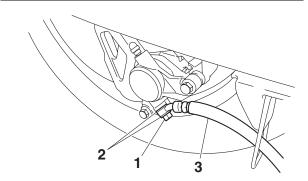
NOTE

Before disassembling the brake caliper, drain the brake fluid from the entire brake system.

- 1. Remove:
- Rear brake hose union bolt "1"
- Copper washers "2"
- Rear brake hose "3"

NOTE:

Put the end of the brake hose into a container and pump out the brake fluid carefully.



EAS22600

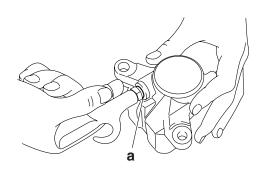
# DISASSEMBLING THE REAR BRAKE CALIPER

- 1. Remove:
- Brake caliper piston
- Brake caliper piston seals
- a. Blow compressed air into the brake hose joint opening "a" to force out the piston from the brake caliper.

EWA13550

# **WARNING**

- Cover the brake caliper piston with a rag.
   Be careful not to get injured when the piston is expelled from the brake caliper.
- Never try to pry out the brake caliper piston.



b. Remove the brake caliper piston seals.

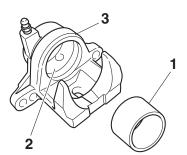
## CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE CALIPER

| Recommended brake component replacement schedule |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Brake pads                                       | If necessary   |  |
| Piston seals                                     | Every two years  |  |
| Brake hoses                                      | Every four years                                       |  |
| Brake fluid                                      | Every two years and whenever the brake is disassembled |  |

- 1. Check:
- Brake caliper piston "1"
   Rust/scratches/wear → Replace the brake caliper piston.
- Brake caliper cylinder "2"
   Scratches/wear → Replace the brake caliper assembly.
- Brake caliper body "3"
   Cracks/damage → Replace the brake caliper assembly.
- Brake fluid delivery passages (brake caliper body)
  - Obstruction  $\rightarrow$  Blow out with compressed air.

# WARNING

Whenever a brake caliper is disassembled, replace the brake caliper piston seals.



EAS2265

#### ASSEMBLING THE REAR BRAKE CALIPER

WARNING

- Before installation, all internal brake components should be cleaned and lubricated with clean or new brake fluid.
- Never use solvents on internal brake components as they will cause the piston seals to swell and distort.
- Whenever a brake caliper is disassembled, replace the brake caliper piston seals.



Recommended fluid DOT 4

FAS2267

#### **INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE CALIPER**

- 1. Install:
- Rear brake caliper "1" (temporarily)
- Copper washers New
- Rear brake hose "2"
- Rear brake hose union bolt "3"



Rear brake hose union bolt 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)

EWA13530

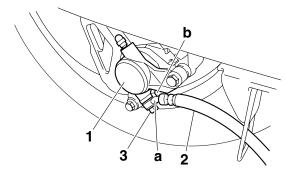
# **WARNING**

Proper brake hose routing is essential to insure safe vehicle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" on page 2-45.

ECA14170

#### **CAUTION:**

When installing the brake hose onto the brake caliper "1", make sure the brake pipe "a" touches the projection "b" on the brake caliper.



- 2. Remove:
- Rear brake caliper
- 3. Install:
- Brake pads

- Brake pad springs
- Rear brake caliper bolts
- Rear brake caliper Refer to "REPLACING THE REAR BRAKE PADS" on page 4-49.



Rear brake caliper bolt 27 Nm (2.7 m·kg, 19 ft·lb)

- 4. Fill:
  - Brake fluid reservoir (with the specified amount of the recommended brake fluid)



Recommended fluid DOT 4

EWA13090

### **WARNING**

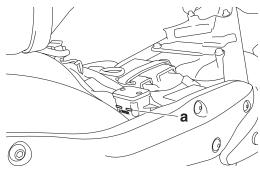
- Use only the designated brake fluid. Other brake fluids may cause the rubber seals to deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid that is already in the system. Mixing brake fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction, leading to poor brake performance.
- When refilling, be careful that water does not enter the brake fluid reservoir. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and could cause vapor lock.

ECA13540

#### **CAUTION:**

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces and plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt brake fluid immediately.

- 5. Bleed:
  - Brake system Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.
- 6. Check:
- Brake fluid level
   Below the minimum level mark "a" → Add the
   recommended brake fluid to the proper level.
   Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID
   LEVEL" on page 3-20.



- 7. Check:
  - Brake pedal operation
     Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the brake system.

Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.

EAS22700

# REMOVING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

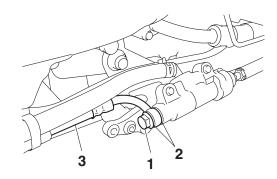
NOTE: \_

Before removing the rear brake master cylinder, drain the brake fluid from the entire brake system.

- 1. Remove:
- Rear brake hose union bolt "1"
- Copper washers "2"
- Rear brake hose "3"

NOTE

To collect any remaining brake fluid, place a container under the master cylinder and the end of the brake hose.



EAS22720

# CHECKING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

- 1. Check:
- Brake master cylinder
   Damage/scratches/wear → Replace.
- Brake fluid delivery passages (brake master cylinder body)
   Obstruction → Blow out with compressed air.

- 2. Check:
- Brake master cylinder kit
   Damage/scratches/wear → Replace.
- 3. Check:
  - Brake fluid reservoir Cracks/damage → Replace.
- Brake fluid reservoir diaphragm Cracks/damage → Replace.
- 4. Check:
  - Brake hoses
     Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.

FAS22730

# ASSEMBLING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

EWA13520

## **WARNING**

- Before installation, all internal brake components should be cleaned and lubricated with clean or new brake fluid.
- Never use solvents on internal brake components.



Recommended fluid DOT 4

EAS22740

# INSTALLING THE REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

- 1. Install:
- Copper washers "1" New
- Rear brake hose "2"
- Rear brake hose union bolt "3"



Rear brake hose union bolt 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)

EWA13530

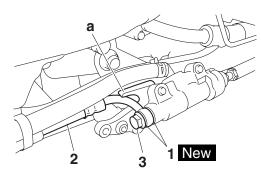
#### **WARNING**

Proper brake hose routing is essential to insure safe vehicle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" on page 2-45.

EC1D71009

#### **CAUTION:**

When installing the brake hose onto the brake master cylinder, make sure the brake pipe touches the projection "a" on the brake caliper bracket as shown.



#### 2. Fill:

 Brake fluid reservoir (with the specified amount of the recommended brake fluid)



Recommended fluid DOT 4

EWA1309

# **MARNING**

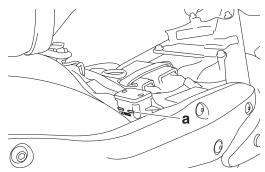
- Use only the designated brake fluid. Other brake fluids may cause the rubber seals to deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid that is already in the system. Mixing brake fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction, leading to poor brake performance.
- When refilling, be careful that water does not enter the brake fluid reservoir. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the brake fluid and could cause vapor lock.

ECA13540

#### **CAUTION:**

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces and plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt brake fluid immediately.

- 3. Bleed:
- Brake system Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.
- 4. Check:
- Brake fluid level
   Below the minimum level mark "a" → Add the
   recommended brake fluid to the proper level.
   Refer to "CHECKING THE BRAKE FLUID
   LEVEL" on page 3-20.



### 5. Check:

Brake pedal operation
 Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the brake system.
 Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM" on page 3-22.

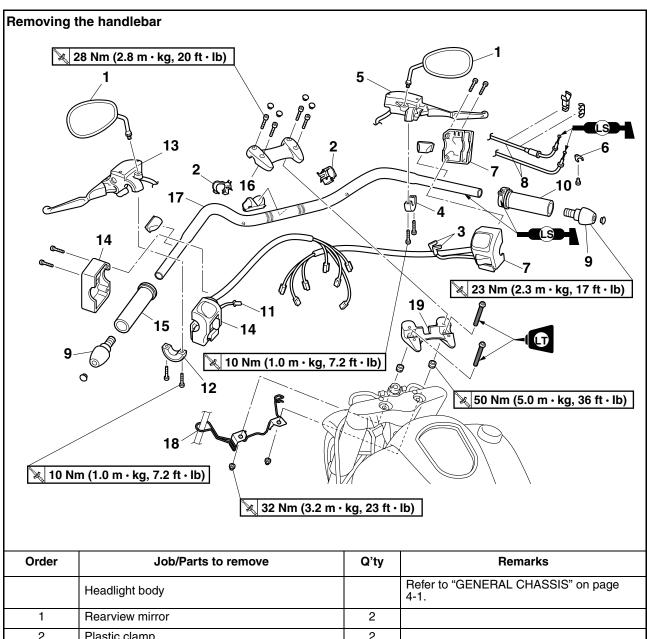
### 6. Adjust:

 Brake pedal position Refer to "ADJUSTING THE REAR DISC BRAKE" on page 3-20.

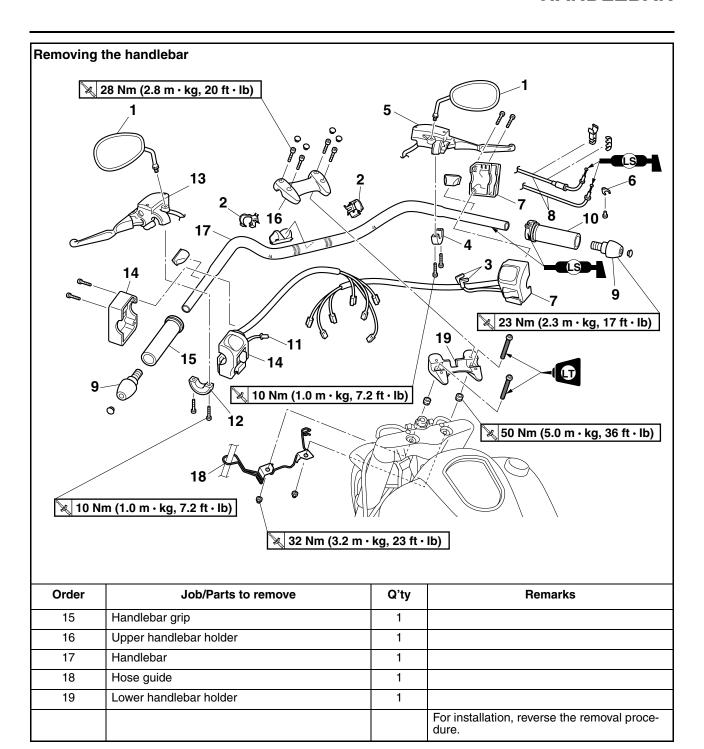
# 7. Adjust:

• Rear brake light operation timing Refer to "ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH" on page 3-22.

# HANDLEBAR



| Order | Job/Parts to remove                  | Q'ty | Remarks                                 |
|-------|--------------------------------------|------|---|
|       | Headlight body                       |      | Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1. |
| 1     | Rearview mirror                      | 2    |   |
| 2     | Plastic clamp                        | 2    |   |
| 3     | Front brake light switch connector   | 2    | Disconnect.                             |
| 4     | Front brake master cylinder holder   | 1    |   |
| 5     | Front brake master cylinder assembly | 1    |   |
| 6     | Throttle cable holder                | 1    |   |
| 7     | Right handlebar switch               | 1    |   |
| 8     | Throttle cable                       | 2    |   |
| 9     | Grip end                             | 2    |   |
| 10    | Throttle grip                        | 1    |   |
| 11    | Clutch switch coupler                | 1    | Disconnect.                             |
| 12    | Clutch master cylinder holder        | 1    |   |
| 13    | Clutch master cylinder assembly      | 1    |   |
| 14    | Left handlebar switch                | 2    |   |



#### REMOVING THE HANDLEBAR

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

EWA13120

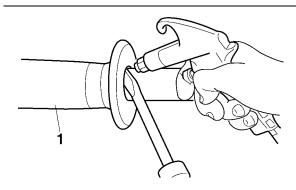
## **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Remove:
  - Handlebar grip "1"

NOTE:

Blow compressed air between the handlebar and the left handlebar grip, and gradually push the grip off the handlebar.



EAS22880

#### **CHECKING THE HANDLEBAR**

- 1. Check:
- Handlebar Bends/cracks/damage → Replace.

WA13690

# **WARNING**

Do not attempt to straighten a bent handlebar as this may dangerously weaken it.

EAS22930

#### **INSTALLING THE HANDLEBAR**

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

EWA1312

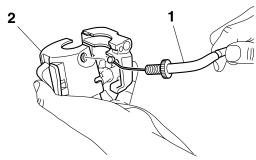
### **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Connect:
- Throttle cable (decelerator cable) "1" (to the right handlebar switch "2")

NOTE:

Rotate the right handlebar switch and screw it onto the end of the throttle cable.



- 3. Pass the left and right handlebar switch leads through the handlebar.
- 4. Install:
- Handlebar "1"
- Upper handlebar holder "2"



Upper handlebar holder bolt 28 Nm (2.8 m·kg, 20 ft·lb)

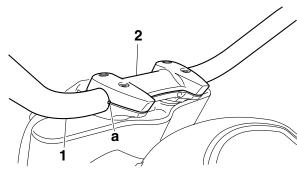
FCA14250

#### **CAUTION:**

- First, tighten the bolts on the front side of the handlebar holder, and then on the rear side
- Turn the handlebar all the way to the left and right. If there is any contact with the fuel tank, adjust the handlebar position.

NOTE:

Align the match marks "a" on the handlebar with the upper surface of the lower handlebar holders.



- 5. Install:
- Handlebar grip
- a. Apply a thin coat of rubber adhesive onto the left end of the handlebar.
- b. Slide the handlebar grip over the left end of the handlebar.
- c. Wipe off any excess rubber adhesive with a clean rag.

WARNING

Do not touch the handlebar grip until the rubber adhesive has fully dried.

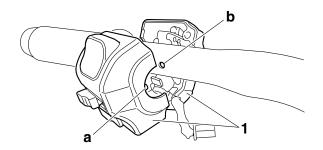
\*\*\*\*\*

6. Install:

Left handlebar switch "1"

NOTE: \_

Align the projection "a" on the left handlebar switch with the hole "b" in the handlebar.



7. Install:

- Clutch master cylinder "1"
- Clutch master cylinder holder "2"

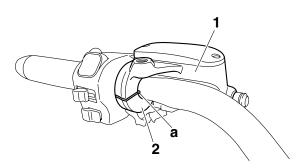


Clutch master cylinder holder bolt

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

NOTE: \_

- Align the end of the clutch master cylinder holder with the punch mark "a" on the handlebar.
- First tighten the rear bolt, then the front bolt.



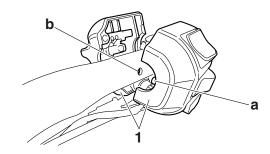
8. Install:

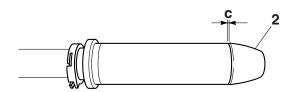
- Throttle grip
- Throttle cables
- Right handlebar switch "1"
- Grip end "2"

NOTE: \_

• Align the projection "a" on the right handlebar switch with the hole "b" in the handlebar.

• There should be 1–3 mm (0.04–0.12 in) of clearance "c" between the throttle grip and the grip end.





9. Install:

- Front brake master cylinder "1"
- Front brake master cylinder holder "2"

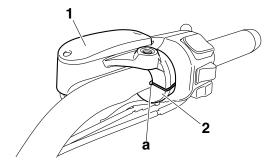


Front brake master cylinder holder bolt

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

NOTE: \_

- Align the end of the front brake master cylinder holder with the punch mark "a" on the handlebar.
- First tighten the rear bolt, then the front bolt.



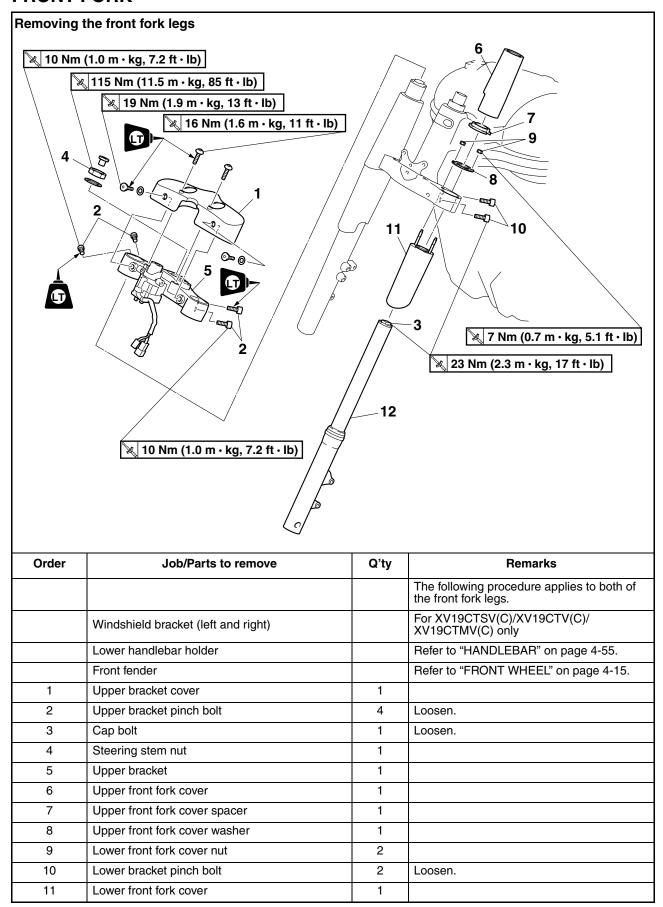
10.Adjust:

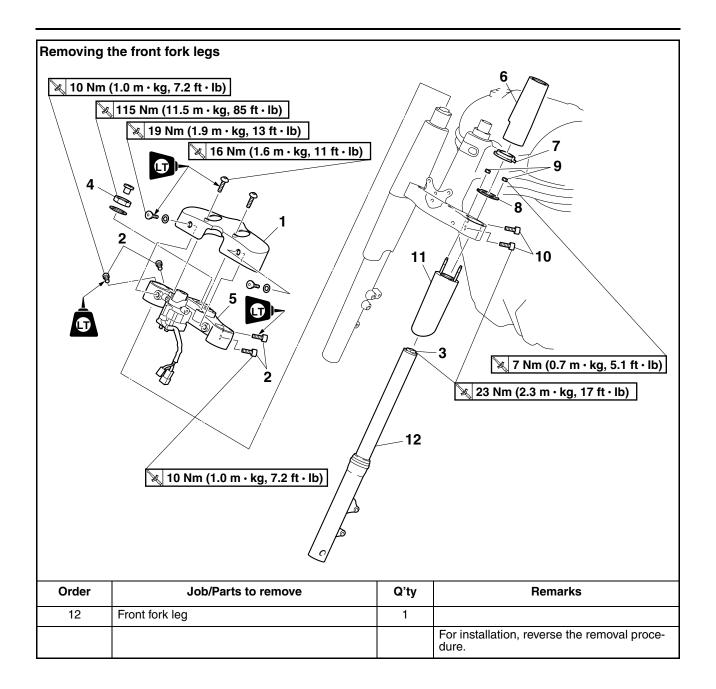
 Throttle cable free play Refer to "ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CA-BLE FREE PLAY" on page 3-8.

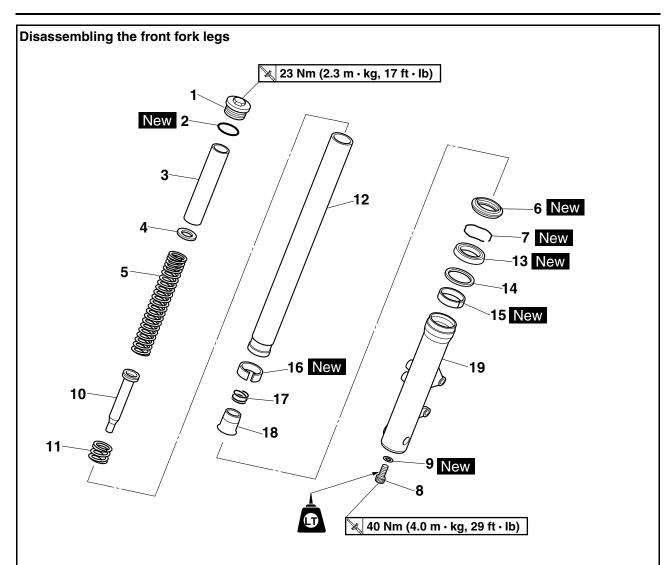


Throttle cable free play 4.0–6.0 mm (0.16–0.24 in)

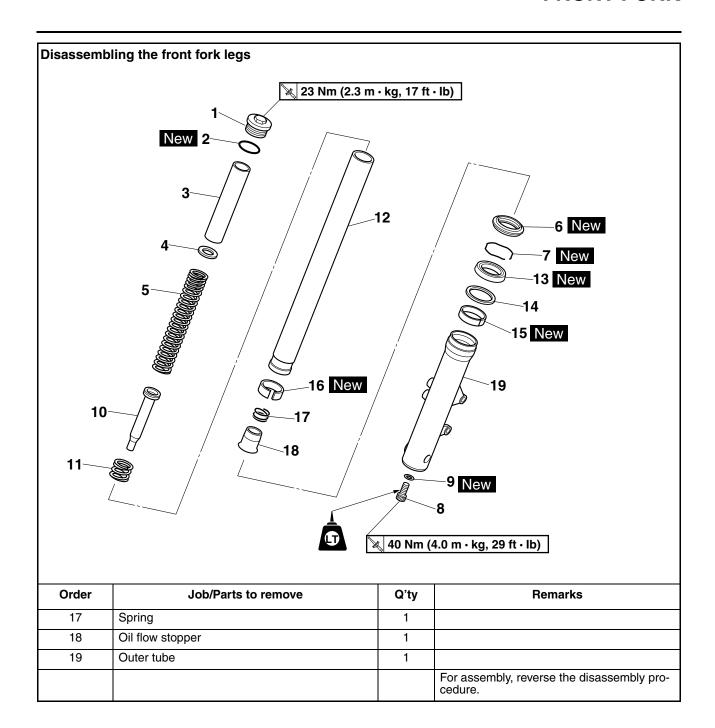
## **FRONT FORK**







| Order | Job/Parts to remove | Q'ty | Remarks   |
|-------|---------------------|------|---|
|       |                     |      | The following procedure applies to both of the front fork legs. |
| 1     | Cap bolt            | 1    |   |
| 2     | O-ring              | 1    |   |
| 3     | Spacer              | 1    |   |
| 4     | Spring seat         | 1    |   |
| 5     | Fork spring         | 1    |   |
| 6     | Dust seal           | 1    |   |
| 7     | Oil seal clip       | 1    |   |
| 8     | Damper rod bolt     | 1    |   |
| 9     | Copper washer       | 1    |   |
| 10    | Damper rod          | 1    |   |
| 11    | Rebound spring      | 1    |   |
| 12    | Inner tube          | 1    |   |
| 13    | Oil seal            | 1    |   |
| 14    | Washer              | 1    |   |
| 15    | Outer tube bushing  | 1    |   |
| 16    | Inner tube bushing  | 1    |   |



#### REMOVING THE FRONT FORK LEGS

The following procedure applies to both of the front fork legs.

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

EWA1312

# **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

NOTE:

Place the vehicle on a suitable stand so that the front wheel is elevated.

- 2. Loosen:
- · Lower bracket pinch bolts

EW1D7100

## **WARNING**

Before loosening the lower bracket pinch bolts, support the front fork leg.

EAS2298

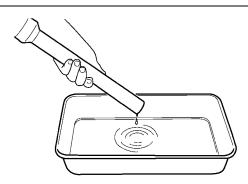
#### DISASSEMBLING THE FRONT FORK LEGS

The following procedure applies to both of the front fork legs.

- 1. Drain:
- Fork oil

NOTE:

Stroke the outer tube several times while draining the fork oil.

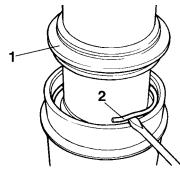


- 2. Remove:
  - Dust seal "1"
- Oil seal clip "2" (with a flathead screwdriver)

ECA14180

**CAUTION:** 

Do not scratch the inner tube.



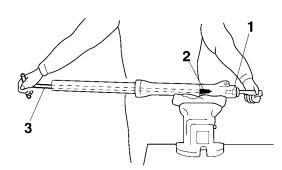
- 3. Remove:
- Damper rod bolt "1"
- Copper washer

NOTE:

While holding the damper rod with the damper rod holder "2" and T-handle "3", loosen the damper rod bolt.



Damper rod holder 90890-01460 T-handle 90890-01326 T-handle 3/8" drive 60 cm long YM-01326

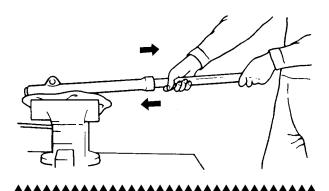


- 4. Remove:
  - Inner tube
- a. Hold the front fork leg horizontally.
- Securely clamp the brake caliper bracket in a vise with soft jaws.
- Separate the inner tube from the outer tube by pulling the inner tube forcefully but carefully.

ECA14190

#### **CAUTION:**

- Excessive force will damage the oil seal and bushing. A damaged oil seal or bushing must be replaced.
- Avoid bottoming the inner tube into the outer tube during the above procedure, as the oil flow stopper will be damaged.



#### **CHECKING THE FRONT FORK LEGS**

The following procedure applies to both of the front fork legs.

- 1. Check:
- Inner tube
- Outer tube Bends/damage/scratches → Replace.

EWA13650

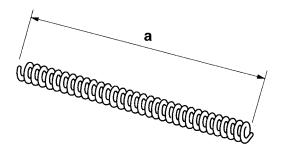
## **WARNING**

Do not attempt to straighten a bent inner tube as this may dangerously weaken it.

- 2. Measure:
  - Spring free length "a"
     Out of specification → Replace.



Fork spring free length 273.9 mm (10.78 in) Limit 268.4 mm (10.57 in)



- 3. Check:
- Damper rod
   Damage/wear → Replace.

   Obstruction → Blow out all of the oil passages with compressed air.
- Oil flow stopper
   Damage → Replace.

ECA14200

#### **CAUTION:**

- The front fork leg has a built-in damper adjusting rod and a very sophisticated internal construction, which are particularly sensitive to foreign material.
- When disassembling and assembling the front fork leg, do not allow any foreign material to enter the front fork.
- 4. Check:
- Cap bolt O-ring Damage/wear → Replace.

EAS2302

#### **ASSEMBLING THE FRONT FORK LEGS**

The following procedure applies to both of the front fork legs.

EWA13660

### **WARNING**

- Make sure the oil levels in both front fork legs are equal.
- Uneven oil levels can result in poor handling and a loss of stability.

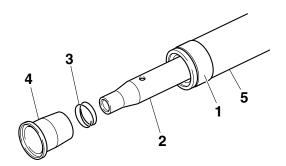
#### NOTE:

- When assembling the front fork leg, be sure to replace the following parts:
  - Inner tube bushing
  - Outer tube bushing
  - Oil seal
  - Dust seal
- Before assembling the front fork leg, make sure all of the components are clean.
- 1. Install:
- Inner tube bushing "1"
- Damper rod "2"
- Rebound spring
- Spring "3"
- Oil flow stopper "4"

FC1D7101

#### **CAUTION:**

Allow the damper rod to slide slowly down the inner tube "5" until it protrudes from the bottom of the inner tube. Be careful not to damage the inner tube.



- 2. Lubricate:
  - Inner tube's outer surface



Recommended oil Fork oil 10WT

- 3. Install:
  - Inner tube
     (in the outer tube)
- 4. Install:
  - Copper washer New
- Damper rod bolt
- 5. Tighten:
  - Damper rod bolt "1"



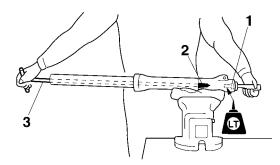
Damper rod bolt 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

### NOTE: \_

While holding the damper rod assembly with the damper rod holder "2" and T-handle "3", tighten the damper rod bolt.



Damper rod holder 90890-01460 T-handle 90890-01326 T-handle 3/8" drive 60 cm long YM-01326

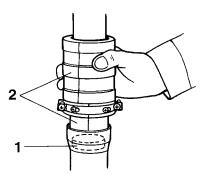


- 6. Install:
  - Outer tube bushing "1"

 Washer (with the fork seal driver "2")



Fork seal driver 90890-01442 Adjustable fork seal driver (36–46 mm) YM-01442



- 7. Install:
  - Oil seal "1" (with the fork seal driver "2")

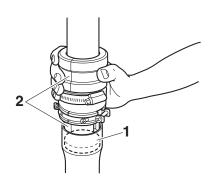
## **CAUTION:**

Make sure the numbered side of the oil seal faces up.

### NOTE:

- Before installing the oil seal, lubricate its lips with lithium-soap-based grease.
- Lubricate the outer surface of the inner tube with fork oil.
- Before installing the oil seal, cover the top of the front fork leg with a plastic bag to protect the oil seal during installation.



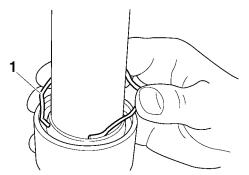


### 8. Install:

• Oil seal clip "1"

NOTE: \_

Adjust the oil seal clip so that it fits into the outer tube's groove.

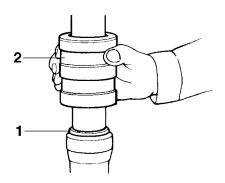


### 9. Install:

• Dust seal "1" (with the fork seal driver weight "2")



Fork seal driver 90890-01442 Adjustable fork seal driver (36–46 mm) YM-01442



### 10.Fill:

 Front fork leg (with the specified amount of the recommended fork oil)



Quantity 571.0 cm<sup>3</sup> (19.31 US oz) (20.10 Imp.oz) Recommended oil

### 11.Measure:

 Front fork leg oil level "a" (from the top of the inner tube, with the outer tube fully compressed and without the fork spring)

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Correct.

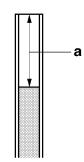
Fork oil 10WT



Level 124.0 mm (4.88 in)

### NOTE: \_

- While filling the front fork leg, keep it upright.
- After filling, slowly pump the front fork leg up and down to distribute the fork oil.

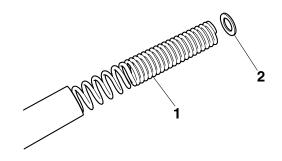


### 12.Install:

- Spring "1"
- Spring seat "2"
- Spacer
- Cap bolt (with O-ring)

### NOTE: \_

- Install the spring with the smaller pitch facing up.
- Before installing the cap bolt, lubricate its Oring with grease.
- Temporarily tighten the cap bolt.



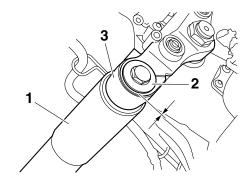
### INSTALLING THE FRONT FORK LEGS

The following procedure applies to both of the front fork legs.

- 1. Install:
- Lower front fork cover "1"
- Front fork leg "2"
- Upper bracket "3"
   Temporarily tighten the lower bracket pinch bolts and steering stem nut.

#### NOTE:

Make sure the inner tube end is flush with the top of the upper bracket.



- 2. Tighten:
- Lower bracket pinch bolts



Lower bracket pinch bolt 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

- 3. Remove:
  - Upper bracket
- 4. Tighten:
- Lower front fork cover nuts

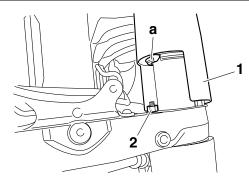


Lower front fork cover nut 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

- 5. Install:
  - Upper front fork cover "1"
  - Upper bracket

#### NOTE:

Align the groove "a" in the upper front fork cover "1" with the lower front fork cover nut "2".



- 6. Tighten:
- Steering stem nut



Steering stem nut 115 Nm (11.5 m·kg, 85 ft·lb)

• Cap bolt



Cap bolt 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

• Upper bracket pinch bolts



Upper bracket pinch bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

### NOTE: \_\_

Tighten the upper bracket pinch bolts to specification twice. Tighten the upper and lower bolts alternately, starting with the upper bolts.

Upper bracket cover bolts



Upper bracket cover bolt 19 Nm (1.9 m·kg, 13 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

• Upper bracket cover bolts



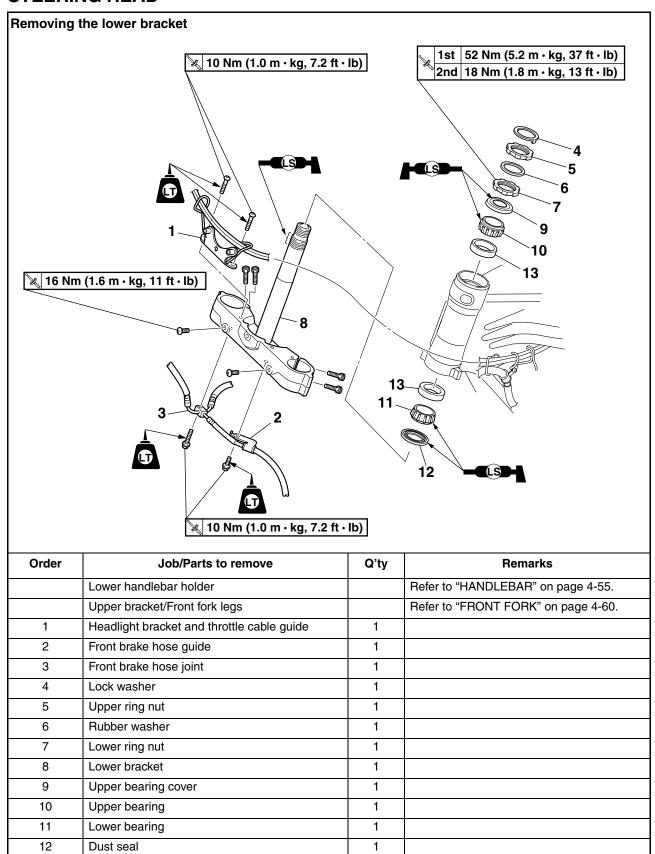
Upper bracket cover bolt 16 Nm (1.6 m·kg, 11 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

WA13680

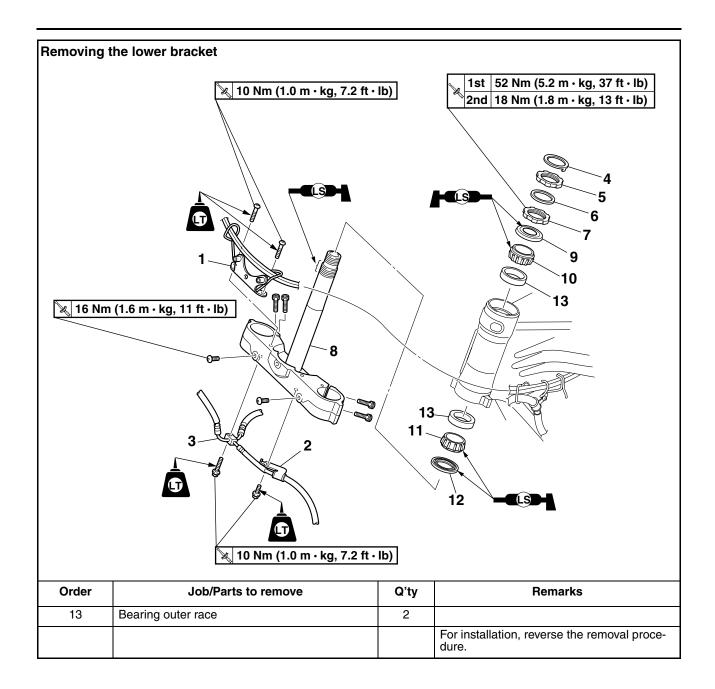
## **WARNING**

Make sure the brake hoses are routed properly.

## STEERING HEAD



## **STEERING HEAD**



### REMOVING THE LOWER BRACKET

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

EWA13120

## **№** WARNING

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Remove:
  - Upper ring nut
  - Rubber washer
  - Lower ring nut "1"
  - Lower bracket

EWA13730

## **WARNING**

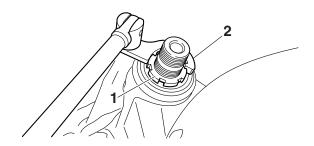
Securely support the lower bracket so that there is no danger of it falling.

NOTE

Remove the lower ring nut with the steering nut wrench "2".



Steering nut wrench 90890-01403 Spanner wrench YU-33975



FAS23120

### **CHECKING THE STEERING HEAD**

- 1. Wash:
- Bearings
- Bearing races



Recommended cleaning solvent Kerosene

- 2. Check:
  - Bearings
- Bearing races
   Damage/pitting → Replace.
- 3. Replace:
  - Bearings
  - Bearing races

## a. Remove the bearing races from the steering head pipe with a long rod "1" and hammer.

- b. Remove the bearing race from the lower bracket with a floor chisel "2" and hammer.
- c. Install a new dust seal and new bearing rac-

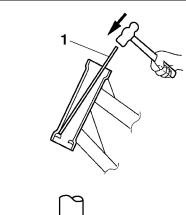
ECA14270

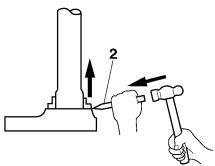
### **CAUTION:**

If the bearing race is not installed properly, the steering head pipe could be damaged.

#### NOTF:

- Always replace the bearings and bearing races as a set.
- Whenever the steering head is disassembled, replace the dust seal.





\_\_\_\_

### 4. Check:

- Upper bracket
- Lower bracket (along with the steering stem)
   Bends/cracks/damage → Replace.

EAS23140

## **INSTALLING THE STEERING HEAD**

- 1. Lubricate:
  - Upper bearing
  - Lower bearing
  - Bearing races

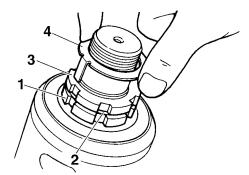


Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

### 2. Install:

- Lower ring nut "1"
- Rubber washer "2"
- Upper ring nut "3"
- Lock washer "4"

Refer to "CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE STEERING HEAD" on page 3-25.

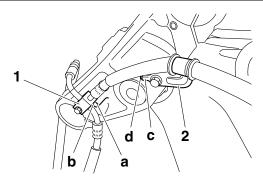


### 3. Install:

- Front brake hose joint "1"
- Front brake hose guide "2"

### NOTE: \_

- Make sure that the projection "a" on the lower bracket contacts the side "b" of the front brake hose joint "1".
- Align the projection "c" on the front brake hose guide with the hole "d" in the lower bracket.

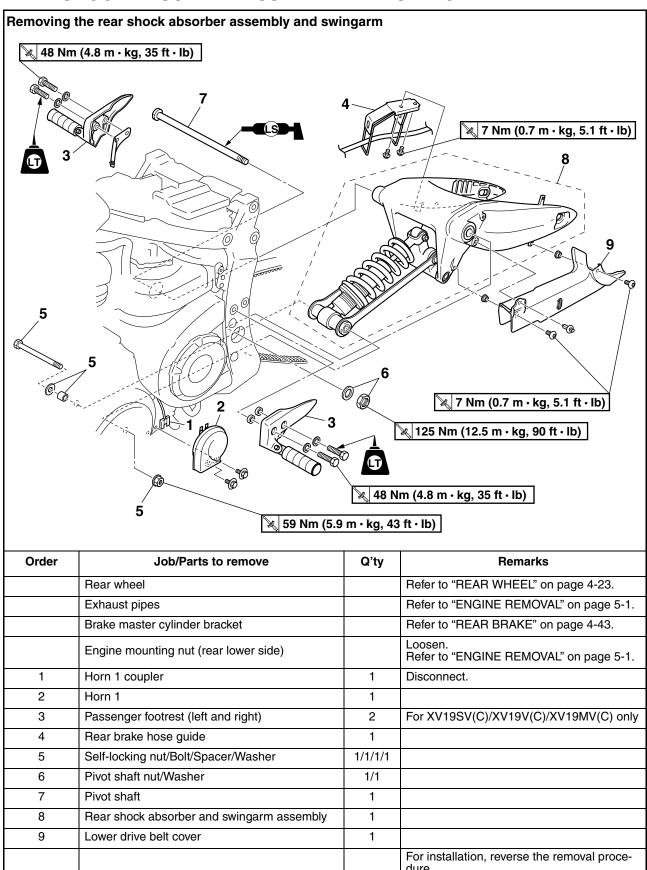


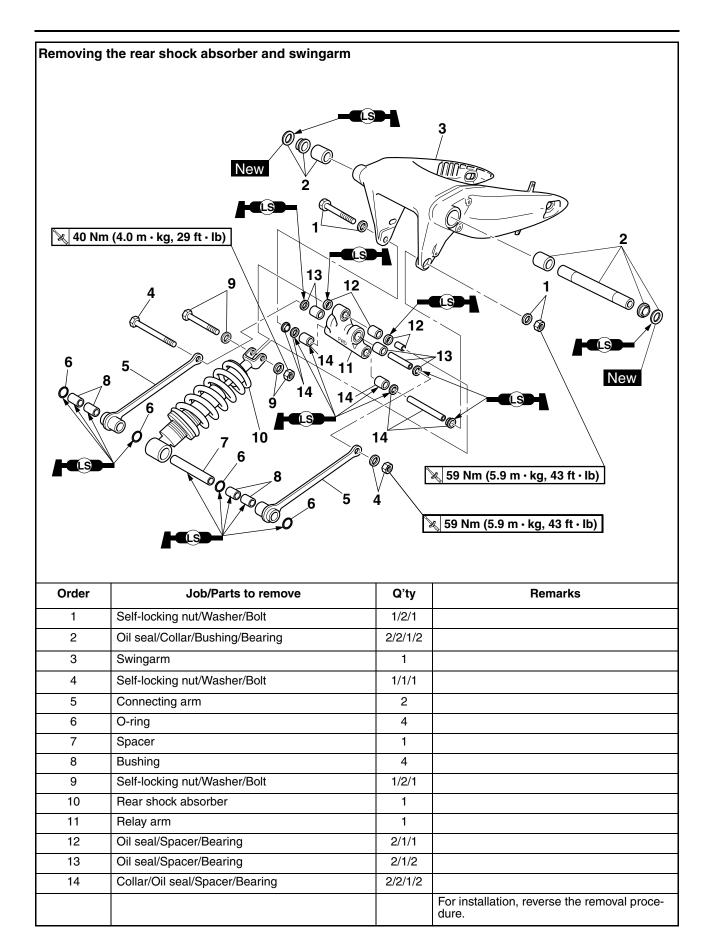
### 4. Install:

- Front fork legs
- Upper bracket Refer to "FRONT FORK" on page 4-60.

#### ET1D71001

## REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY AND SWINGARM





EAS23180

### HANDLING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

EWA13740

## **WARNING**

This rear shock absorber contains highly compressed nitrogen gas. Before handling the rear shock absorber, read and make sure you understand the following information. The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for property damage or personal injury that may result from improper handling of the rear shock absorber.

- Do not tamper or attempt to open the rear shock absorber.
- Do not subject the rear shock absorber to an open flame or any other source of high heat. High heat can cause an explosion due to excessive gas pressure.
- Do not deform or damage the rear shock absorber in any way. Rear shock absorber damage will result in poor damping performance.

FΔS23190

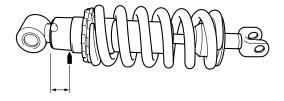
### DISPOSING OF A REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

Gas pressure must be released before disposing of a rear shock absorber. To release the gas pressure, drill a 2–3 mm (0.08–0.12 in) hole through the rear shock absorber at a point 15–20 mm (0.59–0.79 in) from its end as shown.

EWA13760

## **WARNING**

Wear eye protection to prevent eye damage from released gas or metal chips.



ET1D71002

## REMOVING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY AND SWINGARM

1. Stand the vehicle on a level surface.

EWA13120

### **WARNING**

Securely support the vehicle so that there is no danger of it falling over.

### NOTE: \_\_\_

Place the vehicle on a suitable stand so that the rear wheel is elevated.

### 2. Loosen:

• Engine mounting nut (rear lower side) Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.

### NOTE:

Because there is force being exerted on the engine mounting bracket (left and right rear lower sides), it is necessary to loosen the engine mounting nut (rear lower side) in order to create some space between the connecting arms and engine bracket before removing the rear shock absorber and swingarm.

### 3. Remove:

Connecting arm bolt (frame side)

#### NOTF:

When removing the connecting arm bolt (frame side), hold the swingarm so that it does not drop down.

- 4. Measure:
- Swingarm side play
- Swingarm vertical movement

a. Measure the tightening torque of the pivot shaft nut.



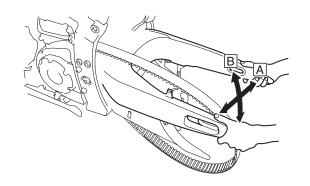
Pivot shaft nut 125 Nm (12.5 m·kg, 90 ft·lb)

- b. Measure the swingarm side play "A" by moving the swingarm from side to side.
- c. If the swingarm side play is out of specification, check the spacers, bearings, washers, and oil seals.



Swingarm side play (at the end of the swingarm)
1.0 mm (0.04 in)

d. Check the swingarm vertical movement "B" by moving the swingarm up and down. If swingarm vertical movement is not smooth or if there is binding, check the spacers, bearings, washers, and oil seals.



\_.....

## CHECKING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY

- 1. Check:
- Rear shock absorber rod Bends/damage → Replace the rear shock absorber assembly.
- Rear shock absorber Gas leaks/oil leaks → Replace the rear shock absorber assembly.
- Spring
   Damage/wear → Replace the rear shock absorber assembly.
- Bushing Damage/wear → Replace the rear shock absorber assembly.
- Spacer
   Damage/scratches → Replace.
- Bolts
   Bends/damage/wear → Replace.

EVESSSEU

## CHECKING THE CONNECTING ARM AND RELAY ARM

- 1. Check:
- Connecting arms
- Relay arm
   Damage/wear → Replace.
- 2. Check:
  - Bearings
  - Oil seals

Damage/pitting  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

- 3. Check:
  - Bushings
     Damage/wear → Replace.
- 4. Check:
  - Spacers
  - Collars

Damage/scratches  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

EAS23360

### **CHECKING THE SWINGARM**

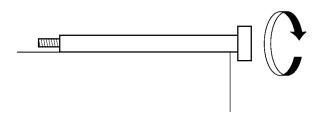
- 1. Check:
  - Swingarm Bends/cracks/damage → Replace.
- 2. Check:
  - Pivot shaft

Roll the pivot shaft on a flat surface. Bends  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

EWA1377

## **WARNING**

Do not attempt to straighten a bent pivot shaft.



- 3. Wash:
- Pivot shaft
- Bushing
- Washer
- Bearings
- Collars



Recommended cleaning solvent Kerosene

- 4. Check:
  - Washer
  - Oil seals
  - Bushing

Damage/wear  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

- Bearings
   Damage/pitting → Replace.
- Collar Damage/scratches → Replace.

ET1D7100

# INSTALLING THE RELAY ARM, REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY AND CONNECTING ARMS

- 1. Lubricate:
- Oil seals



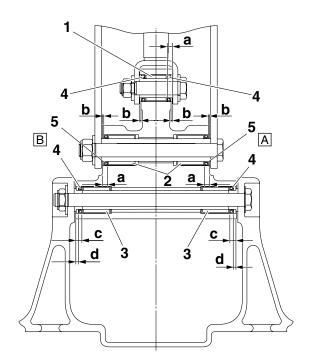
Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

### 2. Install:

- Bearings "1", "2", "3" (to the relay arm)
- Oil seals "4", "5" (to the relay arm)



Installed depth "a"
4.5 mm (0.18 in)
Installed depth "b"
1.0 mm (0.04 in)
Installed depth "c"
6.0 mm (0.24 in)
Installed depth "d"
2.5 mm (0.10 in)



- A. Right side
- B. Left side

### 3. Lubricate:

- Bushings
- Oil seals
- O-rings
- Collar



Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

### NOTE: \_

Apply grease only to the collar between the connecting arms and rear shock absorber.

### 4. Install:

Bushings "1" (to connecting arms) • Spacer "2"

EC1D71010

## **CAUTION:**

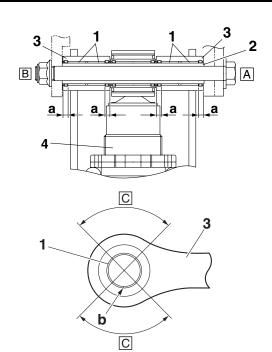
When inserting the spacer into the connecting arms and the rear shock absorber, be careful not to damage the bushings and Orings.

### NOTE:

Install the bushings so that the slits "b" in the bushings are within the areas shown in the illustration.



Installed depth "a" 4.5 mm (0.18 in)



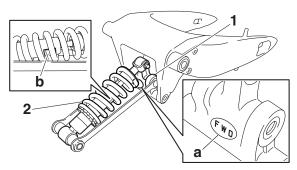
- 3. Connecting arm
- 4. Rear shock absorber
- A. Right side
- B. Left side
- C. 90°

### 5. Install:

- Connecting arms
- Rear shock absorber assembly (to relay arm)
- Relay arm (to the swingarm)

### NOTE: \_

Be sure to face the "FWD" mark "a" on the relay arm "1" toward the front of the vehicle and to face the label "b" on the rear shock absorber "2" downward.



- 6. Tighten:
  - Connecting-arm-to-relay-arm nut



Connecting-arm-to-relay-arm nut 59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)

 Rear-shock-absorber-assembly-to-relay-arm nut



Rear-shock-absorber-assemblyto-relay-arm nut 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)

• Relay-arm-to-swingarm nut



Relay-arm-to-swingarm nut 59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)

EAS28780

### INSTALLING THE SWINGARM

- 1. Lubricate:
- Bearings
- Collars
- Oil seals
- Pivot shaft

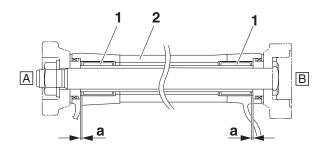


Recommended lubricant Lithium-soap-based grease

- 2. Install:
- Bearings "1" (to swingarm)



Installed depth "a" 1.0 mm (0.04 in)



- 2. Swingarm
- A. Left side
- B. Right side
- 3. Install:
  - Pivot shaft
  - Washer
- Pivot shaft nut

NOTE:

Temporarily tighten the pivot shaft nut.

- 4. Install:
  - Connecting arm bolt (front side)

NOTE:

When installing the connecting arm bolt, hold the swingarm so that it does not drop down.

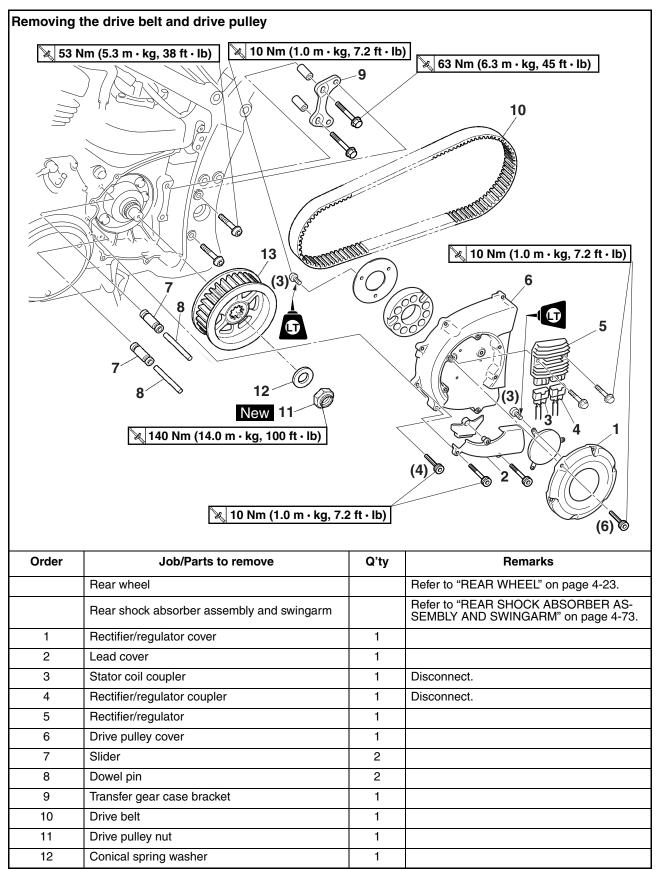
- 5. Tighten:
  - Pivot shaft nut
  - Engine mounting nut (rear lower side)
  - Connecting arm nut (front side)

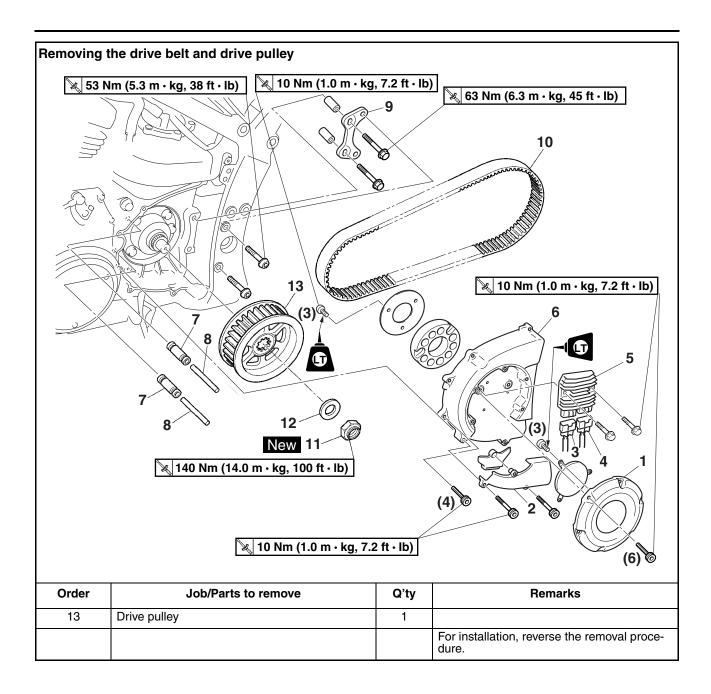


Pivot shaft nut 125 Nm (12.5 m·kg, 90 ft·lb) Engine mounting nut (rear lower side) 98 Nm (9.8 m·kg, 71 ft·lb) Connecting arm nut (front side) 59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)

- 6. Adjust:
  - Drive belt slack Refer to "ADJUSTING THE DRIVE BELT SLACK" on page 3-24.

## **BELT DRIVE**





## REMOVING THE DRIVE BELT AND DRIVE PULLEY

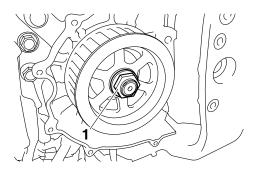
NOTE: \_

Loosen the drive pulley nut before removing the rear wheel.

- 1. Loosen:
- Drive pulley nut "1"

NOTE: \_

When loosening the drive pulley nut, press down on the brake pedal so the drive pulley does not move.



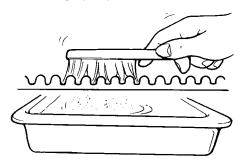
EAS23530

### **CHECKING THE DRIVE BELT**

- 1. Clean:
- Drive belt

a. Wipe the drive belt with a clean cloth.

- b. Put the drive belt in a mixture of mild detergent and water. Then, remove any dirt from the drive belt.
- c. Remove the drive belt from the mixture and rinse it off with clean water. Then, let the drive belt thoroughly dry.



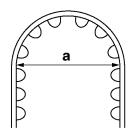
2. Check:

• Drive belt

## **CAUTION:**

• To protect the drive belt from damage, handle it with care.

- The drive belt can not be bent smaller than 127 mm (5 in) "a".
- The removed drive belt can not be twisted inside out.



- 3. Check:
  - Drive pulley
  - Rear wheel pulley
     Bent teeth → Replace the drive belt and pulleys as a set.

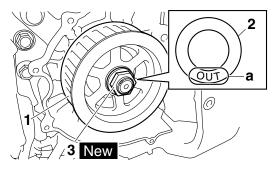
EAS23540

## INSTALLING THE DRIVE BELT AND DRIVE PULLEY

- 1. Install:
- Drive pulley "1"
- Conical spring washer "2"
- Drive pulley nut "3" New

NOTE:

Install the conical spring washer "2" with the "OUT" mark "a" facing out.



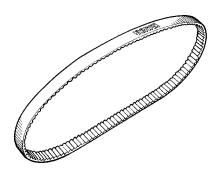
- 2. Install:
- Drive belt

ECA14710

### **CAUTION:**

Install the drive belt facing the same way it was removed.

Do not twist the drive belt when installing it.



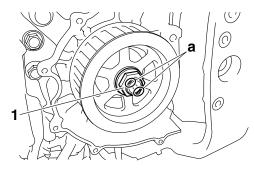
- 3. Install:
  - Swingarm
  - Rear shock absorber Refer to "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AS-SEMBLY AND SWINGARM" on page 4-73.
- Rear wheel Refer to "REAR WHEEL" on page 4-23.
- 4. Tighten:
  - Drive pulley nut



Drive pulley nut 140 Nm (14.0 m·kg, 100 ft·lb)

### NOTE: \_

- When tightening the drive pulley nut, press down on the brake pedal so the drive pulley does not move.
- Stake the drive pulley nut "1" at a cutout "a" in the middle driven shaft.



- 5. Adjust:
- Drive belt slack Refer to "ADJUSTING THE DRIVE BELT SLACK" on page 3-24.

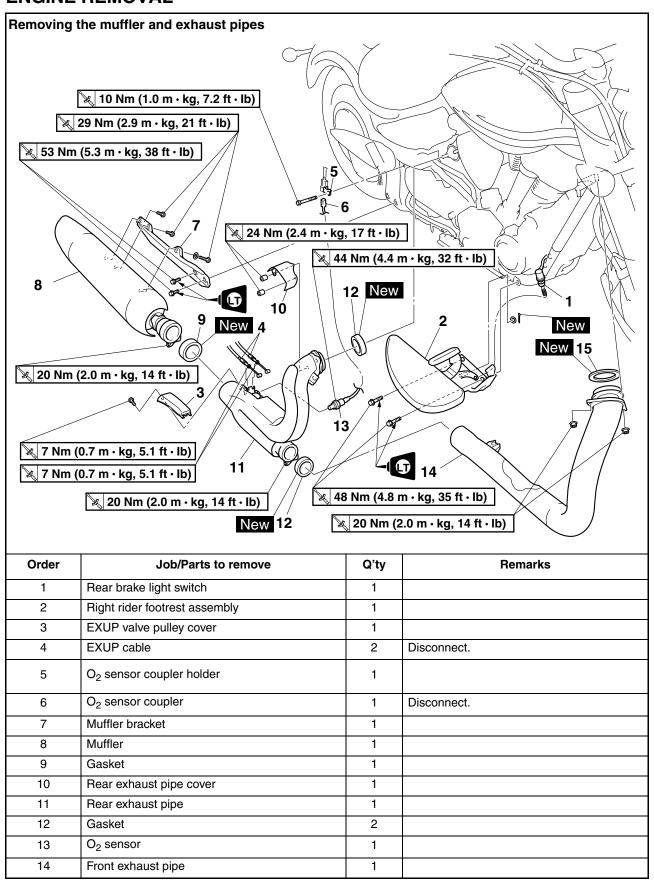
## **ENGINE**

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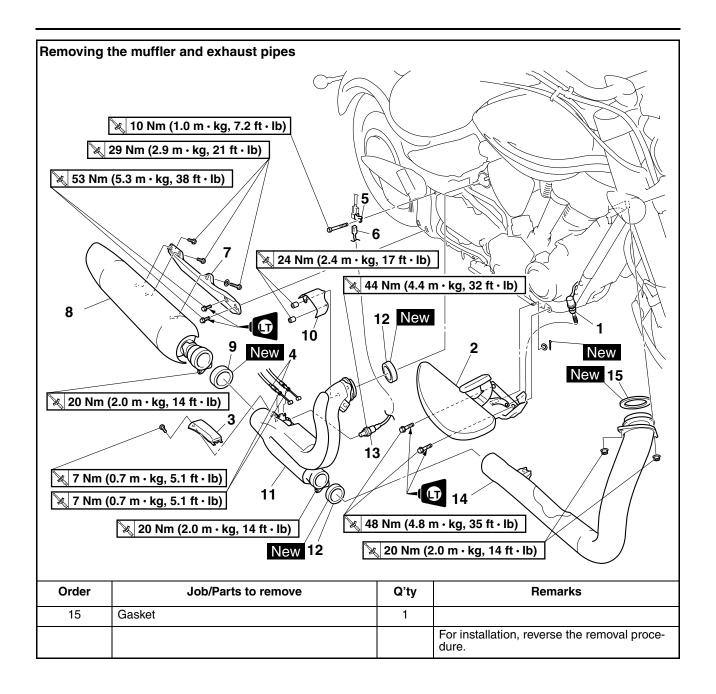
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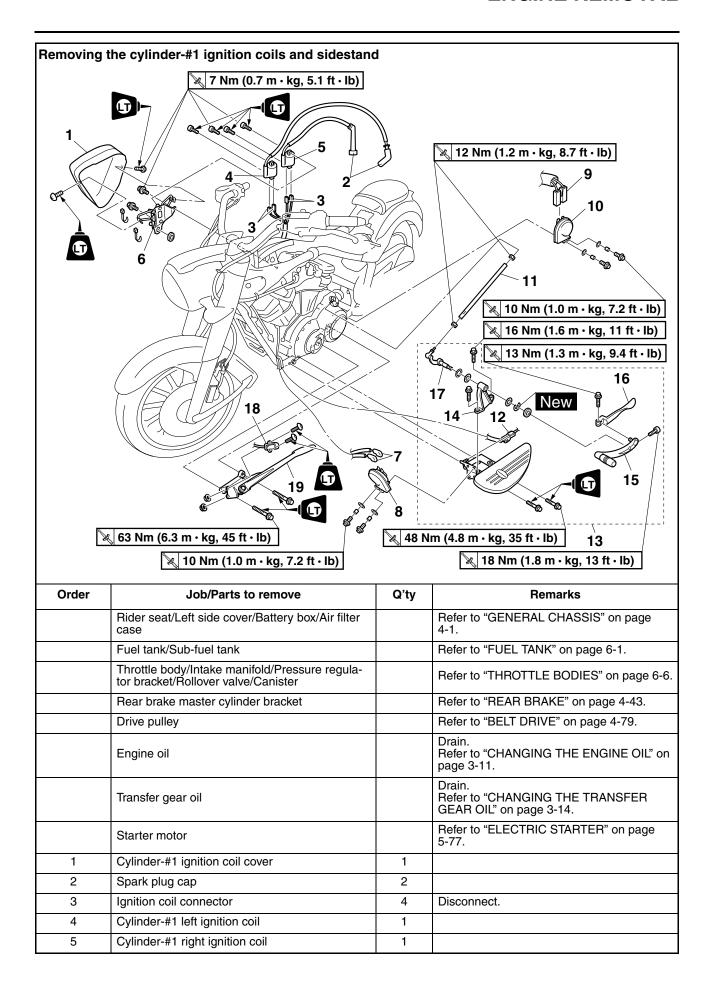
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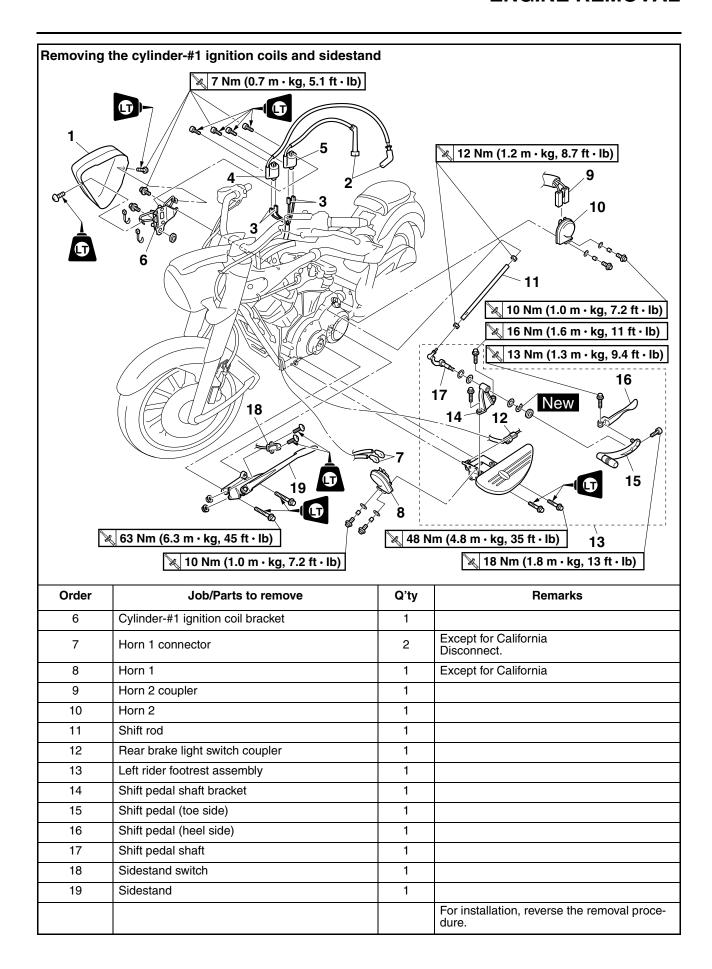
## **ENGINE REMOVAL**



## **ENGINE REMOVAL**







ET1D7102

## **INSTALLING THE SHIFT PEDAL ASSEMBLY**

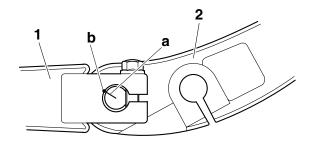
- 1. Assemble:
- Shift pedal (heel side) "1"
- Shift pedal (toe side) "2"



Shift pedal (heel side) bolt 13 Nm (1.3 m·kg, 9.4 ft·lb)

NOTE: \_

Align the mark "a" on the pin on the toe side with the mark "b" on the heel side.



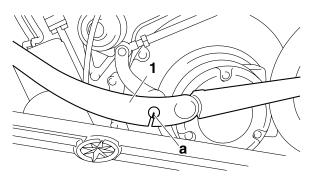
- 2. Install:
- Shift pedal assembly "1"



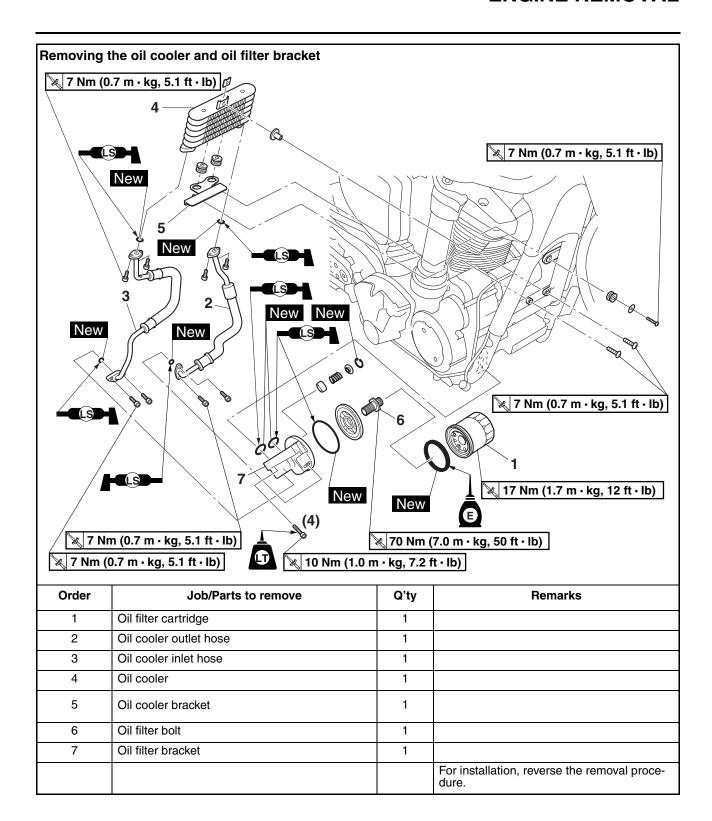
Shift pedal bolt 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)

NOTE:

Align the mark "a" on the shift pedal shaft with the slot in the shift pedal.



- 3. Adjust:
- Shift rod length Refer to "ADJUSTING THE SHIFT PEDAL" on page 3-23.



ET1D71028

## **CHECKING THE OIL COOLER**

- 1. Check:
- Oil cooler fins

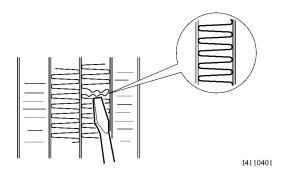
Obstruction  $\rightarrow$  Clean.

Apply compressed air to the rear of the oil cooler.

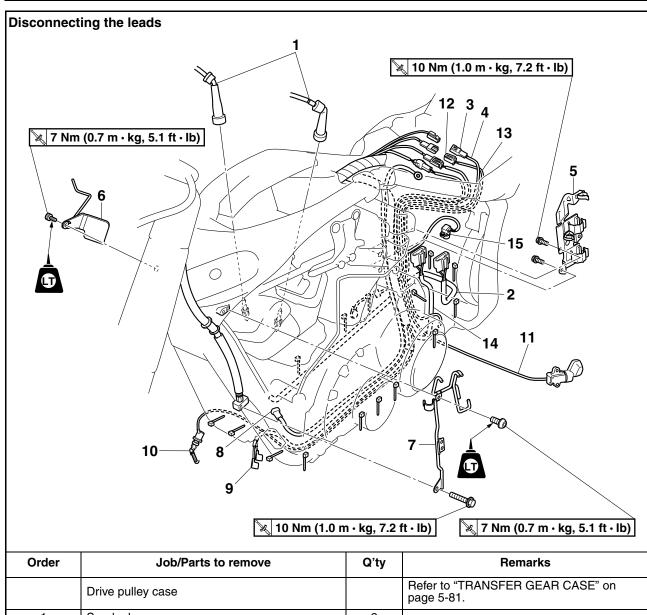
Damage  $\rightarrow$  Repair or replace.

#### NOTE:

Straighten any flattened fins with a thin, flathead screwdriver.

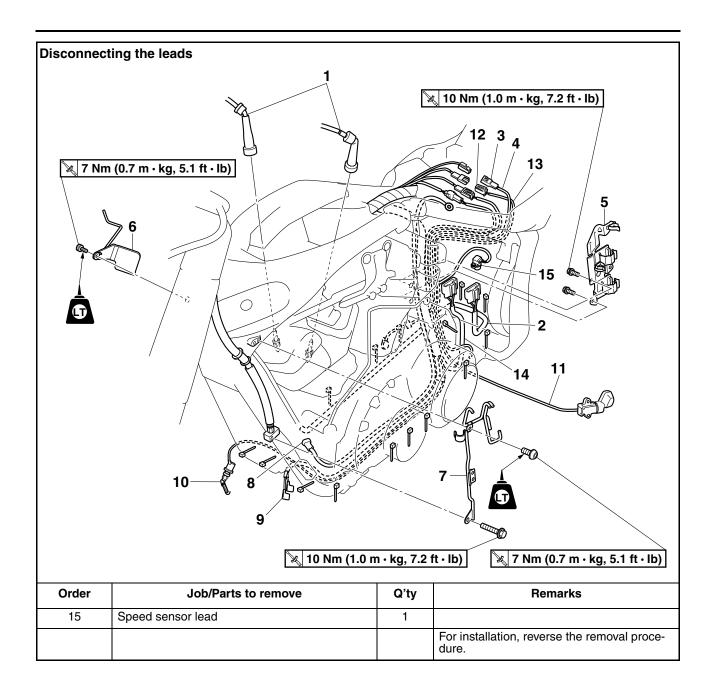


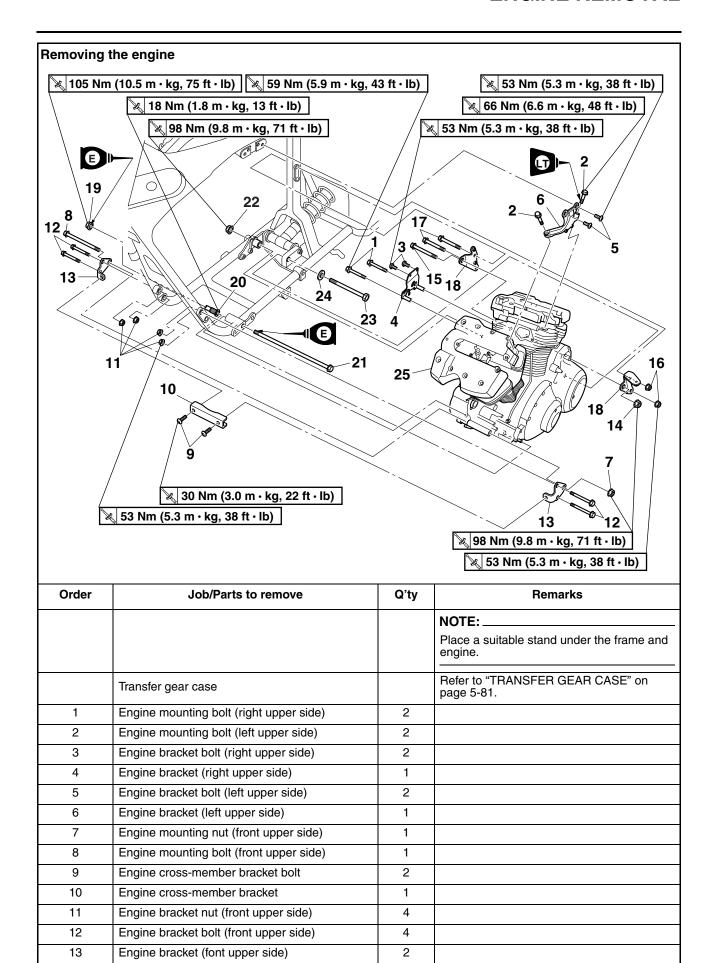
- 2. Check:
  - Oil cooler inlet hose
  - Oil cooler outlet hose Cracks/damage → Replace.

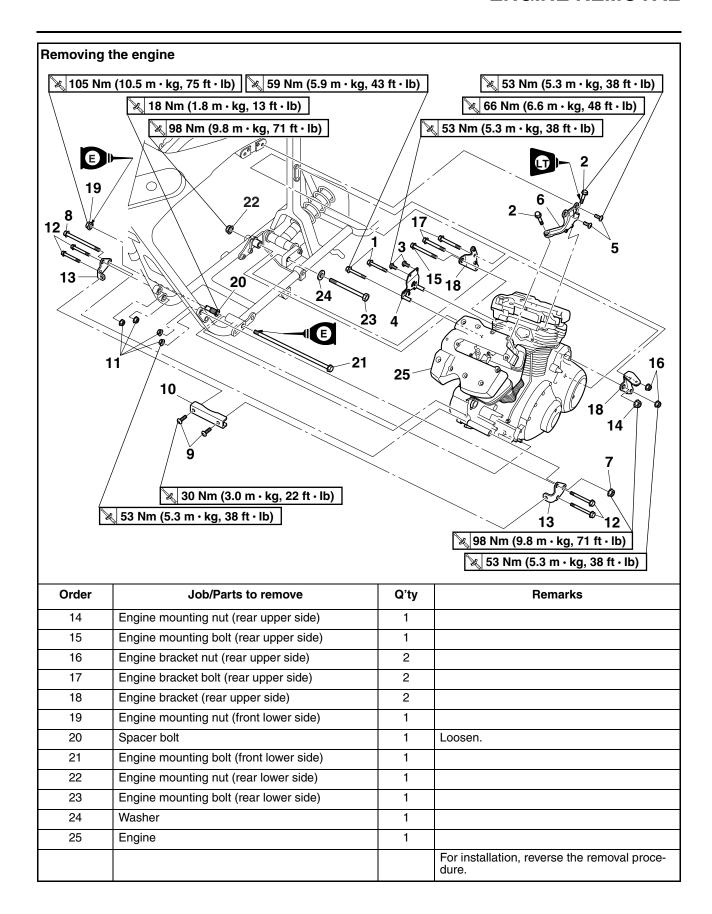


| Order | Job/Parts to remove                | Q'ty | Remarks                                     |
|-------|------------------------------------|------|---|
|       | Drive pulley case                  |      | Refer to "TRANSFER GEAR CASE" on page 5-81. |
| 1     | Spark plug cap                     | 2    |   |
| 2     | Stator coil lead                   | 1    |   |
| 3     | Neutral switch coupler             | 1    | Disconnect.                                 |
| 4     | Neutral switch lead                | 1    |   |
| 5     | Lead holder bracket                | 1    |   |
| 6     | Wire harness guide                 | 1    |   |
| 7     | Throttle cable guide               | 1    |   |
| 8     | Starter motor lead                 | 1    |   |
| 9     | Horn 2 lead                        | 1    |   |
| 10    | Rear brake light switch lead       | 1    |   |
| 11    | Sidestand switch lead              | 1    |   |
| 12    | Crankshaft position sensor coupler | 1    | Disconnect.                                 |
| 13    | Crankshaft position sensor lead    | 1    |   |
| 14    | Rectifier/regulator lead           | 1    |   |

## **ENGINE REMOVAL**







### REMOVING THE ENGINE

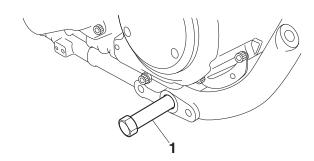
- 1. Loosen:
- Spacer bolt

NOTE:

Loosen the spacer bolt with the pivot shaft wrench "1".



Pivot shaft wrench 90890-01485 Frame mount insert wrench YM-01485



### INSTALLING THE ENGINE

- 1. Install:
- Spacer bolt "1"
- Engine "2"
- Washer "3"
- Engine mounting bolt (rear lower side) "4"
- Engine mounting nut (rear lower side) "5"
- Engine mounting bolt (front lower side) "6"
- Engine mounting nut (front lower side) "7"
- Engine brackets (rear upper side) "8"
- Engine bracket bolts (rear upper side) "9"
- Engine bracket nuts (rear upper side) "10"
- Engine mounting bolt (rear upper side) "11"
- Engine mounting nut (rear upper side) "12"
- Engine bracket (left upper side) "13"
- Engine mounting bolts (left upper side) "14"
- Engine bracket bolts (left upper side) "15"
- Engine bracket (right upper side) "16"
- Engine mounting bolts (right upper side) "17"
- Engine bracket bolts (right upper side) "18"

## NOTE:

- Lubricate the engine mounting bolt (front lower side) threads and nut with engine oil.
- Apply locking agent (LOCTITE<sup>®</sup>) to the threads of the engine mounting bolts (left upper side).
- Do not fully tighten the bolts and nuts.
- 2. Remove:
  - Engine mounting nut (front lower side) "7"

- 3. Tighten:
  - Spacer bolt "1"



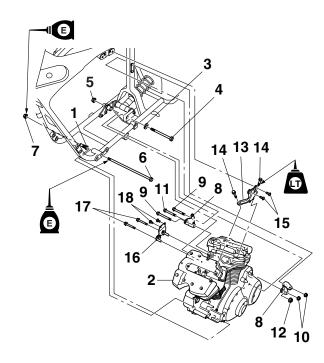
Spacer bolt 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)

### NOTE:

- Tighten the spacer bolt "1" to specification with a pivot shaft wrench.
- When tightened, the spacer bolt should be flat against the engine surface.



Pivot shaft wrench 90890-01485 Frame mount insert wrench YM-01485



- 4. Tighten:
  - Engine mounting nut (rear lower side) "5"
  - Engine mounting nut (front lower side) "7"
  - Engine bracket nuts (rear upper side) "10"
  - Engine mounting nut (rear upper side) "12"
  - Engine mounting bolts (left upper side) "14"
  - Engine bracket bolts (left upper side) "15"
  - Engine mounting bolts (right upper side) "17"
  - Engine bracket bolts (right upper side) "18"



Engine mounting nut (rear lower side)

98 Nm (9.8 m·kg, 71 ft·lb) Engine mounting nut (front lower side)

105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb) Engine bracket nut (rear upper side)

53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb) Engine mounting nut (rear upper side)

98 Nm (9.8 m·kg, 71 ft·lb) Engine mounting bolt (left upper side)

66 Nm (6.6 m·kg, 48 ft·lb)

**LOCTITE®** 

Engine mounting bolt (right upper side)

59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb) Engine bracket bolt (left upper side)

53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb) Engine bracket bolt (right upper side)

53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)

### 5. Install:

- Engine brackets (front upper side) "1"
- Engine bracket bolts (front upper side) "2"
- Engine bracket nuts (front upper side) "3"
- Engine cross-member bracket "4"
- Engine cross-member bracket bolts "5"
- Engine mounting bolt (front upper side) "6"
- Engine mounting nut (front upper side) "7"

### NOTE:

Do not fully tighten the bolts and nuts.

### 6. Install:

- Lead holder bracket
- Lead (removed during engine removal)

### NOTE:

To install and route the leads, refer to "CABLE ROUTING" on page 2-45.

Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.

### 7. Install:

- Transfer gear case
- Drive pulley case Refer to "TRANSFER GEAR CASE" on page 5-81.
- 8. Install:
  - Drive pulley
  - Transfer gear case bracket Refer to "BELT DRIVE" on page 4-79.

### 9. Tighten:

- Engine bracket nut (front upper side) "3"
- Engine cross-member bracket bolts "5"
- Engine mounting nut (front upper side) "7"

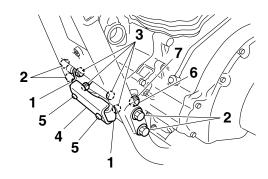


Engine bracket nut (front upper side)

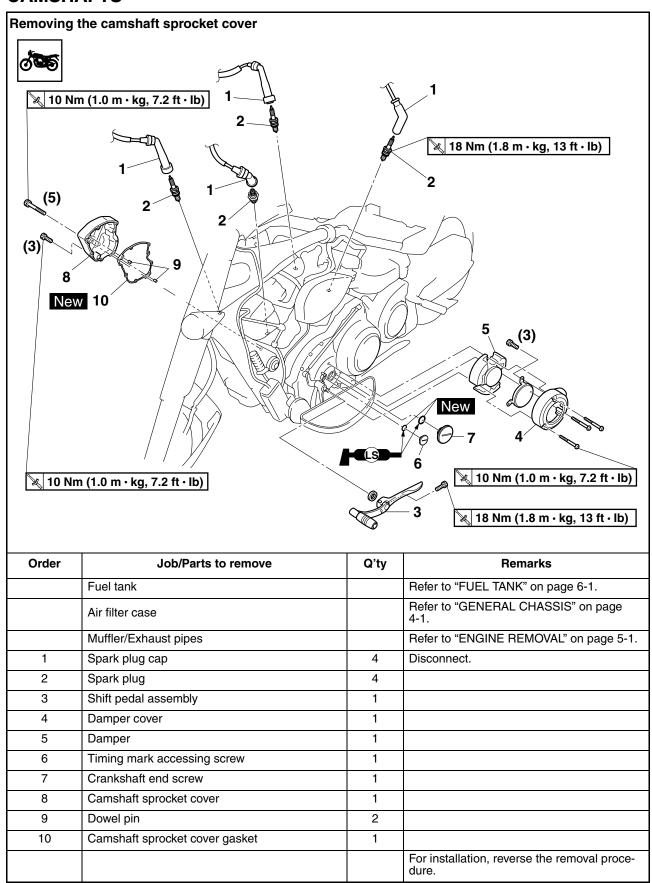
53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb) Engine cross-member bracket bolt

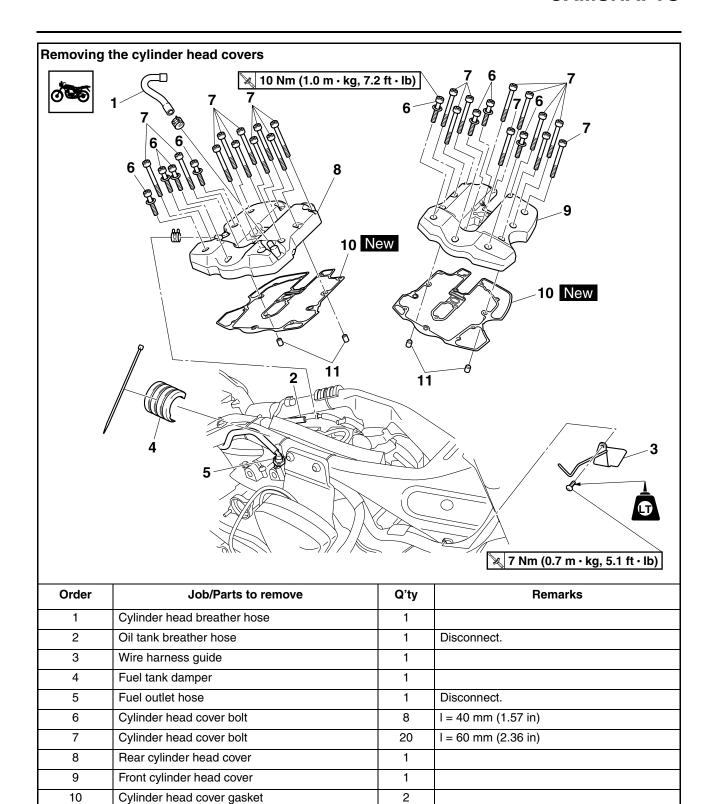
30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb) Engine mounting nut (front upper side)

98 Nm (9.8 m·kg, 71 ft·lb)



## **CAMSHAFTS**



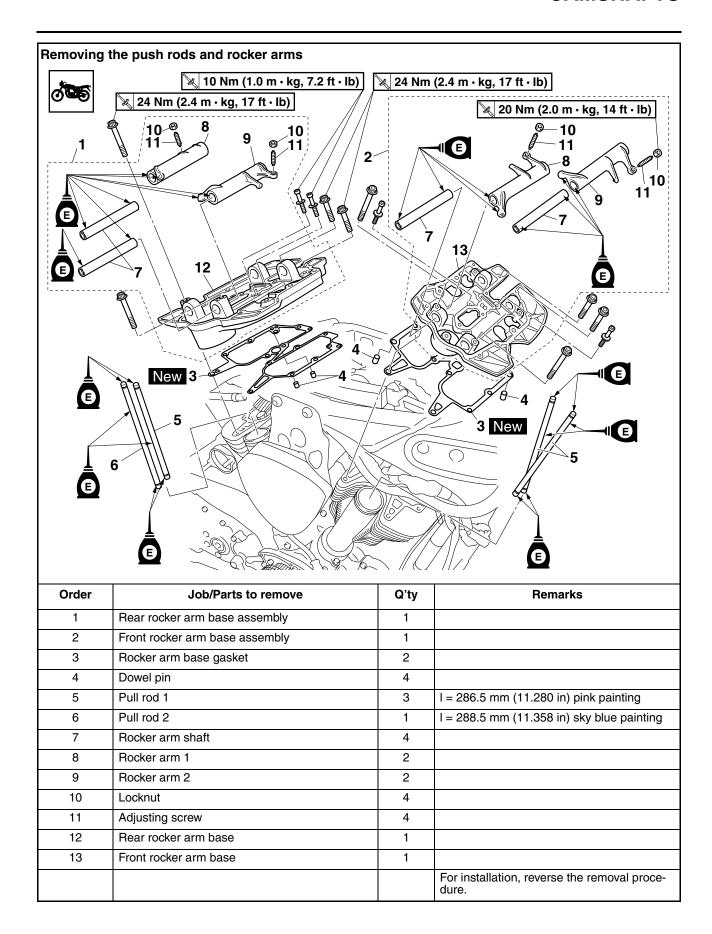


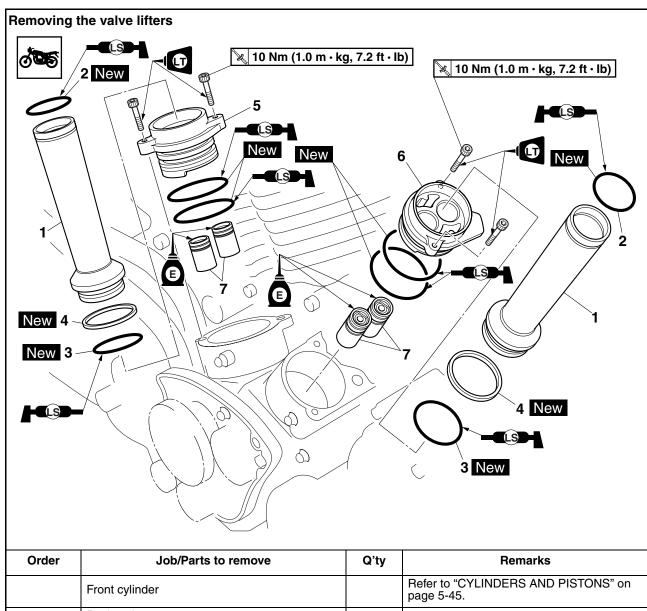
4

For installation, reverse the removal proce-

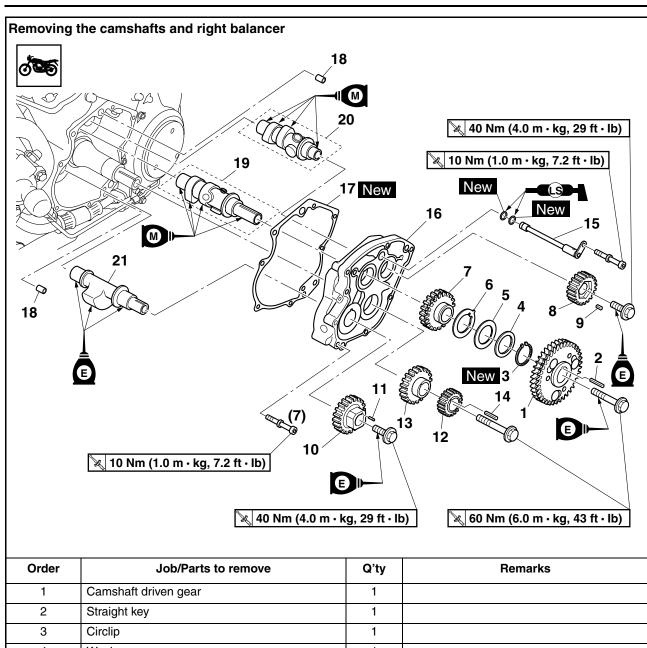
11

Dowel pin

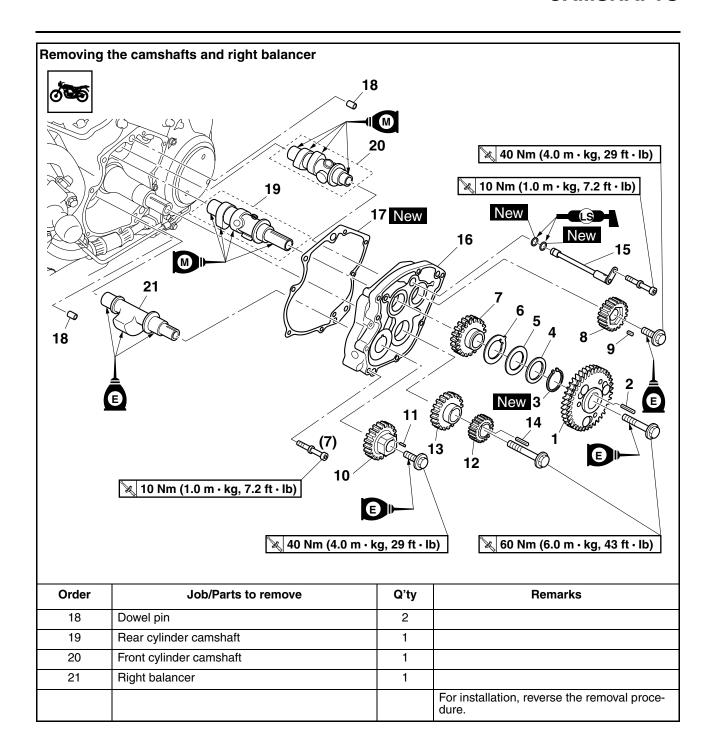


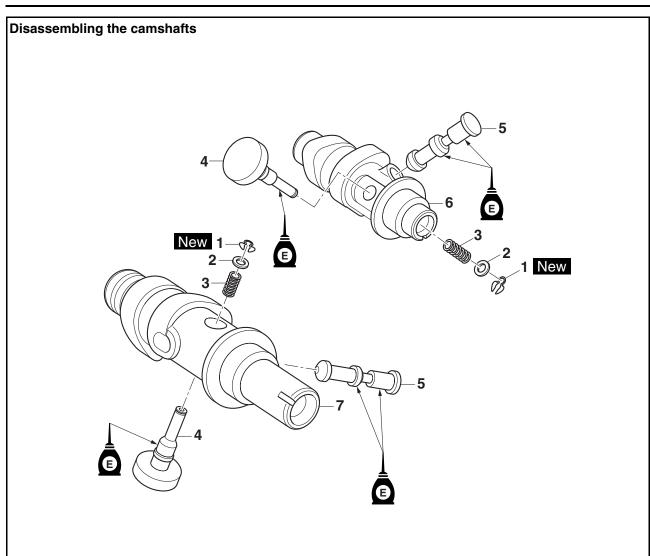


| Order | Job/Parts to remove     | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|-------------------------|------|--|
|       | Front cylinder          |      | Refer to "CYLINDERS AND PISTONS" on page 5-45.   |
| 1     | Push rod cover          | 2    |  |
| 2     | O-ring                  | 2    |  |
| 3     | O-ring                  | 2    |  |
| 4     | Seal                    | 2    |  |
| 5     | Rear valve lifter case  | 1    |  |
| 6     | Front valve lifter case | 1    |  |
| 7     | Valve lifter            | 4    |  |
|       |                         |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |



| Order | Job/Parts to remove          | Q'ty | Remarks |
|-------|------------------------------|------|---------|
| 1     | Camshaft driven gear         | 1    |         |
| 2     | Straight key                 | 1    |         |
| 3     | Circlip                      | 1    |         |
| 4     | Washer                       | 1    |         |
| 5     | Conical spring washer        | 1    |         |
| 6     | Washer                       | 1    |         |
| 7     | Rear cylinder camshaft gear  | 1    |         |
| 8     | Front cylinder camshaft gear | 1    |         |
| 9     | Straight key                 | 1    |         |
| 10    | Right balancer driven gear   | 1    |         |
| 11    | Straight key                 | 1    |         |
| 12    | Camshaft drive gear          | 1    |         |
| 13    | Right balancer drive gear    | 1    |         |
| 14    | Straight key                 | 1    |         |
| 15    | Oil delivery pipe 1          | 1    |         |
| 16    | Camshaft cover               | 1    |         |
| 17    | Camshaft cover gasket        | 1    |         |





| Order | Job/Parts to remove      | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|--------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Circlip                  | 2    |  |
| 2     | Washer                   | 2    |  |
| 3     | Decompression cam spring | 2    |  |
| 4     | Decompression cam        | 2    |  |
| 5     | Decompression pin        | 2    |  |
| 6     | Front cylinder camshaft  | 1    |  |
| 7     | Rear cylinder camshaft   | 1    |  |
|       |                          |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |

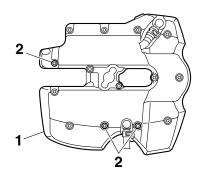
ET1D71030

#### REMOVING THE CYLINDER HEAD COVERS

- 1. Remove:
- Front cylinder
- Rear cylinder "1"

NOTE:

Due to the small clearance between the frame and the rear cylinder head cover, the three bolts "2" cannot be removed when the cover is in place. Loosen the bolts, and then remove the cover from the right side of the vehicle, making sure that the bolts do not scratch the rocker arms or other engine parts.



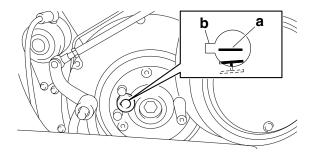
#### EAS23790

# REMOVING THE ROCKER ARMS, PUSH RODS AND VALVE LIFTERS

- 1. Alian:
- TDC mark "a" on the crankshaft position sensor rotor

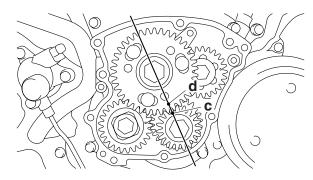
(with the pointer "b" on the clutch cover)

- a. Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.
- b. When piston #1 is at TDC on the compression stroke, align the TDC mark "a" on the crankshaft position sensor rotor with the pointer "b" on the clutch cover.



c. Check the camshaft drive gear mark "c" position and camshaft driven gear mark "d" position as shown.

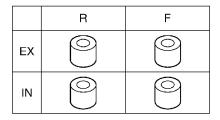
If the marks are not aligned, turn the crankshaft counterclockwise 360 degrees and recheck step (b).

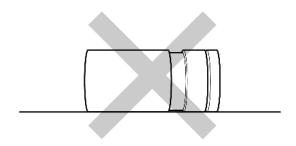


- 2. Remove:
- Rocker arm bases (with the rocker arms)
- 3. Remove:
  - Valve lifters

NOTE: \_

Make a note of the position of each valve lifter so that they can be installed in the correct place.





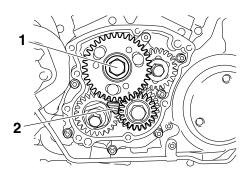
#### EAS2383

# REMOVING THE CAMSHAFTS

- 1. Loosen:
- Camshaft driven gear bolt "1"

#### NOTE: \_

- Place a folded copper washer "2" between the teeth of the camshaft drive gear and camshaft driven gear in order to lock them.
- Do not damage the teeth of the camshaft drive and camshaft driven gears.



#### 2. Remove:

- Camshaft driven gear
- Straight key

#### NOTE:

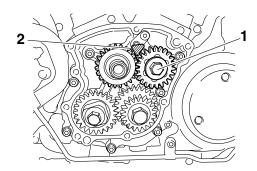
Cover the crankcase hole with a clean rag to prevent the straight key from falling into the crankcase.

#### 3. Loosen:

• Front cylinder camshaft gear bolt "1"

#### NOTF:

- Place a folded copper washer "2" between the teeth of the front cylinder camshaft gear and rear cylinder camshaft gear in order to lock them.
- Do not damage the teeth of the front cylinder camshaft and rear cylinder camshaft gears.



### 4. Remove:

- Rear cylinder camshaft gear
- Front cylinder camshaft gear
- Straight key

#### NOTE:

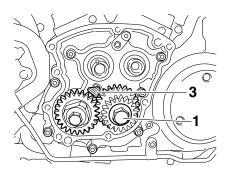
Cover the crankcase hole with a clean rag to prevent the straight key from falling into the crankcase.

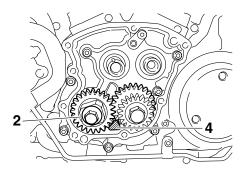
### 5. Loosen:

- Camshaft drive gear bolt "1"
- Right balancer driven gear bolt "2"

#### NOTE: \_

- Place a folded copper washer "3" between the teeth of the right balancer drive gear and right balancer driven gear in order to lock them.
- Place a folded copper washer "4" between the teeth of the right balancer drive gear and right balancer driven gear in order to lock them.
- Do not damage the teeth of the right balancer drive and right balancer driven gears.





# 6. Remove:

- Right balancer driven gear
- Camshaft drive gear
- Right balancer drive gear
- Straight keys

#### NOTE: \_

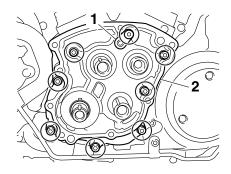
Cover the crankcase hole with a clean rag to prevent the straight keys from falling into the crankcase.

#### 7. Remove:

- Oil delivery pipe 1 "1"
- Camshaft cover "2"

#### NOTF:

Loosen each bolt 1/4 of a turn at a time, in stages and in a crisscross pattern. After all of the bolts are fully loosened, remove them.



#### **CHECKING THE CAMSHAFTS**

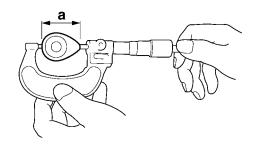
Limit

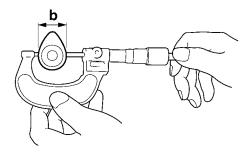
- 1. Check:
- Cam
   Blue discoloration/pitting/scratches → Replace the camshaft.
- 2. Measure:
  - Cam dimensions A "a" and B "b"
     Out of specification → Replace the camshaft.



Camshaft lobe dimensions Intake A 42.532-42.632 mm (1.6745-1.6784 in) Limit 42.432 mm (1.6705 in) Intake B 35.950-36.050 mm (1.4154-1.4193 in) Limit 35.850 mm (1.4114 in) Exhaust A 42.530-42.630 mm (1.6744-1.6783 in) (cylinder #1) 42.531-42.631 mm (1.6744-1.6784 in) (cylinder #2) Limit 42.430 mm (1.6705 in) (cylinder 42.431 mm (1.6705 in) (cylinder #2) Exhaust B 35.950-36.050 mm (1.4154-1.4193 in)

35.850 mm (1.4114 in)



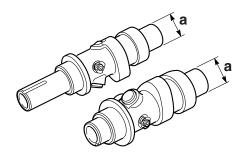


- 3. Measure:
- Camshaft journal diameter (crankcase side) "a"

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace the camshaft.



Camshaft journal diameter (crankcase side) 24.957–24.980 mm (0.9826– 0.9835 in)

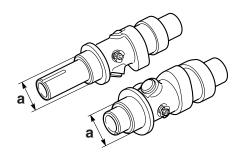


- 4. Measure:
- Camshaft journal diameter (camshaft cover side) "a"

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace the camshaft.



Camshaft journal diameter (camshaft cover side) 27.957–27.980 mm (1.1007–1.1016 in)

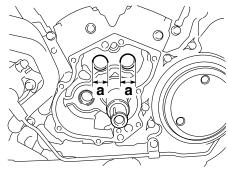


#### 5. Measure:

Crankcase hole inside diameter "a"
 Out of specification → Replace the crankcase.



Crankcase hole inside diameter 25.000–25.021 mm (0.9843– 0.9851 in)



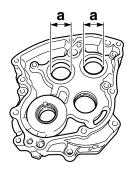
#### 6. Measure:

Camshaft cover hole inside diameter "a"
 Out of specification → Replace the camshaft cover.



Camshaft cover hole inside diameter

28.000–28.021 mm (1.1024–1.1032 in)



#### 7. Calculate:

Camshaft-to-crankcase clearance
 Out of specification → Replace the defective
 part(s).

#### NOTE: \_\_\_\_

Calculate the clearance by subtracting the camshaft journal diameter (crankcase side) from the crankcase hole inside diameter.



Camshaft to crankcase clearance 0.020-0.064 mm (0.0008-0.0025 in)

#### 8. Calculate:

Camshaft to camshaft cover clearance
 Out of specification → Replace the defective
 part(s).

#### NOTE: \_

Calculate the clearance by subtracting the camshaft journal diameter (camshaft cover side) from the camshaft cover hole inside diameter.



Camshaft to camshaft cover clearance 0.020-0.064 mm (0.0008-0.0025 in)

#### 9. Check:

- Camshaft drive gears
- Camshaft driven gears
- Front cylinder camshaft gears
- Rear cylinder camshaft gears
   Chips/pitting/roughness/wear → Replace the defective part(s).

EAS2389

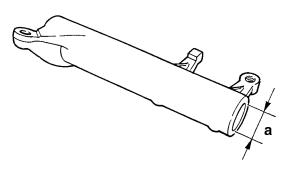
# CHECKING THE ROCKER ARMS AND ROCKER ARM SHAFTS

The following procedure applies to all of the rocker arms and rocker arm shafts.

- 1. Check:
- Rocker arm
   Damage/wear → Replace.
- 2. Check:
  - Rocker arm shaft Blue discoloration/excessive wear/pitting/ scratches → Replace or check the lubrication system.
- 3. Measure:
- Rocker arm inside diameter "a"
   Out of specification → Replace.



Rocker arm inside diameter 18.000–18.018 mm (0.7087– 0.7094 in)

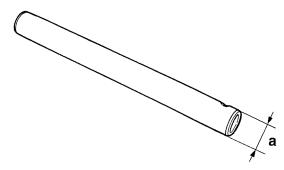


- 4. Measure:
- Rocker arm shaft outside diameter "a"
   Out of specification → Replace.



Rocker arm shaft outside diameter

17.976–17.991 mm (0.7077–0.7083 in)



- 5. Calculate:
  - Rocker arm to rocker arm shaft clearance

#### NOTE:

Calculate the clearance by subtracting the rocker arm shaft outside diameter from the rocker arm inside diameter.

Above 0.08 mm (0.003 in)  $\rightarrow$  Replace the defective part(s).



Rocker-arm-to-rocker-arm-shaft clearance

0.009-0.042 mm (0.0004-0.0017 in)

EAS23900

#### **CHECKING THE ROCKER ARM BASES**

- 1. Check:
- Rocker arm base Cracks/damage → Replace.

EAS23910

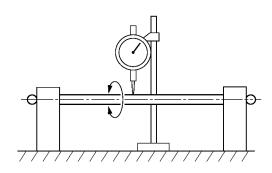
### **CHECKING THE PUSH RODS**

- 1. Check:
- Push rod

- Push rod end Bends/damage → Replace.
- 2. Measure:
  - Push rod runout
     Out of specification → Replace.



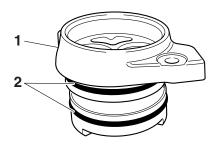
Valve push rod runout 0.3 mm (0.012 in)



EAS2392

# CHECKING THE VALVE LIFTERS AND VALVE LIFTER CASES

- 1. Check:
  - Valve lifter Blue discoloration/excessive wear/pitting/ scratches → Replace and check the lubrication system.
- 2. Check:
- Valve lifter case "1"
   Damage/wear → Replace the valve lifter case
- O-rings "2" Damage/wear → Replace the O-ring.



- 3. Measure:
- Valve lifter outside diameter "a"
   Out of specification → Replace.

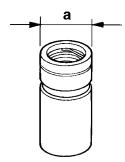


Valve lifter outside diameter (intake)

22.962-22.974 mm (0.9040-0.9045 in)

Valve lifter outside diameter (exhaust)

22.962-22.974 mm (0.9040-0.9045 in)



#### 4. Measure:

Valve lifter case inside diameter "a"
 Out of specification → Replace.

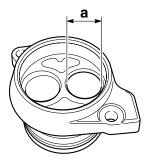


Valve lifter hole inside diameter (intake)

23.000–23.021 mm (0.9055– 0.9063 in)

Valve lifter hole inside diameter (exhaust)

23.000–23.021 mm (0.9055– 0.9063 in)



#### 5. Calculate:

Valve lifter-to-valve lifter case clearance

#### NOTE:

Calculate the clearance by subtracting the valve lifter outside diameter from the valve lifter case inside diameter.

Above 0.072 mm (0.0028 in)  $\rightarrow$  Replace the defective part(s).



Valve-lifter-to-valve-lifter-hole clearance

0.026-0.059 mm (0.0010-0.0023 in)

FAS2393

#### CHECKING THE PUSH ROD COVER

- 1. Check:
- Push rod cover Cranks/damage → Replace.
- Seal
- O-ring

Damage/wear  $\rightarrow$  Replace the seal and Oring as a set.

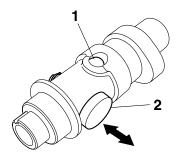
EAS23980

#### **CHECKING THE DECOMPRESSION SYSTEM**

- 1. Check:
  - Decompression system

NOTE: \_

- Check that the decompression pin "1" projects from the camshaft.
- Check that the decompression cam "2" and decompression pin "1" moves smoothly.



#### 2. Check:

- Decompression cam
- Decompression pin
   Damage/wear → Replace.

ET1D7103

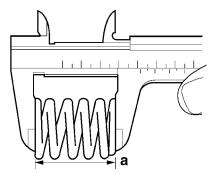
# CHECKING THE DECOMPRESSION CAM SPRING

The following procedure applies to all of the decompression cam springs.

- 1. Measure:
- Decompression cam spring free length "a"
   Out of specification → Replace the decompression cam spring.



Decompression cam spring Free length 20.0 mm (0.79 in) Limit 19.0 mm (0.75 in)



#### 2. Measure:

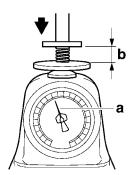
 Compressed decompression cam spring force "a"

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace the decompression cam spring.



Decompression cam spring Installed compression spring force

0.1335-0.1631 N (0.0300-0.0367 lb) (0.0136-0.0166 kgf) Installed length 8.0 mm (0.31 in)



b. Installed length

#### EAS23990

# **CHECKING THE OIL DELIVERY PIPE**

- 1. Check:
- Oil delivery pipe 1
   Damage → Replace.
   Obstruction → Wash and blow out with compressed air.
- O-rings
   Damage/wear → Replace.

#### EAS2403

#### **INSTALLING THE CAMSHAFTS**

- 1. Install:
- Camshafts

#### NOTE: \_

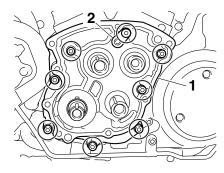
Lubricate molybdenum disulfide oil onto the camshaft journals and lobes.

#### 2. Install:

- Camshaft cover 1 "1"
- Oil delivery pipe 1 "2"

#### NOTE: \_

Tighten the camshaft cover bolts in stages and in a crisscross pattern.

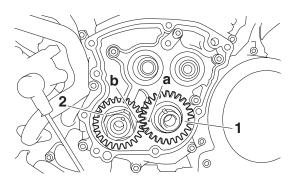


#### 3. Install:

- Straight keys
- Right balancer drive gear "1"
- Right balancer driven gear "2"
- Camshaft driven gear

#### NOTE: \_

- Cover the crankcase hole with a clean rag to prevent the straight keys from falling into the crankcase.
- Align the punch mark "a" on the right balancer drive gear "1" with the punch mark "b" on the right balancer driven gear "2".



#### 4. Tighten:

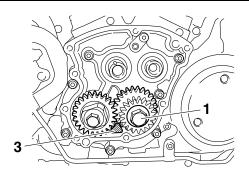
- Camshaft drive gear bolt "1"
- Right balancer driven gear bolt "2"

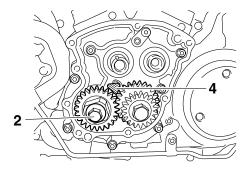


Camshaft drive gear bolt 60 Nm (6.0 m·kg, 43 ft·lb) Right balancer driven gear bolt 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)

#### NOTE: \_

- Lubricate the camshaft drive gear bolt and right balancer driven gear bolt threads with engine oil.
- Place a folded copper washer "3" between the teeth of the right balancer drive gear and right balancer driven gear in order to lock them.
- Place a folded copper washer "4" between the teeth of the right balancer drive gear and right balancer driven gear in order to lock them.
- Do not damage the teeth of the right balancer drive and right balancer driven gears.
- After tightening the camshaft driven gear bolt, remove the copper washer to clean the teeth of the right balancer drive gear and right balancer driven gear.



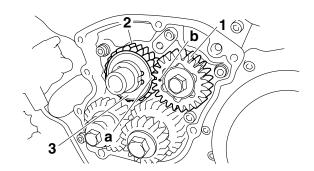


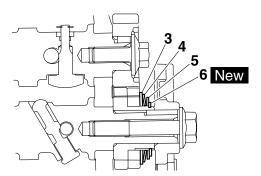
#### 5. Install:

- Rear cylinder camshaft gear "1"
- Front cylinder camshaft gear "2"
- Washer "3"
- Conical spring washer "4"
- Washer "5"
- Circlip "6" New

#### NOTE: \_

- Align the projection "a" on the washer "3" with the punch mark "b" on the front cylinder camshaft gear.
- Install the conical spring washer "4" as shown in the illustration.
- Lubricate the front cylinder camshaft gear bolt threads with engine oil.





#### 6. Tighten:

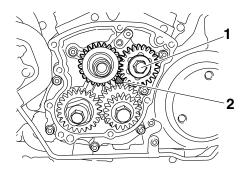
• Front cylinder camshaft gear bolt "1"



Front cylinder camshaft gear bolt 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)

#### NOTE: \_

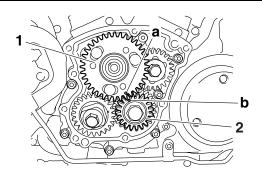
- Place a folded copper washer "2" between the teeth of the front cylinder camshaft gear and rear cylinder camshaft gear in order to lock them.
- Do not damage the teeth of the front cylinder camshaft and rear cylinder camshaft gears.
- After tightening the front cylinder camshaft gear bolt, remove the copper washer to clean the teeth of the front cylinder camshaft and rear cylinder camshaft gears.

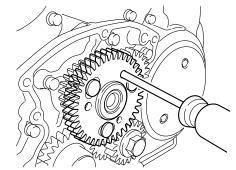


- 7. Install:
  - Straight key
  - Camshaft driven gear "1"

#### NOTE: \_

- Cover the crankcase hole with a clean rag to prevent the straight key from falling into the crankcase.
- Align the punch mark "a" on the camshaft driven gear "1" with the punch mark "b" on the camshaft drive gear "2".
- Insert a cross-headed screwdriver into one of the holes in the outer camshaft driven gear and rotate the gear until the teeth of both driven gears are aligned. The teeth of both camshaft driven gears must be aligned for installation.





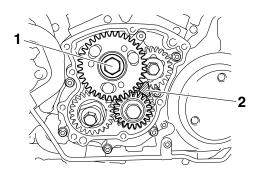
- 8. Tighten:
  - Camshaft driven gear bolt "1"



Camshaft driven gear bolt 60 Nm (6.0 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)

#### NOTE: \_

- Place a folded copper washer "2" between the teeth of the camshaft drive gear and camshaft driven gear in order to lock them.
- Do not damage the teeth of the camshaft drive and camshaft driven gears.
- After tightening the camshaft driven gear bolt, remove the copper washer to clean the teeth of the camshaft drive and camshaft driven gears.



#### EAS24050

#### **BLEEDING A VALVE LIFTER**

A valve lifter must be bled in the following cases.

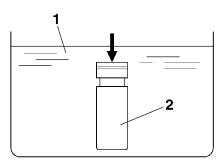
- When installing a new valve lifter
- When the valve lifter leaks oil
- 1. Bleed:
- Valve lifter

 a. Fill a container with kerosene and place the valve lifter into the container as shown.
 Pump the plunger side of the valve lifter with a press a number of times to let in kerosene.

# ECA146

#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not pump the valve lifter excessively.
- Kerosene is highly flammable.



- 1. Kerosene
- 2. Valve lifter
- b. Install the valve lifter into the engine.

ECA14650

#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to install the valve lifter in its appropriate position.

- c. Start the engine and warm it up.
- d. Stop the engine.
- e. Remove the camshaft sprocket cover.
- f. Rotate the camshaft until the punch mark "1" on the camshaft driven gear aligns with the punch mark on the camshaft drive gear as shown. This is the condition in which piston #1 is at top dead center (TDC).

#### NOTE: \_

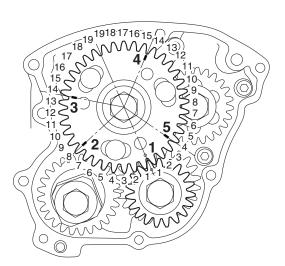
The crankshaft can be rotated smoothly when the spark plugs are removed.

EWA12880

# **WARNING**

# Be careful since the engine is hot.

g. With piston #1 at TDC, count the indicated number of gear teeth and place marks "2" through "5" on the camshaft driven gear as shown. When these marks align between the centers of the camshaft drive and driven gears, the corresponding valve lifter is at its highest point.

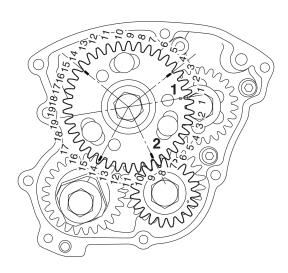


- 1. Piston #1 TDC punch mark
- 2. Cylinder #2 intake valve at its highest point
- 3. Cylinder #1 exhaust valve at its highest point
- 4. Cylinder #1 intake valve at its highest point
- 5. Cylinder #2 exhaust valve at its highest point

h. Rotate the crankshaft until the mark (on the camshaft driven gear) for the valve lifter to be bled aligns with the camshaft drive gear as shown.

# Example:

For bleeding the cylinder #2 intake valve lifter, align mark "2" as shown.



- 1. Piston #1 TDC punch mark
- 2. Cylinder #2 intake valve at its highest point
- Leave the camshaft drive and driven gears aligned for five minutes to allow the valve lifter to bleed.
- j. If necessary, repeat steps (h) and (i) to bleed other valve lifters.

EAS2406

# **INSTALLING THE VALVE LIFTERS**

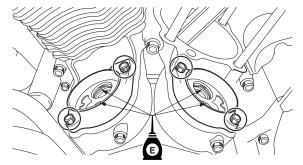
- 1. Install:
- Front valve lifter case
- · Rear valve lifter case
- Valve lifters



Valve lifter case bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

#### NOTE:

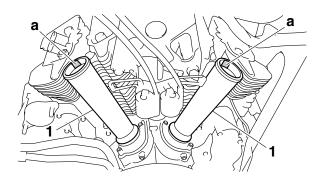
- Install the valve lifter in the correct place.
- After installing the valve lifters, fill the tops of them with engine oil.



- 2. Install:
  - Push rod covers "1"

NOTE: \_

Install the push rod covers so that their paint marks "a" are facing towards the cylinder heads.



EAS24070

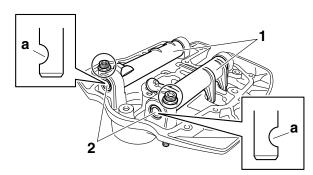
# INSTALLING THE ROCKER ARMS AND PUSH RODS

The following procedure applies to both cylinders.

- 1. Install:
- Rocker arms "1"
- Rocker arm shafts "2" (onto rocker arm base)

NOTE:

The thread hole "a" of the rocker arm shaft must face to the outside.



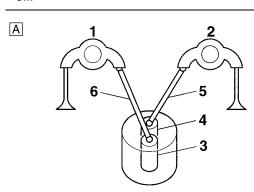
- 2. Install:
  - Rocker arm base (with rocker arms)
  - Push rods

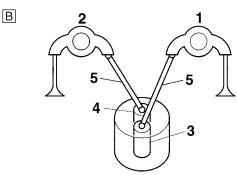
a. Put the rocker arm base on the cylinder head.

b. Install the push rods.

#### NOTE: \_

- Be sure to correctly install the push rods between the rocker arms and valve lifters as shown. The illustration is viewed from the right side of the vehicle.
- The lengths of push rod 1 and push rod 2 are different. Therefore, be sure to install them in the proper position.
- Lubricate the push rod end balls with engine oil.





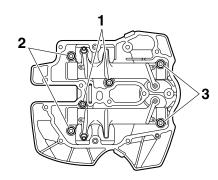
- A. Rear cylinder
- B. Front cylinder
- 1. Exhaust side rocker arm
- 2. Intake side rocker arm
- 3. Exhaust valve lifter
- 4. Intake valve lifter
- 5. Push rod 1 I = 286.5 mm (11.280 in)
- 6. Push rod 2 I = 288.5 mm (11.358 in)
- c. Install the rocker arm base bolts (M6) "1" and rocker arm base bolts (M8) "2" and "3".

NOTE:

Tighten the rocker arm base bolts in stages and in a crisscross pattern.



Rocker arm base bolt (M6) 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Rocker arm base bolt (M8) 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17ft·lb) Bolts "2": I = 45 mm (1.77 in) Bolts "3": I = 70 mm (2.76 in)



EAS24080

# INSTALLING THE CYLINDER HEAD COVERS

- 1. Install:
- Rear cylinder head cover "1"
- Front cylinder head cover "2"

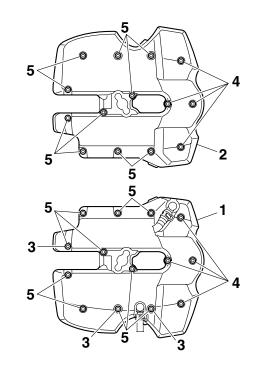
NOTE: \_

Due to the small clearance between the frame and the rear cylinder head cover, the three bolts "3" cannot be installed when the cover is in place. Set the bolts in the cylinder head cover, and then install the cover from the right side of the vehicle.



Cylinder head cover bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

Bolts "4": I = 40 mm (1.57 in) Bolts "5": I = 60 mm (2.36 in)



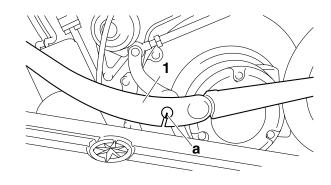
ET1D71032

### **INSTALLING THE SHIFT PEDAL ASSEMBLY**

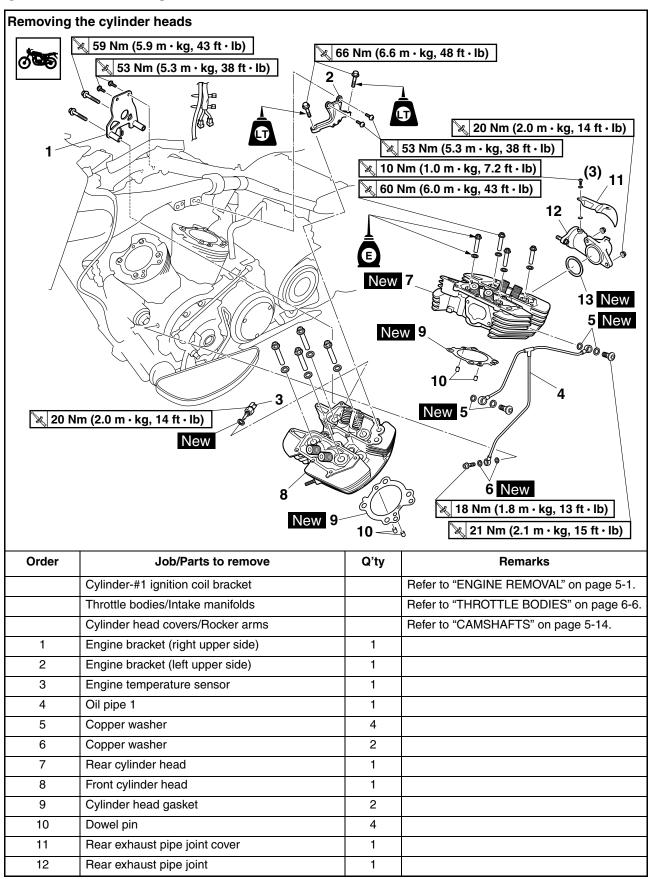
- 1. Install:
- Shift pedal assembly "1"

NOTE:

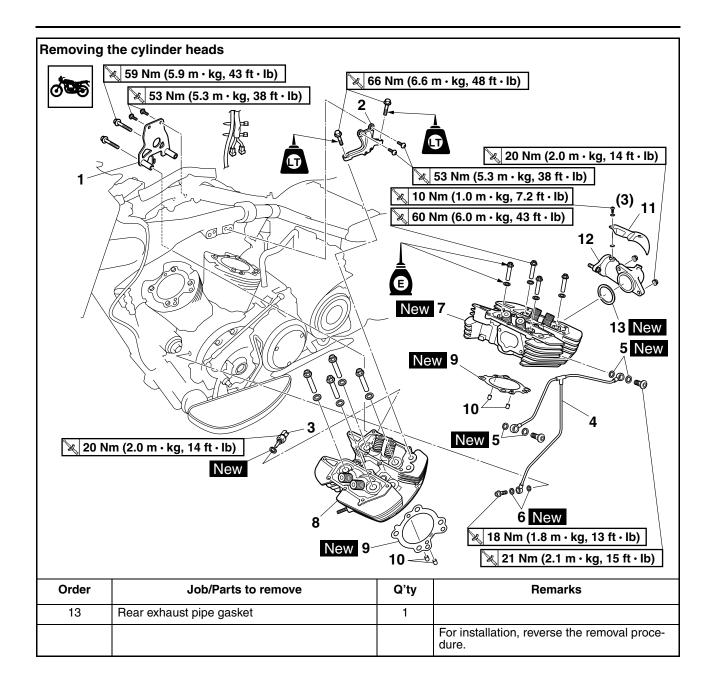
Align the mark "a" on the shift pedal shaft with the slot in the shift pedal.



### CYLINDER HEADS



# **CYLINDER HEADS**



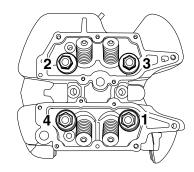
#### REMOVING THE CYLINDER HEADS

- 1. Remove:
- Cylinder head nuts

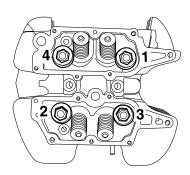
NOTE: \_

- Loosen the nuts in the proper sequence as shown.
- Loosen each nut 1/2 of a turn at a time. After all of the nuts are fully loosened, remove them.

Α



В



- A. Front cylinder
- B. Rear cylinder

EAS24170

# **CHECKING THE CYLINDER HEADS**

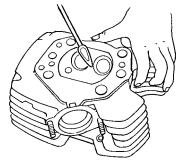
The following procedure applies to all of the cylinder heads.

- 1. Eliminate:
- Combustion chamber carbon deposits (with a rounded scraper)

NOTE: \_

Do not use a sharp instrument to avoid damaging or scratching:

- Spark plug bore threads
- Valve seats



- 2. Check:
  - Cylinder head
     Damage/scratches → Replace.
- 3. Measure:
  - Cylinder head warpage
     Out of specification → Resurface the cylinder head.

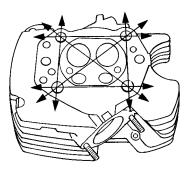


Warpage limit 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

- a. Place a straightedge and a thickness gauge across the cylinder head.
- b. Measure the warpage.
- c. If the limit is exceeded, resurface the cylinder head as follows.
- d. Place a 400–600 grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate and resurface the cylinder head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

NOTE: \_\_

To ensure an even surface, rotate the cylinder head several times.



EAS2422

#### **CHECKING THE OIL PIPE**

- 1. Check:
  - Oil pipe 1

Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

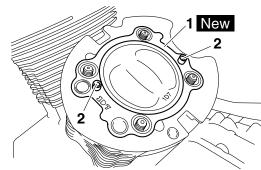
Obstruction  $\rightarrow$  Wash and blow out with compressed air.

### **INSTALLING THE CYLINDER HEADS**

- 1. Install:
- Cylinder head gasket "1" New
- Dowel pins "2"

NOTE:

The "1D7" mark on the cylinder head gasket must face up and towards the left side of the cylinder.



- 2. Install:
- Cylinder heads
- Washers
- Cylinder head nuts

NOTE:

Lubricate the cylinder head nuts and washers with engine oil.

- 3. Tighten:
  - Cylinder head nuts

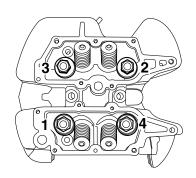


Cylinder head nut 60 Nm (6.0 m·kg, 43 ft·lb)

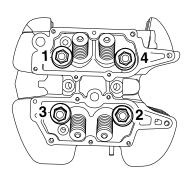
NOTE: \_

Tighten the cylinder head nuts in the proper tightening sequence as shown and torque them in two stages.









- A. Front cylinder
- B. Rear cylinder
- 4. Install:
- Copper washers New
- Oil pipe 1
- Oil pipe union bolt (M8)



Oil pipe union bolt (M8) 18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13ft·lb)

• Oil pipe union bolts (M10)



Oil pipe union bolt (M10) 21 Nm (2.1 m·kg, 15 ft·lb)

#### NOTE: \_

Tighten the three union bolts evenly, and then torque them to specification.

- 5. Install:
  - Engine bracket (right upper side)
  - Engine bracket bolts (right upper side)
  - Engine mounting bolts (right upper side)
  - Engine bracket (left upper side)
  - Engine bracket bolts (left upper side)
  - Engine mounting bolts (left upper side)

#### NOTE:

- Apply locking agent (LOCTITE<sup>®</sup>) to the threads of the engine mounting bolts (left upper side).
- Do not fully tighten the bolts.
- 6. Tighten:
- Engine mounting bolts (right upper side)
- Engine mounting bolts (left upper side)
- Engine bracket bolts (right upper side)
- Engine bracket bolts (left upper side)



Engine mounting bolt (right upper side)

59 Nm (5.9 m·kg, 43 ft·lb) Engine mounting bolt (left upper side)

66 Nm (6.6 m·kg, 48 ft·lb)

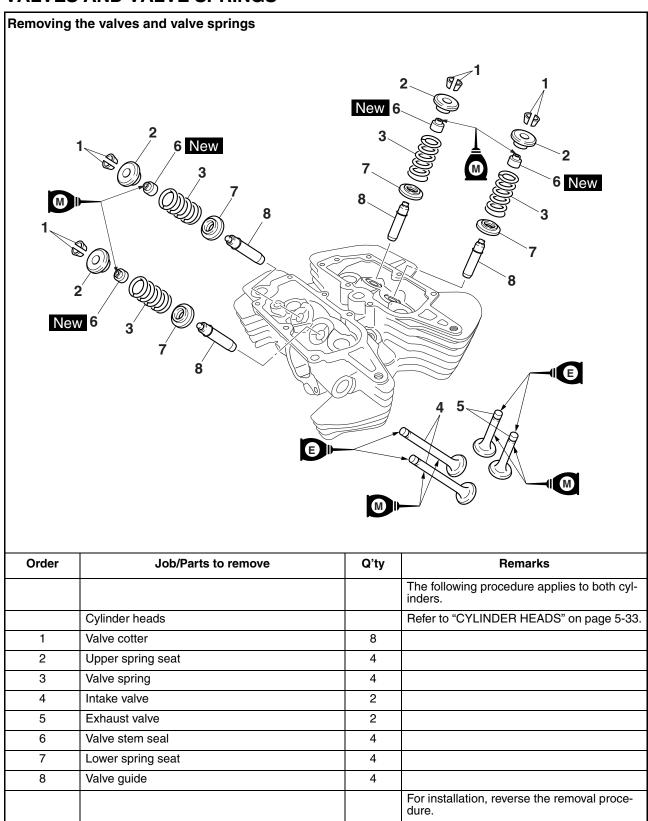
**LOCTITE**®

Engine bracket bolt (right upper side)

53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb) Engine bracket bolt (left upper side)

53 Nm (5.3 m·kg, 38 ft·lb)

# **VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS**



#### REMOVING THE VALVES

The following procedure applies to all of the valves and related components.

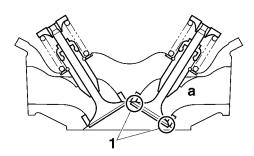
NOTE:

Before removing the internal parts of the cylinder head (e.g., valves, valve springs, valve seats), make sure the valves properly seal.

- 1. Check:
- Valve sealing Leakage at the valve seat → Check the valve face, valve seat, and valve seat width.
   Refer to "CHECKING THE VALVE SEATS" on page 5-41.
- a. Pour a clean solvent "a" into the intake and exhaust ports.
- b. Check that the valves properly seal.

NOTE: \_

There should be no leakage at the valve seat "1".



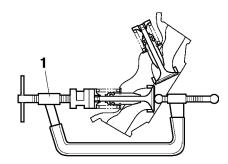
- 2. Remove:
  - Valve cotters

NOTE: \_

Remove the valve cotters by compressing the valve springs with the valve spring compressor set "1".



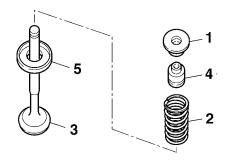
Valve spring compressor 90890-04019 YM-04019



- 3. Remove:
- Upper spring seat "1"
- Valve spring "2"
- Valve "3"
- Valve stem seal "4"
- Lower spring seat "5"

NOTF:

Identify the position of each part very carefully so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.



EAS24290

# CHECKING THE VALVES AND VALVE GUIDES

The following procedure applies to all of the valves and valve guides.

- 1. Measure:
- Valve-stem-to-valve-guide clearance
   Out of specification → Replace the valve
   quide.
- Valve-stem-to-valve-guide clearance = Valve guide inside diameter "a" -Valve stem diameter "b"

# **VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS**

Valve-stem-to-valve-guide clearance (intake)

0.010-0.037 mm (0.0004-0.0015 in)

Limit

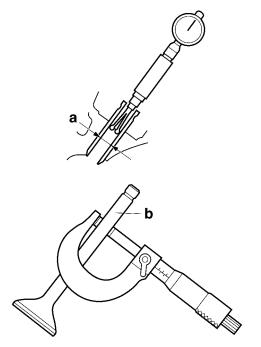
0.080 mm (0.0032 in)

Valve-stem-to-valve-guide clearance (exhaust)

0.025-0.052 mm (0.0010-0.0020 in)

Limit

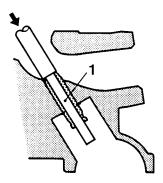
0.100 mm (0.0039 in)



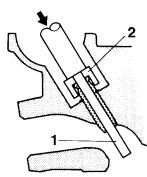
- 2. Replace:
  - Valve guide

To ease valve guide removal and installation, and to maintain the correct fit, heat the cylinder head to 100 °C (212 °F) in an oven.

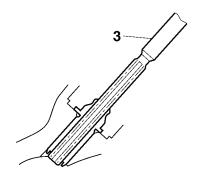
a. Remove the valve guide with the valve guide remover "1".



b. Install the new valve guide with the valve guide installer "2" and valve guide remover "1".



c. After installing the valve guide, bore the valve guide with the valve guide reamer "3" to obtain the proper valve-stem-to-valve-guide clearance.



NOTE:

After replacing the valve guide, reface the valve seat.



Valve quide remover (ø6) 90890-04064

Valve guide remover (6.0 mm) YM-04064-A

Valve guide installer (ø6)

90890-04065

Valve guide installer (6.0 mm) YM-04065-A

Valve guide reamer (ø6)

90890-04066 Valve guide reamer (6.0 mm)

YM-04066

# 

- 3. Eliminate:
  - Carbon deposits (from the valve face and valve seat)
- 4. Check:
- Valve face

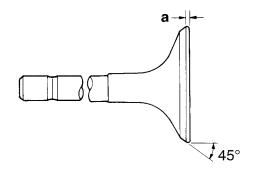
Pitting/wear  $\rightarrow$  Grind the valve face.

# **VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS**

- Valve stem end Mushroom shape or diameter larger than the body of the valve stem → Replace the valve.
- 5. Measure:
  - Valve margin thickness D "a"
     Out of specification → Replace the valve.



Valve margin thickness D (intake) 1.15–1.45 mm (0.0453–0.0571 in) Limit 0.4 mm (0.02 in) Valve margin thickness D (exhaust) 1.15–1.45 mm (0.0453–0.0571 in) Limit 0.4 mm (0.02 in)



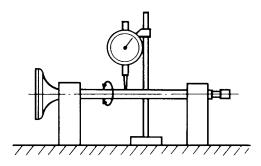
- 6. Measure:
  - Valve stem runout
     Out of specification → Replace the valve.

#### NOTE:

- When installing a new valve, always replace the valve guide.
- If the valve is removed or replaced, always replace the valve stem seal.



Valve stem runout 0.010 mm (0.0004 in)



#### EAS24300

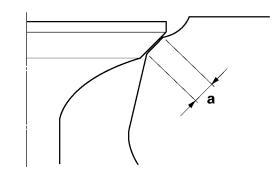
#### **CHECKING THE VALVE SEATS**

The following procedure applies to all of the valves and valve seats.

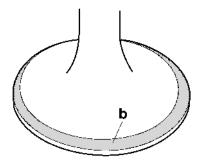
- 1. Eliminate:
- Carbon deposits
   (from the valve face and valve seat)
- 2. Check:
  - Valve seat
     Pitting/wear → Replace the cylinder head.
- 3. Measure:
  - Valve seat width C "a"
     Out of specification → Replace the cylinder head



Valve seat width C (intake)
1.10–1.30 mm (0.0433–0.0512 in)
Limit
2.0 mm (0.08 in)
Valve seat width C (exhaust)
1.10–1.30 mm (0.0433–0.0512 in)
Limit
2.0 mm (0.08 in)



a. Apply Mechanic's blueing dye (Dykem) "b" onto the valve face.



- b. Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- c. Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear impression.
- d. Measure the valve seat width.

#### NOTE:

Where the valve seat and valve face contacted one another, the blueing will have been removed.

- 4. Lap:
- Valve face
- Valve seat

#### NOTE

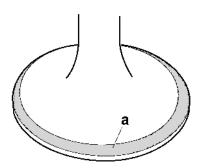
After replacing the cylinder head or replacing the valve and valve guide, the valve seat and valve face should be lapped.

 Apply a coarse lapping compound "a" to the valve face.

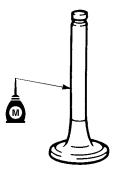
ECA13790

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not let the lapping compound enter the gap between the valve stem and the valve guide.



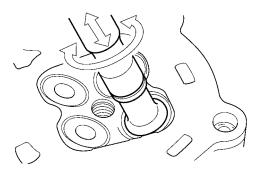
b. Apply molybdenum disulfide oil onto the valve stem.



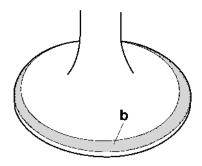
- c. Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- d. Turn the valve until the valve face and valve seat are evenly polished, then clean off all of the lapping compound.

#### NOTE:

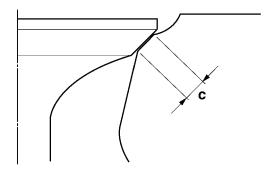
For the best lapping results, lightly tap the valve seat while rotating the valve back and forth between your hands.



- e. Apply a fine lapping compound to the valve face and repeat the above steps.
- f. After every lapping procedure, be sure to clean off all of the lapping compound from the valve face and valve seat.
- g. Apply Mechanic's blueing dye (Dykem) "b" onto the valve face.



- h. Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear impression
- Measure the valve seat width "c" again. If the valve seat width is out of specification, reface and lap the valve seat.



EAS2431

### **CHECKING THE VALVE SPRINGS**

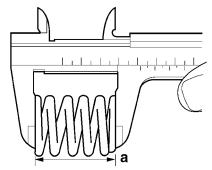
The following procedure applies to all of the valve springs.

- 1. Measure:
- Valve spring free length "a"
   Out of specification → Replace the valve spring.

# **VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS**



Free length (intake) 46.71 mm (1.84 in) Limit 44.71 mm (1.76 in) Free length (exhaust) 46.71 mm (1.84 in) Limit 44.71 mm (1.76 in)

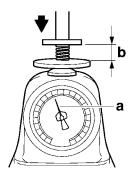


#### 2. Measure:

Compressed valve spring force "a"
 Out of specification → Replace the valve spring.



Installed compression spring force (intake)
217.00–249.00 N (48.78–55.98 lb) (22.13–25.39 kgf)
Installed compression spring force (exhaust)
217.00–249.00 N (48.78–55.98 lb) (22.13–25.39 kgf)
Installed length (intake)
32.66 mm (1.29 in)
Installed length (exhaust)
32.66 mm (1.29 in)



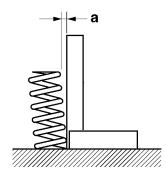
b. Installed length

#### 3. Measure:

Valve spring tilt "a"
 Out of specification → Replace the valve spring.



Spring tilt (intake) 2.5 °/2.0 mm Spring tilt (exhaust) 2.5 °/2.0 mm

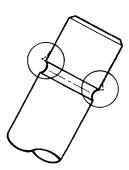


#### EAS24340

#### **INSTALLING THE VALVES**

The following procedure applies to all of the valves and related components.

- 1. Deburr:
- Valve stem end (with an oil stone)

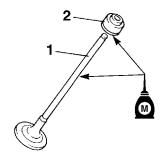


#### 2. Lubricate:

- Valve stem "1"
- Valve stem seal "2" (with the recommended lubricant)



Recommended lubricant Molybdenum disulfide oil



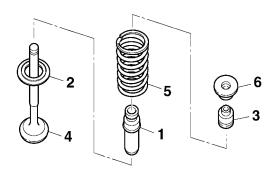
- 3. Install:
  - Valve guide "1"

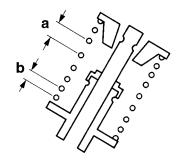
# **VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS**

- Lower spring seat "2"
- Valve stem seal "3"
- Valve "4"
- Valve spring "5"
- Upper spring seat "6" (into the cylinder head)

#### NOTE:

- Make sure each valve is installed in its original place.
- Install the valve springs with the larger pitch "a" facing up.





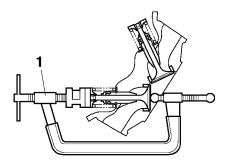
- b. Smaller pitch
- 4. Install:
  - Valve cotters

#### NOTE: \_

Install the valve cotters by compressing the valve springs with the valve spring compressor set "1".



Valve spring compressor 90890-04019 YM-04019

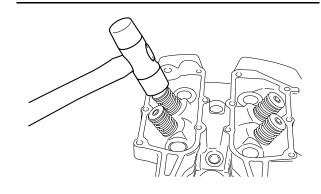


5. To secure the valve cotters onto the valve stem, lightly tap the valve tip with a soft-face hammer.

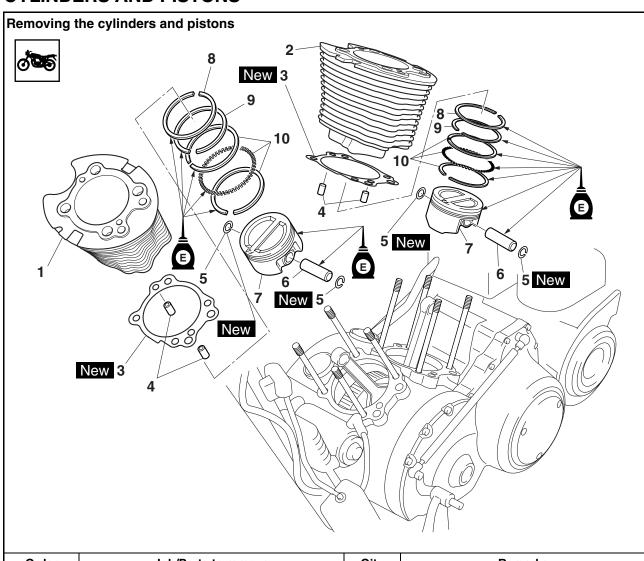
ECA13800

# **CAUTION:**

Hitting the valve tip with excessive force could damage the valve.



# CYLINDERS AND PISTONS



| Order | Job/Parts to remove | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---------------------|------|--|
|       | Cylinder heads      |      | Refer to "CYLINDER HEADS" on page 5-33.          |
| 1     | Front cylinder      | 1    |  |
| 2     | Rear cylinder       | 1    |  |
| 3     | Cylinder gasket     | 2    |  |
| 4     | Dowel pin           | 4    |  |
| 5     | Circlip             | 4    |  |
| 6     | Piston pin          | 2    |  |
| 7     | Piston              | 2    |  |
| 8     | Top ring            | 2    |  |
| 9     | 2nd ring            | 2    |  |
| 10    | Oil ring            | 2    |  |
|       |                     |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |

### **REMOVING THE PISTON**

- 1. Remove:
- Piston pin clips "1"
- Piston pin "2"
- Piston "3"

ECA13810

### **CAUTION:**

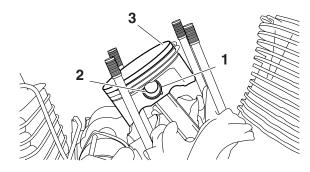
Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.

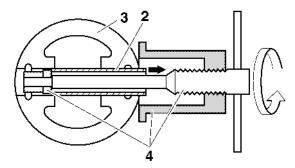
#### NOTE: \_

- Before removing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase opening with a clean rag to prevent the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.
- For reference during installation, put an identification mark on each piston crown.
- Before removing the piston pin, deburr the piston pin clip's groove and the piston's pin bore area. If both areas are deburred and the piston pin is still difficult to remove, remove it with the piston pin puller set "4".



Piston pin puller set 90890-01304 Piston pin puller YU-01304

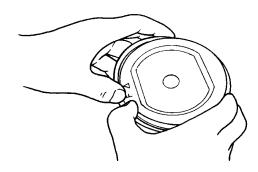




- 2. Remove:
  - Top ring
  - 2nd ring
  - Oil ring

#### NOTE: \_\_\_

When removing a piston ring, open the end gap with your fingers and lift the other side of the ring over the piston crown.



EAS24410

#### **CHECKING THE CYLINDERS AND PISTONS**

The following procedure applies to all of the cylinders and pistons.

- 1. Check:
- Piston wall
- Cylinder wall
   Vertical scratches → Rebore or replace the
   cylinder, and replace the piston and piston
   rings as a set.
- 2. Measure:
- Piston-to-cylinder clearance

 a. Measure cylinder bore "C" with the cylinder bore gauge.

#### NOTE:

Measure cylinder bore "C" by taking side-to-side and front-to-back measurements of the cylinder. Then, find the average of the measurements.



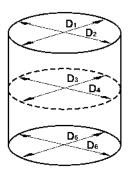
Bore 100.000–100.010 mm (3.9370– 3.9374 in) Taper limit 0.050 mm (0.0020 in) Out of round limit 0.050 mm (0.0020 in)

"C" = maximum of  $D_1 - D_6$ 

"T" = maximum of  $D_1$  or  $D_2$  - maximum of  $D_5$  or  $D_6$ 

"R" = maximum of  $D_1$ ,  $D_3$  or  $D_5$  - minimum of  $D_2$ ,  $D_4$  or  $D_6$ 

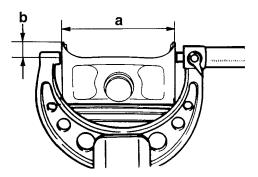
# CYLINDERS AND PISTONS



- b. If out of specification, rebore or replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as a set.
- c. Measure piston skirt diameter D "a" with the micrometer.



Piston Diameter D 99.960–99.975 mm (3.9354– 3.9360 in)



- b. 10 mm (0.39 in) from the bottom edge of the piston
- d. If out of specification, replace the piston and piston rings as a set.
- e. Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance with the following formula.
- Piston-to-cylinder clearance = Cylinder bore "C" -Piston skirt diameter "D"



Piston-to-cylinder clearance 0.025-0.050 mm (0.0010-0.0020 in) Limit 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

f. If out of specification, rebore or replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as a set.

EAS2443

### **CHECKING THE PISTON RINGS**

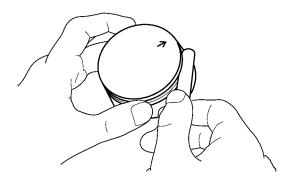
- 1. Measure:
- Piston ring side clearance
   Out of specification → Replace the piston and piston rings as a set.

#### NOTE: \_

Before measuring the piston ring side clearance, eliminate any carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves and piston rings.



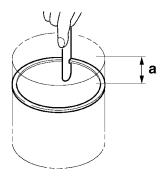
Piston ring
Top ring
Ring side clearance
0.030-0.080 mm (0.00120.0032 in)
Limit
0.120 mm (0.0047 in)
2nd ring
Ring side clearance
0.030-0.070 mm (0.00120.0028 in)
Limit
0.120 mm (0.0047 in)



- 2. Install:
  - Piston ring (into the cylinder)

#### NOTE:

Level the piston ring into the cylinder with the piston crown.



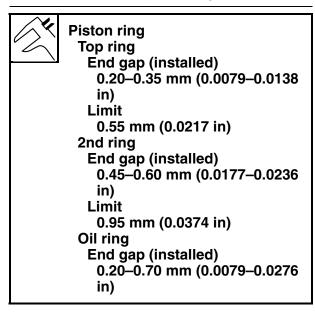
a. 10 mm (0.39 in)

#### 3. Measure:

Piston ring end gap
 Out of specification → Replace the piston ring.

#### NOTE:

The oil ring expander spacer's end gap cannot be measured. If the oil ring rail's gap is excessive, replace all three piston rings.



EAS24440

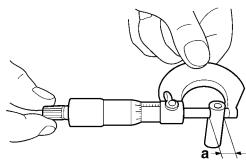
#### **CHECKING THE PISTON PINS**

The following procedure applies to all of the piston pins.

- 1. Check:
- Piston pin Blue discoloration/grooves → Replace the piston pin and then check the lubrication system.
- Measure:
  - Piston pin outside diameter "a"
     Out of specification → Replace the piston pin.



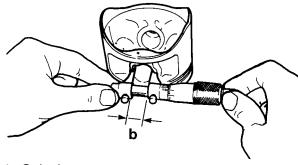
Piston pin outside diameter 22.991–23.000 mm (0.9052– 0.9055 in) Limit 22.971 mm (0.9044 in)



- 3. Measure:
- Piston pin bore diameter "b"
   Out of specification → Replace the piston.



Piston pin bore inside diameter 23.004–23.015 mm (0.9057– 0.9061 in) Limit 23.045 mm (0.9073 in)



- 4. Calculate:
  - Piston-pin-to-piston-pin-bore clearance
     Out of specification → Replace the piston pin
     and piston as a set.
- Piston-pin-to-piston-pin-bore clearance =
   Piston pin bore diameter "b" Piston pin outside diameter "a"



Piston-pin-to-piston-pin-bore clearance 0.004–0.024 mm (0.00016–0.00094 in)

EAS2446

# INSTALLING THE PISTONS AND CYLINDERS

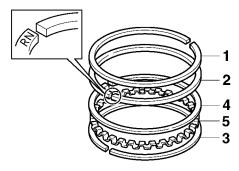
The following procedure applies to all of the pistons and cylinders.

- 1. Install:
- Top ring "1"
- 2nd ring "2"
- Lower oil ring rail "3"
- Upper oil ring rail "4"

• Oil ring expander "5"

NOTE:

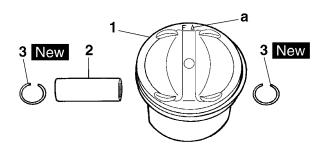
Be sure to install the piston rings so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers face up.

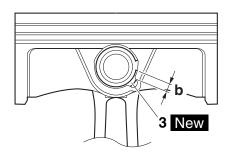


- 2. Install:
  - Piston "1"
- Piston pin "2"
- Piston pin clips "3" New

NOTE:

- Apply engine oil onto the piston pin.
- Make sure the arrow mark "a" on the piston faces towards the front of the vehicle.
- Before installing the piston pin clips, cover the crankcase opening with a clean rag to prevent the clip from falling into the crankcase.
- Install the piston pin clips, so that the clip ends are 3 mm (0.12 in) "b" or more from the cutout in the piston.
- Reinstall each piston into its original cylinder (numbering order starting from the left: #1 to #2).



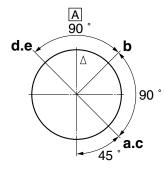


- 3. Lubricate:
  - Piston
  - Piston rings
  - Cylinder (with the recommended lubricant)



# Recommended lubricant Engine oil

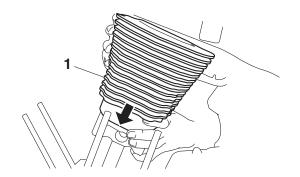
- 4. Offset:
- Piston ring end gaps



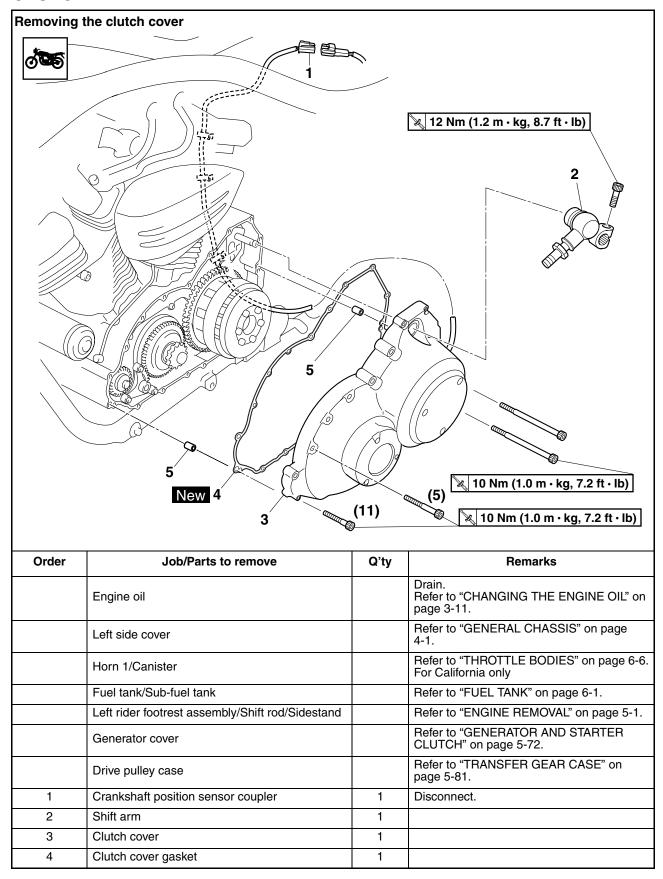
- a. Top ring
- b. Upper oil ring rail
- c. Oil ring expander
- d. Lower oil ring rail
- e. 2nd ring
- A. forward
- 5. Install:
- Cylinder "1"

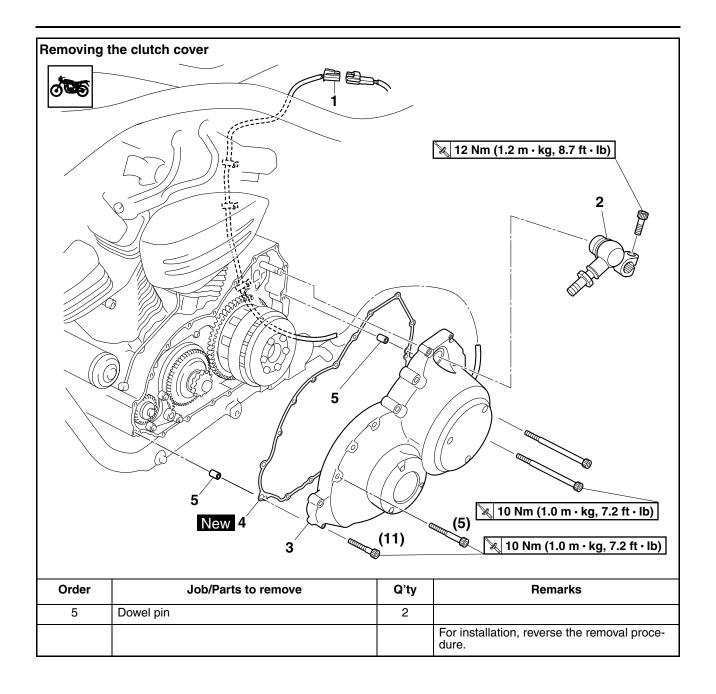
NOTE:

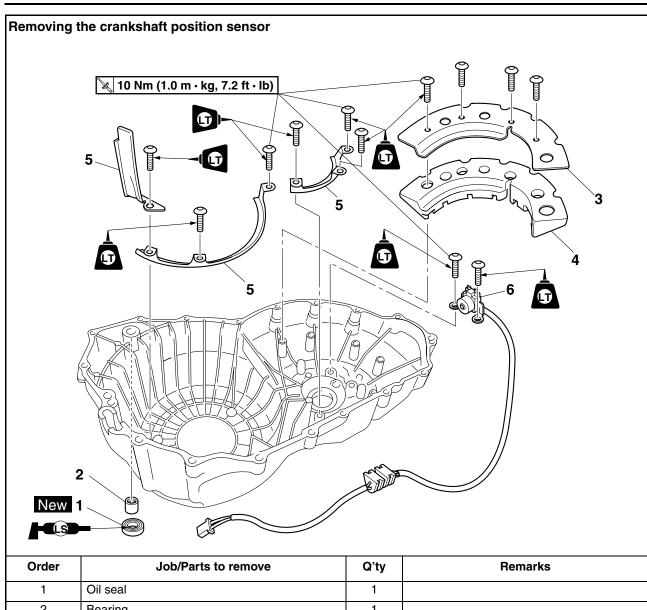
While compressing the piston rings with one hand, install the cylinder with the other hand.



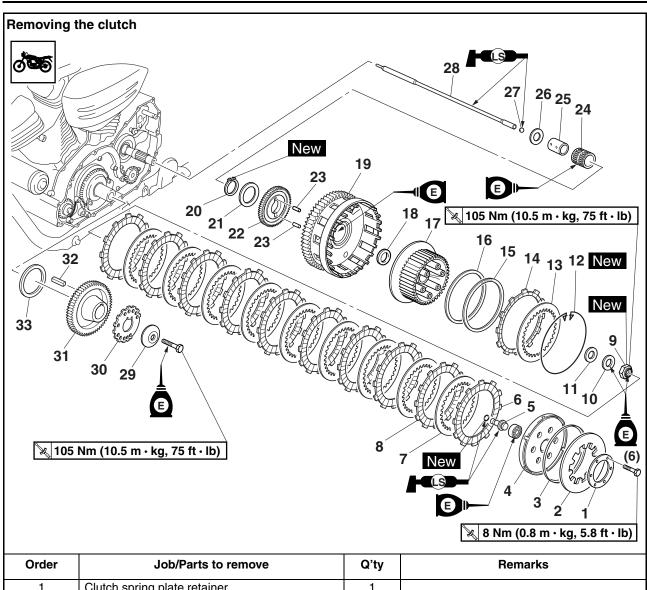
# **CLUTCH**



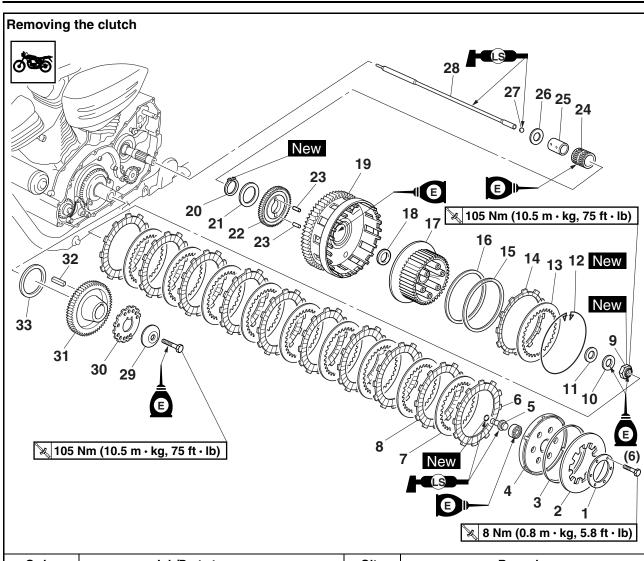




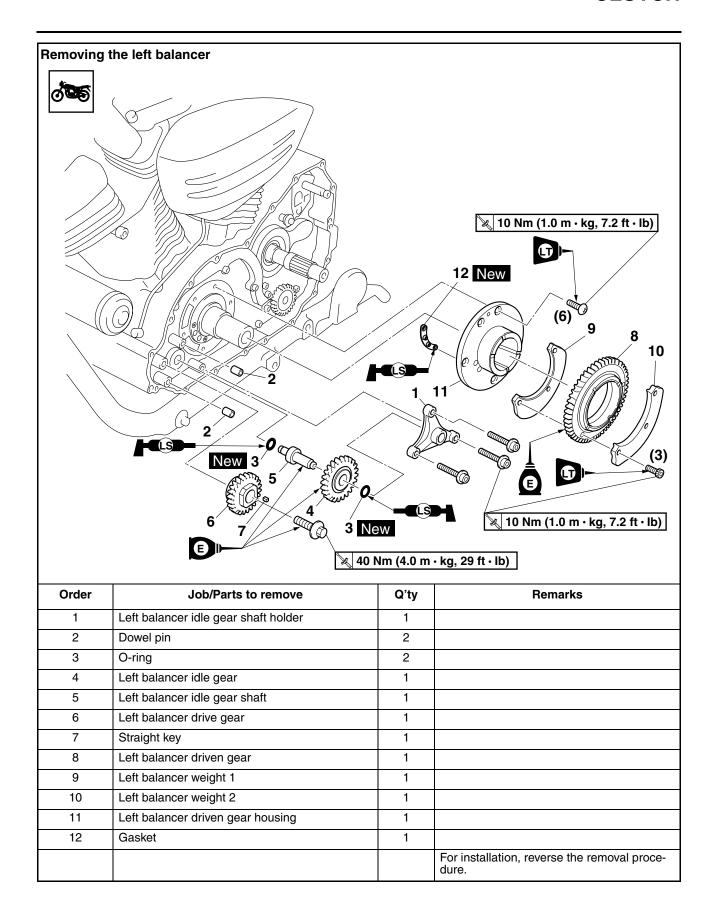
| Order | Job/Parts to remove                    | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|--|------|--|
| 1     | Oil seal                               | 1    |  |
| 2     | Bearing                                | 1    |  |
| 3     | Clutch cover damper plate              | 1    |  |
| 4     | Clutch cover damper                    | 1    |  |
| 5     | Crankshaft position sensor lead holder | 3    |  |
| 6     | Crankshaft position sensor             | 1    |  |
|       |  |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |

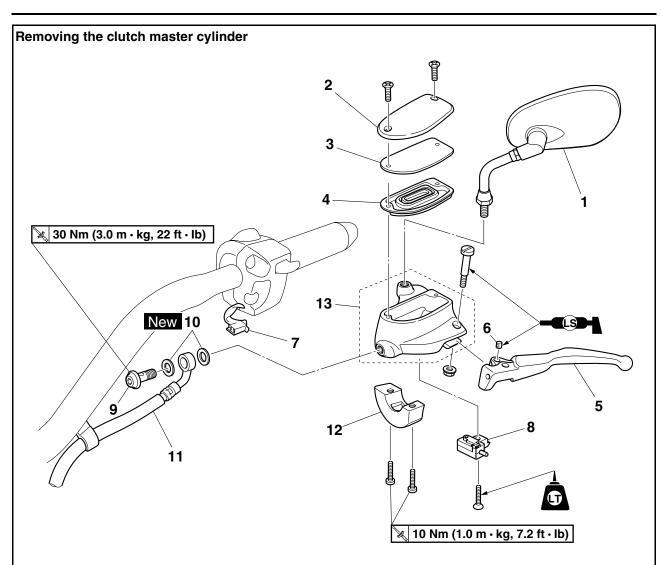


| Order | Job/Parts to remove          | Q'ty | Remarks                           |
|-------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| 1     | Clutch spring plate retainer | 1    |                                   |
| 2     | Clutch spring plate          | 1    |                                   |
| 3     | Clutch spring plate seat     | 1    |                                   |
| 4     | Pressure plate               | 1    |                                   |
| 5     | Short clutch push rod        | 1    |                                   |
| 6     | Friction plate 1             | 1    | Inside diameter: 124 mm (4.88 in) |
| 7     | Clutch plate                 | 9    |                                   |
| 8     | Friction plate 2             | 9    |                                   |
| 9     | Clutch boss nut              | 1    |                                   |
| 10    | Conical spring washer        | 1    |                                   |
| 11    | Washer                       | 1    |                                   |
| 12    | Wire circlip                 | 1    |                                   |
| 13    | Clutch plate                 | 1    |                                   |
| 14    | Friction plate 3             | 1    | Inside diameter: 135 mm (5.31 in) |
| 15    | Clutch damper spring         | 1    |                                   |
| 16    | Clutch damper spring seat    | 1    |                                   |
| 17    | Clutch boss                  | 1    |                                   |

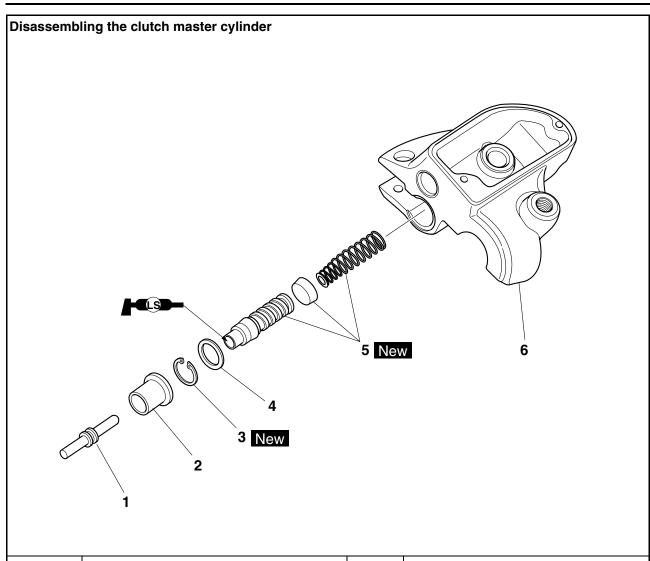


| Order | Job/Parts to remove              | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|----------------------------------|------|--|
| 18    | Thrust washer 1                  | 1    |  |
| 19    | Clutch housing                   | 1    |  |
| 20    | Circlip                          | 1    |  |
| 21    | Washer                           | 1    |  |
| 22    | Oil pump drive gear              | 1    |  |
| 23    | Dowel pin                        | 2    |  |
| 24    | Bearing                          | 1    |  |
| 25    | Collar                           | 1    |  |
| 26    | Thrust washer 2                  | 1    |  |
| 27    | Ball                             | 1    |  |
| 28    | Long push rod                    | 1    |  |
| 29    | Spacer                           | 1    |  |
| 30    | Crankshaft position sensor rotor | 1    |  |
| 31    | Primary drive gear               | 1    |  |
| 32    | Straight key                     | 1    |  |
| 33    | Washer                           | 1    |  |
|       |                                  |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |

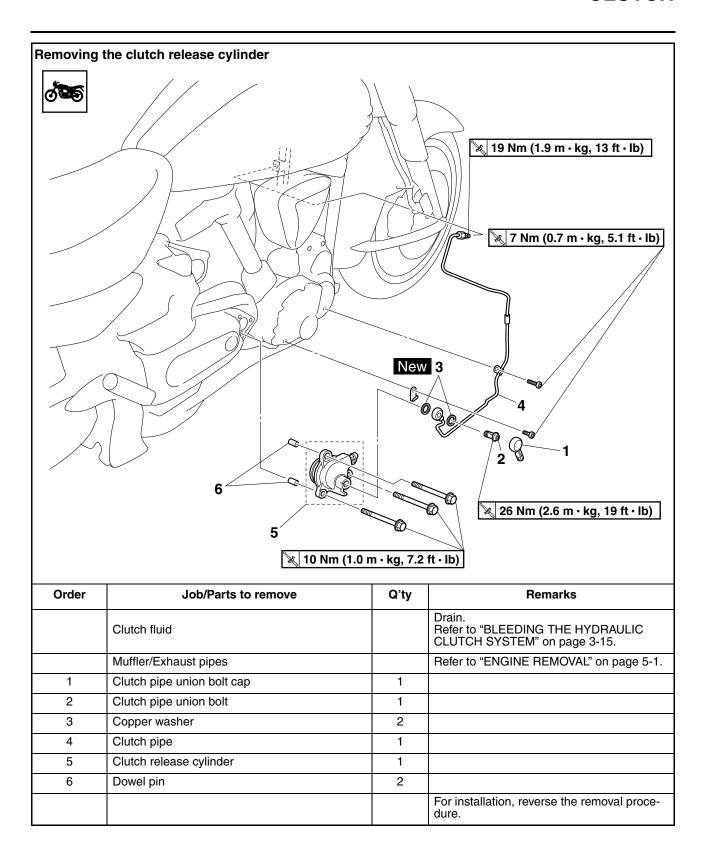


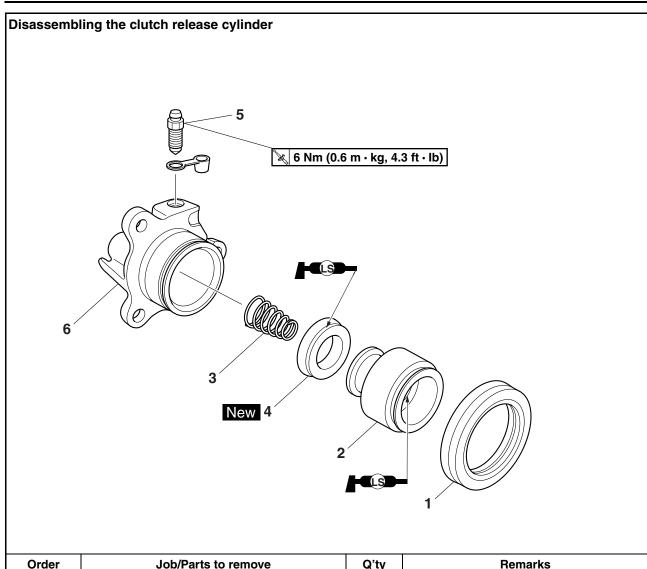


| Order | Job/Parts to remove                               | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---|------|--|
|       | Clutch fluid                                      |      | Drain. Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC CLUTCH SYSTEM" on page 3-15. |
| 1     | Left rearview mirror                              | 1    |  |
| 2     | Clutch master cylinder reservoir cap              | 1    |  |
| 3     | Clutch master cylinder reservoir diaphragm holder | 1    |  |
| 4     | Clutch master cylinder reservoir diaphragm        | 1    |  |
| 5     | Clutch lever                                      | 1    |  |
| 6     | Clutch master cylinder push rod pin               | 1    |  |
| 7     | Clutch switch coupler                             | 1    | Disconnect.  |
| 8     | Clutch switch                                     | 1    |  |
| 9     | Clutch hose union bolt                            | 1    |  |
| 10    | Copper washer                                     | 2    |  |
| 11    | Clutch hose                                       | 1    |  |
| 12    | Clutch master cylinder holder                     | 1    |  |
| 13    | Clutch master cylinder                            | 1    |  |
|       |   |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure.                     |



| Order | Job/Parts to remove             | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---------------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Clutch master cylinder push rod | 1    |  |
| 2     | Dust boot                       | 1    |  |
| 3     | Circlip                         | 1    |  |
| 4     | Washer                          | 1    |  |
| 5     | Clutch master cylinder kit      | 1    |  |
| 6     | Clutch master cylinder body     | 1    |  |
|       |                                 |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |





| Order | Job/Parts to remove                 | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Boots                               | 1    |  |
| 2     | Clutch release cylinder piston      | 1    |  |
| 3     | Clutch release cylinder spring      | 1    |  |
| 4     | Clutch release cylinder piston seal | 1    |  |
| 5     | Bleed screw                         | 1    |  |
| 6     | Clutch release cylinder body        | 1    |  |
|       |                                     |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |

#### REMOVING THE CLUTCH

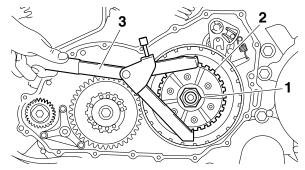
- 1. Loosen:
- Clutch boss nut "1"

NOTE:

While holding the clutch boss "2" with the universal clutch holder "3", loosen the clutch boss nut.



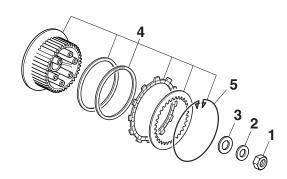
Universal clutch holder 90890-04086 YM-91042



- 2. Remove:
  - Clutch boss nut "1"
  - Conical spring washer "2"
  - Washer "3"
  - Clutch boss assembly "4"

NOTE:

There is a built-in damper between the clutch boss and the clutch plate. It is not necessary to remove the wire circlip "5" and disassemble the built-in damper unless there is serious clutch chattering.



#### EAS25090

#### REMOVING THE PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR

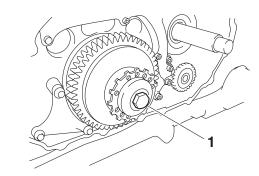
- 1. Loosen:
- Primary drive gear bolt "1"

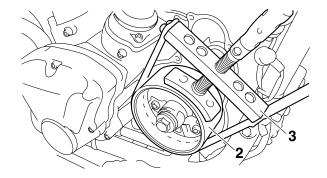
NOTF:

While holding the generator rotor "2" with the sheave holder "3", loosen the primary drive gear bolt.



Sheave holder 90890-01701 Primary clutch holder YS-01880-A





FT1D71021

# REMOVING THE LEFT BALANCER DRIVE GEAR

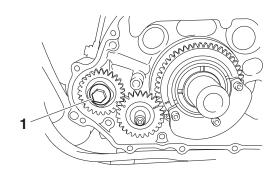
- 1. Loosen:
- Left balancer drive gear bolt "1"

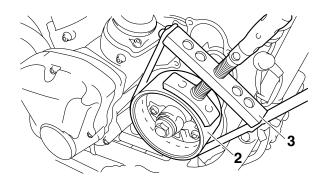
NOTE:

While the holding the generator rotor "2" with the primary sheave holder "3", loosen the left balancer drive gear bolt.



Sheave holder 90890-01701 Primary clutch holder YS-01880-A





#### **CHECKING THE FRICTION PLATES**

The following procedure applies to all of the friction plates.

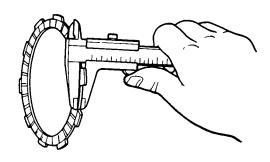
- 1. Check:
- Friction plate
   Damage/wear → Replace the friction plates
   as a set.
- 2. Measure:
  - Friction plate thickness
     Out of specification → Replace the friction
     plates as a set.

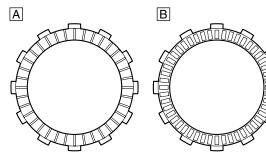
#### NOTE: \_

Measure the friction plate at four places.



Friction plate 1, 3 thickness 2.90–3.10 mm (0.114–0.122 in)
Wear limit 2.80 mm (0.110 in)
Friction plate 2 thickness 2.92–3.08 mm (0.115–0.121 in)
Wear limit 2.82 mm (0.111 in)





- A. Friction plate 1, 3
- B. Friction plate 2

#### EAS25110

### **CHECKING THE CLUTCH PLATES**

The following procedure applies to all of the clutch plates.

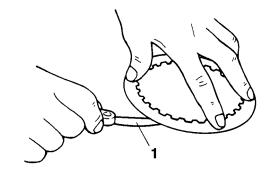
- 1. Check:
- Clutch plate
   Damage → Replace the clutch plates as a set.
- 2. Measure:
  - Clutch plate warpage
     (with a surface plate and thickness gauge "1")
     Out of specification → Replace the clutch plates as a set.



Thickness gauge 90890-03180 Feeler gauge set YU-26900-9



Clutch plate thickness 1.90–2.10 mm (0.075–0.083 in) Warpage limit 0.20 mm (0.0079 in)



#### EAS25130

#### CHECKING THE CLUTCH SPRING PLATE

- 1. Check:
- Clutch spring plate Damage → Replace.

#### 2. Check:

 Clutch spring plate seat Damage → Replace.

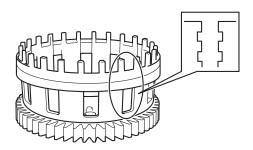
EAS25150

#### **CHECKING THE CLUTCH HOUSING**

- 1. Check:
- Clutch housing dogs
   Damage/pitting/wear → Deburr the clutch
   housing dogs or replace the clutch housing.

NOTE:

Pitting on the clutch housing dogs will cause erratic clutch operation.



#### 2. Check:

 Bearing Damage/wear → Replace the bearing and clutch housing.

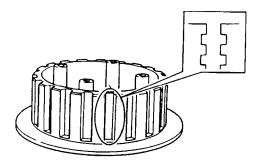
EAS25160

#### **CHECKING THE CLUTCH BOSS**

- 1. Check:
- Clutch boss splines
   Damage/pitting/wear → Replace the clutch boss.

NOTE:

Pitting on the clutch boss splines will cause erratic clutch operation.



EAS25170

### **CHECKING THE PRESSURE PLATE**

- 1. Check:
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bullet & Pressure plate \\ & Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace. \end{tabular}$

 Bearing Damage/wear → Replace.

EAS2519

#### CHECKING THE CLUTCH PUSH RODS

- 1. Check:
- O-ring
- Short clutch push rod
- · Long clutch push rod
- Ball

Cracks/damage/wear  $\rightarrow$  Replace the defective part(s).

- 2. Measure:
- Long clutch push rod bending limit
   Out of specification → Replace the defective part(s).



Long clutch push rod bending limit

0.30 mm (0.0118 in)

AS25200

#### CHECKING THE PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR

- 1. Check:
- Primary drive gear

Damage/wear → Replace the primary drive and primary driven gears as a set.

Excessive noise during operation  $\rightarrow$  Replace the primary drive and primary driven gears as a set.

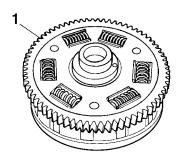
EAS25210

### **CHECKING THE PRIMARY DRIVEN GEAR**

- 1. Check:
- Primary driven gear "1"

Damage/wear  $\rightarrow$  Replace the primary drive and primary driven gears as a set.

Excessive noise during operation  $\rightarrow$  Replace the primary drive and primary driven gears as a set.



ET1D7103

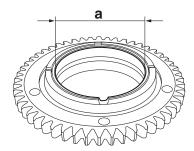
### CHECKING THE LEFT BALANCER GEARS

- 1. Check:
- Left balancer drive gear

- Left balancer driven gear
- Left balancer idle gear Burrs/chips/roughness/wear → Replace the defective part(s).
- 2. Measure:
  - Left balancer driven gear inside diameter "a"
     Out of specification → Replace.



Left balancer driven gear inside diameter "a" 59.010–59.028 mm (2.323–2.324 in) Limit 59.100 mm (2.327 in)



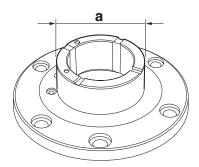
#### 3. Measure:

 Left balancer driven gear housing outside diameter "a"

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



Left balancer driven gear housing outside diameter "a" 58.925–58.960 mm (2.320–2.321 in)
Limit 58.900 mm (2.318 in)



#### 4. Calculate:

 Left-balancer-driven-gear-to-left-balancerdriven-gear-housing clearance
 Out of specification → Replace the defective part(s).

#### NOTE: \_\_\_

Calculate the clearance by subtracting the left balancer driven gear housing outside diameter from the left balancer driven gear inside diameter.



Left-balancer-driven-gear-to-leftbalancer-driven-gear-housing clearance

0.050-0.103 mm (0.0020-0.0041 in)

#### ET1D7102

# INSTALLING THE LEFT BALANCER DRIVE GEAR

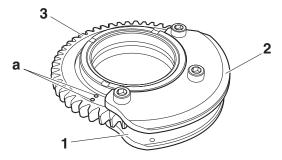
- 1. Install:
- Left balancer weight 1 "1"
- Left balancer weight 2 "2"
- Left balancer driven gear "3"

#### NOTE:

Make sure that the punch marks "a" on the left balancer driven gear are facing toward left balancer weight 2.



Left balancer weight bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

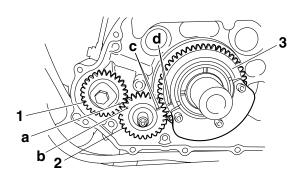


#### 2. Install:

- Left balancer drive gear "1"
- Left balancer idle gear "2"
- Left balancer driven gear "3"

#### NOTE:

- Align the punch mark "a" on the left balancer drive gear with the punch mark "b" on the left balancer idle gear.
- Align the punch marks "c" on the left balancer idle gear with the punch marks "d" on the left balancer driven gear.



- 3. Tighten:
  - Left balancer drive gear bolt "1"



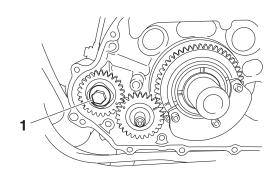
Left balancer drive gear bolt 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)

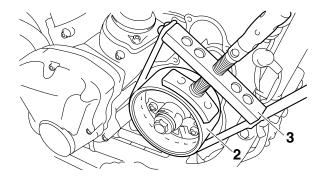
#### NOTE: \_

While holding the generator rotor "2" with the sheave holder "3", tighten the left balancer drive gear bolt.



Sheave holder 90890-01701 Primary clutch holder YS-01880-A





#### EAS25230

### **INSTALLING THE PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR**

- 1. Install:
- Washer
- Straight key
- Primary drive gear

- Crankshaft position sensor rotor "1"
- Spacer
- Primary drive gear bolt "2"



Primary drive gear bolt 105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)

EC1D71007

#### **CAUTION:**

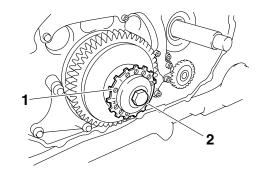
The timing marks on the crankshaft position sensor rotor must face outside.

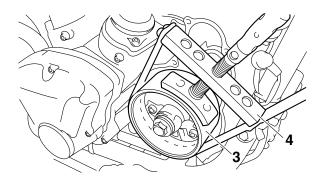
#### NOTE:

- Lubricate the primary drive gear bolt threads with engine oil.
- While holding the generator rotor "3" with the sheave holder "4", tighten the primary drive gear bolt.



Sheave holder 90890-01701 Primary clutch holder YS-01880-A





FAS25260

#### INSTALLING THE CLUTCH

- 1. Install:
- Clutch housing
- Thrust washer

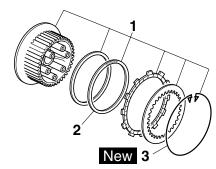
#### NOTE: \_

Lubricate the clutch housing bearings with engine oil.

- Make sure that the primary driven gear teeth and primary drive gear teeth mesh correctly.
- Make sure that the primary driven gear teeth and oil pump driven gear teeth mesh correctly.
- 2. Install:
- Clutch boss assembly "1"

### NOTE:

- Install the clutch damper spring "2" with the "OUTSIDE" mark facing out.
- If the wire circlip "3" has been removed, carefully install a new one.



- 3. Install:
- Clutch boss "1"
- Washer
- Conical spring washer "2"
- Clutch boss nut "3"



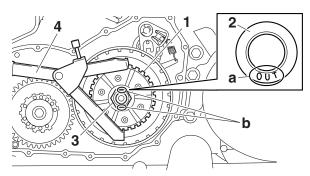
Clutch boss nut 105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)

#### NOTE: \_

- Lubricate the clutch boss nut threads and conical spring washer mating surfaces with engine oil.
- Install the conical spring washer "2" with the "OUT" mark "a" facing out.
- While holding the clutch boss with the universal clutch holder "4", tighten the clutch boss nut.
- Stake the clutch boss nut "3" at a cutout "b" in the main axle.



Universal clutch holder 90890-04086 YM-91042



- 4. Lubricate:
- Friction plates
- Clutch plates (with the recommended lubricant)

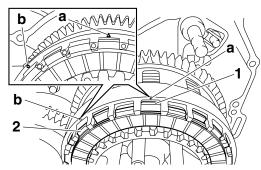


### Recommended lubricant Engine oil

- 5. Install:
- Friction plates 2 "1"
- Clutch plates
- Friction plate 1 "2"

#### NOTE:

- First, install a friction plate and then alternate between a clutch plate and a friction plate.
- Align a projection on each friction plate 2 "1"
  with the "△" mark "a" on the clutch housing
  and align a projection on friction plate 1 "2" with
  the punch mark "b" on the housing.



- 6. Install:
- Clutch spring plate
- Clutch spring plate retainer



Clutch spring plate retainer bolt 8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb)

#### NOTE:

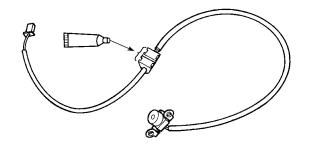
Tighten the clutch spring plate retainer bolts in stages and in a crisscross pattern.

#### 7. Apply:

 Sealant (onto the crankshaft position sensor lead grommet)



Yamaha bond No. 1215 90890-85505 (Three Bond No.1215<sup>®</sup>)



#### 8. Install:

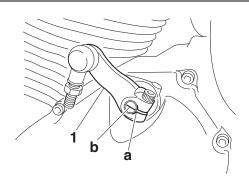
• Shift arm "1"



Shift arm bolt 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)

NOTE: \_

Install the shift arm "1" with its slot "a" aligned with the mark "b" in end of the shift shaft.



EAS25280

# DISASSEMBLING THE CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

NOTE: \_

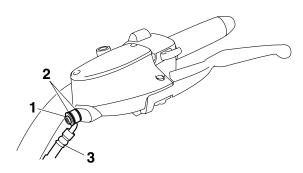
Before disassembling the clutch master cylinder, drain the clutch fluid from the entire clutch system.

#### 1. Remove:

- Clutch hose union bolt "1"
- Copper washers "2"
- Clutch hose "3"

NOTE: \_\_\_\_

To collect any remaining clutch fluid, place a container under the master cylinder and the end of the clutch hose.



ET1D7103

# CHECKING THE CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

- 1. Check:
  - Clutch master cylinder
     Damage/scratches/wear → Replace.
  - Clutch fluid delivery passage (clutch master cylinder body)
     Obstruction → Blow out with compressed air.
- 2. Check:
  - Clutch master cylinder kit Damage/scratches/wear → Replace.
- 3. Check:
  - Clutch master cylinder reservoir Cracks/damage → Replace.
- Clutch master cylinder reservoir diaphragm Damage/wear → Replace.
- 4. Check:
  - Clutch hose Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.

EAS25300

# ASSEMBLING THE CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

EW1D71010

# **MARNING**

- Before installation, all internal clutch components must be cleaned and lubricated with clean or new clutch fluid.
- Never use solvents on internal clutch components.



Recommended clutch fluid Brake fluid DOT 4

# INSTALLING THE CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

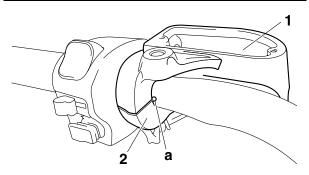
- 1. Install:
- Clutch master cylinder "1"
- Clutch master cylinder holder "2"



Clutch master cylinder holder bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

#### NOTE: \_

- Align the end of the clutch lever holder with the punch mark "a" on the handlebar.
- First, tighten the rear bolt, then the front bolt.



#### 2. Install:

- Copper washers New
- Clutch hose "1"
- Clutch hose union bolt "2"



Clutch hose union bolt 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)

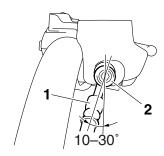
#### EW1D71002

### **WARNING**

Proper clutch hose routing is essential to insure safe vehicle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" on page 2-45.

#### NOTE:

- Install the clutch hose at 10–30° angle to the clutch master cylinder as shown in the illustration.
- While holding the clutch hose, tighten the union bolt.
- Turn the handlebar to the left and right to make sure the clutch hose does not touch other parts (e.g., wire harness, cables, leads). Correct if necessary.



#### 3. Fill:

 Clutch master cylinder reservoir (with the specified amount of the recommended clutch fluid)



Recommended clutch fluid Brake fluid DOT 4

FWA13370

## **WARNING**

- Use only the designated clutch fluid. Other clutch fluids may cause the rubber seals to deteriorate, causing leakage and poor clutch performance.
- Refill with the same type of clutch fluid that is already in the system. Mixing clutch fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction, leading to poor clutch performance.
- When refilling, be careful that water does not enter the clutch fluid reservoir. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the clutch fluid and could cause vapor lock.

ECA13420

#### **CAUTION:**

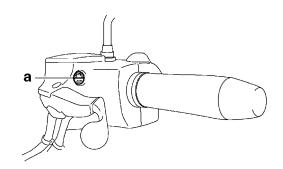
Clutch fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt clutch fluid immediately.

#### NOTE: \_

In order to ensure a correct reading of the clutch fluid level, make sure the top of the reservoir is horizontal.

#### 4. Bleed:

- Clutch system Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC CLUTCH SYSTEM" on page 3-15.
- 5. Check:
- Clutch fluid level Below the minimum level mark "a" → Add the recommended clutch fluid to the proper level. Refer to "CHECKING THE CLUTCH FLUID LEVEL" on page 3-14.



#### 6. Check:

Clutch lever operation
 Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the clutch system.

Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC CLUTCH SYSTEM" on page 3-15.

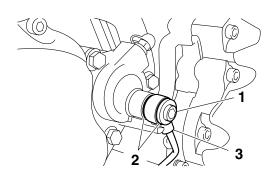
ET1D71004

# REMOVING THE CLUTCH RELEASE CYLINDER

- 1. Remove:
- Clutch pipe union bolt "1"
- Copper washers "2"
- Clutch pipe "3"

NOTE: \_

Put the end of the clutch pipe into a container and pump out the clutch fluid carefully.



EAS25330

# CHECKING THE CLUTCH RELEASE CYLINDER

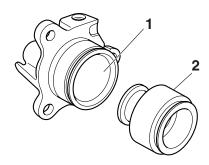
| Recommended clutch component replacement schedule |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Piston seal                                       | Every two years   |  |  |
| Clutch hose                                       | Every four years  |  |  |
| Clutch fluid                                      | Every two years and whenever the clutch is disassembled |  |  |

#### 1. Install:

 Clutch release cylinder body Cracks/damage → Replace the clutch release cylinder.

#### 2. Check:

- Clutch release cylinder "1"
- Clutch release cylinder piston "2"
   Rust/scratches/wear → Replace the clutch
   release cylinder and clutch release cylinder
   piston as a set.



EAS25340

# ASSEMBLING THE CLUTCH RELEASE CYLINDER

EW1D71006

## **WARNING**

- Before installation, all internal clutch components must be cleaned and lubricated with clean or new clutch fluid.
- Never use solvents on internal clutch components as they will cause the piston seal to swell and distort.
- Whenever a clutch release cylinder is disassembled, replace the piston seal.



Recommended clutch fluid Brake fluid DOT 4

EAS2535

# INSTALLING THE CLUTCH RELEASE CYLINDER

- 1. Install:
- Copper washers New
- Clutch pipe "1"
- Clutch pipe union bolt "2"



Clutch pipe union bolt 26 Nm (2.6 m·kg, 19 ft·lb)

EW1D71003

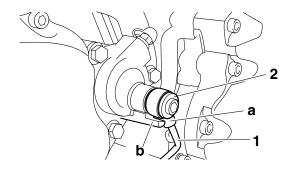
# **WARNING**

Proper clutch pipe routing is essential to insure safe vehicle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING" on page 2-45.

EC1D71005

#### **CAUTION:**

When installing the clutch pipe onto the clutch release cylinder, make sure the pipe "a" touches the projection "b" on the clutch release cylinder.



#### 2. Fill:

 Clutch master cylinder reservoir (with the specified amount of the recommended clutch fluid)



Recommended clutch fluid Brake fluid DOT 4

#### EWA13370

#### **WARNING**

- Use only the designated clutch fluid. Other clutch fluids may cause the rubber seals to deteriorate, causing leakage and poor clutch performance.
- Refill with the same type of clutch fluid that is already in the system. Mixing clutch fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction, leading to poor clutch performance.
- When refilling, be careful that water does not enter the clutch fluid reservoir. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the clutch fluid and could cause vapor lock.

ECA13420

#### **CAUTION:**

Clutch fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Therefore, always clean up any spilt clutch fluid immediately.

#### NOTE:

In order to ensure a correct reading of the clutch fluid level, make sure that the top of the reservoir is horizontal.

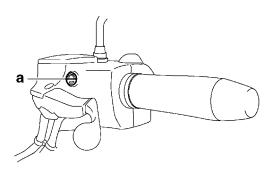
#### 3. Bleed:

 Clutch system Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC CLUTCH SYSTEM" on page 3-15.

#### 4. Check:

Clutch fluid level

Below the minimum level mark "a"  $\rightarrow$  Add the recommended clutch fluid to the proper level. Refer to "CHECKING THE CLUTCH FLUID LEVEL" on page 3-14.

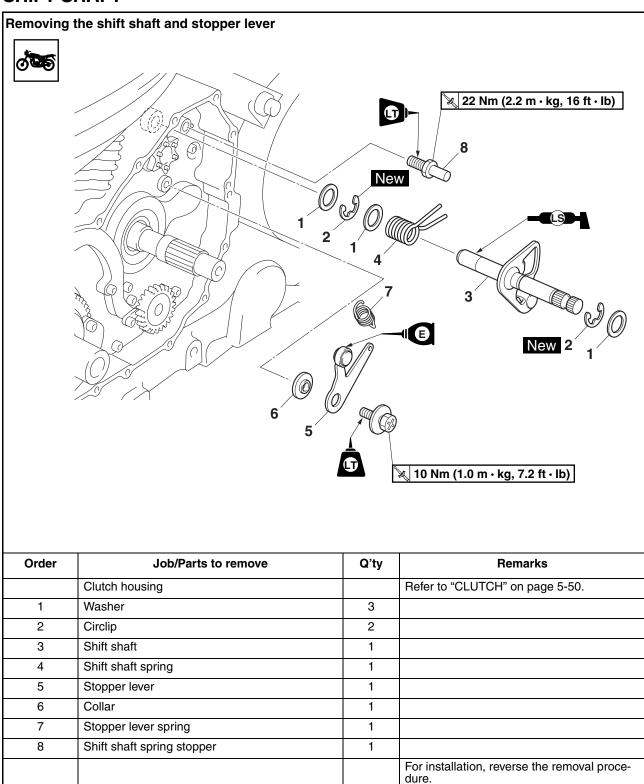


#### 5. Check:

Clutch lever operation
 Soft or spongy feeling → Bleed the clutch system.

Refer to "BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC CLUTCH SYSTEM" on page 3-15.

# SHIFT SHAFT



#### **CHECKING THE SHIFT SHAFT**

- 1. Check:
- Shift shaft

Bends/damage/wear  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

 Shift shaft spring Damage/wear → Replace.

EAS25430

#### **CHECKING THE STOPPER LEVER**

- 1. Check:
- Stopper lever Bends/damage → Replace.
   Roller turns roughly → Replace the stopper lever.
- Stopper lever spring Damage/wear → Replace.

EAS25450

#### **INSTALLING THE SHIFT SHAFT**

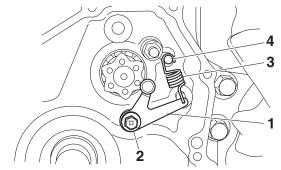
- 1. Install:
- Stopper lever "1"
- Collar
- Stopper lever bolt "2"
- Stopper lever spring "3"



Stopper lever bolt 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

#### NOTE:

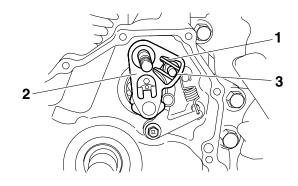
- Hook the ends of the stopper lever spring onto the stopper lever and the crankcase boss "4".
- Mesh the stopper lever with the shift drum segment assembly.



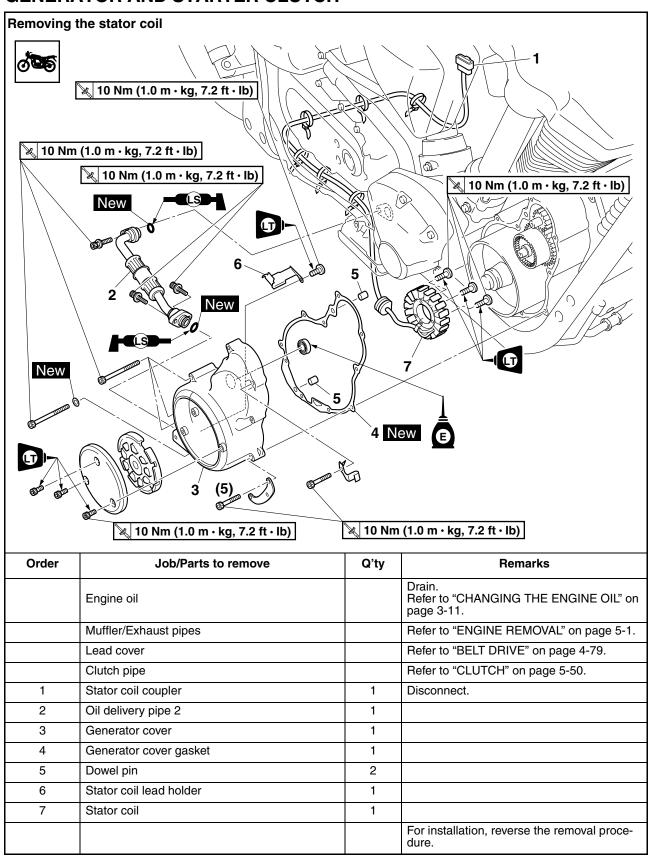
- 2. Install:
  - Washers
  - Circlips
  - Shift shaft spring "1"
  - Shift shaft "2"

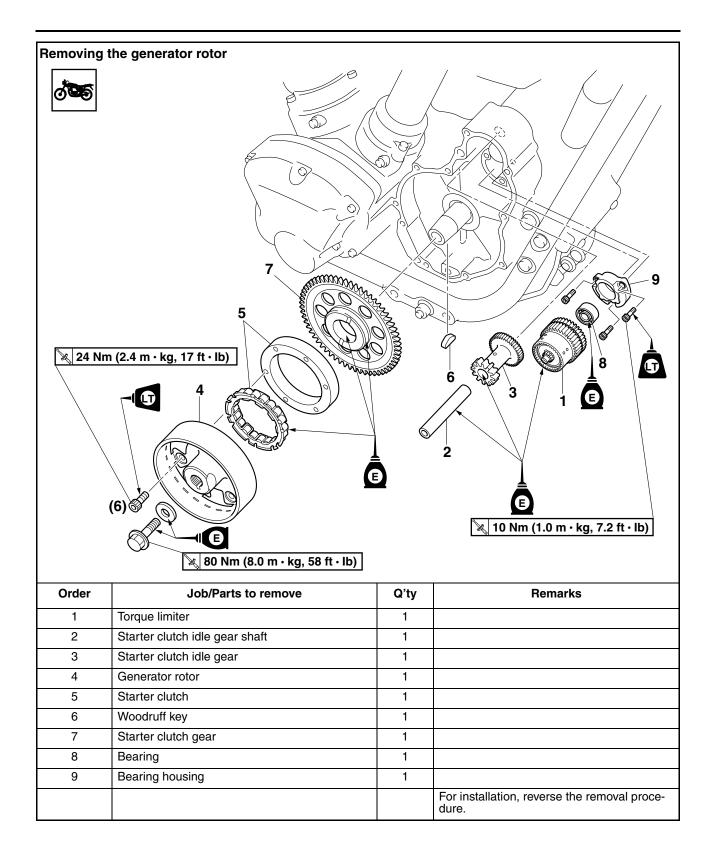
NOTE:

Hook the end of the shift shaft spring onto the shift shaft spring stopper "3".



# **GENERATOR AND STARTER CLUTCH**





EAS24490

#### **REMOVING THE GENERATOR**

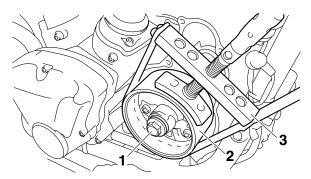
- 1. Remove:
- Generator rotor bolt "1"
- Washer

NOTE:

While holding the generator rotor "2" with the sheave holder "3", loosen the generator rotor bolt.



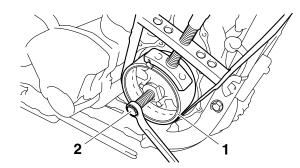
Sheave holder 90890-01701 Primary clutch holder YS-01880-A



- 2. Remove:
  - Generator rotor "1" (with the rotor puller "2")
  - Woodruff key



Rotor puller 90890-01080 Stator rotor puller YM-01080-A



EAS24560

#### REMOVING THE STARTER CLUTCH

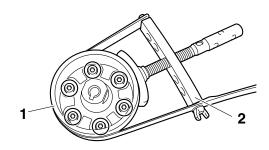
- 1. Remove:
- Starter clutch bolts
- Starter clutch

NOTE: \_\_\_\_

While holding the generator rotor "1" with the sheave holder "2", loosen the starter clutch bolts.



Sheave holder 90890-01701 Primary clutch holder YS-01880-A



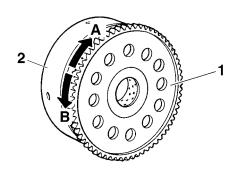
FAS24570

#### **CHECKING THE STARTER CLUTCH**

- 1. Check:
  - Starter clutch rollers
     Damage/wear → Replace.
- 2. Check:
- Starter clutch idle gear
- Starter clutch gear Burrs/chips/roughness/wear → Replace the defective part(s).
- 3. Check:
- Starter clutch gear's contacting surfaces
   Damage/pitting/wear → Replace the starter
   clutch gear.
- 4. Check:
- Starter clutch operation

# a. Install the starter clutch gear "1" onto the

- a. Install the starter clutch gear "1" onto the starter clutch and hold the generator rotor "2".
- When turning the starter clutch gear clockwise "A", the starter clutch and the starter clutch gear should engage, otherwise the starter clutch is faulty and must be replaced.
- c. When turning the starter clutch gear counterclockwise "B", it should turn freely, otherwise the starter clutch is faulty and must be replaced.



ET1D71020

#### **CHECKING THE TORQUE LIMITER**

- 1. Check:
- Torque limiter
   Damage/wear → Replace.

NOTE: \_

Do not disassemble the torque limiter.

EAS24600

#### **INSTALLING THE STARTER CLUTCH**

- 1. Install:
- Starter clutch



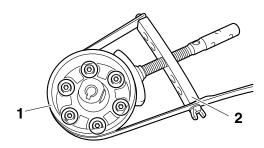
Starter clutch bolt 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

NOTE: \_

While holding the generator rotor "1" with the sheave holder "2", tighten the starter clutch bolts.



Sheave holder 90890-01701 Primary clutch holder YS-01880-A



EAS24510

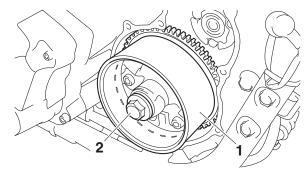
#### INSTALLING THE GENERATOR

- 1. Install:
- Woodruff key

- Generator rotor "1"
- Washer
- Generator rotor bolt "2"

#### NOTE:

- Clean the tapered portion of the generator shaft and the generator rotor hub.
- When installing the rotor, make sure the woodruff key is properly seated in the key way of the generator shaft.
- Lubricate the generator rotor bolt threads and washer mating surfaces with engine oil.



- 2. Tighten:
  - Generator rotor bolt "1"



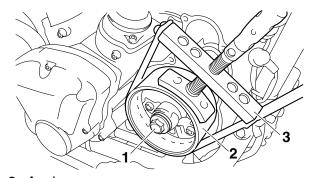
Generator rotor bolt 80 Nm (8.0 m·kg, 58 ft·lb)

NOTE: \_

While holding the generator rotor "2" with a sheave holder "3", tighten the generator rotor bolt.



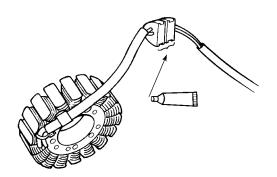
Sheave holder 90890-01701 Primary clutch holder YS-01880-A



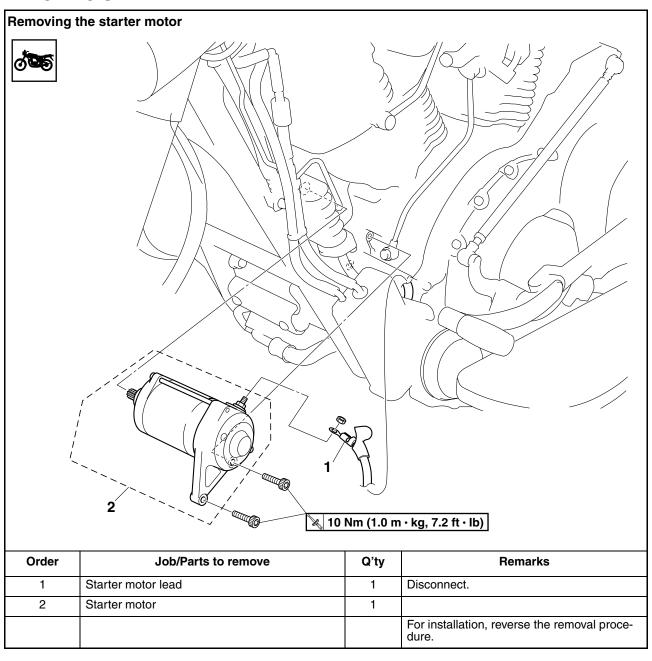
- 3. Apply:
- Sealant (onto the stator coil lead grommet)



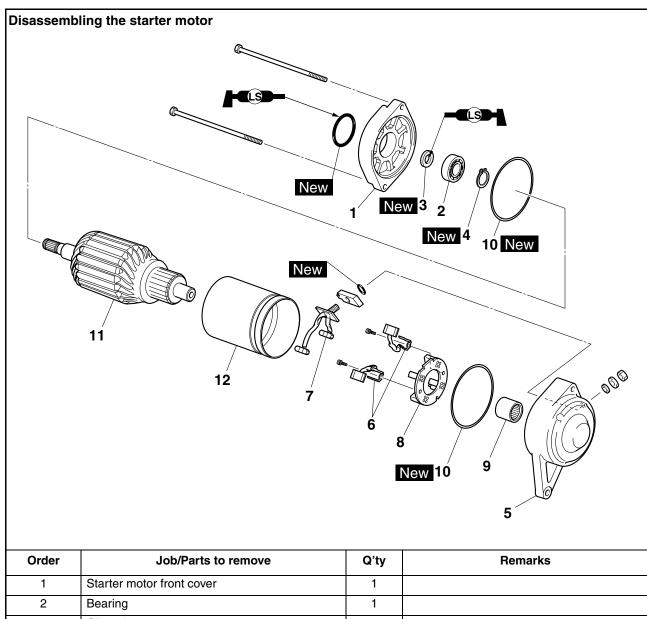
Yamaha bond No. 1215 90890-85505 (Three Bond No.1215<sup>®</sup>)



# ELECTRIC STARTER



# **ELECTRIC STARTER**



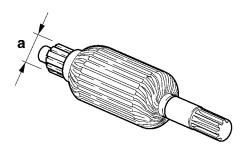
| Order | Job/Parts to remove                   | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---------------------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Starter motor front cover             | 1    |  |
| 2     | Bearing                               | 1    |  |
| 3     | Oil seal                              | 1    |  |
| 4     | Circlip                               | 1    |  |
| 5     | Starter motor rear cover              | 1    |  |
| 6     | Brush                                 | 2    |  |
| 7     | Brush holder (along with the brushes) | 1    |  |
| 8     | Brush seat (along with the brushes)   | 1    |  |
| 9     | Bearing                               | 1    |  |
| 10    | Gasket                                | 2    |  |
| 11    | Armature assembly                     | 1    |  |
| 12    | Starter motor yoke                    | 1    |  |
|       |                                       |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |

#### **CHECKING THE STARTER MOTOR**

- 1. Check:
- Commutator
   Dirt → Clean with 600 grit sandpaper.
- 2. Measure:
  - Commutator diameter "a"
     Out of specification → Replace the starter motor.



Limit 27.5 mm (1.08 in)



- 3. Measure:
  - Mica undercut "a"
     Out of specification → Scrape the mica to the proper measurement with a hacksaw blade that has been grounded to fit the commutator.



Mica undercut (depth) 1.50 mm (0.06 in)

NOTE:

The mica of the commutator must be undercut to ensure proper operation of the commutator.



- 4. Measure:
  - Armature assembly resistances (commutator and insulation)

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace the starter motor.

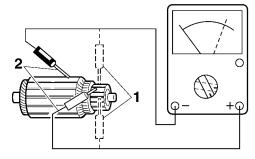
a. Measure the armature assembly resistances with the pocket tester.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C



Armature coil Commutator resistance "1" 0.0081–0.0099  $\Omega$  at 20 °C (68 °F) Insulation resistance "2" Above 1 M $\Omega$  at 20 °C (68 °F)



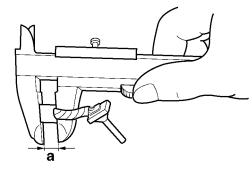
b. If any resistance is out of specification, replace the starter motor.

### 5. Measure:

Brush length "a"
 Out of specification → Replace the brushes as a set



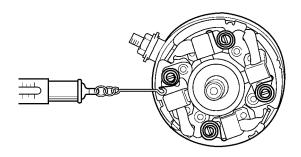
Limit 5.00 mm (0.20 in)



- 6. Measure:
- Brush spring force
   Out of specification → Replace the brush
   springs as a set.



Brush spring force 7.36-11.04 N (26.49-39.74 oz) (750-1126 qf)



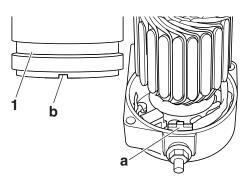
- 7. Check:
- Gear teeth
   Damage/wear → Replace the gear.
- 8. Check:
- Bearings
- Oil seal Damage/wear → Replace the defective part(s).

### **ASSEMBLING THE STARTER MOTOR**

- 1. Install:
- Starter motor yoke "1"

NOTE:

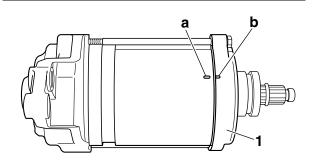
Align the projection "a" on the brush holder with the slot "b" in the starter motor yoke.

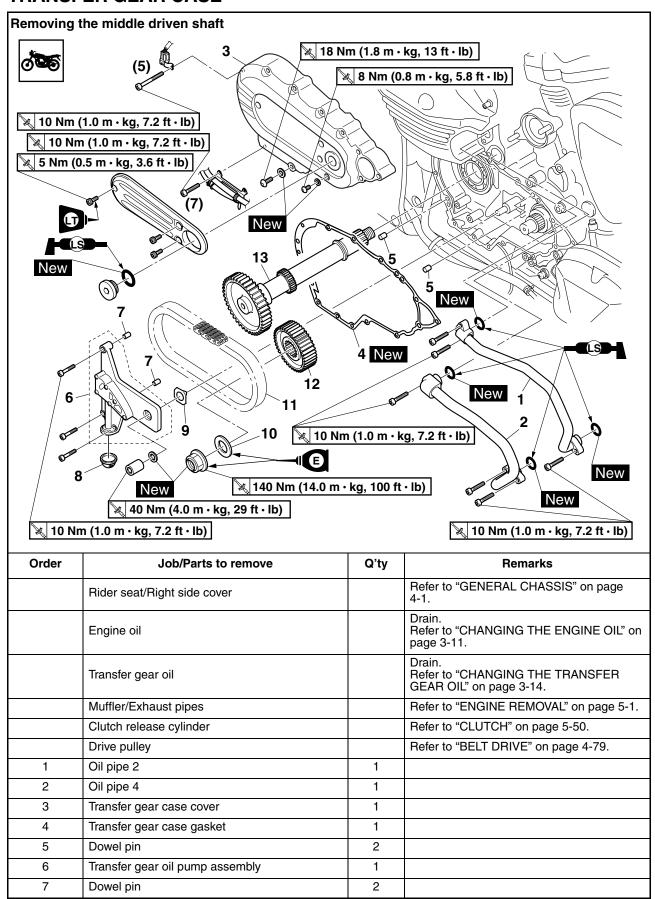


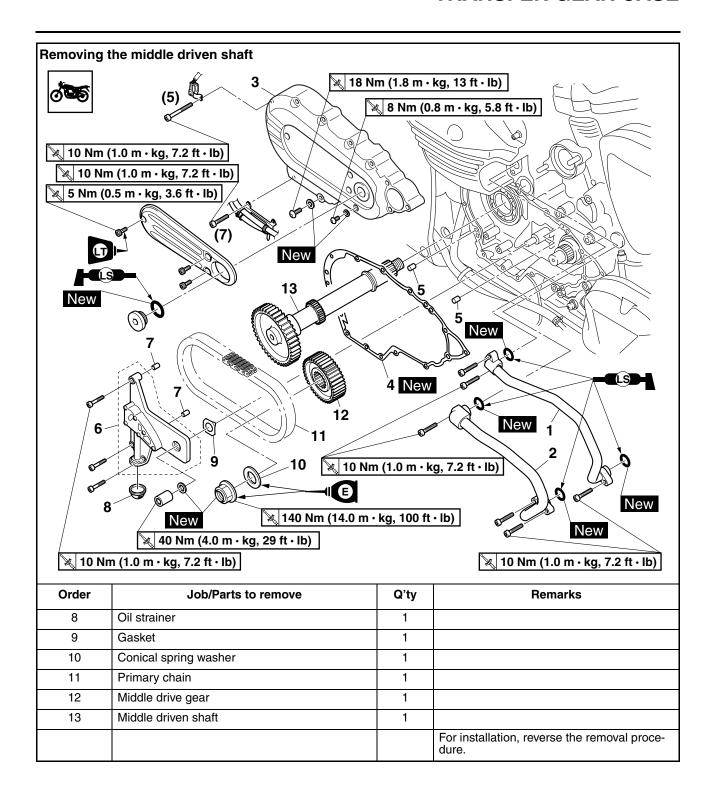
- 2. Install:
  - Starter motor front cover "1"

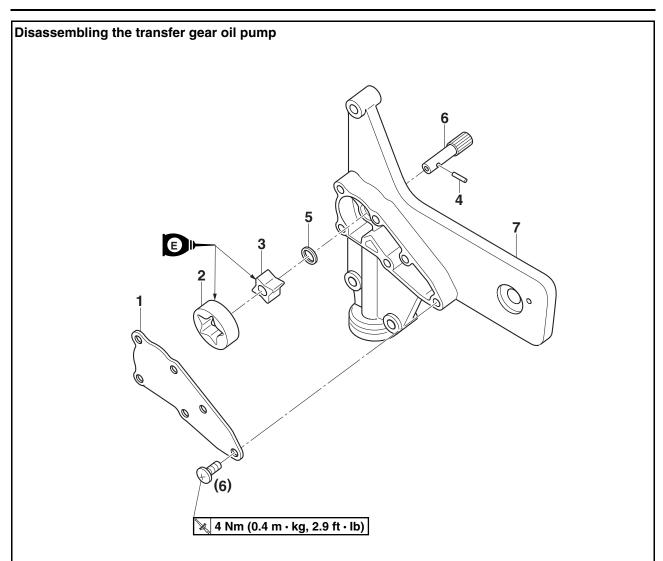
NOTE:

Align the match mark "a" on the starter motor yoke with the match mark "b" on the starter motor front cover.

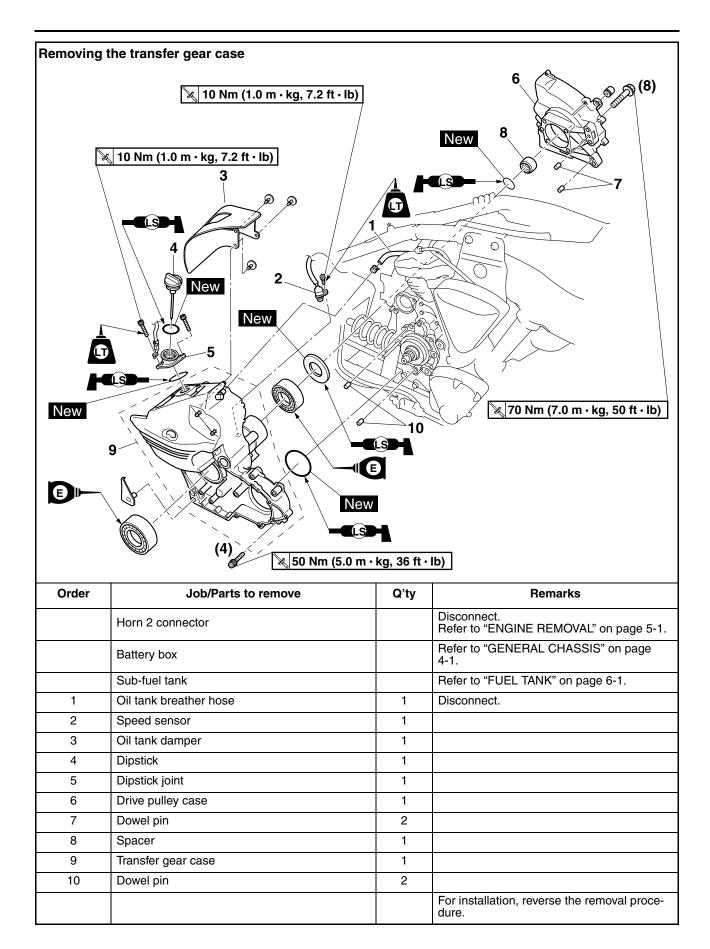


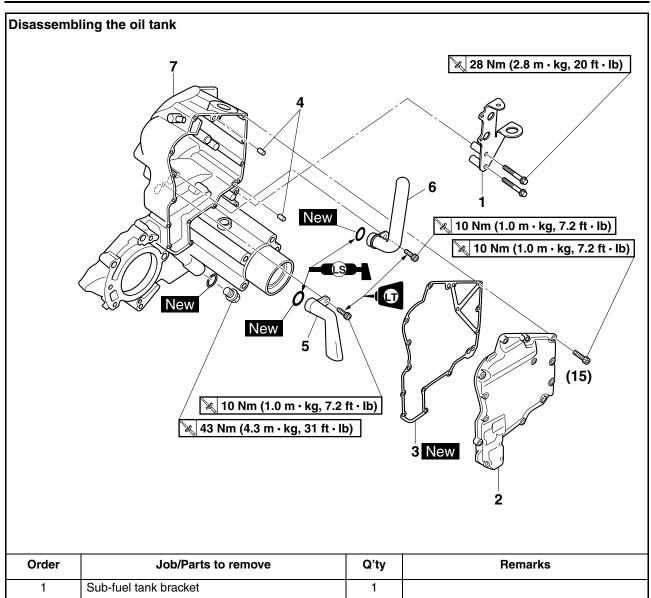






| Order | Job/Parts to remove                | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|------------------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Transfer gear oil pump cover       | 1    |  |
| 2     | Transfer gear oil pump outer rotor | 1    |  |
| 3     | Transfer gear oil pump inner rotor | 1    |  |
| 4     | Pin                                | 1    |  |
| 5     | Washer                             | 1    |  |
| 6     | Transfer gear oil pump shaft       | 1    |  |
| 7     | Transfer gear oil pump housing     | 1    |  |
|       |                                    |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |





| Order | Job/Parts to remove   | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|-----------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Sub-fuel tank bracket | 1    |  |
| 2     | Oil tank cover        | 1    |  |
| 3     | Oil tank cover gasket | 1    |  |
| 4     | Dowel pin             | 2    |  |
| 5     | Oil strainer          | 1    |  |
| 6     | Oil pipe 5            | 1    |  |
| 7     | Oil tank              | 1    |  |
|       |                       |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |

EAS25470

#### REMOVING THE MIDDLE DRIVEN SHAFT

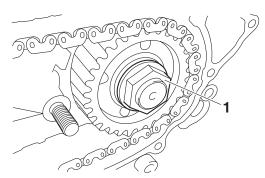
NOTE: \_

Loosen the middle drive gear nut before remove the drive pulley.

- 1. Install:
- Right rider footrest assembly Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" on page 5-1.
- 2. Loosen:
  - Middle drive gear nut "1"

NOTE:

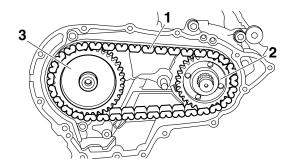
When loosening the middle drive gear nut, press down on the brake pedal so the middle drive gear does not move.



- 3. Remove:
  - Primary chain "1"
- Middle drive gear "2"
- Middle driven shaft "3"

NOTE:

Remove the primary chain, middle drive gear and middle driven shaft at the same time.



EAS25480

#### CHECKING THE MIDDLE DRIVE

- 1. Check:
- Middle drive gear
- Middle driven gear
   Damage/wear → Replace the middle drive gear, middle driven shaft and primary chain as a set.

#### 2. Check:

Primary chain
 Damage / atiffness

Damage/stiffness  $\rightarrow$  Replace the primary chain, middle drive gear and middle driven shaft as a set.

FAS2549

#### **CHECKING THE OIL STRAINER**

- 1. Check:
  - Oil strainer

Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

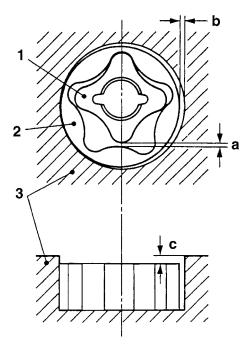
Contaminants → Clean with engine oil.

EAS2550

# CHECKING THE TRANSFER GEAR OIL PUMP

- 1. Check:
- Transfer gear oil pump housing
- Transfer gear oil pump cover Cracks/damage/wear → Replace the defective part(s).
- 2. Measure:
- Inner-rotor-to-outer-rotor-tip clearance "a"
- Outer-rotor-to-oil-pump-housing clearance "b"
- Oil-pump-housing-to-inner-rotor-and-outerrotor clearance "c"

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace the transfer gear oil pump.



- 1. Transfer gear oil pump inner rotor
- 2. Transfer gear oil pump outer rotor
- 3. Transfer gear oil pump housing



Inner-rotor-to-outer-rotor-tip clearance

Less than 0.12 mm (0.0047 in) Limit

0.20 mm (0.0079 in)

Outer-rotor-to-oil-pump-housing clearance

0.10-0.15 mm (0.0039-0.0059 in) Limit

0.22 mm (0.0087 in)

Oil-pump-housing-to-inner-andouter-rotor clearance

0.04-0.09 mm (0.0016-0.0035 in) Limit

0.160 mm (0.0063 in)

- 3. Check:
  - Transfer gear oil pump operation
     Rough movement → Repeat steps (1) and
     (2) or replace the defective part(s).



#### EAS25510

#### **CHECKING THE OIL PIPES**

- 1. Check:
- Oil pipes  $\mathsf{Damage} \to \mathsf{Replace}.$

#### EAS25520

# ASSEMBLING THE TRANSFER GEAR OIL PUMP

- 1. Lubricate:
- Transfer gear oil pump inner rotor
- Transfer gear oil pump outer rotor
- Transfer gear oil pump shaft (with the recommended lubricant)



### Recommended lubricant Engine oil

- 2. Install:
- Transfer gear oil pump shaft "1" (to the transfer gear oil pump housing "2")
- Washer "3"
- Pin "4"
- Transfer gear oil pump inner rotor "5"

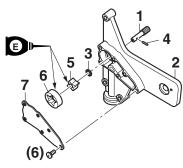
- Transfer gear oil pump outer rotor "6"
- Transfer gear oil pump cover "7"

#### NOTE:

When installing the inner rotor, align the pin in the oil pump shaft with the groove in the inner rotor.



Oil pump housing screw 4 Nm (0.4 m·kg, 2.9 ft·lb)



- 3. Check:
  - Transfer gear oil pump operation Refer to "CHECKING THE TRANSFER GEAR OIL PUMP" on page 5-86.

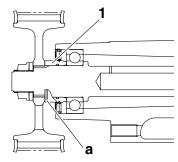
#### EAS255

### **INSTALLING THE TRANSFER GEAR CASE**

- 1. Install:
  - Spacer "1"

#### NOTE

Install the spacer with its groove "a" towards the drive pulley.

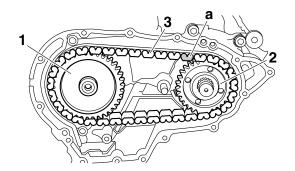


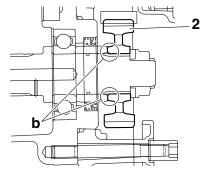
- 2. Install:
  - Middle driven shaft "1"
  - Middle drive gear "2"
  - Primary chain "3" (into the transfer gear case)
- Drive pulley nut

#### NOTE: \_

• Install the primary chain with its blue link "a" facing outward.

- Install the middle drive gear "2" with its chamfered side facing "b" the transfer gear case.
- Install the middle driven shaft, middle drive gear and primary chain at the same time.
- Align the splines on the middle drive gear with the splines on the drive axle.
- Temporarily install the drive pulley nut onto the middle driven shaft.





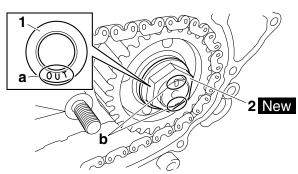
- 3. Install:
  - Conical spring washer "1"
- Middle drive gear nut "2" New



Middle drive gear nut 140 Nm (14.0 m·kg, 100 ft·lb)

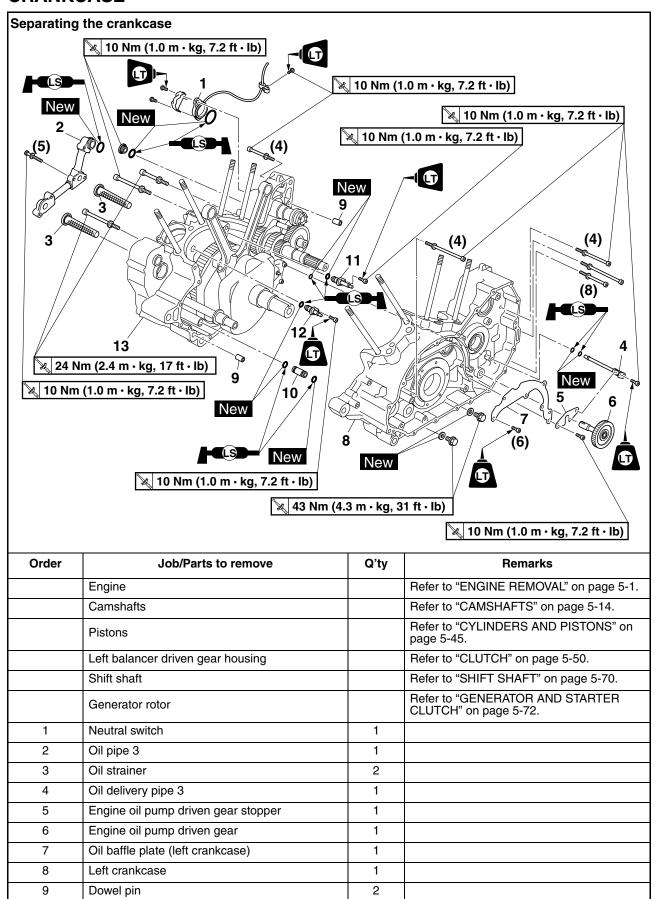
#### NOTE: \_

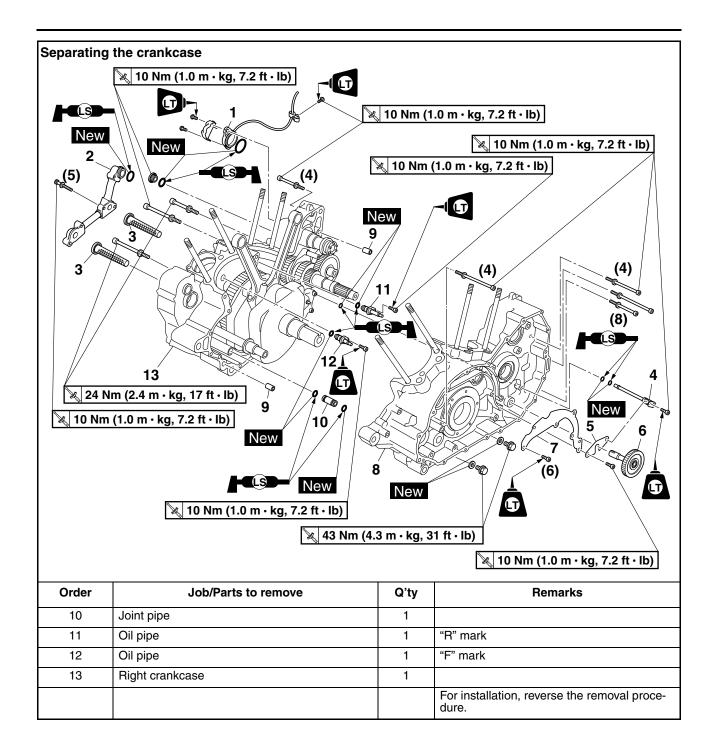
- Lubricate the middle drive gear nut threads and conical spring washer mating surfaces with engine oil.
- Install the conical spring washer "1" with the "OUT" mark "a" facing out.
- Stake the middle drive gear nut "2" at a cutout "b" in the drive axle.

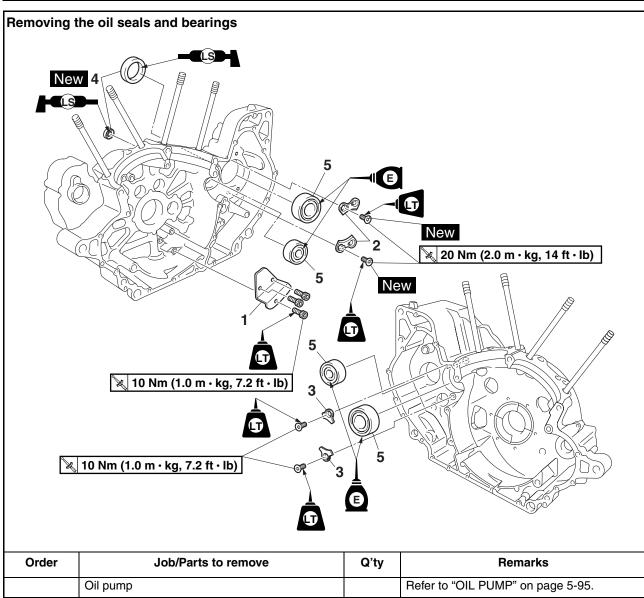


- 4. Remove:
- Drive pulley nut

### **CRANKCASE**







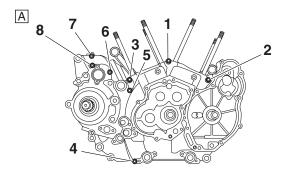
| Order | Job/Parts to remove                | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|------------------------------------|------|--|
|       | Oil pump                           |      | Refer to "OIL PUMP" on page 5-95.                |
|       | Crankshaft                         |      | Refer to "CRANKSHAFT" on page 5-101.             |
|       | Transmission                       |      | Refer to "TRANSMISSION" on page 5-107.           |
| 1     | Oil baffle plate (right crankcase) | 1    |  |
| 2     | Bearing retainer                   | 2    |  |
| 3     | Bearing retainer                   | 2    |  |
| 4     | Oil seal                           | 2    |  |
| 5     | Bearing                            | 4    |  |
|       |                                    |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |

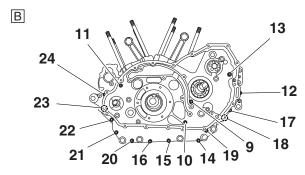
### **DISASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE**

- 1. Remove:
- Crankcase bolts

### NOTE: \_

- Loosen each bolt 1/4 of a turn at a time, in stages and in a crisscross pattern. After all of the bolts are fully loosened, remove them.
- Loosen the bolts in decreasing numerical order (refer to the numbers in the illustration).
  - M8 × 90 mm bolts: "1", "2"
  - M8 × 65 mm bolt: "3"
- M6 × 100 mm bolts: "4", "9"-"11"
- M6 × 80 mm bolt: "12"
- M6 × 70 mm bolts: "13"-"16"
- M6 × 60 mm bolts: "5"-"8"
- M6 × 35 mm bolts: "17"-"24"



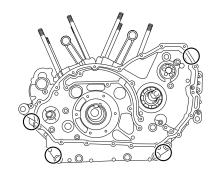


- A. Right crankcase
- B. Left crankcase
- 2. Remove:
  - Left crankcase

ECA13900

### **CAUTION:**

Tap on one side of the crankcase with a softface hammer. Tap only on reinforced portions of the crankcase, not on the crankcase mating surfaces. Work slowly and carefully and make sure the crankcase halves separate evenly.



EAS255

### CHECKING THE CRANKCASE

- 1. Thoroughly wash the crankcase halves in a mild solvent.
- 2. Thoroughly clean all the gasket surfaces and crankcase mating surfaces.
- 3. Check:
  - Crankcase

Cracks/damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Oil delivery passages
 Obstruction → Blow out with compressed air.

ET1D71009

### CHECKING THE BEARINGS AND OIL SEAL

- 1. Check:
- Bearings

Clean and lubricate the bearings, then rotate the inner race with your finger.

Rough movement  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Oil seals

Damage/wear  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

EAS2559

# CHECKING THE OIL DELIVERY PIPE AND OIL PIPE

- 1. Check:
- Oil delivery pipe
- Oil pipes

Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Obstruction  $\rightarrow$  Wash and blow out with compressed air.

ET1D71038

### **CHECKING THE OIL STRAINERS**

- 1. Check:
- Oil strainers

Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Contaminants  $\rightarrow$  Clean with solvent.

# CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL PUMP DRIVEN GEAR

- 1. Check:
- Engine oil pump driven gear
   Chips/pitting/roughness/wear → Replace.

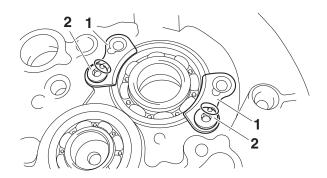
ET1D71034

### **INSTALLING THE BEARING RETAINERS**

- 1. Install:
- Bearing retainers "1"

NOTE: \_

- Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®) to the threads of the bearing retainer bolts.
- Stake the bearing retainer bolts "2".



EAS2569

### **ASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE**

- 1. Apply:
- Sealant

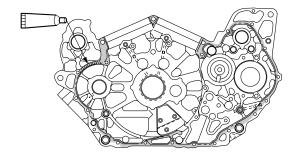
(onto the crankcase mating surfaces)



Yamaha bond No. 1215 90890-85505 (Three Bond No.1215<sup>®</sup>)

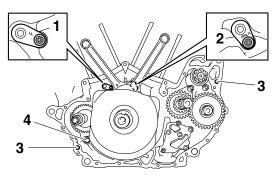
NOTE:

Do not allow any sealant to come into contact with the oil gallery.



- 2. Install:
- Oil pipe ("F" mark) "1"
- Oil pipe ("R" mark) "2"
- Dowel pins "3"

• Joint pipe "4"



- 3. Install:
- Left crankcase (onto the right crankcase)

NOTE:

Tap lightly on the left crankcase with a soft-face hammer.

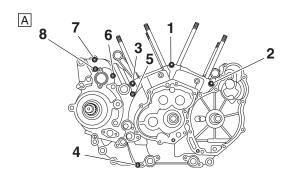
- 4. Install:
- Crankcase bolts (M6)
- Crankcase bolts (M8)

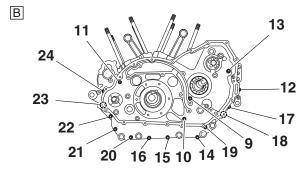


Crankcase bolt (M6) 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Crankcase bolt (M8) 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

#### NOTE:

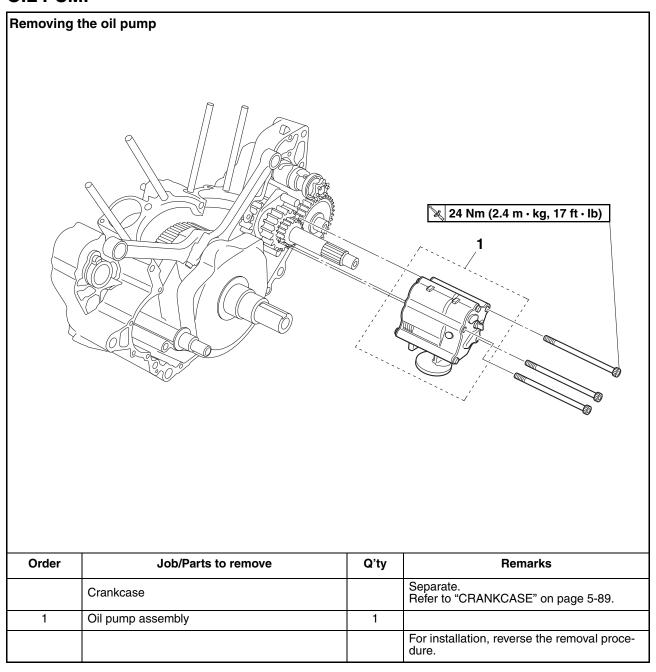
- Lubricate the bolt threads with engine oil.
- Tighten each bolt 1/4 of a turn at a time, in stages and in a crisscross pattern.
- Tighten the bolts in numerical order (refer to the numbers in the illustration).
  - M8 × 90 mm bolts: "1", "2"
  - M8 × 65 mm bolt: "3"
- M6 × 100 mm bolts: "4", "9"-"11"
- M6 × 80 mm bolt: "12"
- M6 × 70 mm bolts: "13"-"16"
- M6 × 60 mm bolts: "5"-"8"
- M6 × 35 mm bolts: "17"-"24"

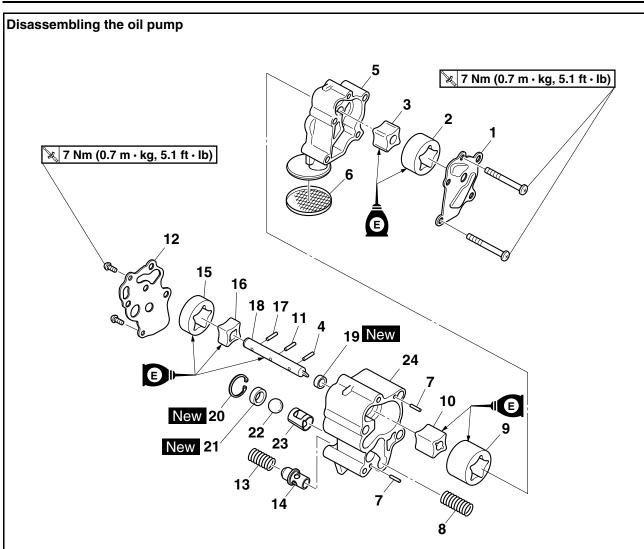




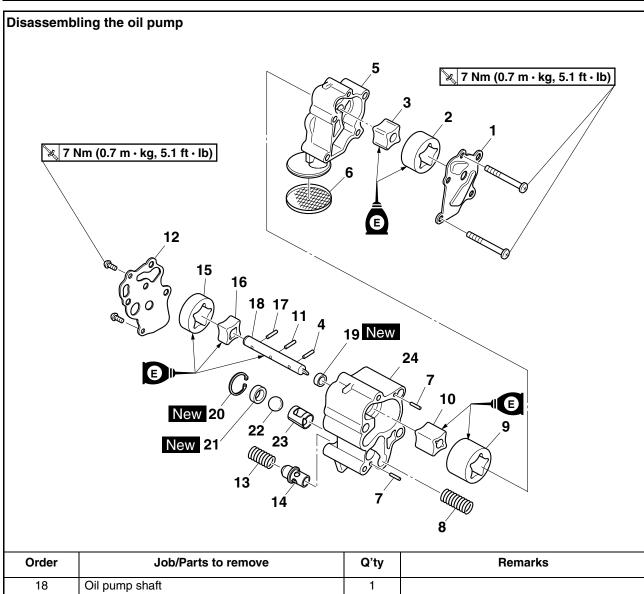
- A. Right crankcase
- B. Left crankcase
- 5. Apply:
  - Engine oil
     (onto the crankshaft pin bearings and oil delivery holes)
- 6. Check:
  - Crankshaft and transmission operation Rough movement → Repair.

# OIL PUMP





| Order | Job/Parts to remove               | Q'ty | Remarks |
|-------|-----------------------------------|------|---------|
| 1     | Oil pump housing cover 1          | 1    |         |
| 2     | Oil scavenging pump outer rotor 1 | 1    |         |
| 3     | Oil scavenging pump inner rotor 1 | 1    |         |
| 4     | Pin                               | 1    |         |
| 5     | Oil pump housing 1                | 1    |         |
| 6     | Oil strainer                      | 1    |         |
| 7     | Pin                               | 2    |         |
| 8     | Ball spring                       | 1    |         |
| 9     | Oil scavenging pump outer rotor 2 | 1    |         |
| 10    | Oil scavenging pump inner rotor 2 | 1    |         |
| 11    | Pin                               | 1    |         |
| 12    | Oil pump housing cover 2          | 1    |         |
| 13    | Relief valve spring               | 1    |         |
| 14    | Relief valve                      | 1    |         |
| 15    | Oil feed pump outer rotor         | 1    |         |
| 16    | Oil feed pump inner rotor         | 1    |         |
| 17    | Pin                               | 1    |         |



| Order | Job/Parts to remove | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|---------------------|------|--|
| 18    | Oil pump shaft      | 1    |  |
| 19    | Oil seal            | 1    |  |
| 20    | Circlip             | 1    |  |
| 21    | Oil seal            | 1    |  |
| 22    | Ball                | 1    |  |
| 23    | Ball guide          | 1    |  |
| 24    | Oil pump housing 2  | 1    |  |
|       |                     |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |

### **CHECKING THE OIL PUMP**

- 1. Check:
- Oil pump housing
- Oil pump housing cover Cracks/damage/wear → Replace the defective part(s).
- 2. Measure:
  - Inner-rotor-to-outer-rotor-tip clearance "a"
  - Outer-rotor-to-oil-pump-housing clearance "b"
  - Oil-pump-housing-to-inner-rotor-and-outerrotor clearance "c"

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace the oil pump.



Inner-rotor-to-outer-rotor-tip clearance Less than 0.12 mm (0.0047 in) Limit

0.20 mm (0.0079 in)

Oil-pump-housing-to-inner-andouter-rotor clearance

0.06–0.13 mm (0.0024–0.0051 in)

Limit

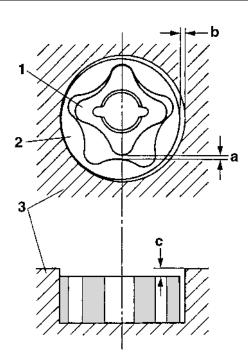
0.20 mm (0.0079 in)

Outer-rotor-to-oil-pump-housing clearance

0.09–0.19 mm (0.0035–0.0075 in)

Limit

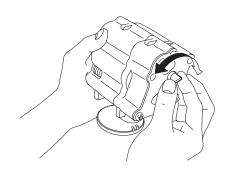
0.26 mm (0.0102 in)



- 1. Inner rotor
- 2. Outer rotor
- 3. Oil pump housing

### 3. Check:

Oil pump operation
 Rough movement → Repeat steps (1) and (2) or replace the defective part(s).



EAS24970

### **CHECKING THE RELIEF VALVE**

- 1. Check:
- Relief valve body
- Relief valve
- Relief valve spring Damage/wear → Replace the defective part(s).

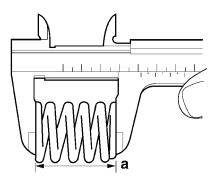
FT1D7103

# CHECKING THE BALL SPRING AND RELIEF VALVE SPRING

- 1. Measure:
- Ball spring free length
- Relief valve spring free length
   Out of specification → Replace the defective
   part(s).



Ball spring
Free length
34.70 mm (1.37 in)
Limit
32.97 mm (1.30 in)
Relief valve spring
Free length
28.95 mm (1.14 in)
Limit
27.50 mm (1.08 in)



a. Free length

### 2. Measure:

- Ball spring force
- Relief valve spring force
   Out of specification → Replace the defective
   part(s).



Ball spring

Installed compression spring force

2.23 N (0.60 lb) (0.27 kgf) or less installed length

29.4 mm (1.12 in)

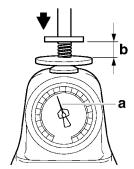
Relief valve spring

Installed compression spring

52.4 N (11.78 lb) (5.34 kgf) or less

Installed length

16.8 mm (0.66 in)



- a. Spring force
- b. Installed length

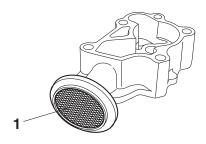
EAS24990

### **CHECKING THE OIL STRAINER**

- 1. Check:
- Oil strainer "1"

Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.

Contaminants → Clean with solvent.



EAS25000

### **ASSEMBLING THE OIL PUMP**

- 1. Lubricate:
- Inner rotor
- Outer rotor

 Oil pump shaft (with the recommended lubricant)



### Recommended lubricant Engine oil

- 2. Install:
  - Oil pump housing 2 "1"
  - Ball guide "2"
  - Ball "3"
  - Oil seal "4" New
  - Circlip "5" New
  - Oil seal "6" New
  - Oil pump shaft "7"
  - Pin "8"
  - Oil feed pump inner rotor "9"
  - Oil feed pump outer rotor "10"
  - Relief valve "11"
  - Relief valve spring "12"
  - Oil pump housing cover 2 "13"



Oil pump housing cover 2 screw 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

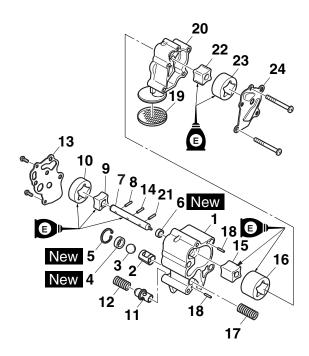
- Pin "14"
- Oil scavenging pump inner rotor 2 "15"
- Oil scavenging pump outer rotor 2 "16"
- Ball spring "17"
- Pins "18"
- Oil strainer "19"
- Oil pump housing 1 "20"
- Pin "21"
- Oil scavenging pump inner rotor 1 "22"
- Oil scavenging pump outer rotor 1 "23"
- Oil pump housing cover 1 "24"



Oil pump housing cover 1 screw 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

#### NOTE

When installing the inner rotor, align the pin in the oil pump shaft with the groove in the inner rotor.



- 3. Check:
  - Oil pump operation Refer to "CHECKING THE OIL PUMP" on page 5-98.

### **INSTALLING THE OIL PUMP**

- 1. Install:
- Oil pump assembly "1"

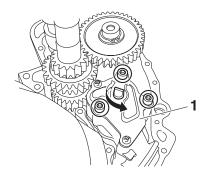


Oil pump assembly bolt 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

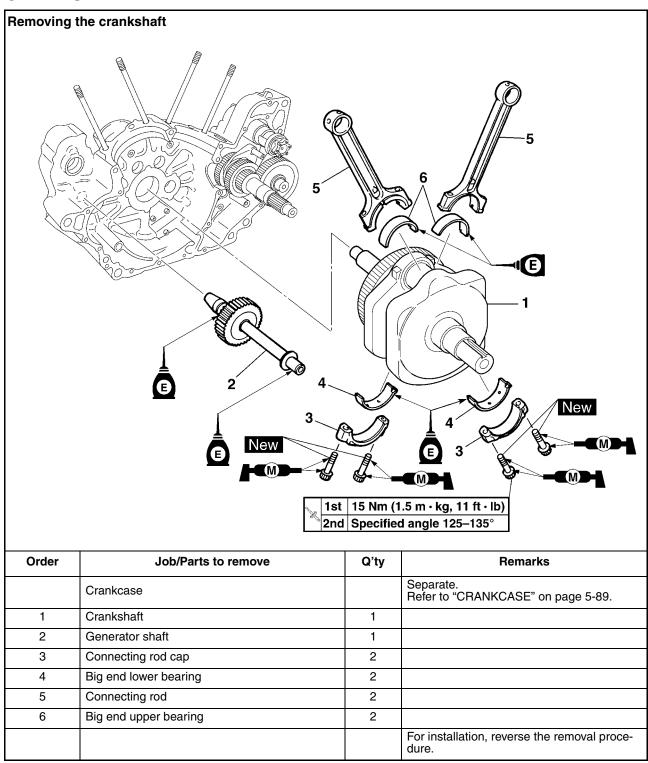
ECA13890

### **CAUTION:**

After tightening the bolts, make sure the oil pump turns smoothly.



### CRANKSHAFT

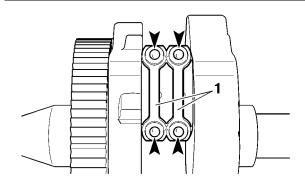


### REMOVING THE CONNECTING RODS

- 1. Remove:
- Connecting rod caps "1"
- Connecting rods
- Big end bearings

NOTE:

Identify the position of each big end bearing so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.



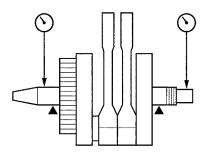
EAS26090

# CHECKING THE CRANKSHAFT AND CONNECTING RODS

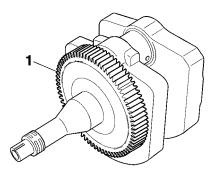
- 1. Measure:
- Crankshaft runout
   Out of specification → Replace the crankshaft.



Runout limit C 0.040 mm (0.0016 in)



- 2. Check:
- Crankshaft journal surfaces
- Crankshaft pin surfaces
- Bearing surfaces
   Scratches/wear → Replace the crankshaft.
- Generator shaft drive gear "1"
   Damage/wear → Replace the crankshaft.



### 3. Measure:

 Crankshaft-pin-to-big-end-bearing clearance Out of specification → Replace the big end bearings.



Journal oil clearance (using plastigauge®)
0.030-0.060 mm (0.0012-0.0024

J.030–0.060 mm (0.0012–0.002 n)

The following procedure applies to all of the connecting rods.

ECA13930

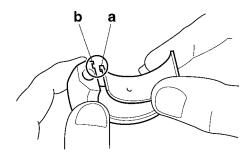
### **CAUTION:**

Do not interchange the big end bearings and connecting rods. To obtain the correct crankshaft-pin-to-big-end-bearing clearance and prevent engine damage, the big end bearings must be installed in their original positions.

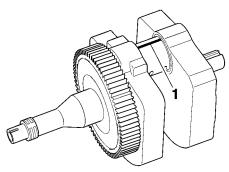
- a. Clean the big end bearings, crankshaft pins, and the inside of the connecting rod halves.
- b. Install the big end upper bearing into the connecting rod and the big end lower bearing into the connecting rod cap.

### NOTE: \_

Align the projections "a" on the big end bearings with the notches "b" in the connecting rod and connecting rod cap.



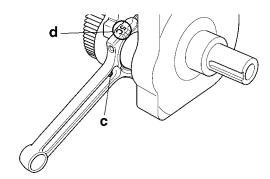
c. Put a piece of Plastigauge  $^{\mbox{\scriptsize le }}$  "1" on the crankshaft pin.



d. Assemble the connecting rod halves.

#### NOTE:

- Do not move the connecting rod or crankshaft until the clearance measurement has been completed.
- Lubricate the bolts threads with molybdenum disulfide grease.
- Make sure the projection "c" on the connecting rod faces towards the left side of the crankshaft.
- Make sure the characters "d" on both the connecting rod and connecting rod cap are aligned.



e. Tighten the connecting rod bolts.

### WARNING

- Replace the connecting rod bolts with new ones.
- Clean the connecting rod bolts.

#### NOTE:

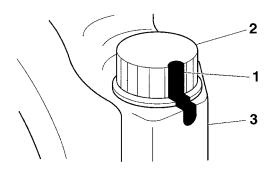
The tightening procedure of the connecting rod bolts is angle controlled, therefore tighten the bolts using the following procedure.

f. Tighten the connecting rod bolts to the specified torque.



Connecting rod bolt (1st) 15 Nm (1.5 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)

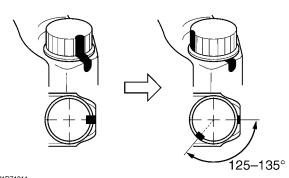
g. Put a mark "1" on the connecting rod bolts "2" and the connecting rod cap "3".



h. Tighten the connecting rod bolts further to reach the specified angle 125–135°.



Connecting rod bolt (final) Specified angle 125–135°



### WARNING

When a bolt is tightened more than the specified angle, do not loosen and then retighten it.

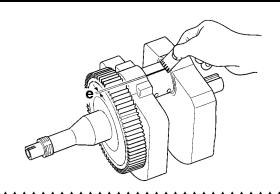
Replace the bolt with a new one and perform the procedure again.

EC1D71001

### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use a torque wrench to tighten the bolt to the specified angle.
- Tighten the bolt until it is at the specified angle.
- i. Remove the connecting rod and big end bearings.
- j. Measure the compressed Plastigauge<sup>®</sup> width "e" on the crankshaft pin.

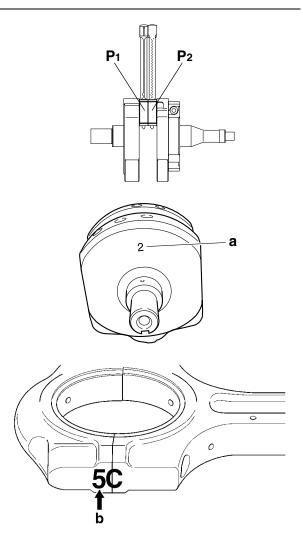
  If the crankshaft-pin-to-big-end-bearing clearance is out of specification, select replacement big end bearings.



- 4. Select:
- Big end bearings ("P<sub>1</sub>"-"P<sub>2</sub>")

NOTE:

- The numbers "a" stamped into the crankshaft web and the numbers "b" on the connecting rods are used to determine the replacement big end bearing sizes.
- "P<sub>1</sub>"-"P<sub>2</sub>" refer to the bearings shown in the crankshaft illustration.



For example, if the connecting rod "P<sub>1</sub>" and the crankshaft web "P" numbers are "5" and "2" respectively, then the bearing size for "P<sub>1</sub>" is:

"P<sub>1</sub>" (connecting rod) - "P" (crankshaft) = 5 - 2 = 3 (brown)



Bearing color code 1.Blue 2.Black 3.Brown 4.Green 5.Yellow

### 5. Measure:

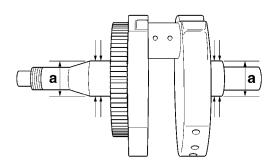
Crankshaft journal diameter "a"
 Out of specification → Replace the crankshaft.

### NOTE:

Measure the diameter of each crankshaft journal at two places.



Crankshaft journal diameter 49.968–49.980 mm (1.9672– 1.9677 in)



### 6. Measure:

• Crankshaft journal bearing inside diameter "a"

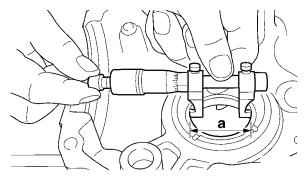
Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace the crankcase assembly.

### NOTE:

Measure the inside diameter of each crankshaft journal bearing at two places.



Crankshaft journal bearing inside diameter 50.010–50.030 mm (1.9689–1.9697 in)



- 7. Calculate:
  - Crankshaft journal-to-crankshaft journal bearing clearance
     Out of specification → Replace the crankshaft and crankshaft journal bearings as a set.

### NOTE: \_

Calculate the clearance by subtracting the crankshaft journal diameter from the crankshaft journal bearing inside diameter.



Crankshaft journal-to-crankshaft journal bearing clearance 0.030–0.060 mm (0.0012–0.0024 in)

EAS26150

### **INSTALLING THE CONNECTING RODS**

- 1. Lubricate:
- Bolt threads (with the recommended lubricant)



Recommended lubricant
Molybdenum disulfide grease

- 2. Lubricate:
  - Crankshaft pins
  - Big end bearings
  - Connecting rod inner surface (with the recommended lubricant)



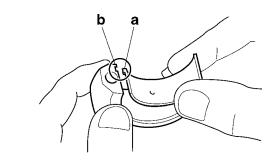
Recommended lubricant Engine oil

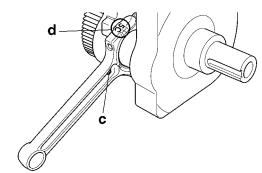
- 3. Install:
- Big end bearings
- Connecting rods
- Connecting rod caps (onto the crankshaft pins)

### NOTE:

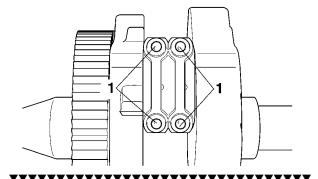
 Align the projections "a" on the big end bearings with the notches "b" in the connecting rods and connecting rod caps.

- Be sure to reinstall each big end bearing in its original place.
- Make sure the projection "c" on the connecting rods face towards the left side of the crankshaft.
- Make sure the characters "d" on both the connecting rod and connecting rod cap are aligned.





- 4. Tighten:
- Connecting rod bolts "1"



### WARNING

- Replace the connecting rod bolts with new ones.
- Clean the connecting rod bolts.

### NOTE: \_

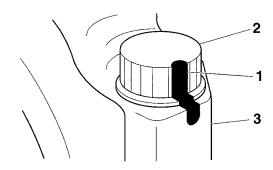
The tightening procedure of the connecting rod bolts is angle controlled, therefore tighten the bolts using the following procedure.

a. Tighten the connecting rod bolts with a torque wrench.



Connecting rod bolt (1st) 15 Nm (1.5 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)

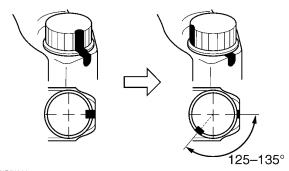
b. Put a mark "1" on the corner of the connecting rod bolts "2" and the connecting rod "3".



c. Tighten the connecting rod bolts further to reach the specified angle 125–135°.



Connecting rod bolt (final) Specified angle 125–135°



WARNING

When a bolt is tightened more than the specified angle, do not loosen and then retighten it

Replace the bolt with a new one and perform the procedure again.

EC1D71001

### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use a torque wrench to tighten the bolt to the specified angle.
- Tighten the bolt until it is at the specified angle.

EAS26210

# INSTALLING THE CRANKSHAFT ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install:
- Generator shaft "1"

Crankshaft assembly "2"

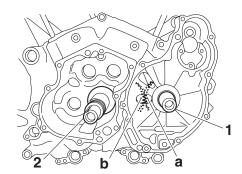
ECA13970

### **CAUTION:**

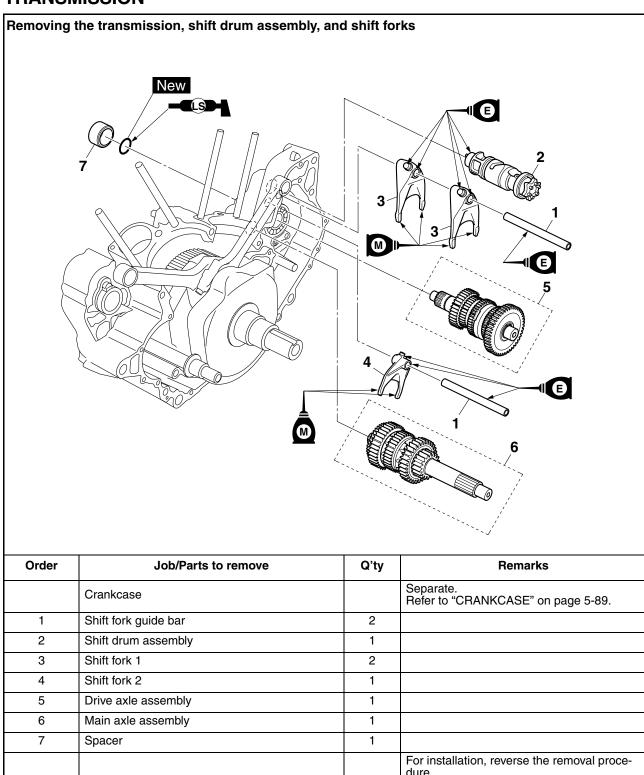
To avoid scratching the crankshaft and to ease the installation procedure, lubricate the oil seal lips with lithium-soap-based grease and each bearing with engine oil.

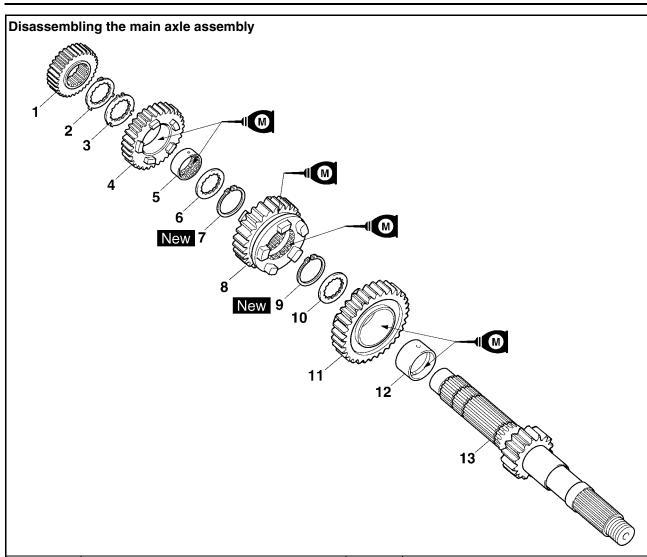
### NOTE:

- Make sure that the generator shaft drive gear teeth and generator shaft driven gear teeth mesh correctly.
- Align the punch mark "a" on the generator shaft driven gear with the punch mark "b" on the generator shaft drive gear.
- Align the right connecting rod with the front cylinder sleeve hole.

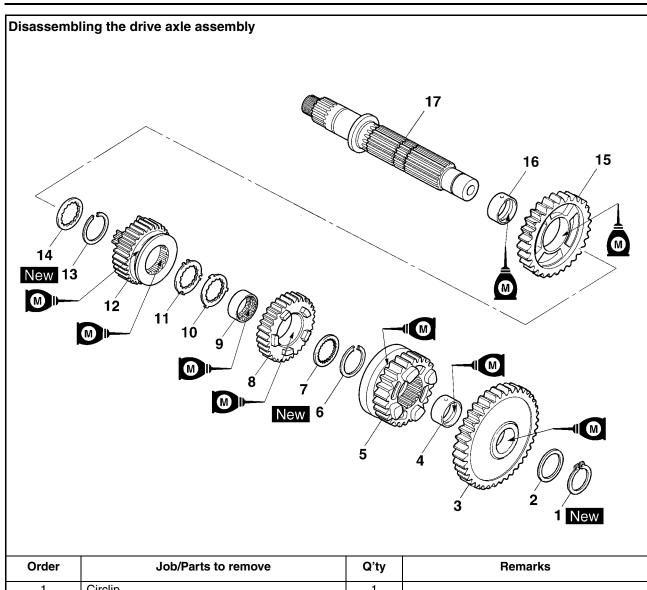


### **TRANSMISSION**

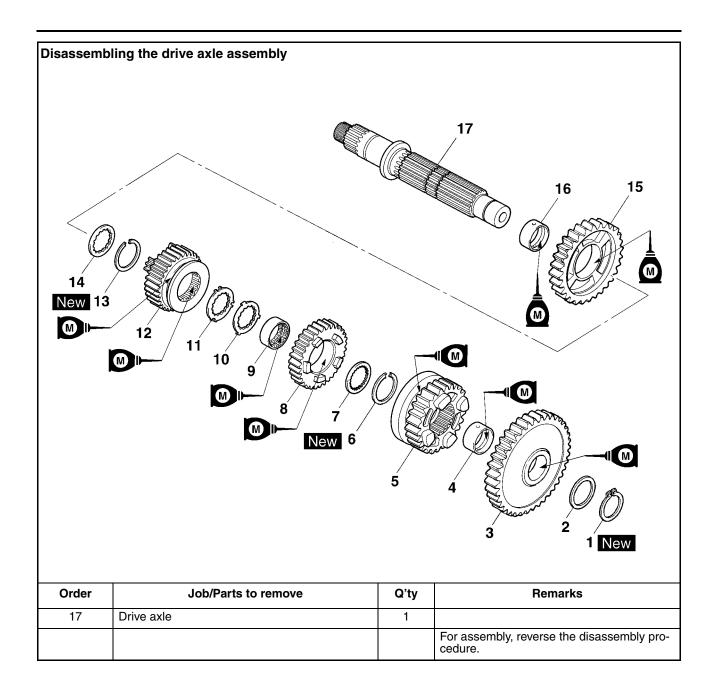




| Order | Job/Parts to remove          | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|------------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | 2nd pinion gear              | 1    |  |
| 2     | Toothed lock washer          | 1    |  |
| 3     | Toothed lock washer retainer | 1    |  |
| 4     | 5th pinion gear              | 1    |  |
| 5     | Collar                       | 1    |  |
| 6     | Toothed washer               | 1    |  |
| 7     | Circlip                      | 1    |  |
| 8     | 3rd pinion gear              | 1    |  |
| 9     | Circlip                      | 1    |  |
| 10    | Toothed washer               | 1    |  |
| 11    | 4th pinion gear              | 1    |  |
| 12    | Collar                       | 1    |  |
| 13    | Main axle/1st pinion gear    | 1    |  |
|       |                              |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |



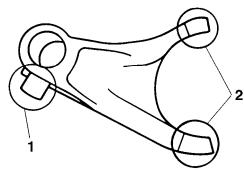
| Order | Job/Parts to remove          | Q'ty | Remarks |
|-------|------------------------------|------|---------|
| 1     | Circlip                      | 1    |         |
| 2     | Washer                       | 1    |         |
| 3     | 1st wheel gear               | 1    |         |
| 4     | Collar                       | 1    |         |
| 5     | 4th wheel gear               | 1    |         |
| 6     | Circlip                      | 1    |         |
| 7     | Toothed washer               | 1    |         |
| 8     | 3rd wheel gear               | 1    |         |
| 9     | Collar                       | 1    |         |
| 10    | Toothed lock washer          | 1    |         |
| 11    | Toothed lock washer retainer | 1    |         |
| 12    | 5th wheel gear               | 1    |         |
| 13    | Circlip                      | 1    |         |
| 14    | Toothed washer               | 1    |         |
| 15    | 2nd wheel gear               | 1    |         |
| 16    | Collar                       | 1    |         |



### **CHECKING THE SHIFT FORKS**

The following procedure applies to all of the shift forks.

- 1. Check:
- Shift fork cam follower "1"
- Shift fork pawl "2" Bends/damage/scoring/wear → Replace the shift fork.

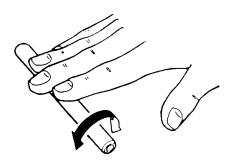


### 2. Check:

Shift fork guide bar
 Roll the shift fork guide bar on a flat surface.
 Bends → Replace.

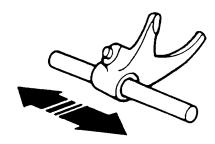
• WARNING

Do not attempt to straighten a bent shift fork guide bar.



### 3. Check:

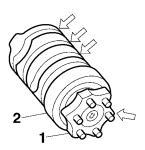
Shift fork movement
 (along the shift fork guide bar)
 Rough movement → Replace the shift forks
 and shift fork guide bar as a set.



EAS2627

### **CHECKING THE SHIFT DRUM ASSEMBLY**

- 1. Check:
- Shift drum groove Damage/scratches/wear → Replace the shift drum assembly.
- Shift drum segment "1"
   Damage/wear → Replace the shift drum assembly.
- Shift drum bearing "2"
   Damage/pitting → Replace the shift drum assembly.



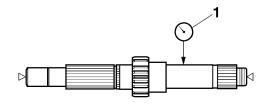
EAS2630

### CHECKING THE TRANSMISSION

- 1. Measure:
- Main axle runout (with a centering device and dial gauge "1")
   Out of specification → Replace the main axle.



Main axle runout limit 0.08 mm (0.0032 in)

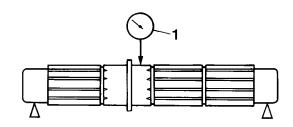


### 2. Measure:

 Drive axle runout (with a centering device and dial gauge "1")
 Out of specification → Replace the drive axle.

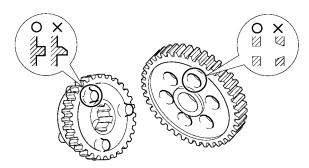


Drive axle runout limit 0.08 mm (0.0032 in)



### 3. Check:

- Transmission gears
   Blue discoloration/pitting/wear → Replace the defective gear(s).
- Transmission gear dogs
   Cracks/damage/rounded edges → Replace the defective gear(s).



### 4. Check:

 Transmission gear engagement (each pinion gear to its respective wheel gear)

Incorrect  $\rightarrow$  Reassemble the transmission axle assemblies.

### 5. Check:

- Transmission gear movement Rough movement → Replace the defective part(s).
- 6. Check:
- Circlips
   Bends/damage/looseness → Replace.

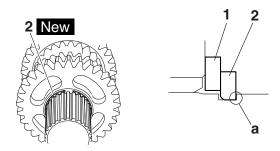
ET1D71006

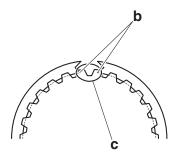
# ASSEMBLING THE MAIN AXLE AND DRIVE AXLE

- 1. Install:
- Toothed washer "1"
- Circlip "2" New

NOTE: \_

 Be sure the circlip sharp-edged corner "a" is positioned opposite side to the toothed washer and gear. (For main axle) • Install the circlip so that both ends "b" rest on the sides of a spline "c" with both axles aligned.



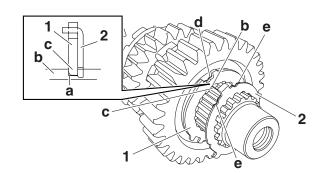


### 2. Install:

- Toothed lock washer retainer "1"
- Toothed lock washer "2"

### NOTE: \_

- With the toothed lock washer retainer "1" in the groove "a" in the axle, align the projection "c" on the retainer with an axle spline "b", and then install the toothed lock washer "2".
- Be sure to align the projection on the toothed lock washer that is between the alignment marks "e" with the alignment mark "d" on the retainer.



#### EAS26320

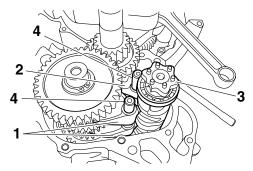
# INSTALLING THE SHIFT FORKS AND SHIFT DRUM ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install:
- Shift forks 1 "1"
- Shift fork 2 "2"
- Shift drum assembly "3"

• Shift fork guide bars "4"

NOTE: \_

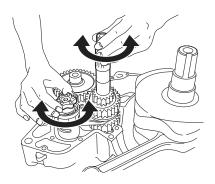
The embossed marks "1D7" on the shift forks should face towards the left side of the engine.



- 2. Check:
  - $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bullet & Transmission \\ & Rough & movement \rightarrow Repair. \\ \end{tabular}$

NOTF:

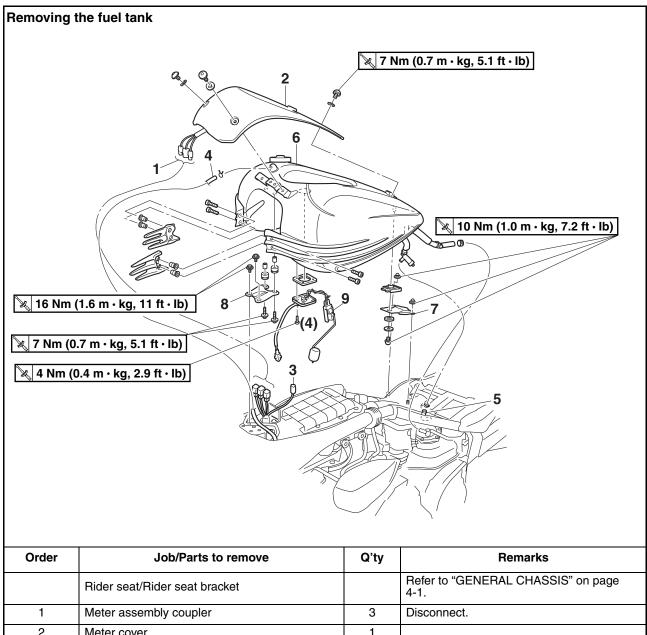
- Apply engine oil to each gear and bearing thoroughly.
- Before assembling the crankcase, make sure that the transmission is in neutral and that the gears turn freely.



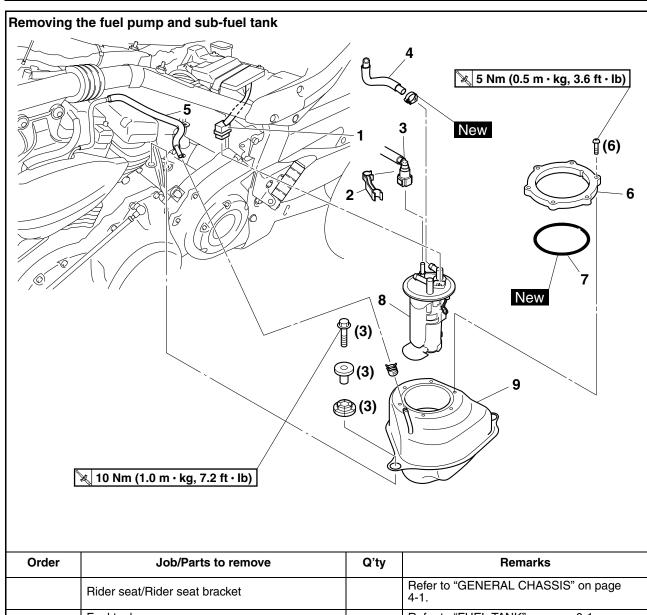
## **FUEL SYSTEM**

| FUEL TANK                                    | 6-1  |
|--|------|
| REMOVING THE FUEL TANK                       |      |
| REMOVING THE FUEL PUMP                       |      |
| CHECKING THE FUEL PUMP BODY                  |      |
| CHECKING THE FUEL PUMP OPERATION             | 6-4  |
| INSTALLING THE FUEL PUMP                     | 6-4  |
| INSTALLING THE FUEL TANK                     | 6-4  |
| THROTTLE BODIES                              | 6-6  |
| REMOVING THE FUEL HOSE                       |      |
| CHECKING THE INJECTORS                       |      |
| CHECKING THE THROTTLE BODIES                 |      |
| CHECKING THE ROLLOVER VALVES                 |      |
| CHECKING THE PRESSURE REGULATOR              |      |
| CHECKING THE PRESSURE REGULATOR OPERATION    |      |
| ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR       | 6-12 |
| INSTALLING THE FUEL PIPE                     |      |
| INSTALLING THE FUEL HOSE                     |      |
|  |      |
| ISC (IDLE SPEED CONTROL) UNIT                |      |
| CHECKING THE ISC (IDLE SPEED CONTROL) SYSTEM | 6-15 |

# FUEL TANK



| 0.40. | 000/1 0110 10 1011010                        | ~ ., | Tromai no  |
|-------|--|------|--|
|       | Rider seat/Rider seat bracket                |      | Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.          |
| 1     | Meter assembly coupler                       | 3    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 2     | Meter cover                                  | 1    |  |
| 3     | Fuel sender coupler                          | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 4     | Fuel tank breather hose                      | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 5     | Air vent hose (fuel pump to fuel hose joint) | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 6     | Fuel tank                                    | 1    |  |
| 7     | Fuel tank bracket (rear side)                | 1    |  |
| 8     | Fuel tank bracket (front side)               | 1    |  |
| 9     | Fuel sender                                  | 1    |  |
|       |  |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |



| Order | Job/Parts to remove                                  | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|--|------|--|
|       | Rider seat/Rider seat bracket                        |      | Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.          |
|       | Fuel tank  |      | Refer to "FUEL TANK" on page 6-1.                |
| 1     | Fuel pump coupler                                    | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 2     | Fuel hose connector cover                            | 1    |  |
| 3     | Fuel outlet hose                                     | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 4     | Air vent hose (fuel pump to fuel hose joint)         | 1    |  |
| 5     | Fuel return hose (fuel return pipe to sub-fuel tank) | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 6     | Fuel pump bracket                                    | 1    |  |
| 7     | Fuel pump gasket                                     | 1    |  |
| 8     | Fuel pump  | 1    |  |
| 9     | Sub-fuel tank  | 1    |  |
|       |  |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |

### REMOVING THE FUEL TANK

- 1. Extract the fuel in the fuel tank through the fuel tank cap with a pump.
- 2. Remove:
  - Fuel tank

EC1D71021

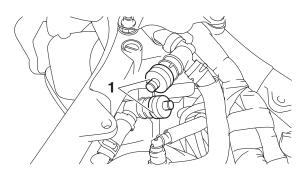
### **CAUTION:**

Although the fuel has been removed from the fuel tank, be careful when removing the fuel hoses, since there may be fuel remaining in them.

a. Remove the fuel hose joint caps "1".

NOTE: \_

After removing the fuel hose joint caps, clean the projection on each cap so that no foreign material will enter the fuel lines.



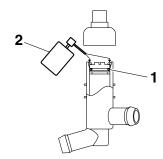
b. Lubricate the O-ring "1" with the recommended silicone lubricant "2".



Recommended lubricant
Silicone protectant and lubricant
ACC-SLCNS-PR-AY

NOTF:

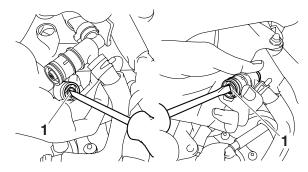
Spray the silicone lubricant in the areas shown in the illustration.



c. Turn the screws "1" clockwise.

NOTE: \_

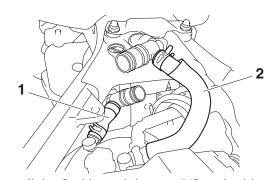
Turn the screws until they stop.



d. Disconnect the fuel hose (fuel hose joint to fuel pump) "1" and air vent hose (fuel pump to fuel hose joint) "2".

NOTE:

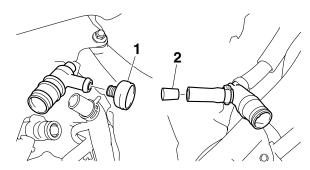
Before removing the hoses, place a few rags in the area under where they will be removed.



e. Install the fuel hose joint cap "1" and rubber plug "2".

NOTE:

Insert the projection on the fuel hose joint cap completely into the pipe of the fuel hose joint and insert the rubber plug into the end of the fuel hose (fuel hose joint to fuel pump).



f. Remove the fuel tank.

1000040

### **REMOVING THE FUEL PUMP**

- 1. Remove:
- Fuel hose connector cover
- 2. Disconnect:
  - Fuel outlet hose

EC1D71022

### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure to disconnect the fuel outlet hose by hand. Do not forcefully disconnect the hose with tools.
- Although the fuel has been removed from the fuel tank be careful when removing the fuel hoses, since there may be fuel remaining in them.

### NOTE:

- Remove the fuel hose manually without using any tools.
- Before removing the hoses, place a few rags in the area under where they will be removed.
- 3. Remove:
- Fuel pump

ECA14720

### **CAUTION:**

- Do not drop the fuel pump or give it a strong shock.
- Do not touch the base section of the fuel sender.

EAS26670

### CHECKING THE FUEL PUMP BODY

- 1. Check:
- Fuel pump body
   Obstruction → Clean.
   Cracks/damage → Replace fuel pump assembly.
- 2. Check:
  - Diaphragms and gaskets
     Tears/fatigue/cracks → Replace fuel pump assembly.

FAS26690

### **CHECKING THE FUEL PUMP OPERATION**

- 1. Check:
- Fuel pump operation Refer to "CHECKING THE FUEL PUMP" on page 7-89.

EAS26710

### **INSTALLING THE FUEL PUMP**

- 1. Install:
- Fuel pump

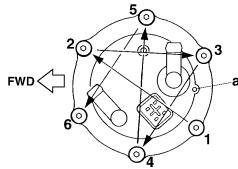


Fuel pump bolt 5 Nm (0.5 m·kg, 3.6 ft·lb)

### NOTE:

- Do not damage the installation surfaces of the sub-fuel tank when installing the fuel pump.
- Always use a new fuel pump gasket.

- Install the fuel pump as shown in the illustration.
- Align the projection "a" on the fuel pump with the slot in the fuel pump bracket.
- Tighten the fuel pump bolts in the proper tightening sequence as shown.



- 2. Connect:
- Fuel outlet hose
- Install:
- Fuel hose connector cover "1"

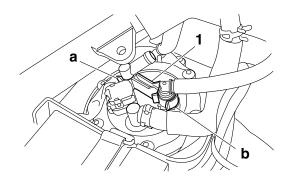
C1D71023

### **CAUTION:**

When installing the fuel outlet hose, make sure that it is securely connected, and that the fuel hose connector cover is installed correctly, otherwise the fuel outlet hose will not be properly installed.

### NOTE:

- Install the fuel outlet hose connector securely onto the sub fuel tank until a distinct "click" is heard, and then make sure that it does not come loose.
- Install the holder "a" of the fuel hose connector cover, and then install the holder "b". After installing the fuel hose connector cover, make sure that it is installed securely.



ET1D7102

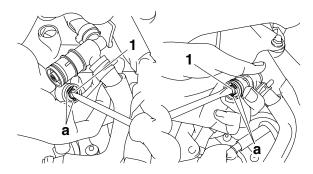
### INSTALLING THE FUEL TANK

- 1. Install:
- Fuel tank

- a. Install the fuel tank.
- b. Remove the fuel hose joint caps.
- c. Connect the fuel hose (fuel hose joint to fuel pump) and air vent hose (fuel pump to fuel hose joint).
- d. Turn the screws "1" counterclockwise.

NOTE: \_

Turn the screws until they contact the clips "a".



e. Install the fuel hose joint caps.

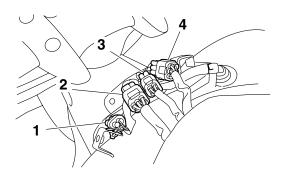
NOTE: \_

Install the fuel hose joint caps completely onto the fuel hose joints.

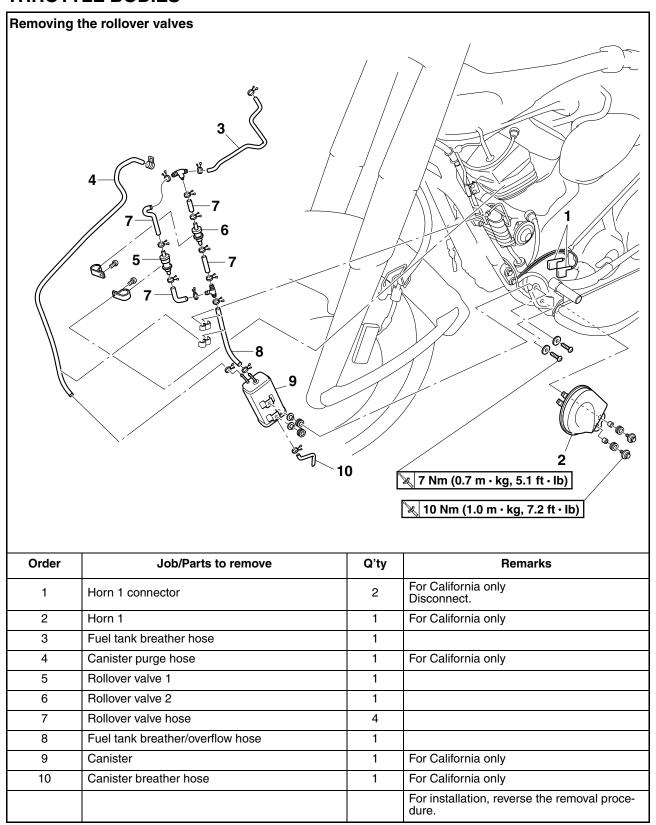
- 2. Install:
  - Meter assembly couplers
  - Fuel sender coupler

NOTE: \_

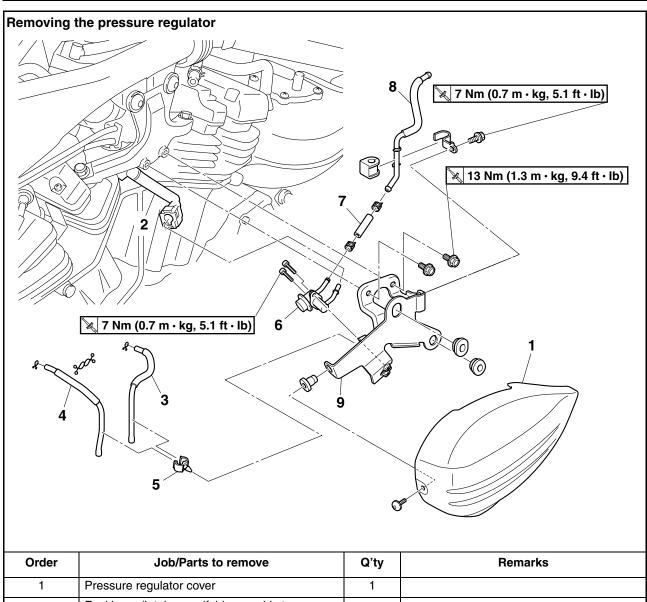
Make sure that the couplers are positioned as shown in the illustration in the following order from left to right: fuel sender coupler "1", 6-pin black meter assembly coupler "2", 4-pin white meter assembly coupler "3", and 6-pin white meter assembly coupler "4".



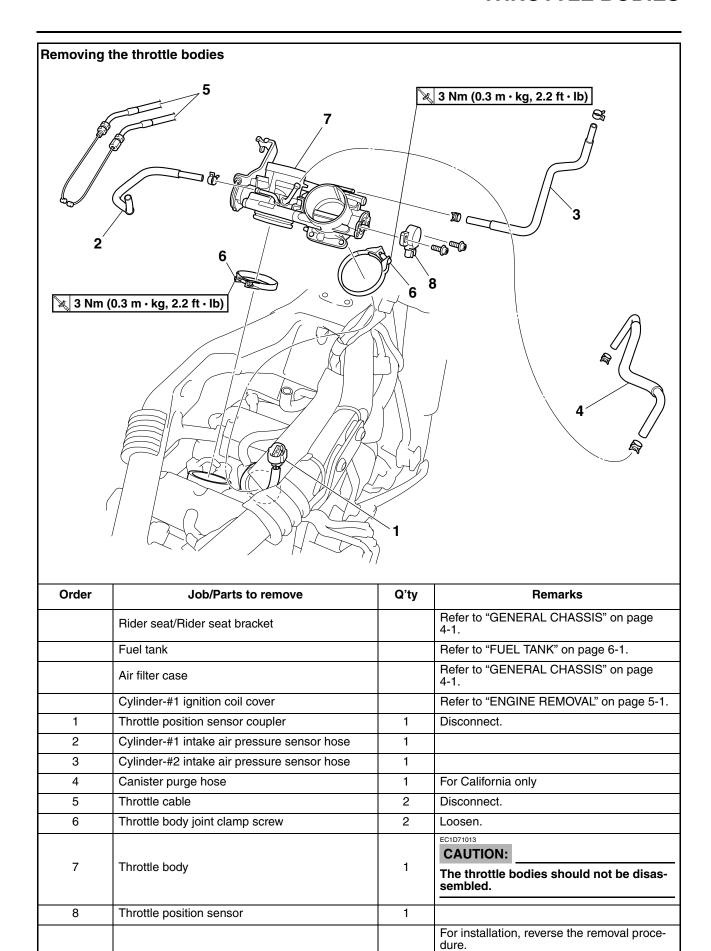
### THROTTLE BODIES

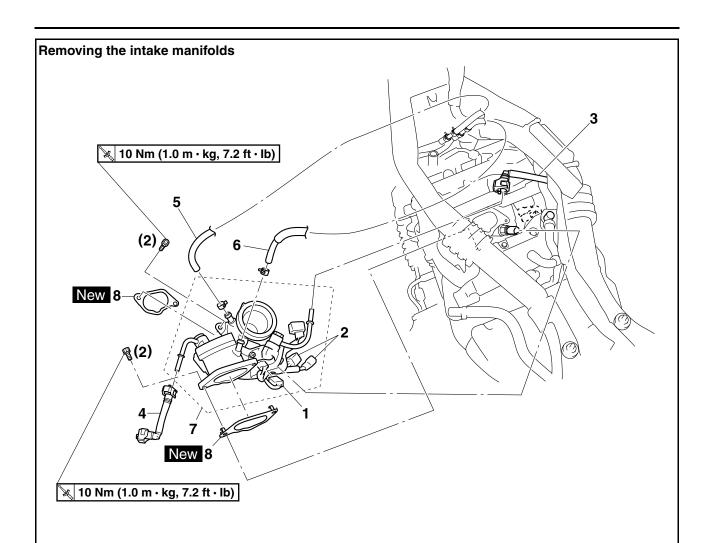


## **THROTTLE BODIES**



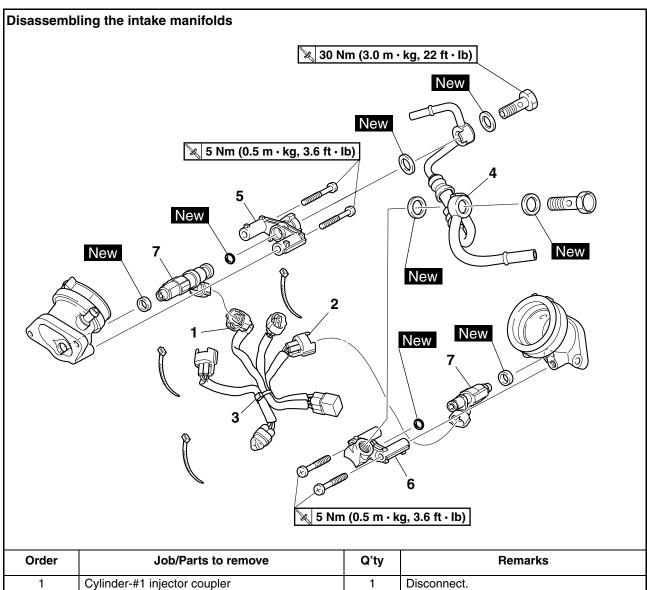
| Order | Job/Parts to remove  | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|--|------|--|
| 1     | Pressure regulator cover                                   | 1    |  |
| 2     | Fuel hose (intake manifold assembly to pressure regulator) | 1    |  |
| 3     | Air filter case breather hose 1                            | 1    |  |
| 4     | Air filter case breather hose 2                            | 1    |  |
| 5     | Hose clamp   | 1    |  |
| 6     | Pressure regulator   | 1    |  |
| 7     | Fuel return hose   | 1    |  |
| 8     | Fuel return pipe   | 1    |  |
| 9     | Pressure regulator bracket                                 | 1    |  |
|       |  |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |





| Order | Job/Parts to remove  | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|--|------|--|
| 1     | Engine temperature sensor coupler                          | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 2     | Sub-wire harness 2 coupler                                 | 2    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 3     | Fuel outlet hose   | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 4     | Fuel hose (intake manifold assembly to pressure regulator) | 1    |  |
| 5     | Cylinder-#2 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose      | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 6     | Cylinder-#1 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose      | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 7     | Intake manifold assembly                                   | 1    |  |
| 8     | Gasket   | 2    |  |
|       |  |      | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |

## **THROTTLE BODIES**



| Order | Job/Parts to remove          | Q'ty | Remarks  |
|-------|------------------------------|------|--|
| 1     | Cylinder-#1 injector coupler | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 2     | Cylinder-#2 injector coupler | 1    | Disconnect.                                      |
| 3     | Sub-wire harness 2           | 1    |  |
| 4     | Fuel pipe                    | 1    |  |
| 5     | Injector joint 1             | 1    |  |
| 6     | Injector joint 2             | 1    |  |
| 7     | Injector                     | 2    |  |
|       |                              |      | For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedure. |

ET1D71026

### REMOVING THE FUEL HOSE

- 1. Disconnect:
- Fuel hose (intake manifold assembly to pressure regulator)

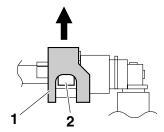
EC1D71014

### **CAUTION:**

Although the fuel has been removed from the fuel tank be careful when removing the fuel hose, since there may be fuel remaining in it.

#### NOTE:

- To remove the fuel hose from the fuel pipe or pressure regulator, slide the fuel hose connector cover "1" on the end of the hose in the direction of the arrow shown, press the two buttons "2" on the sides of the connector, and then remove the hose.
- Remove the fuel hose manually without using any tools.
- Before removing the hoses, place a few rags in the area under where they will be removed.



EAS26980

### **CHECKING THE INJECTORS**

- 1. Check:
- Injectors
   Damage → Replace.

EAS26990

### **CHECKING THE THROTTLE BODIES**

- 1. Check:
- Throttle bodies
   Cracks/damage → Replace the throttle bodies as a set.
- 2. Check:
  - Fuel passages
     Obstructions → Clean.
- a. Wash the throttle bodies in a petroleumbased solvent.

Do not use any caustic carburetor cleaning solution.

b. Blow out all of the passages with compressed air

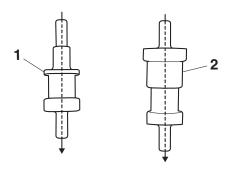
ET1D71007

### **CHECKING THE ROLLOVER VALVES**

- 1. Check:
- Rollover valve 1 "1"
- Rollover valve 2 "2"
   Damage/faulty → Replace.

NOTE:

- Check that air flows smoothly only in the direction of the arrow shown in the illustration.
- The rollover valves must be in an upright position when checking the airflow.



EAS2700

### **CHECKING THE PRESSURE REGULATOR**

- 1. Check:
- Pressure regulator
   Damage → Replace.

FAS2701

# CHECKING THE PRESSURE REGULATOR OPERATION

- 1. Check:
- Pressure regulator operation

a. Remove the pressure regulator cover. Refer to "THROTTLE BODIES" on page 6-6.

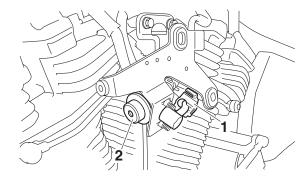
- b. Disconnect the fuel hose "1" from the pressure regulator "2".
- c. Connect the fuel pressure adapter "3" between the fuel hose "1" and pressure regulator "2".
- d. Connect the pressure gauge "4" to the fuel pressure adapter "3".
- e. Connect the vacuum/pressure pump gauge set "5" to the pressure regulator.

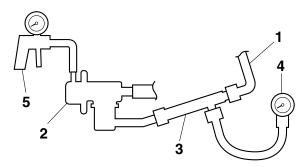


Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set 90890-06756

Pressure gauge 90890-03153

Fuel pressure adapter 90890-03176 YM-03176





- f. Start the engine.
- g. Measure the fuel pressure.



Fuel pressure 392 kPa (3.92 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 55.7 psi)

h. Use the vacuum/pressure pump gauge set to adjust the fuel pressure in relation to the vacuum pressure as described below.

### NOTE: \_

The vacuum pressure should not exceed 100 kPa (760 mmHg).

- Increase the vacuum pressure → Fuel pressure is decreased
- Decrease the vacuum pressure  $\rightarrow$  Fuel pressure is increased

Faulty → Replace the pressure regulator.

EAS2703

# ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Check:
- Throttle position sensor Refer to "CHECKING THE THROTTLE PO-SITION SENSOR" on page 7-89.
- 2. Adjust:
- Throttle position sensor angle

# a. Connect the throttle position sensor coupler

- to the throttle position sensor.
- b. Connect the digital circuit tester to the throttle position sensor.
- Positive tester probe yellow terminal "1"
- Negative tester probe black terminal "2"



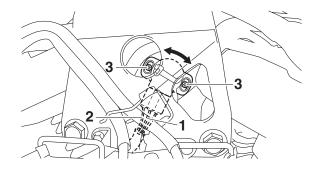
Digital circuit tester 90890-03174 Model 88 Multimeter with tachometer YU-A1927

- c. Measure the throttle position sensor voltage.
- d. Adjust the throttle position sensor angle so that the voltage is within the specified range.



Output voltage (at idle) 0.63–0.73 V

e. After adjusting the throttle position sensor angle, tighten the throttle position sensor screws "3".



ET1D7100

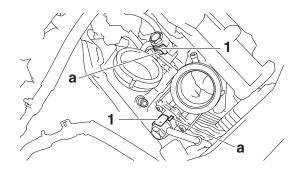
### **INSTALLING THE FUEL PIPE**

- 1. Install:
- Fuel pipe "1"



Fuel pipe bolt 30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb) NOTE: \_

Install the fuel pipe "1" so that it contacts the projections "a" on the injector joints.



ET1D71027

### **INSTALLING THE FUEL HOSE**

- 1. Connect:
- Fuel hose (intake manifold assembly to pressure regulator)

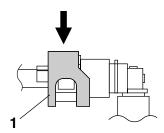
EC1D71015

### **CAUTION:**

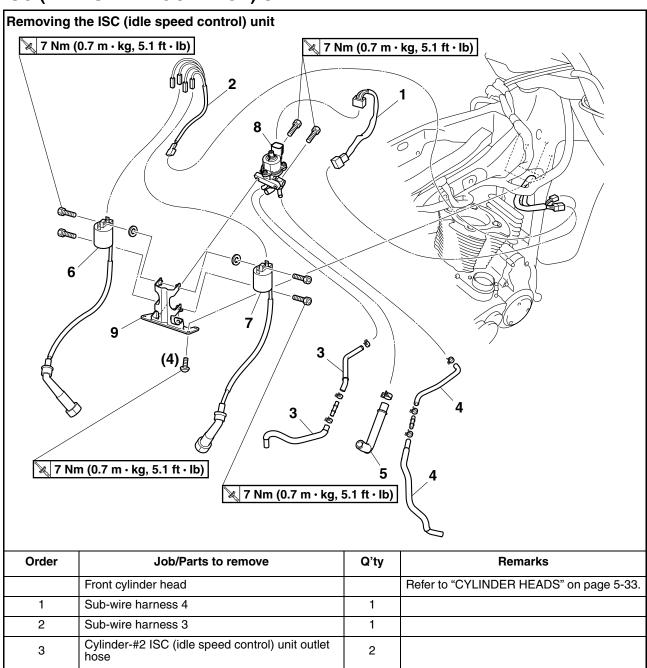
When installing the fuel hose, make sure that it is securely connected, and that the fuel hose connector cover on the fuel hose is in the correct position, otherwise the fuel hose will not be properly installed.

### NOTE: \_

- Install the fuel hose securely onto the fuel pipe or pressure regulator until a distinct "click" is heard.
- To install the fuel hose onto the fuel pipe or pressure regulator, slide the fuel hose connector cover "1" on the end of the hose in the direction of the arrow shown.



# ISC (IDLE SPEED CONTROL) UNIT



|   | Front cylinder head                                   |   | Refer to "CYLINDER HEADS" on page 5-33.          |
|---|---|---|--|
| 1 | Sub-wire harness 4                                    | 1 |  |
| 2 | Sub-wire harness 3                                    | 1 |  |
| 3 | Cylinder-#2 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose | 2 |  |
| 4 | Cylinder-#1 ISC (idle speed control) unit outlet hose | 2 |  |
| 5 | ISC (idle speed control) unit inlet hose              | 1 |  |
| 6 | Cylinder-#2 left ignition coil                        | 1 |  |
| 7 | Cylinder-#2 right ignition coil                       | 1 |  |
| 8 | ISC (idle speed control) unit                         | 1 |  |
| 9 | ISC (idle speed control) unit bracket                 | 1 |  |
|   |   |   | For installation, reverse the removal procedure. |

# ISC (IDLE SPEED CONTROL) UNIT

ET1D71010

# CHECKING THE ISC (IDLE SPEED CONTROL) SYSTEM

- 1. Check:
- Hoses

 $\label{eq:connections} \begin{tabular}{ll} Loose connections $\rightarrow$ Connect properly. \\ Cracks/damage $\rightarrow$ Replace. \end{tabular}$ 

# **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**

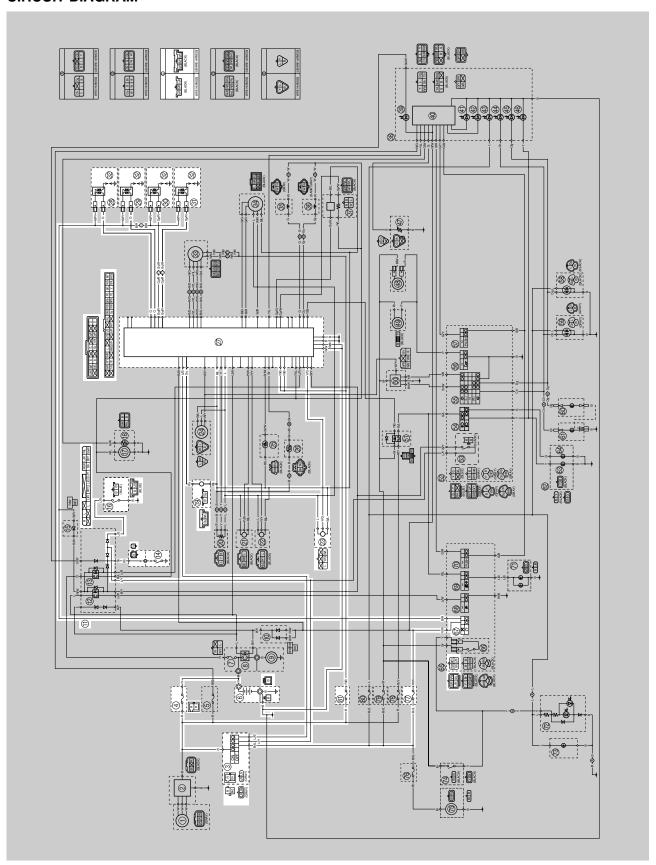
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# **IGNITION SYSTEM**

EAS27110

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**



# **IGNITION SYSTEM**

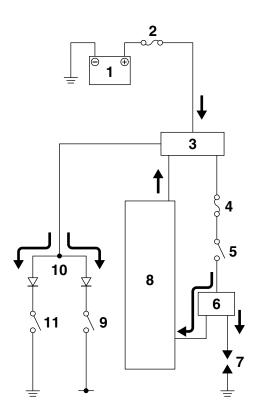
- 3. Main switch
- 4. Main fuse
- 6. Battery
- 11.Relay unit
- 14.Neutral switch
- 16.Sidestand switch
- 19. Crankshaft position sensor
- 23.Lean angle sensor
- 27.ECU (electronic control unit)
- 28.Cylinder-#1 left ignition coil
- 29.Cylinder-#1 right ignition coil
- 30.Cylinder-#2 left ignition coil
- 31.Cylinder-#2 right ignition coil
- 32.Spark plug
- 67. Engine stop switch
- 77.Ignition fuse
- 81.ECU fuse

ET1D71043

### **ENGINE STOPPING DUE TO SIDESTAND OPERATION**

When the engine is running and the transmission is in gear, the engine will stop if the sidestand is moved down. This is because the electric current from the ignition coils does not flow to the ECU when both the neutral switch and sidestand switch are set to "OFF", thereby preventing the spark plugs from producing a spark. However, the engine continues to run under the following conditions:

- The transmission is in gear (the neutral switch circuit is open) and the sidestand is up (the sidestand switch circuit is closed).
- The transmission is in neutral (the neutral switch circuit is closed) and the sidestand is down (the sidestand switch circuit is open).



- 1. Battery
- 2. Main fuse
- 3. Main switch
- 4. Ignition fuse
- 5. Engine stop switch
- 6. Ignition coil
- 7. Spark plug
- 8. ECU (electronic control unit)
- 9. Sidestand switch
- 10. Relay unit (diode)
- 11. Neutral switch

EAS27140 TROUBLESHOOTING The ignition system fails to operate (no spark or intermittent spark). Before troubleshooting, remove the following part(s): 1. Rider seat 2. Tool kit tray 3. Rider seat bracket assembly 4. Fuel tank 5. Air filter case 6. Headlight assembly 7. Exhaust pipes 8. Front cylinder 1. Check the fuses.  $NG \rightarrow$ (Main, ignition and ECU) Replace the fuse(s). Refer to "CHECKING THE FUS-ES" on page 7-75. OK ↓ 2. Check the battery.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING AND Clean the battery terminals. CHARGING THE BATTERY" on Recharge or replace the battery. page 7-76. OK ↓  $NG \rightarrow$ 3. Check the spark plugs. Refer to "CHECKING THE SPARK Re-gap or replace the spark plug(s). PLUGS" on page 3-9. OK ↓ 4. Check the ignition spark gap.  $OK \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE IGNI-Ignition system is OK. TION SPARK GAP" on page 7-82. NG↓ 5. Check the spark plug caps.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE SPARK Replace the spark plug cap(s). PLUG CAPS" on page 7-83. OK ↓ 6. Check the ignition coils.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE IGNI-Replace the ignition coil(s). TION COILS" on page 7-83. OK ↓ 7. Check the crankshaft position sen- $NG \rightarrow$ 

sor.
Refer to "CHECKING THE CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR" on

SHAFT POSITION SENSOR" on page 7-84.

OK ↓

Replace the crankshaft position sensor.

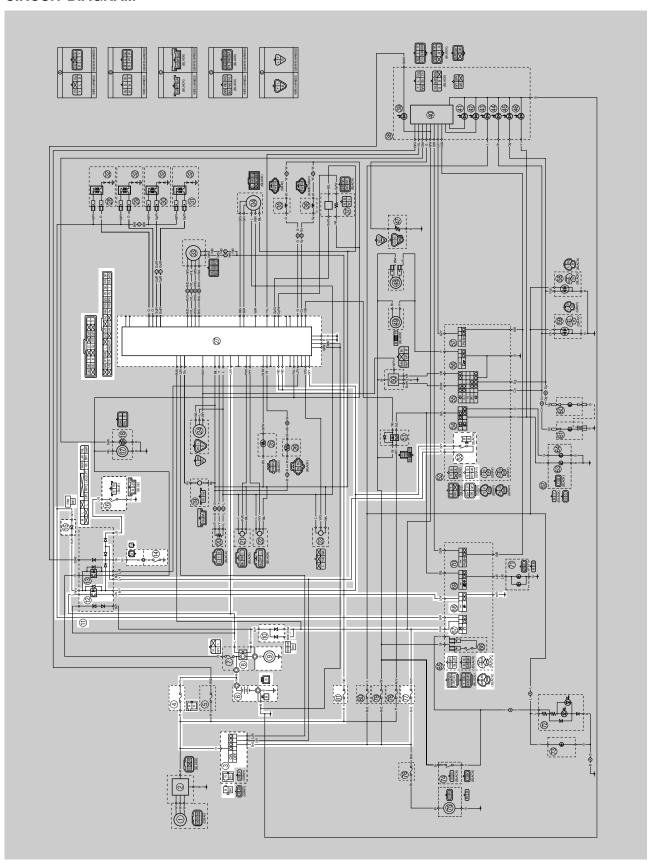
## **IGNITION SYSTEM**

8. Check the main switch.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE Replace the main switch. SWITCHES" on page 7-71. OK ↓  $NG \rightarrow$ 9. Check the engine stop switch. The engine stop switch is faulty. Replace Refer to "CHECKING THE the right handlebar switch. SWITCHES" on page 7-71. OK ↓ 10.Check the neutral switch.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE Replace the neutral switch. SWITCHES" on page 7-71. OK ↓  $NG \rightarrow$ 11.Check the sidestand switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE Replace the sidestand switch. SWITCHES" on page 7-71. OK ↓  $NG \rightarrow$ 12.Check the relay unit (diode). Refer to "CHECKING THE DI-Replace the relay unit. ODES" on page 7-81. OK ↓ 13. Check the lean angle sensor.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE LEAN Replace the lean angle sensor. ANGLE SENSOR" on page 7-84. OK ↓ 14. Check the entire ignition system  $NG \rightarrow$ Properly connect or repair the ignition syswiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on tem wiring. page 7-1. OK ↓ Replace the ECU.

## **ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM**

EAS27170

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**



# **ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM**

- 3. Main switch
- 4. Main fuse
- 6. Battery
- 8. Starter relay
- 9. Starter motor
- 10.Diode 1
- 11.Relay unit
- 12. Starting circuit cut-off relay
- 14.Neutral switch
- 15.Diode 2
- 16.Sidestand switch
- 27.ECU (electronic control unit)
- 53.Clutch switch
- 67. Engine stop switch
- 68.Start switch
- 77. Ignition fuse
- 81.ECU fuse

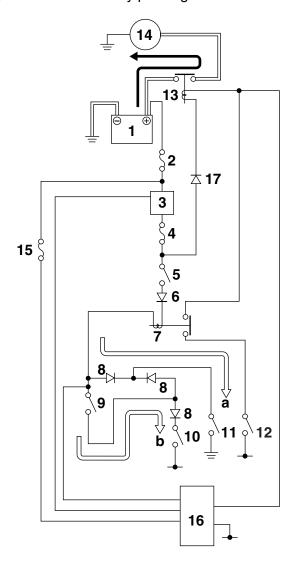
### STARTING CIRCUIT CUT-OFF SYSTEM OPERATION

If the engine stop switch is set to "\(\cap\)" and the main switch is turned "ON" (both switch circuits are closed), the starter motor can only operate if at least one of the following conditions is met:

- The transmission is in neutral (the neutral switch circuit is closed).
- The clutch lever is pulled to the handlebar (the clutch switch circuit is closed) and the sidestand is up (the sidestand switch circuit is closed).

The starting circuit cut-off relay prevents the starter motor from operating when neither of these conditions has been met. In this instance, the starting circuit cut-off relay stays open so current cannot reach the starter motor. When at least one of the above conditions has been met, the starting circuit cut-off relay is closed and the engine can be started by pushing the start switch "

"."



# **ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM**

- a. WHEN THE TRANSMISSION IS IN NEUTRAL
- b. WHEN THE SIDESTAND IS UP AND THE CLUTCH LEVER IS PULLED TO THE HANDLEBAR
- 1. Battery
- 2. Main fuse
- 3. Main switch
- 4. Ignition fuse
- 5. Engine stop switch
- 6. Diode 2
- 7. Relay unit (starting circuit cut-off relay)
- 8. Relay unit (diode)
- 9. Clutch switch
- 10. Sidestand switch
- 11. Neutral switch
- 12. Start switch
- 13. Starter relay
- 14. Starter motor
- 15. ECU fuse
- 16. ECU (electronic control unit)
- 17. Diode 1

| TROUBLESHOOTING The starter motor fails to turn.  NOTE:  |                  |  |  |
|--|------------------|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Before troubleshooting, remove the follows</li> <li>1. Rider seat</li> <li>2. Tool kit tray</li> <li>3. Headlight assembly</li> </ul> | ving part(s):    |  |  |
| 1. Check the fuses. (Main, ignition and ECU) Refer to "CHECKING THE FUS-ES" on page 7-75.  | $NG \to$         | Replace the fuse(s).   |  |
| OK↓  |                  |  |  |
| 2. Check the battery. Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY" on page 7-76.   | $NG \to$         | <ul><li>Clean the battery terminals.</li><li>Recharge or replace the battery.</li></ul>          |  |
| OK↓  |                  |  |  |
| 3. Check the starter motor operation.<br>Refer to "CHECKING THE START-<br>ER MOTOR OPERATION" on page<br>7-85.                                 | $OK \! 	o \!$    | Starter motor is OK. Perform the electric starting system troubleshooting, starting with step 5. |  |
| NG↓  |                  |  |  |
| 4. Check the starter motor. Refer to "CHECKING THE START-ER MOTOR" on page 5-79.   | $NG \to$         | Repair or replace the starter motor.   |  |
| OK↓  |                  |  |  |
| 5. Check the relay unit (starting circuit cut-off relay). Refer to "CHECKING THE RE-LAYS" on page 7-79.  | $NG \to$         | Replace the relay unit.  |  |
| OK↓  |                  |  |  |
| 6. Check the relay unit (diode). Refer to "CHECKING THE DI- ODES" on page 7-81.  | $NG \to$         | Replace the relay unit.  |  |
| OK↓  |                  |  |  |
| 7. Check the diode 1. Refer to "CHECKING THE DI-ODES" on page 7-81.  | $NG \to$         | Replace the diode 1.   |  |
| OK↓  |                  |  |  |
| 8. Check the diode 2. Refer to "CHECKING THE DI-ODES" on page 7-81.  | $NG \rightarrow$ | Replace the diode 2.   |  |
| OK↓  |                  |  |  |

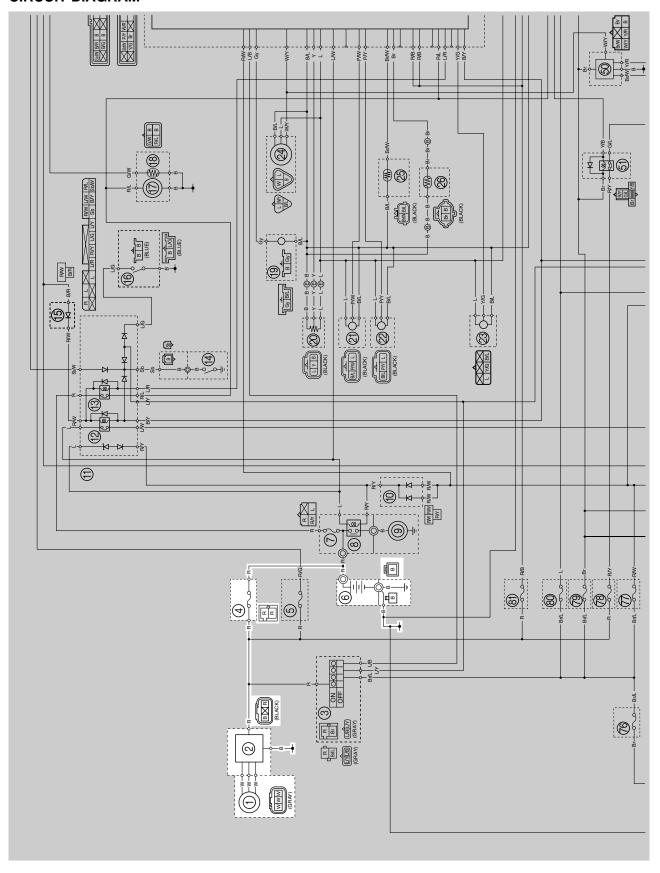
# **ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM**

| 9. Check the starter relay. Refer to "CHECKING THE RE-LAYS" on page 7-79.           | $NG \rightarrow$ | Replace the starter relay.  |
|---|------------------|---|
| OK↓   |                  |   |
| 10.Check the main switch.<br>Refer to "CHECKING THE<br>SWITCHES" on page 7-71.      | $NG \rightarrow$ | Replace the main switch.  |
| OK↓   | l                |   |
| 11.Check the engine stop switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.     | $NG \rightarrow$ | The engine stop switch is faulty. Replace the right handlebar switch. |
| OK↓   | l                |   |
| 12.Check the neutral switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.         | $NG \rightarrow$ | Replace the neutral switch.   |
| OK ↓  | l                |   |
| 13.Check the sidestand switch.<br>Refer to "CHECKING THE<br>SWITCHES" on page 7-71. | $NG \to$         | Replace the sidestand switch.   |
| ok↓   | l                |   |
| 14.Check the clutch switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.          | $NG \rightarrow$ | Replace the clutch switch.  |
| OK↓   | l                |   |
| 15.Check the start switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.           | $NG \to$         | The start switch is faulty. Replace the right handlebar switch.       |
| OK↓   |                  |   |
| 16.Check the entire starting system wiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on page 7-7. | $NG \rightarrow$ | Properly connect or repair the starting system wiring.                |
| OK↓   | I                |   |
| The starting system circuit is OK.  |                  |   |

# **CHARGING SYSTEM**

### EAS27210

## **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**



# **CHARGING SYSTEM**

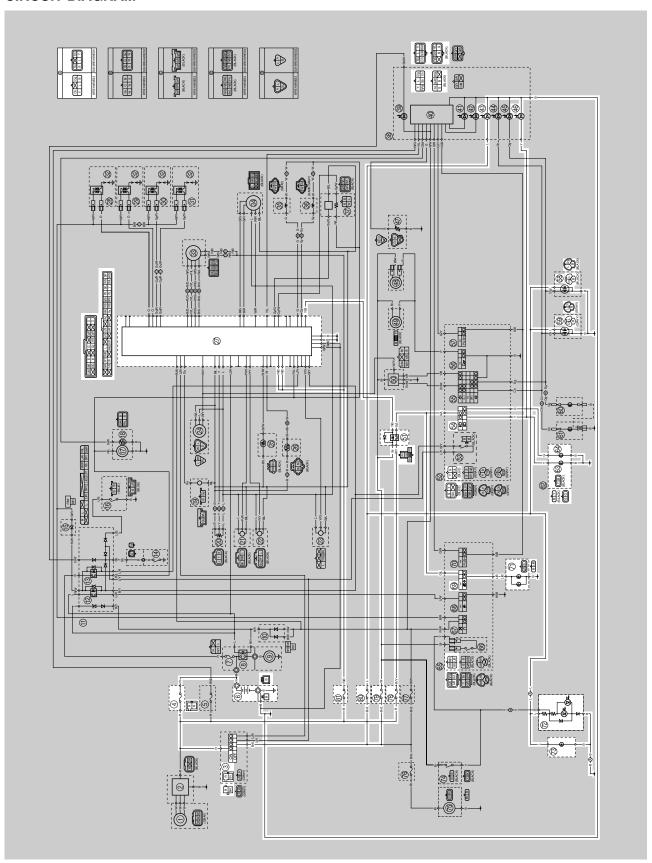
- AC magneto
   Rectifier/regulator
- 4. Main fuse
- 6. Battery

| wing part(s):    |  |
|------------------|--|
| $NG \to$         | Replace the fuse.  |
|                  |  |
| $NG \rightarrow$ | <ul> <li>Clean the battery terminals.</li> <li>Recharge or replace the battery.</li> </ul> |
|                  |  |
| $NG \to$         | Replace the stator coil.   |
|                  |  |
| $NG \to$         | Replace the rectifier/regulator.   |
|                  |  |
| $NG \rightarrow$ | Properly connect or repair the charging system wiring.                                     |
|                  |  |
|                  |  |
|                  | $NG \rightarrow$ $NG \rightarrow$ $NG \rightarrow$   |

## LIGHTING SYSTEM

EAS27250

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**



# **LIGHTING SYSTEM**

- 3. Main switch
- 4. Main fuse
- 6. Battery
- 27.ECU (electronic control unit)
- 43.Meter light
- 46. High beam indicator light
- 51.Headlight relay
- 54. Dimmer switch
- 58. Front right turn signal/position light
- 59. Front left turn signal/position light
- 63.Headlight (high beam)
- 64.Headlight (low beam)
- 69.Accessory light switch
- 71.Accessory light (OPTION)
- 72.Tail/brake light
- 73.License plate light
- 78.Headlight fuse
- 79. Signaling system fuse
- 80. Taillight fuse
- 81.ECU fuse

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Any of the following fail to light: headlight (high beam), headlight (low beam), high beam indicator light, taillight, license light, position light, meter light or accessory light (OPTION).

### NOTE:

- Before troubleshooting, remove the following part(s):
- 1. Rider seat
- 2. Tool kit tray
- 3. Headlight assembly
  - Check the condition of each bulb and bulb socket.
     Refer to "CHECKING THE BULBS AND BULB SOCKETS" on page 7-74.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Replace the bulb(s) and bulb socket(s).

OK ↓

Check the fuses.
 (Main, headlight, signaling system, taillight and ECU)
 Refer to "CHECKING THE FUSES" on page 7-75.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Replace the fuse(s).

OK ↓

3. Check the battery.
Refer to "CHECKING AND
CHARGING THE BATTERY" on
page 7-76.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

- Clean the battery terminals.
- Recharge or replace the battery.

OK ↓

4. Check the main switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Replace the main switch.

OK ↓

Check the dimmer switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.  $NG \rightarrow$ 

The dimmer switch is faulty. Replace the left handlebar switch.

OK ↓

6. Check the accessory light switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

The accessory light switch is faulty. Replace the right handlebar switch.

OK ↓

 Check the headlight relay. Refer to "CHECKING THE RE-LAYS" on page 7-79.  $NG \rightarrow$ 

Replace the headlight relay.

OK ↓

# **LIGHTING SYSTEM**

 Check the entire lighting system wiring.
 Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on page 7-17.

OK↓

The lighting system circuit is OK.

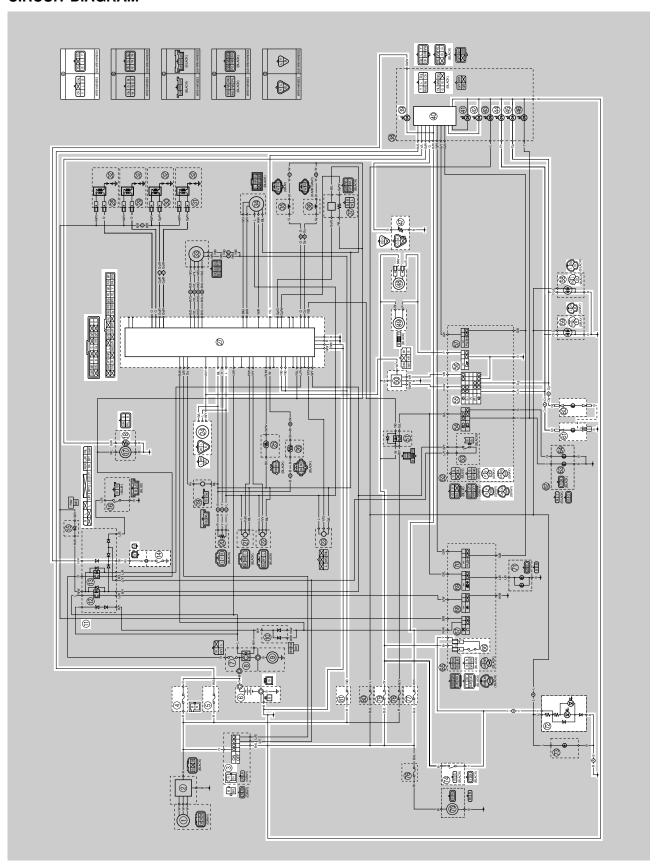
 $\text{NG} \rightarrow$ 

Properly connect or repair the lighting system wiring.

## SIGNALING SYSTEM

#### EAS27280

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**



- 3. Main switch
- 4. Main fuse
- 5. Backup fuse (odometer and clock)
- 6. Battery
- 11.Relay unit
- 14.Neutral switch
- 18.Fuel sender (fuel pump)
- 24.Speed sensor
- 27.ECU (electronic control unit)
- 39. Neutral indicator light
- 40.Multi-function meter
- 42.Fuel level warning light
- 44.Left turn signal indicator light
- 45. Right turn signal indicator light
- 47. Fuel sender (fuel tank)
- 48.Horn 1
- 49.Horn 2
- 50. Turn signal relay
- 55. Turn signal switch
- 56.Horn switch
- 58. Front right turn signal/position light
- 59. Front left turn signal/position light
- 60.Rear right turn signal light
- 61.Rear left turn signal light
- 66. Front brake light switch
- 72.Tail/brake light
- 74.Rear brake light switch
- 77.Ignition fuse
- 79. Signaling system fuse
- 81.ECU fuse

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

- Any of the following fail to light: turn signal light, brake light or an indicator light.
- The horn fails to sound.
- The fuel level gauge fails to operate.
- The speedometer fails to operate.

#### NOTE:

- Before troubleshooting, remove the following part(s):
- 1. Rider seat
- 2. Tool kit tray
- 3. Rider seat bracket assembly
- 4. Headlight assembly
- 5. Fuel tank
  - Check the fuses. (Main, backup, ignition, signaling system and ECU) Refer to "CHECKING THE FUS-ES" on page 7-75.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Replace the fuse(s).

OK ↓

2. Check the battery.
Refer to "CHECKING AND
CHARGING THE BATTERY" on
page 7-76.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

- Clean the battery terminals.
- Recharge or replace the battery.

OK ↓

3. Check the main switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.  $NG \rightarrow$ 

Replace the main switch.

OK  $\downarrow$ 

 Check the entire signaling system wiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on page 7-21.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Properly connect or repair the signaling system wiring.

OK ↓

Check the condition of each of the signaling system's circuits. Refer to "Checking the signaling system".

### Checking the signaling system

The horn fails to sound.

 Check the horn switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.  $NG \rightarrow$ 

The horn switch is faulty. Replace the left handlebar switch.

OK ↓

2. Check the horns.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE Replace the horn(s). HORNS" on page 7-86. OK ↓  $NG \rightarrow$ 3. Check the entire signaling system Properly connect or repair the signaling wiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on system wiring. page 7-21. OK ↓ This circuit is OK. The tail/brake light fails to come on. 1. Check the front brake light switch.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE Replace the front brake light switch. SWITCHES" on page 7-71. OK ↓ 2. Check the rear brake light switch.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE Replace the rear brake light switch. SWITCHES" on page 7-71. OK ↓ 3. Check the entire signaling system  $NG \rightarrow$ Properly connect or repair the signaling wiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on system wiring. page 7-21. OK ↓ This circuit is OK. The turn signal light, turn signal indicator light or both fail to blink. 1. Check the condition of each bulb  $NG \rightarrow$ and bulb socket. Refer to "CHECKING THE BULBS Replace the bulb(s) and bulb socket(s). AND BULB SOCKETS" on page 7-74. OK ↓ 2. Check the turn signal switch.  $NG \rightarrow$ The turn signal switch is faulty. Replace Refer to "CHECKING THE the left handlebar switch. SWITCHES" on page 7-71. OK ↓ 3. Check the turn signal relay.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE TURN Replace the turn signal relay. SIGNAL RELAY" on page 7-80.

OK ↓

4. Check the entire signaling system  $NG \rightarrow$ Properly connect or repair the signaling wiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on system wiring. page 7-21. OK ↓ This circuit is OK. The neutral indicator light fails to come on. 1. Check the neutral switch.  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE Replace the neutral switch. SWITCHES" on page 7-71. OK ↓ 2. Check the relay unit (diode).  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE DI-Replace the relay unit. ODES" on page 7-81. OK ↓  $NG \rightarrow$ 3. Check the entire signaling system wiring. Properly connect or repair the signaling Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on system wiring. page 7-21. OK ↓ This circuit is OK. The fuel level gauge fails to operate. 1. Check the fuel sender (fuel tank).  $NG \rightarrow$ Refer to "CHECKING THE FUEL Replace the fuel sender. SENDER (FUEL TANK)" on page 7-87. OK ↓  $NG \rightarrow$ 2. Check the entire signaling system Properly connect or repair the signaling wiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on system wiring. page 7-21. OK ↓ Replace the meter assembly. The fuel level warning light fails to come on.  $\text{NG} \rightarrow$ 1. Check the fuel level warning light. Refer to "CHECKING THE FUEL Replace the meter assembly or fuel pump LEVEL WARNING LIGHT" on page assembly. 7-88. OK ↓

2. Check the fuel sender (fuel pump). Refer to "CHECKING THE FUEL" SENDER (FUEL PUMP)" on page 7-88. OK ↓

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Replace the fuel pump assembly.

3. Check the entire signaling system wiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on page 7-21.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Properly connect or repair the signaling system wiring.

OK ↓

This circuit is OK.

### The speedometer fails to operate.

1. Check the speed sensor. Refer to "CHECKING THE SPEED SENSOR" on page 7-88.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Replace the speed sensor.

OK ↓

2. Check the entire signaling system wiring. Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on page 7-21.

 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Properly connect or repair the signaling system wiring.

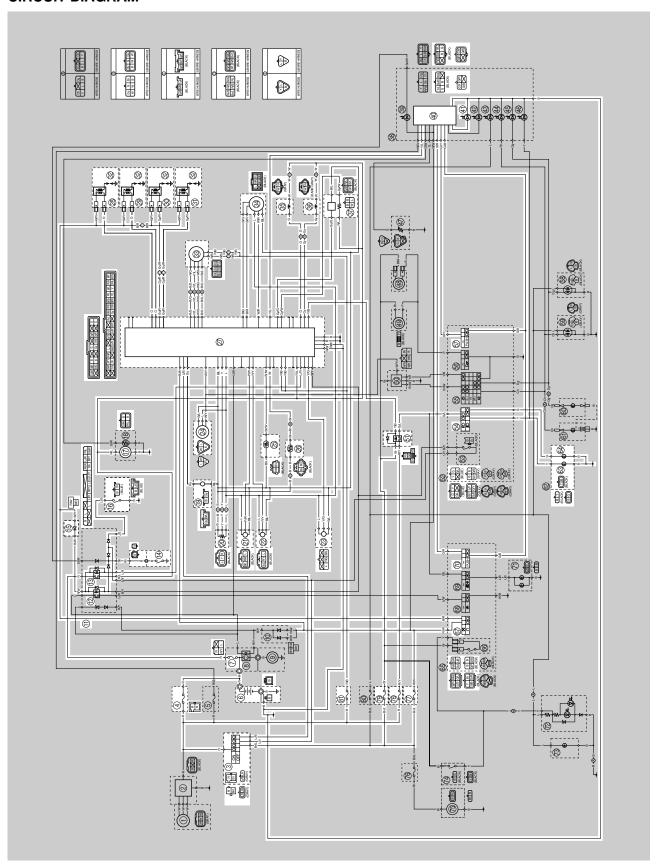
OK ↓

Replace the meter assembly.

# **FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM**

EAS27340

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**



## **FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM**

- 3. Main switch
- 4. Main fuse
- 6. Battery
- 7. Fuel injection system fuse
- 11.Relay unit
- 12. Starting circuit cut-off relay
- 13. Fuel pump relay
- 14. Neutral switch
- 15.Diode 2
- 16. Sidestand switch
- 17.Fuel pump
- 19. Crankshaft position sensor
- 20. Throttle position sensor
- 21. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor
- 22. Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor
- 23.Lean angle sensor
- 24.Speed sensor
- 25. Air temperature sensor
- 26. Engine temperature sensor
- 27.ECU (electronic control unit)
- 28. Cylinder-#1 left ignition coil
- 29. Cylinder-#1 right ignition coil
- 30. Cylinder-#2 left ignition coil
- 31. Cylinder-#2 right ignition coil
- 32.Spark plug
- 33.ISC (idle speed control) unit
- 34.EXUP servo motor
- 35.Injector #1
- 36.Injector #2
- 37.0<sub>2</sub> sensor
- 40.Multi-function meter
- 41. Engine trouble warning light
- 51.Headlight relay
- 54. Dimmer switch
- 57. Select switch
- 63. Headlight (high beam)
- 64. Headlight (low beam)
- 67. Engine stop switch
- 70.Reset switch
- 77. Ignition fuse
- 78. Headlight fuse
- 79. Signaling system fuse
- 81.ECU fuse

### **ECU SELF-DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION**

The ECU is equipped with a self-diagnostic function in order to ensure that the fuel injection system is operating normally. If this function detects a malfunction in the system, it immediately operates the engine under substitute characteristics and illuminates the engine trouble warning light to alert the rider that a malfunction has occurred in the system. Once a malfunction has been detected, a fault code is stored in the memory of the ECU.

- To inform the rider that the fuel injection system is not functioning, the engine trouble warning light flashes when the start switch is being pushed to start the engine.
- If a malfunction is detected in the system by the self-diagnostic function, the ECU provides an appropriate substitute characteristic operation, and alerts the rider of the detected malfunction by illuminating the engine trouble warning light.
- After the engine has been stopped, the lowest fault code number appears on the odometer/tripmeter/fuel reserve tripmeter/clock LCD. Once a fault code has been displayed, it remains stored in the memory of the ECU until it is deleted.

### Engine trouble warning light indication and fuel injection system operation

| Warning light indica-<br>tion | ECU operation                                | Fuel injection opera-<br>tion  | Vehicle operation                                     |
|-------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Flashing*                     | Warning provided when unable to start engine | Operation stopped  | Cannot be operated                                    |
| Remains on                    | Malfunction detected                         | Operated with substi-<br>tute characteristics in<br>accordance with the<br>description of the mal-<br>function | Can or cannot be operated depending on the fault code |

<sup>\*</sup> The warning light flashes when any one of the conditions listed below is present and the start switch is pushed:

12: Crankshaft position sensor 41: Lean angle sensor (open or short-circuit)

19: Blue/black ECU lead (broken or disconnected) 50: ECU internal malfunction (memory check error)

30: Lean angle sensor (latch up detected)

### Checking the engine trouble warning light

The engine trouble warning light comes on for 1.4 seconds after the main switch has been turned to "ON" and it comes on while the start switch is being pushed. If the warning light does not come on under these conditions, the warning light (LED) may be defective.



- a. Main switch "OFF"
- b. Main switch "ON"
- c. Engine trouble warning light off
- d. Engine trouble warning light on for 1.4 seconds

### **SELF-DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION TABLE**

If the ECU detects an abnormal signal from a sensor while the vehicle is being driven, the ECU illuminates the engine trouble warning light and provides the engine with alternate operating instructions that are appropriate for the type of malfunction.

When an abnormal signal is received from a sensor, the ECU processes the specified values that are programmed for each sensor in order to provide the engine with alternate operating instructions that enable the engine to continue to operate or stop operating, depending on the conditions.

### **Self-Diagnostic Function table**

| Fault<br>code No. | Item   | Symptom   | Able / un-<br>able to start | Able / un-<br>able to<br>drive |
|-------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 12                | Crankshaft position sensor                                     | No normal signals are received from the crankshaft position sensor.                         | Unable                      | Unable                         |
| 13                | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor (open or short circuit) | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor: open or short circuit detected.                     | Able                        | Able                           |
| 14                | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor (hose system)           | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor: hose system malfunction (clogged or detached hose). | Able                        | Able                           |
| 15                | Throttle position sensor (open or short circuit)               | Throttle position sensor: open or short circuit detected.                                   | Able                        | Able                           |
| 17                | EXUP servo motor circuit (open or short circuit)               | EXUP servo motor circuit: open or short circuit detected.                                   | Able                        | Able                           |
| 18                | EXUP servo motor (lock)  | EXUP servo motor is stuck.  | Able                        | Able                           |
| 19                | Blue/black ECU lead<br>(broken or discon-<br>nected)           | A break or disconnection of the blue/black lead of the ECU is detected.                     | Unable                      | Unable                         |
| 22                | Air temperature sensor (open or short circuit)                 | Air temperature sensor: open or short circuit detected.                                     | Able                        | Able                           |
| 24                | O <sub>2</sub> sensor  | No normal signal is received from the $O_2$ sensor.   | Able                        | Able                           |
| 25                | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor (open or short circuit) | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor: open or short circuit detected.                     | Able                        | Able                           |
| 26                | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor (hose system)           | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor: hose system malfunction (clogged or detached hose). | Able                        | Able                           |
| 28                | Engine temperature sensor (open or short circuit)              | Engine temperature sensor: open or short circuit detected.                                  | Able                        | Able                           |
| 30                | Lean angle sensor (latch up detected)                          | The vehicle has overturned.   | Unable                      | Unable                         |

# **FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM**

| Fault code No. | Item  | Symptom   | Able / un-<br>able to start                        | Able / un-<br>able to<br>drive                                      |
|----------------|---|---|--|---|
| 33             | Cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil (faulty ignition) | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil.                                | Able (depending on the number of faulty cylinders) | Able<br>(depending<br>on the<br>number of<br>faulty cylin-<br>ders) |
| 34             | Cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil (faulty ignition) | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil.                                | Able (depending on the number of faulty cylinders) | Able<br>(depending<br>on the<br>number of<br>faulty cylin-<br>ders) |
| 35             | Cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil (faulty ignition) | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil.                                | Able (depending on the number of faulty cylinders) | Able<br>(depending<br>on the<br>number of<br>faulty cylin-<br>ders) |
| 36             | Cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil (faulty ignition) | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil.                                | Able (depending on the number of faulty cylinders) | Able<br>(depending<br>on the<br>number of<br>faulty cylin-<br>ders) |
| 37             | ISC valve (stuck fully open)                              | Engine speed is high when the engine is idling.   | Able   | Able  |
| 41             | Lean angle sensor (open or short circuit)                 | Lean angle sensor: open or short circuit detected.  | Unable   | Unable  |
| 42             | Speed sensor  | No normal signals are received from the speed sensor.   | Able   | Able  |
| 76             | Neutral switch  | Open or short circuit is detected in the neutral switch.  | Abic   | ADIC  |
| 43             | Fuel system voltage (monitoring voltage)                  | The ECU is unable to monitor the battery voltage (an open or short circuit in the line to the ECU).                     | Able   | Able  |
| 44             | Error in writing the amount of CO adjustment on EEPROM    | Error is detected while reading or writing on EEPROM (CO adjustment value).   | Able   | Able  |
| 46             | Vehicle system power supply (Monitoring voltage)          | Power supply to the fuel injection system is not normal.  | Able   | Able  |
| 50             | ECU internal malfunction (memory check error)             | Faulty ECU memory. (When this malfunction is detected in the ECU, the fault code number might not appear on the meter.) | Unable   | Unable  |

| Fault code No. | Item               | Symptom  | Able / un-<br>able to start | Able / un-<br>able to<br>drive |
|----------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 70             | Engine idling stop | Engine has been left idling. (The ECU automatically stops the engine after 20 minutes if it is left idling.) | Able                        | Able                           |

#### Communication error with the meter

| Fault code No. | Item   | Symptom   | Able / un-<br>able to start | Able / un-<br>able to<br>drive |
|----------------|--|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Er-1           | ECU internal malfunction (output signal error) | No signals are received from the ECU.                               | Unable                      | Unable                         |
| Er-2           | ECU internal malfunction (output signal error) | No signals are received from the ECU within the specified duration. | Unable                      | Unable                         |
| Er-3           | ECU internal malfunction (output signal error) | Data from the ECU cannot be received correctly.                     | Unable                      | Unable                         |
| Er-4           | ECU internal malfunction (input signal error)  | Non-registered data has been received from the meter.               | Unable                      | Unable                         |

EAS27400

#### TROUBLESHOOTING METHOD

The engine operation is not normal and the engine trouble warning light comes on.

- 1. Check:
- Fault code number
- a. Check the fault code number displayed on the meter.

\*

- b. Identify the faulty system with the fault code. Refer to "Self-Diagnostic Function table".
- c. Identify the probable cause of the malfunction. Refer to "Diagnostic code table".

2. Check and repair the probable cause of malfunction.

| Fault code No.  | No fault code No.  |
|---|--|
| Check and repair. Refer to "TROUBLE-SHOOTING DE-TAILS" on page 7-40. Monitor the operation of the sensors and actuators in the diagnostic mode. Refer to "Sensor operation table" and "Actuator operation table". | Check and repair. Refer to "Self-Diagnostic Function table". |

- 3. Perform ECU reinstatement action.

  Refer to "Reinstatement method" of table in "TROUBLESHOOTING DETAILS".
- 4. Turn the main switch to "OFF" and back to "ON", then check that no fault code number is displayed.

| NI | Ω. | ᆮ |  |
|----|----|---|--|
|    |    |   |  |

If fault codes are displayed, repeat steps (1) to (4) until no fault code number is displayed.

5. Erase the malfunction history in the diagnostic mode. Refer to "Sensor operation table (Diagnostic code No. 62)".

#### NOTF:

Turning the main switch to "OFF" will not erase the malfunction history.

# The engine operation is not normal but the engine trouble warning light does not come on.

- Check the operation of following sensors and actuators in the Diagnostic mode. Refer to "Sensor operation table" and "Actuator operation table".
- 01: Throttle position sensor (throttle angle)
- 30: Cylinder-#1 ignition coil
- 31: Cylinder-#2 ignition coil
- 32: Cylinder-#1 ignition coil
- 33: Cylinder-#2 ignition coil
- 36: Injector #1
- 37: Injector #2

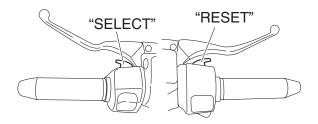
If a malfunction is detected in the sensors or actuators, repair or replace all faulty parts. If no malfunction is detected in the sensors and actuators, check and repair inner parts of the engine.

EAS27420

#### **DIAGNOSTIC MODE**

Setting the diagnostic mode

- 1. Turn the main switch to "OFF" and set the engine stop switch to " $\bigcirc$ ".
- 2. Disconnect the wire harness coupler from the fuel pump.
- 3. Press and hold the "RESET" switch, turn the main switch to "ON", and continue to press the switch for 8 seconds or more.

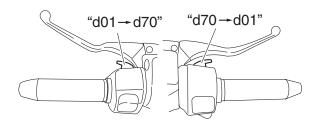


#### NOTE

- All displays on the meter disappear except the clock and odometer/trip meter/fuel reserve trip meter/clock displays.
- "dIAG" appears on the odometer/trip meter/fuel reserve trip meter/clock LCD.
- 4. Simultaneously press the "SELECT" and "RESET" switches for 2 seconds or more to activate the diagnostic mode. The diagnostic code number "d01" appears on the clock LCD.
- 5. Set the engine stop switch to " $\boxtimes$ ".
- 6. Select the diagnostic code number corresponding to the fault code number by pressing the "SE-LECT" and "RESET" switches.

#### NOTE:

- To decrease the selected diagnostic code number, press the "RESET" switch. Press the "RESET" switch for 1 second or longer to automatically decrease the diagnostic code numbers.
- To increase the selected diagnostic code number, press the "SELECT" switch. Press the "SELECT" switch for 1 second or longer to automatically increase the diagnostic code numbers.



- 7. Verify the operation of the sensor or actuator.
  - Sensor operation

The data representing the operating conditions of the sensor appears on the odometer/trip meter/fuel reserve trip meter/clock LCD.

Actuator operation
 Set the engine stop switch to "\(\cap\)" to operate the actuator.

| 10 | <b>T</b> |  |
|----|----------|--|

If the engine stop switch is set to " $\cap$ ", set it to " $\boxtimes$ ", and then set it to " $\cap$ " again.

8. Turn the main switch to "OFF" to cancel the diagnostic mode.

#### Diagnostic code table

| Fault code No. | Symptom   | Probable cause of malfunction   | Diagnostic code No. |
|----------------|---|---|---------------------|
| 12             | No normal signals are received from the crankshaft position sensor.                         | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective crankshaft position sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in crankshaft position sensor rotor.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Improperly installed sensor.</li> </ul>        | _                   |
| 13             | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor: open or short circuit detected.                     | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> </ul>  | 03                  |
| 14             | Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor: hose system malfunction (clogged or detached hose). | <ul> <li>Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose<br/>is detached, clogged, kinked, or pinched.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> </ul>  | 03                  |
| 15             | Throttle position sensor: open or short circuit detected.                                   | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire sub lead.</li> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective throttle position sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Improperly installed throttle position sensor.</li> </ul> | 01                  |
| 17             | EXUP servo motor circuit: open or short circuit detected.                                   | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective EXUP servo motor (potentiometer circuit).</li> </ul>   | 53                  |
| 18             | EXUP servo motor is stuck.  | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Stuck EXUP servo motor (mechanism).</li> <li>Stuck EXUP servo motor (motor).</li> </ul>  | 53                  |

| Fault<br>code<br>No. | Symptom   | Probable cause of malfunction  | Diagnostic code No. |
|----------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| 19                   | A break or disconnection of<br>the blue/black lead of the<br>ECU is detected.               | <ul><li>Open circuit in wire harness (ECU coupler).</li><li>Malfunction in ECU.</li></ul>  | 20                  |
| 22                   | Air temperature sensor: open or short circuit detected.                                     | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective air temperature sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Improperly installed air temperature sensor.</li> </ul>   | 05                  |
| 24                   | No normal signal is received from the O <sub>2</sub> sensor.                                | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective O<sub>2</sub> sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Improperly installed sensor.</li> </ul>   | _                   |
| 25                   | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor: open or short circuit detected.                     | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire sub lead.</li> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> </ul>  | 04                  |
| 26                   | Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor: hose system malfunction (clogged or detached hose). | <ul> <li>Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor hose<br/>is detached, clogged, kinked, or pinched.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> </ul>   | 04                  |
| 28                   | Engine temperature sensor: open or short circuit detected.                                  | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire sub lead.</li> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective engine temperature sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Improperly installed sensor.</li> </ul>   | 11                  |
| 30                   | The vehicle has over-<br>turned.  | Overturned.    Malfunction in ECU.   | 08                  |
| 33                   | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil.    | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Malfunction in cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Malfunction in a component of ignition cutoff circuit system.</li> </ul>  | 30<br>32            |
| 34                   | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil.    | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire sub lead.</li> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Malfunction in cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Malfunction in a component of ignition cutoff circuit system.</li> </ul> | 31<br>33            |
| 35                   | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil.    | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Malfunction in cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Malfunction in a component of ignition cutoff circuit system.</li> </ul>  | 30<br>32            |

| Fault<br>code<br>No. | Symptom   | Probable cause of malfunction  | Diagnostic code No. |
|----------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| 36                   | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil.                                | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire sub lead.</li> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Malfunction in cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Malfunction in a component of ignition cutoff circuit system.</li> </ul>   | 31<br>33            |
| 37                   | Engine speed is high when the engine is idling.   | <ul> <li>Open circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Malfunction in throttle body.</li> <li>Malfunction in throttle cables.</li> <li>ISC valve is stuck fully open due to disconnected ISC unit hose or coupler. (High engine idle speed is detected with the ISC valve stuck fully open even though signals for the valve to close are continuously being transmitted by the ECU.)</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>ECU fuse is blown.</li> </ul> | 54                  |
| 41                   | Lean angle sensor: open or short circuit detected.  | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective lean angle sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> </ul>  | 08                  |
| 42                   | No normal signals are received from the speed sensor. Open circuit is detected in the neutral switch.                   | <ul> <li>Open circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Defective speed sensor.</li> <li>Malfunction in vehicle speed sensor detected.</li> <li>Defective neutral switch.</li> <li>Malfunction in the engine side of the neutral switch.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> </ul>   | 07<br>21            |
| 43                   | The ECU is unable to monitor the battery voltage (an open or short circuit in the line to the ECU).                     | <ul><li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li><li>Malfunction in ECU.</li></ul>   | 09                  |
| 44                   | Error is detected while reading or writing on EE-PROM (CO adjustment value).  | Malfunction in ECU. (The CO adjustment<br>value is not properly written on or read from<br>the internal memory).   | 60                  |
| 46                   | Power supply to the fuel injection system is not normal.  | Malfunction in the charging system. Refer to "CHARGING SYSTEM" on page 7-13.   | _                   |
| 50                   | Faulty ECU memory. (When this malfunction is detected in the ECU, the fault code number might not appear on the meter.) | Malfunction in ECU. (The program and data<br>are not properly written on or read from the<br>internal memory.)   | _                   |
| Er-1                 | No signals are received from the ECU.   | <ul> <li>Open or short circuit in wire harness.</li> <li>Malfunction in meter.</li> <li>Malfunction in ECU.</li> <li>Defective wire connection of the ECU coupler.</li> </ul>  | _                   |

| Fault<br>code<br>No. | Symptom   | Probable cause of malfunction  | Diagnostic code No. |
|----------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| Er-2                 | No signals are received from the ECU within the specified duration. | <ul><li>Improper connection in wire harness.</li><li>Malfunction in meter.</li><li>Malfunction in ECU.</li></ul> | _                   |
| Er-3                 | Data from the ECU cannot be received correctly.                     | <ul><li>Improper connection in wire harness.</li><li>Malfunction in meter.</li><li>Malfunction in ECU.</li></ul> | _                   |
| Er-4                 | Non-registered data has been received from the meter.               | <ul><li>Improper connection in wire harness.</li><li>Malfunction in meter.</li><li>Malfunction in ECU.</li></ul> | _                   |

#### Sensor operation table

| Diag-<br>nostic<br>code<br>No. | Item  | Meter display                                 | Checking method  |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 01                             | Throttle angle  |   |  |
|                                | Fully closed position   | 12–22   | Check with throttle fully closed.  |
|                                | Fully opened position   | 87–107  | Check with throttle fully open.  |
| 03                             | Pressure difference<br>(atmospheric pressure and<br>cylinder-#1 intake air pres-<br>sure) | Displays the cylinder-#1 intake air pressure. | Set the engine stop switch to "\( \cap \)", and then push the start switch "\( \exists \)". (If the display value changes, the performance is OK.) |
| 04                             | Pressure difference<br>(atmospheric pressure and<br>cylinder-#2 intake air pres-<br>sure) | Displays the cylinder-#2 intake air pressure. | Set the engine stop switch to "\( \cap \)", and then push the start switch "\( \exists \)". (If the display value changes, the performance is OK.) |
| 05                             | Air temperature   | Displays the air temperature.                 | Compare the actually measured air temperature with the meter display value.  |
| 07                             | Vehicle speed pulse   | 0-999   | Check that the number increases when the rear wheel is rotated. The number is cumulative and does not reset each time the wheel is stopped.        |
| 08                             | Lean angle sensor   |   | Remove the lean angle  |
|                                | Upright   | 0.4–1.4                                       | sensor and incline it more than 65 degrees.  |
|                                | Overturned  | 3.7–4.4                                       |  |

| Diag-<br>nostic<br>code<br>No. | Item                                  | Meter display  | Checking method   |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| 09                             | Fuel system voltage (battery voltage) | Approximately 12.0   | Set the engine stop switch to "\( \cap \)", and then compare with the actually measured battery voltage. (If the battery voltage is lower, perform recharging.) |
| 11                             | Engine temperature                    | Displays the engine temperature.   | Compare the actually measured engine temperature with the meter display value.  |
| 20                             | Sidestand switch                      |  | Set on/off the sidestand  |
|                                | Stand retracted                       | ON   | switch (with the transmission in gear).   |
|                                | Stand extended                        | OFF  | Sion in gear).  |
| 21                             | Neutral switch                        |  | Shift the transmission.   |
|                                | Neutral                               | ON   |   |
|                                | • In gear                             | OFF  |   |
| 53                             | EXUP servo motor                      | Displays the operating angle. Engine trouble warning light comes on twice: once when the EXUP valve is closing and once when it is opening.  |   |
| 60                             | EEPROM fault code display             |  | _   |
|                                | No history                            | 00   |   |
|                                | History exists                        | <ul> <li>01 or 02 (Cylinder fault code)</li> <li>(If both cylinders are defective, the display alternates every two seconds.)</li> </ul>   |   |
| 61                             | Malfunction history code display      |  | _   |
|                                | No history                            | 00   |   |
|                                | History exists                        | Fault codes 12-70 • (If more than one code number is detected, the display alternates every two seconds to show all the detected code numbers. When all code numbers are shown, the display repeats the same process.) |   |
| 62                             | Malfunction history code erasure      |  |   |
|                                | No history                            | 0  | _   |
|                                | History exists                        | Up to 25 fault codes   | To erase the history, set the engine stop switch to "\cap".   |

| Diag-<br>nostic<br>code<br>No. | ltem           | Meter display | Checking method |
|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 70                             | Control number | 0–255         | _               |

#### **Actuator operation table**

| Diag-<br>nostic<br>code<br>No. | Item   | Actuation  | Checking method  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 30                             | Cylinder-#1 left or right ig-<br>nition coil | Actuates the cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil five times at one-second intervals. Illuminates the engine trouble warning light.   | Check the spark five times.  • Connect an ignition checker.  |
| 31                             | Cylinder-#2 left or right ig-<br>nition coil | Actuates the cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil five times at one-second intervals. Illuminates the engine trouble warning light.   | Check the spark five times.  • Connect an ignition checker.  |
| 32                             | Cylinder-#1 left or right ig-<br>nition coil | Actuates the cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil five times at one-second intervals. Illuminates the engine trouble warning light.   | Check the spark five times.  • Connect an ignition checker.  |
| 33                             | Cylinder-#2 left or right ig-<br>nition coil | Actuates the cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil five times at one-second intervals. Illuminates the engine trouble warning light.   | Check the spark five times.  • Connect an ignition checker.  |
| 36                             | Injector #1                                  | Actuates the injector #1 five times at one-second intervals. Illuminates the engine trouble warning light.   | Check the operating sound of the injector #1 five times.     |
| 37                             | Injector #2                                  | Actuates the injector #2 five times at one-second intervals. Illuminates the engine trouble warning light.   | Check the operating sound of the injector #2 five times.     |
| 50                             | Fuel pump relay                              | Actuates the fuel pump relay five times at one-second intervals.  Illuminates the engine trouble warning light.  (The engine trouble warning light is OFF when the relay is ON, and the engine trouble warning light is ON when the relay is OFF). | Check the operating sound of the fuel pump relay five times. |

| Diag-<br>nostic<br>code<br>No. | Item            | Actuation   | Checking method  |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| 52                             | Headlight relay | Actuates the headlight relay for five cycles of five seconds. (ON 2 seconds, OFF 3 seconds) Illuminates the engine trouble warning light and headlight.   | Check the operating sound of the headlight relay five times. |
| 54                             | ISC valve       | Actuates and fully closes the ISC valve, then opens it to the standby opening position when the engine is started. This operation takes approximately 12 seconds until it is completed. Illuminates the engine trouble warning light. | The ISC unit vibrates when the ISC valve operates.           |

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#### TROUBLESHOOTING DETAILS

This section describes the measures per fault code number displayed on the meter. Check and service the items or components that are the probable cause of the malfunction following the order given. After the check and service of the malfunctioning part has been completed, reset the meter display according to the reinstatement method.

Fault code No.:

Code number displayed on the meter when the engine failed to work normally. Refer to "Self-Diagnostic Function table".

Diagnostic code No.:

Diagnostic code number to be used when the diagnostic mode is operated. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC MODE" on page 7-33.

| Fault | code No.                               | 12      | Symptom                     | No normation sens | al signals are received from the cor.   | rankshaft posi-      |
|-------|--|---------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------|
| Diagn | ostic code                             | No.     | _                           | _                 |   |                      |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause                     | onen    | ts and prob                 | able              | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method |
| 1     | Installed co                           |         | on of cranks                | haft posi-        | Check for looseness or pinching.  | Cranking the engine. |
| 2     |  | aft pos | sition sensor<br>ess ECU co |                   | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> |                      |
| 3     | Open or short circuit in wire harness. |         |                             |                   | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between the crankshaft position sensor coupler and ECU coupler. (gray-gray) (black/blue-black/blue)</li> </ul>                        |                      |
| 4     | Defective of                           | cranks  | shaft position              | n sensor.         | Replace if defective.     Refer to "CHECKING THE     CRANKSHAFT POSITION     SENSOR" on page 7-84.  |                      |

| Fault | code No.   | 13   | Symptom      | Cylinder-<br>cuit dete | #1 intake air pressure sensor: op<br>cted.  | en or short cir-                 |
|-------|--|------|--------------|------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Diagn | ostic code   | No.  | 03           | Cylinder-              | #1 intake air pressure sensor   |                                  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause   | onen | ts and prob  | able                   | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |
| 1     | Connections  • Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor coupler  • Main wire harness ECU coupler |      |              |                        | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul>         | Turning the main switch to "ON". |
| 2     | Open or short circuit in wire harness.   |      |              |                        | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor coupler and ECU coupler (black/blue-black/blue) (pink/white-pink/white) (blue-blue)</li> </ul> |                                  |
| 3     | Defective of sure sensor   | -    | er-#1 intake | air pres-              | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.03)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE INTAKE AIR PRESSURE SENSOR" on page 7-90.</li> </ul>   |                                  |

| Fault | code No.                 | 14            | Symptom                      |           | #1 intake air pressure sensor: ho<br>(clogged or detached hose).  | ose system mal-                               |
|-------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----------|---|---|
| Diagn | ostic code               | No.           | 03                           | Cylinder- | #1 intake air pressure sensor   |   |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause       | onen          | ts and prob                  | able      | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method                          |
| 1     | Cylinder-#<br>hose       | 1 intal       | ke air pressu                | re sensor | <ul> <li>Check the cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor hose condition.</li> <li>Repair or replace the sensor hose.</li> </ul>  | Starting the engine and operating it at idle. |
| 2     |                          |               | ke air pressu<br>Itermediate |           | <ul> <li>Check and repair the connection.</li> <li>Replace it if there is a malfunction.</li> </ul>   |   |
| 3     | sor coupl                | #1 int<br>ler | ake air pres                 |           | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> |   |
| 4     | Defective of sure sensor | •             | er-#1 intake                 | air pres- | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.03)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE INTAKE AIR PRESSURE SENSOR" on page 7-90.</li> </ul>   |   |

| Fault | code No.                 | 15                | Symptom                                   | Throttle   | position sensor:  | open or short ci                                      | rcuit detected.                  |
|-------|--------------------------|-------------------|---|------------|---|---|----------------------------------|
| Diagn | ostic code               | No.               | 01  | Throttle p | position sensor   |   |                                  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause       | onen              | ts and prob                               | able       | Check or mainte   | enance job  | Reinstatement method             |
| 1     | Installed consensor.     | onditio           | on of throttle                            | position   | Check for loose ing.     Check that the stalled in the stalled.   | ·   | Turning the main switch to "ON". |
| 2     | Main wire                | oositio<br>e harn | n sensor co<br>ess ECU co<br>ess 2 couple | upler      | <ul> <li>Check the couple that may be pure the check the lock the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a main and connect the curely.</li> </ul> | lled out.<br>ing condition of<br>lfunction, repair it |                                  |
| 3     | Open or sl<br>and/or sub |                   | rcuit in wire                             | harness    | <ul> <li>Repair or replation open or short of the sor coupler and (blue-blue)</li> <li>(yellow-yellow)</li> <li>(black-black)</li> </ul>  |   |                                  |
| 4     |                          |                   | sensor lead<br>ut voltage c               |            | Check for oper<br>place the thrott<br>sor.<br>(black-yellow)  |   |                                  |
|       |                          |                   |   |            | Open circuit item   | Output voltage  |                                  |
|       |                          |                   |   |            | Ground wire open circuit  | 5 V   |                                  |
|       |                          |                   |   |            | Output wire open circuit  | 0 V   |                                  |
|       |                          |                   |   |            | Power supply wire open circuit  | 0 V   |                                  |
| 5     | Defective t              | hrottle           | position se                               | nsor.      | Execute the dia<br>(Code No.01)     Replace if defe<br>Refer to "CHEO<br>THROTTLE PO<br>SOR" on page                                      | ective.<br>CKING THE<br>DSITION SEN-                  |                                  |

| Fault ( | code No.   | 17   | Symptom     | EXUP sei | rvo motor circuit: open or short o   | ircuit detected.                 |  |
|---------|--|------|-------------|----------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Diagn   | ostic code   | No.  | 53          | EXUP sei | ervo motor   |                                  |  |
| Order   | Item/comp<br>cause   | onen | ts and prob | able     | Check or maintenance job   | Reinstatement method             |  |
| 1       | Connections • EXUP servo motor coupler • Main wire harness ECU coupler |      |             |          | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul>          | Turning the main switch to "ON". |  |
| 2       | Open or short circuit in wire harness.                                 |      |             |          | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between servo motor coupler and ECU coupler (blue-blue) <ul> <li>(white/red-white/red)</li> <li>(black/blue-black/blue)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |                                  |  |
| 3       | Defective EXUP servo motor (potenti ometer circuit).                   |      |             |          | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.53)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE<br/>EXUP SERVO MOTOR" on<br/>page 7-90.</li> </ul>  |                                  |  |

| Fault | code No.                               | 18    | Symptom                    | EXUP sei   | rvo motor is stuck.   |  |  |
|-------|--|-------|----------------------------|------------|---|--|--|
| Diagn | Diagnostic code No. 53 EXUP s          |       |                            |            | rvo motor   |  |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause                     | onen  | ts and prob                | able       | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method   |  |
| 1     |  | rvo m | otor coupler<br>ess ECU co |            | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Turning the main switch to "ON". It takes 120 seconds at the maximum before the origi- |  |
| 2     | Open or short circuit in wire harness. |       |                            |            | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between the EXUP servo motor coupler and the ECU coupler. (black/green-black/green) (black/red-black/red)</li> </ul>                  | nal state<br>returns.  |  |
| 3     | Defective EXUP servo motor.            |       |                            |            | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.53)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE<br/>EXUP SERVO MOTOR" on<br/>page 7-90.</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| 4     | Defective B                            | EXUP  | valve, pulle               | y, cables. | Replace if defective.   |  |  |

| Fault ( |                        |         | A break of    | or disconnection of the blue/black lead of the etected. |  |   |
|---------|------------------------|---------|---------------|---|--|---|
| Diagn   | ostic code             | No.     | 20            | Sidestan  | d switch   |   |
| Order   | Item/comp<br>cause     | onen    | ts and prob   | able  | Check or maintenance job   | Reinstatement method  |
| 1       | Connection • Main wire | -       | ess ECU co    | upler   | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode. (Code No.20)</li> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | If the transmission is in gear, retracting the sidestand. If the transmission is in neutral, reconnecting the wiring. |
| 2       | Open or sl             | nort ci | rcuit in wire | harness.  | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between ECU and blue/black lead</li> </ul>   |   |
| 3       | Defective s            | sidesta | and switch.   |   | Replace if defective.     Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.   |   |

| Fault o | code No.             | 22      | Symptom                    | Air tempe | perature sensor: open or short circuit detected.  |                            |  |
|---------|----------------------|---------|----------------------------|-----------|---|----------------------------|--|
| Diagn   | ostic code           | No.     | 05                         | Air tempe | erature sensor  |                            |  |
| Order   | Item/comp<br>cause   | onen    | ts and prob                | able      | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method       |  |
| 1       | Installed consensor. | onditio | on of air tem              | perature  | Check for looseness or pinching.  | Turning the main switch to |  |
| 2       |                      | erature | e sensor cou<br>ess ECU co |           | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | "ON".                      |  |
| 3       | Open or sl           | nort ci | rcuit in wire              | harness.  | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between air temperature sensor coupler and ECU coupler (brown/white-brown/white) (black/blue-black/blue)</li> </ul>                   |                            |  |
| 4       | Defective a          | air tem | nperature se               | nsor.     | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.05)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE AIR<br/>TEMPERATURE SENSOR" on<br/>page 7-90.</li> </ul>                                       |                            |  |

| Fault | code No.                                      | 24                 | Symptom                | No norm | al signal is received from the $O_2$   | sensor.                             |  |
|-------|---|--------------------|------------------------|---------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Diagn | ostic code                                    | No.                | _                      | _       |  |                                     |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause                            | onen               | ts and prob            | able    | Check or maintenance job   | Reinstatement method                |  |
| 1     | Installed st                                  | tate of            | O <sub>2</sub> sensor. |         | Check for looseness or pinching.   | Starting the en-                    |  |
| 2     | Connection • O <sub>2</sub> senso • Main wire | r cou              | oler<br>ess ECU co     | upler   | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul>  | gine and oper-<br>ating it at idle. |  |
| 3     | Open or short circuit in wire harness.        |                    |                        |         | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between O<sub>2</sub> sensor coupler and ECU coupler.         (gray/white–gray/white)         (red/blue–red/blue)         (gray/green–gray/green)         (black/blue–black/blue)</li> </ul> |                                     |  |
| 4     | Check fuel                                    | press              | sure.                  |         | Refer to "THROTTLE BODIES" on page 6-6.  |                                     |  |
| 5     | Defective (                                   | O <sub>2</sub> ser | nsor.                  |         | Replace if defective.  | 1                                   |  |

| Fault | code No.   | 25   | Symptom      | Cylinder-<br>cuit dete | #2 intake air pressure sensor: op   | en or short cir-                 |
|-------|--|------|--------------|------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Diagn | ostic code   | No.  | 04           | Cylinder-              | #2 intake air pressure sensor   |                                  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause   | onen | ts and prob  | able                   | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |
| 1     | Connections  • Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor coupler  • Main wire harness ECU coupler  • Sub-wire harness 3 coupler |      |              |                        | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul>           | Turning the main switch to "ON". |
| 2     | Open or short circuit in wire harness and/or sub lead.   |      |              |                        | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor coupler and ECU coupler (black/blue-black/blue) (pink/yellow-pink/yellow) (blue-blue)</li> </ul> |                                  |
| 3     | Defective of sure sensor   | •    | er-#2 intake | air pres-              | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.04)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE INTAKE AIR PRESSURE SENSOR" on page 7-90.</li> </ul>   |                                  |

| Fault | code No.                 | 26             | Symptom                      |           | #2 intake air pressure sensor: ho<br>(clogged or detached hose).  | ose system mal-                               |
|-------|--------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----------|---|---|
| Diagn | ostic code               | No.            | 04                           | Cylinder- | #2 intake air pressure sensor   |   |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause       | onen           | ts and prob                  | able      | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method                          |
| 1     | Cylinder-#<br>hose       | 2 intał        | ke air pressu                | re sensor | <ul> <li>Check the cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor hose condition.</li> <li>Repair or replace the sensor hose.</li> </ul>  | Starting the engine and operating it at idle. |
| 2     |                          |                | ke air pressu<br>Itermediate |           | <ul> <li>Check and repair the connection.</li> <li>Replace it if there is a malfunction.</li> </ul>   |   |
| 3     | sor coupl                | #2 inta<br>ler | ake air pres                 |           | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> |   |
| 4     | Defective of sure sensor | -              | er-#2 intake                 | air pres- | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.04)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE INTAKE AIR PRESSURE SENSOR" on page 7-90.</li> </ul>   |   |

| Fault | Fault code No. 28 Symptom Enged. |                 |   |           | Engine temperature sensor: open or short circuit detected.  |                            |  |  |  |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Diagn | ostic code                       | No.             | 11  | Engine te | emperature sensor   |                            |  |  |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause               | onen            | ts and prob                               | able      | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method       |  |  |  |
| 1     | Installed s<br>sensor.           | tate of         | engine tem                                | perature  | Check for looseness or pinching.  | Turning the main switch to |  |  |  |
| 2     | Main wire                        | emper<br>e harn | ature senso<br>ess ECU co<br>ess 2 couple | upler     | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | "ON".                      |  |  |  |
| 3     | Open or sl<br>and/or sub         |                 | rcuit in wire                             | harness   | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between engine temperature sensor coupler and ECU coupler (brown-brown) (black-black)</li> </ul>                                      |                            |  |  |  |
| 4     | Defective of                     | engine          | e temperatur                              | e sensor. | ,   |                            |  |  |  |

| Fault ( | Fault code No.   30   Symptom   The v |         |                            |          | ne vehicle has overturned.  |  |  |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------|----------|---|--|--|
| Diagn   | ostic code                            | No.     | 08                         | Lean ang | gle sensor  |  |  |
| Order   | Item/comp<br>cause                    | onen    | ts and prob                | able     | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method   |  |
| 1       | The vehicle                           | e has   | overturned.                |          | Raise the vehicle upright.  | Turning the  |  |
| 2       | Installed co<br>sensor.               | onditio | on of the lea              | n angle  | Check for looseness or pinching.  | main switch to<br>"ON" (however,<br>the engine can-                      |  |
| 3       |                                       | le ser  | nsor coupler<br>ess ECU co |          | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | not be restarted<br>unless the main<br>switch is first<br>turned "OFF"). |  |
| 4       | Defective lean angle sensor.          |         |                            |          | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.08)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE<br/>LEAN ANGLE SENSOR" on<br/>page 7-84.</li> </ul>  |  |  |

| Fault |                         |                    |   |             | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#1 eft or right ignition coil.   |   |  |  |  |
|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Diagn | ostic code              | No.                | 30, 32  | Cylinder-   | #1 left or right ignition coil  |   |  |  |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause      | onen               | ts and prob                                   | able        | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method                          |  |  |  |
| 1     | connecto                | #1 lef<br>or (prin | t or right ign<br>nary coil sid<br>ess ECU co | e)          | <ul> <li>Check the connector and coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the connector and coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Starting the engine and operating it at idle. |  |  |  |
| 2     | Open or sl              | nort ci            | rcuit in wire                                 | harness.    | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil connector and ECU coupler/main wire harness. (black/red-blue/red) (orange-orange)</li> </ul>                      |   |  |  |  |
| 3     | Defective of tion coil. | cylinde            | er-#1 left or                                 | right igni- | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.30 or 32)</li> <li>Test the primary and secondary<br/>coils for continuity.</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE IG-<br/>NITION COILS" on page 7-83.</li> </ul>     |   |  |  |  |

| Fault | code No.               | 34                            | Symptom   |              | tion detected in the primary wire oght ignition coil.   | f the cylinder-#2                             |
|-------|------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------|---|---|
| Diagn | ostic code             | No.                           | 31, 33  | Cylinder     | -#2 left or right ignition coil   |   |
| Order | Item/com cause         | poner                         | nts and prob  | able         | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method                          |
| 1     | connector  Main wir    | -#2 let<br>or (prin<br>e harr | ft or right ign<br>mary coil sid<br>ness ECU co<br>ess 3 couple | e)<br>oupler | <ul> <li>Check the connector and coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the connector and coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Starting the engine and operating it at idle. |
| 2     | Open or s<br>and/or su |                               | ircuit in wire  | harness      | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil connector and ECU coupler/main wire harness. (black/red-blue/red) (gray/red-gray/red)</li> </ul>                  |   |
| 3     | Defective tion coil.   | cylind                        | er-#2 left or   | right igni-  | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.31 or 33)</li> <li>Test the primary and secondary<br/>coils for continuity.</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE IG-<br/>NITION COILS" on page 7-83.</li> </ul>     |   |

| Fault |                         |                    |  |             | Malfunction detected in the primary wire of the cylinder-#1 eft or right ignition coil.   |   |  |  |  |
|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Diagn | ostic code              | No.                | 30, 32   | Cylinder-   | #1 left or right ignition coil  |   |  |  |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause      | onen               | ts and prob                                    | able        | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method                          |  |  |  |
| 1     | connecto                | #1 lef<br>or (prin | t or right ign<br>nary coil sid<br>less ECU co | e)          | <ul> <li>Check the connector and coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the connector and coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Starting the engine and operating it at idle. |  |  |  |
| 2     | Open or sl              | nort ci            | rcuit in wire                                  | harness.    | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between cylinder-#1 left or right ignition coil connector and ECU coupler/main wire harness. (black/red-blue/red) (orange-orange)</li> </ul>                      |   |  |  |  |
| 3     | Defective of tion coil. | cylinde            | er-#1 left or                                  | right igni- | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.30 or 32)</li> <li>Test the primary and secondary<br/>coils for continuity.</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE IG-<br/>NITION COILS" on page 7-83.</li> </ul>     |   |  |  |  |

| Fault | code No.                 | 36                           | Symptom   |             | ion detected in the primary wire o<br>ht ignition coil.   | f the cylinder-#2                             |
|-------|--------------------------|------------------------------|---|-------------|---|---|
| Diagn | ostic code               | No.                          | 31, 33  | Cylinder-   | #2 left or right ignition coil  |   |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause       | onen                         | ts and prob   | able        | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method                          |
| 1     | connector • Main wire    | #2 lef<br>or (prin<br>e harn | t or right ign<br>nary coil sid<br>ess ECU co<br>ess 3 couple | e)<br>upler | <ul> <li>Check the connector and coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the connector and coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Starting the engine and operating it at idle. |
| 2     | Open or sl<br>and/or sub |                              | rcuit in wire   | harness     | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between cylinder-#2 left or right ignition coil connector and ECU coupler/main wire harness. (black/red-blue/red) (gray/red-gray/red)</li> </ul>                  |   |
| 3     | Defective of tion coil.  | cylinde                      | er-#2 left or   | right igni- | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.31 or 33)</li> <li>Test the primary and secondary<br/>coils for continuity.</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE IG-<br/>NITION COILS" on page 7-83.</li> </ul>     |   |

| Fault | code No.  | 37   | Symptom  | Engine s                                      | speed is high when the engine is idling.   |   |  |
|-------|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Diagn | ostic code  | No.  | 54   | ISC valve                                     |  |   |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause                                    | onen   | ts and prob  | able  | Check or maintenance job   | Reinstatement method  |  |
| 1     | ECU fuse  | is blow  | vn.  |   | Check the ECU fuse. Refer to "CHECKING THE FUSES" on page 7-75.  | ISC valve re-<br>turns to its orig-<br>inal position by   |  |
| 2     | Throttle va   | lve do   | es not fully   | close.  | <ul> <li>Check the throttle bodies. Refer to "THROTTLE BODIES" on page 6-6.</li> <li>Check the throttle cables. Refer to "ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY" on page 3-8.</li> </ul>  | turning the main switch to "ON" and back to "OFF". Reinstated if the engine idle speed is within specification after starting the engine. |  |
| 3     | disconnect<br>pler. (High<br>tected with<br>open even | ted ISe<br>engin<br>the Ise<br>thoug<br>e cont | k fully open<br>C unit hose<br>e idle speed<br>SC valve stu<br>h signals for<br>tinuously be<br>SU.) | or cou-<br>d is de-<br>lck fully<br>the valve | <ul> <li>Check that the ISC unit hose is not disconnected.</li> <li>Check that the ISC unit coupler is not disconnected.</li> <li>The ISC valve is stuck fully open if it does not operate when the main switch is turned "OFF". (Touch the ISC unit with your hand and check if it is vibrating to confirm if the ISC valve is operating.)</li> </ul> |   |  |
| 4     | ISC valve   | is not   | moving corr  | ectly.  | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.54)</li> <li>After the ISC valve is fully closed, it opens to the standby opening position when the engine is started. This operation takes approximately 12 seconds. Start the engine. If the error recurs, replace the throttle body assembly.</li> </ul>   |   |  |

| Fault | code No.           | 41      | Symptom                    | Lean ang | Lean angle sensor: open or short circuit detected.  |                                  |  |  |  |
|-------|--------------------|---------|----------------------------|----------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Diagn | ostic code         | No.     | 08                         | Lean ang | ean angle sensor  |                                  |  |  |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause | onen    | ts and prob                | able     | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |  |  |  |
| 1     |                    | le ser  | nsor coupler<br>ess ECU co |          | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Turning the main switch to "ON". |  |  |  |
| 2     | Open or sh         | nort ci | rcuit in lead              | wire.    | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between lean angle sensor coupler and ECU coupler. (blue-blue) (yellow/green-yellow/green) (black/blue-black/blue)</li> </ul>         |                                  |  |  |  |
| 3     | Defective I        | ean ai  | ngle sensor.               |          | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.08)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE<br/>LEAN ANGLE SENSOR" on<br/>page 7-84.</li> </ul>  |                                  |  |  |  |

| Fault  | Fault code No. 42  |       | Sym     | ptom   | A. No normal signals are received from the speed sensor. B. Open circuit is detected in the neutral switch. |   |   |  |  |
|--------|--|-------|---------|--------|---|---|---|--|--|
| Diagn  | ostic code   | No.   | Α       | 07     | Speed se  | eed sensor  |   |  |  |
| B 21 I |  |       |         |        | Neutral s   | witch   |   |  |  |
| Order  | Item/comp<br>cause   | onen  | its and | d prok | able  | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method  |  |  |
| A-1    | Connections • Speed sensor coupler • Main wire harness ECU coupler |       |         |        |   | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Starting the engine, and activating the vehicle speed sensor by operating the vehicle at 20 to 30 |  |  |
| A-2    | Open or short circuit in speed sensor lead.                        |       |         |        |   | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between speed sensor coupler and ECU coupler. (blue-blue) (white/yellow-white/yellow) (black/blue-black/blue)</li> </ul>              | km/h.   |  |  |
| A-3    | Gear for detecting vehicle speed has broken.                       |       |         |        |   | Replace if defective.     Refer to "TRANSMISSION" on page 5-107.  |   |  |  |
| A-4    | Defective  | speed | senso   | or.    |   | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.07)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE<br/>SPEED SENSOR" on page<br/>7-88.</li> </ul>   |   |  |  |

| Fault | Fault code No. 42 Sy   |          |         | ptom    |             | A. No normal signals are received from the speed sensor. B. Open circuit is detected in the neutral switch.   |   |  |  |  |
|-------|--|----------|---------|---------|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Diagn | ostic code   | No.      | Α       | 07      | Speed se    | sensor  |   |  |  |  |
|       |  |          | В       | 21      | Neutral s   | switch  |   |  |  |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause   | onen     | ts and  | d prob  | able        | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method  |  |  |  |
| B-1   | Connections  • Neutral switch coupler  • Main wire harness ECU coupler |          |         |         |             | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul>   | Starting the engine, and activating the vehicle speed sensor by operating the vehicle at 20 to 30 |  |  |  |
| B-2   | Open circu   | uit in n | eutral  | switch  | n lead.     | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open circuit.</li> <li>Between neutral switch coupler and relay unit coupler (fuel pump relay). (sky blue—sky blue)</li> <li>Between relay unit coupler and main switch. (blue/yellow—blue/yellow)</li> <li>Between main switch and ECU coupler. (blue/black—blue/black)</li> </ul> | km/h.   |  |  |  |
| B-3   | Faulty shift ea).  | t drum   | n (neut | tral de | tection ar- | Replace if defective. Refer to "TRANSMISSION" on page 5-107.  |   |  |  |  |
| B-4   | Defective r  | neutra   | l switc | h.      |             | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No.21)</li> <li>Replace if defective.<br/>Refer to "CHECKING THE<br/>SWITCHES" on page 7-71.</li> </ul>   |   |  |  |  |

| Fault | code No.                 | 43      | Symptom                      |           | U is unable to monitor the battery voltage (an open t circuit in the line to the ECU).   |   |  |
|-------|--------------------------|---------|------------------------------|-----------|--|---|--|
| Diagn | ostic code               | No.     | 09                           | Fuel syst | em voltage   |   |  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause       | onen    | ts and prob                  | able      | Check or maintenance job   | Reinstatement method                          |  |
| 1     |                          | it coup | oler (fuel pur<br>ess ECU co |           | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul>  | Starting the engine and operating it at idle. |  |
| 2     | Open or sh<br>ness.      | nort ci | rcuit in the v               | vire har- | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between relay unit coupler (fuel pump relay) and ECU coupler. (blue/red-blue/red) (red/blue-red/blue)</li> <li>Between relay unit coupler (fuel pump relay) and battery terminal. (red-red)</li> <li>Between relay unit coupler (fuel pump relay) and diode 2 coupler. (red/white-red/white)</li> <li>Between diode 2 coupler and engine stop switch coupler. (black/red-black/red)</li> </ul> |   |  |
| 3     | Malfunction unit (fuel p |         | oen circuit ir<br>elay).     | n relay   | <ul> <li>Execute the diagnostic mode.<br/>(Code No. 09)</li> <li>Replace if defective.</li> <li>If there is no malfunction with<br/>the relay unit (fuel pump relay),<br/>replace the ECU.</li> </ul>  |   |  |

| Fault code No. 44 S                      |                           | Symptom |        | Error is detected while reading or writing on EEPROM (CO adjustment value). |   |                                  |  |
|--|---------------------------|---------|--------|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Diagn                                    | Diagnostic code No. 60 EE |         | EEPROM | EEPROM improper cylinder indication   |   |                                  |  |
| Order Item/components and probable cause |                           |         |        | pable   | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |  |
| 1  | Malfunctio                | n in E  | CU.    |   | Execute the diagnostic mode. (Code No. 60)     1. Check the faulty cylinder. (If multiple cylinders are defective, the number of the faulty cylinders appears alternately at 2-second intervals.)     Replace ECU if defective. | Turning the main switch to "ON". |  |

| Fault (                 | Fault code No.   46   Symptom   Power |         |                | Power su | ipply to the fuel injection system  | is not normal.                                |  |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|----------------|----------|---|---|--|
| Diagnostic code No. — — |                                       |         |                |          |   |   |  |
| Order                   | Item/comp<br>cause                    | onen    | ts and prob    | able     | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method                          |  |
| 1                       | • Main wire                           | _       | ess ECU co     | oupler   | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul>   | Starting the engine and operating it at idle. |  |
| 2                       | Faulty batt                           | ery.    |                |          | Replace or charge the battery<br>Refer to "CHECKING AND<br>CHARGING THE BATTERY" on<br>page 7-76.   |   |  |
| 3                       | Malfunctio                            | n in re | ctifier/regula | ator     | Replace if defective.     Refer to "CHARGING SYS-<br>TEM" on page 7-13.   |   |  |
| 4                       | Open or sł                            | nort ci | rcuit in wire  | harness. | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between battery and main fuse (red-red)</li> <li>Between main fuse and main switch (red-red)</li> <li>Between main switch and ignition fuse (brown/blue-brown/blue)</li> <li>Between ignition fuse and ECU (red/white-red/white)</li> </ul> |   |  |

| Fault code No. 50 Symp  |                                      | Symptom |  | tion is detected in<br>t appear on the |   |                                  |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|--|--|---|----------------------------------|
| Diagnostic code No. — — |                                      |         |  | _                                      |   |                                  |
| Order                   | r Item/components and probable cause |         |  |  | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |
| 1                       | 1 Malfunction in ECU.                |         |  |  | Replace the ECU.  NOTE:  Do not perform this procedure with the main switch turned to "ON". | Turning the main switch to "ON". |

| Fault | Fault code No.   Er-1   Symptom   No signa   |         |               | No signa | Is are received from the ECU.   |                                  |
|-------|--|---------|---------------|----------|---|----------------------------------|
| Diagn | Diagnostic code No. — —  |         |               |          |   |                                  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause   | onen    | ts and prob   | pable    | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |
| 1     | Connections  • Main wire harness ECU coupler  • Main wire harness meter assembly coupler |         |               |          | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Turning the main switch to "ON". |
| 2     | Open or sh   | nort ci | rcuit in wire | harness. | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between meter assembly coupler and ECU coupler (yellow/blue–yellow/blue)</li> </ul>   |                                  |
| 3     | Malfunction in meter assembly.   |         |               |          | Replace the meter assembly.   |                                  |
| 4     | Malfunctio   | n in E  | CU.           |          | Replace the ECU.  |                                  |

| Fault | Fault code No. Er-2 Symptom No signal duration.  |        | Is are received from the ECU with | in the specified |   |                                  |
|-------|--|--------|-----------------------------------|------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Diagn | ostic code   | No.    | _                                 | _                |   |                                  |
| Order | rder Item/components and probable cause  |        |                                   | able             | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |
| 1     | Connections  • Main wire harness ECU coupler  • Main wire harness meter assembly coupler |        |                                   |                  | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Turning the main switch to "ON". |
| 2     | Open or short circuit in wire harness.   |        |                                   | harness.         | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between meter assembly coupler and ECU coupler (yellow/blue–yellow/blue)</li> </ul>   |                                  |
| 3     | Malfunction in meter assembly.   |        |                                   | oly.             | Replace the meter assembly.   |                                  |
| 4     | Malfunctio   | n in E | CU.                               |                  | Replace the ECU.  |                                  |

| Fault | Fault code No.   Er-3   Symptom   Data from  |         |               | Data fron | n the ECU cannot be received cor  | rectly.                          |
|-------|--|---------|---------------|-----------|---|----------------------------------|
| Diagn | ostic code   | No.     | _             | _         |   |                                  |
| Order | Item/comp<br>cause   | onen    | ts and prob   | able      | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |
| 1     | Connections  • Main wire harness ECU coupler  • Main wire harness meter assembly coupler |         |               |           | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Turning the main switch to "ON". |
| 2     | Open or sh   | nort ci | rcuit in wire | harness.  | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between meter assembly coupler and ECU coupler (yellow/blue–yellow/blue)</li> </ul>   |                                  |
| 3     | Malfunction in meter assembly.   |         |               |           | Replace the meter assembly.   |                                  |
| 4     | Malfunction  | n in E  | CU.           |           | Replace the ECU.  |                                  |

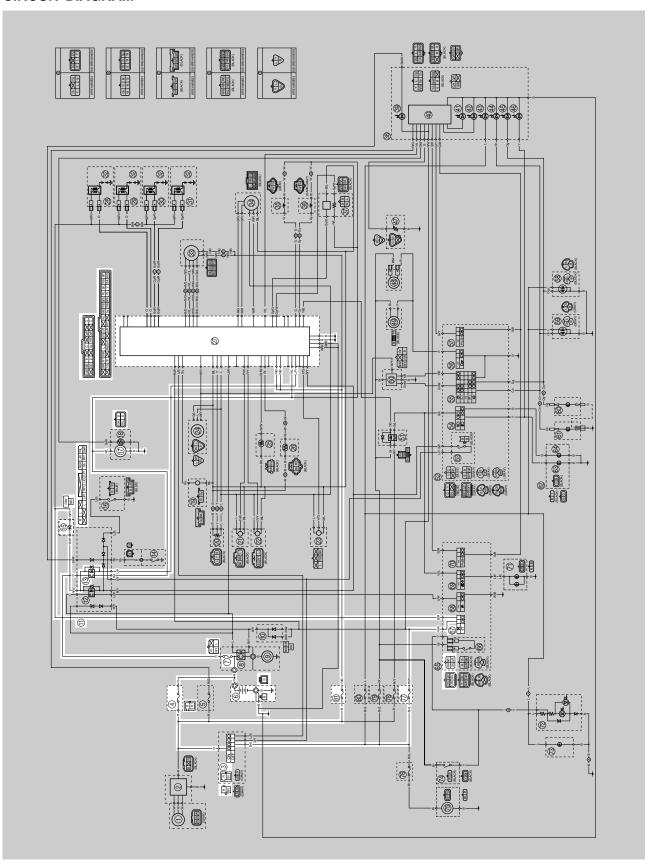
| Fault code No.   Er-4   Symptom          |  | Non-registered data has been received from the meter. |     |      |   |                                  |
|--|--|---|-----|------|---|----------------------------------|
| Diagn                                    | ostic code   | No.   | _   | _    |   |                                  |
| Order Item/components and probable cause |  |   |     |      | Check or maintenance job  | Reinstatement method             |
| 1  | Connections  • Main wire harness ECU coupler  • Main wire harness meter assembly coupler |   |     |      | <ul> <li>Check the coupler for any pins that may be pulled out.</li> <li>Check the locking condition of the coupler.</li> <li>If there is a malfunction, repair it and connect the coupler securely.</li> </ul> | Turning the main switch to "ON". |
| 2  | Open or short circuit in wire harness.   |   |     |      | <ul> <li>Repair or replace if there is an open or short circuit.</li> <li>Between meter assembly coupler and ECU coupler (yellow/blue-yellow/blue)</li> </ul>   |                                  |
| 3  | Malfunction in meter assembly.   |   |     | oly. | Replace the meter assembly.   |                                  |
| 4  | Malfunction  | n in E  | CU. |      | Replace the ECU.  |                                  |

EAS27550

#### **FUEL PUMP SYSTEM**

EAS27560

#### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**



#### **FUEL PUMP SYSTEM**

- 3. Main switch
- 4. Main fuse
- 6. Battery
- 7. Fuel injection system fuse
- 11.Relay unit
- 13.Fuel pump relay
- 15.Diode 2
- 17.Fuel pump
- 27.ECU (electronic control unit)
- 67. Engine stop switch
- 77.Ignition fuse
- 81.ECU fuse

| TROUBLESHOOTING  If the fuel pump fails to operate.  |                  |   |
|--|------------------|---|
| NOTE: • Before troubleshooting, remove the follow 1. Rider seat 2. Tool kit tray 3. Rider seat bracket assembly 4. Left side cover 5. Headlight assembly | ving part(s):    |   |
| Check the fuses.     (Main, fuel injection system, ignition and ECU)     Refer to "CHECKING THE FUSES" on page 7-75.                                     | $NG \rightarrow$ | Replace the fuse(s).  |
| OK ↓   |                  |   |
| 2. Check the battery. Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY" on page 7-76.   | $NG \to$         | <ul><li>Clean the battery terminals.</li><li>Recharge or replace the battery.</li></ul> |
| OK↓  |                  |   |
| Check the main switch.     Refer to "CHECKING THE     SWITCHES" on page 7-71.  | $NG \to$         | Replace the main switch.  |
| OK↓  |                  |   |
| 4. Check the engine stop switch. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES" on page 7-71.  | $NG \to$         | The engine stop switch is faulty. Replace the right handlebar switch.                   |
| OK ↓   |                  |   |
| 5. Check the relay unit (fuel pump relay). Refer to "CHECKING THE RELAYS" on page 7-79.  | $NG \to$         | Replace the relay unit.   |
| OK ↓   |                  |   |
| 6. Check the diode 2.<br>Refer to "CHECKING THE DI-<br>ODES" on page 7-81.   | $NG \to$         | Replace the diode 2.  |
| OK ↓   |                  |   |
| 7. Check the fuel pump. Refer to "CHECKING THE FUEL PUMP" on page 7-89.  | $NG \to$         | Replace the fuel pump assembly.   |
| OK↓  |                  |   |

#### **FUEL PUMP SYSTEM**

 Check the entire fuel pump system wiring.
 Refer to "CIRCUIT DIAGRAM" on page 7-63.

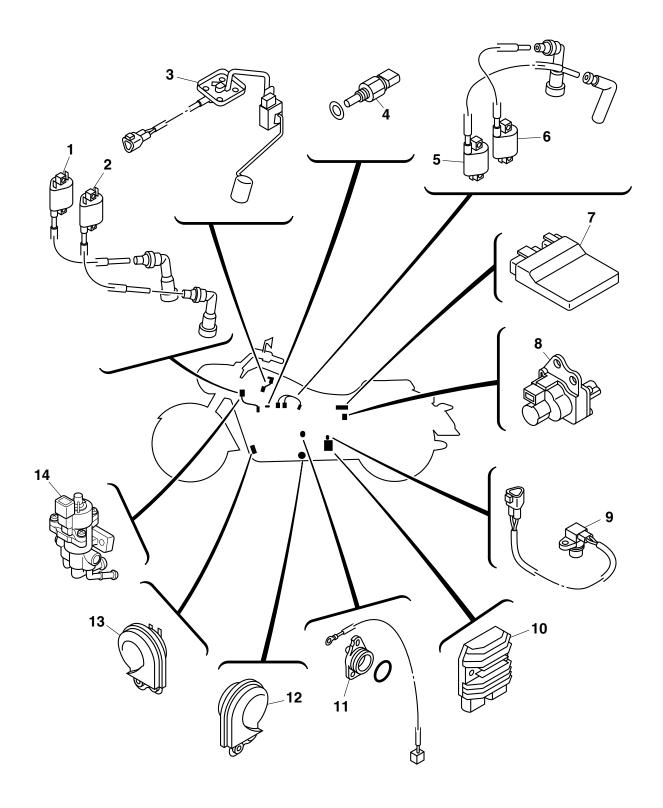
OK↓

Replace the ECU.

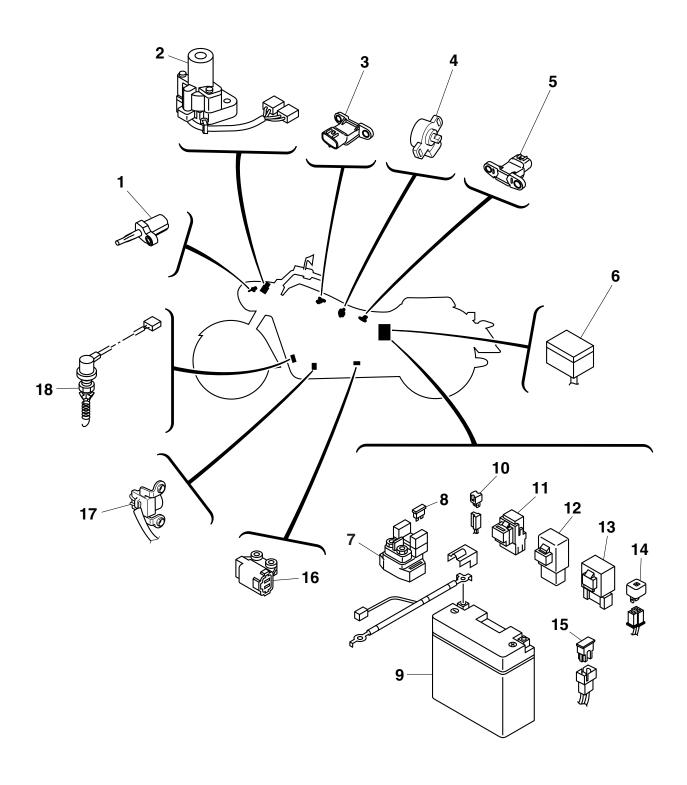
 $NG \rightarrow$ 

Properly connect or repair the fuel pump system wiring.

# ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

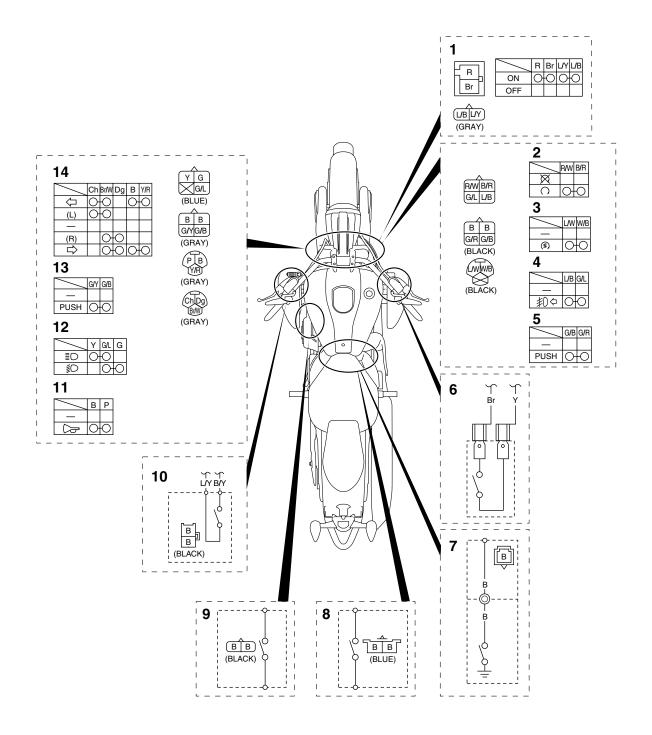


- 1. Cylinder-#2 right ignition coil
- 2. Cylinder-#2 left ignition coil
- 3. Fuel sender
- 4. Engine temperature sensor
- 5. Cylinder-#1 left ignition coil
- 6. Cylinder-#1 right ignition coil
- 7. ECU (electronic control unit)
- 8. EXUP servo motor
- 9. Speed sensor
- 10. Rectifier/regulator
- 11. Neutral switch
- 12. Horn 2
- 13. Horn 1
- 14. ISC (idle speed control) unit



- 1. Air temperature sensor
- 2. Main switch
- 3. Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor
- 4. Throttle position sensor
- 5. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure sensor
- 6. Fuse box
- 7. Starter relay
- 8. Fuel injection system fuse
- 9. Battery
- 10. Diode 2
- 11. Turn signal relay
- 12. Headlight relay
- 13. Relay unit
- 14. Diode 1
- 15. Main fuse
- 16. Lean angle cut-off switch
- 17. Crankshaft position sensor
- 18. Rear brake light switch

# CHECKING THE SWITCHES



- 1. Main switch
- 2. Engine stop switch
- 3. Start switch
- 4. Accessory light switch
- 5. Reset switch
- 6. Front brake light switch
- 7. Neutral switch
- 8. Sidestand switch
- 9. Rear brake light switch
- 10. Clutch switch
- 11. Horn switch
- 12. Dimmer switch
- 13. Select switch
- 14. Turn signal switch

Check each switch for continuity with the pocket tester. If the continuity reading is incorrect, check the wiring connections and if necessary, replace the switch.

### **CAUTION:**

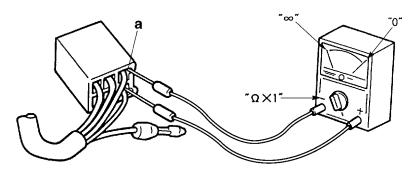
Never insert the tester probes into the coupler terminal slots "a". Always insert the probes from the opposite end of the coupler, taking care not to loosen or damage the leads.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

### NOTE: \_

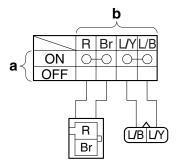
- Before checking for continuity, set the pocket tester to "0" and to the " $\Omega \times 1$ " range.
- When checking for continuity, switch back and forth between the switch positions a few times.



The switches and their terminal connections are illustrated as in the following example of the main switch.

The switch positions "a" are shown in the far left column and the switch lead colors "b" are shown in the top row.

The continuity (i. e., a closed circuit) between switch terminals at a given switch position is indicated by "———". There is continuity between red and brown, blue/yellow and blue/black when the switch is set to "ON".



EAS27990

# CHECKING THE BULBS AND BULB SOCKETS

NOTE: \_

Do not check any of the lights that use LEDs.

Check each bulb and bulb socket for damage or wear, proper connections, and also for continuity between the terminals.

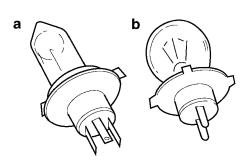
Damage/wear  $\rightarrow$  Repair or replace the bulb, bulb socket or both.

Improperly connected  $\rightarrow$  Properly connect. No continuity  $\rightarrow$  Repair or replace the bulb, bulb socket or both.

### Types of bulbs

The bulbs used on this vehicle are shown in the illustration.

- Bulbs "a" and "b" are used for the headlights and usually use a bulb holder that must be detached before removing the bulb. The majority of these types of bulbs can be removed from their respective socket by turning them counterclockwise.
- Bulbs "c" are used for turn signal and tail/brake lights and can be removed from the socket by pushing and turning the bulb counterclockwise.
- Bulbs "d" and "e" are used for meter and indicator lights and can be removed from their respective socket by carefully pulling them out.









- 1. Remove:
- Bulb

EW1D71009

# **M** WARNING

Since headlight bulbs get extremely hot, keep flammable products and your hands away from them until they have cooled down.

EC1D71006

### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure to hold the socket firmly when removing the bulb. Never pull the lead, otherwise it may be pulled out of the terminal in the coupler.
- Avoid touching the glass part of a headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the life of the bulb, and the luminous flux will be adversely affected. If the headlight bulb gets soiled, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.
- 2. Check:
  - Bulb (for continuity) (with the pocket tester)
     No continuity → Replace.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

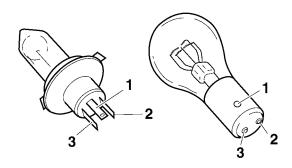
#### NOTE:

Before checking for continuity, set the pocket tester to "0" and to the " $\Omega \times 1$ " range.

- a. Connect the positive tester probe to terminal "1" and the negative tester probe to terminal "2", and check the continuity.
- b. Connect the positive tester probe to terminal "1" and the negative tester probe to terminal "3", and check the continuity.
- c. If either of the readings indicate no continuity, replace the bulb.

### Checking the condition of the bulbs

The following procedure applies to all of the bulbs.



# Checking the condition of the bulb sockets

The following procedure applies to all of the bulb sockets.

- 1. Check:
- Bulb socket (for continuity) (with the pocket tester) No continuity → Replace.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

### NOTE: \_

Check each bulb socket for continuity in the same manner as described in the bulb section; however, note the following.

# a. Install a good bulb into the bulb socket.

- b. Connect the pool of tester probes to the
- b. Connect the pocket tester probes to the respective leads of the bulb socket.
- c. Check the bulb socket for continuity. If any of the readings indicate no continuity, replace the bulb socket.

EAS28000

### **CHECKING THE FUSES**

The following procedure applies to all of the fuses.

EC1D71019

### **CAUTION:**

To avoid a short circuit, always turn the main switch to "OFF" when checking or replacing a fuse.

- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 2. Check:
  - Fuse

a. Connect the pocket tester to the fuse and check the continuity.

#### NOTE: \_\_\_\_

Set the pocket tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ ".



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

b. If the pocket tester indicates "∞", replace the fuse

- 3. Replace:
- Blown fuse

## a. Turn the main switch to "OFF".

- b. Install a new fuse of the correct amperage rating.
- c. Set on the switches to verify if the electrical circuit is operational.
- d. If the fuse immediately blows again, check the electrical circuit.

| Fuses                       | Amperage rating | Q'ty |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------|
| Main                        | 50 A            | 1    |
| Ignition                    | 25 A            | 1    |
| Headlight                   | 20 A            | 1    |
| Fuel injection system       | 15 A            | 1    |
| Signaling system            | 10 A            | 1    |
| Taillight                   | 10 A            | 1    |
| ECU                         | 10 A            | 1    |
| Backup (odometer and clock) | 10 A            | 1    |
| Auxiliary DC connector      | 3 A             | 1    |
| Spare                       | 25 A            | 1    |
| Spare                       | 20 A            | 1    |
| Spare                       | 15 A            | 1    |
| Spare                       | 10 A            | 1    |
| Spare                       | 3 A             | 1    |

EWA13310

# **WARNING**

Never use a fuse with an amperage rating other than that specified. Improvising or using a fuse with the wrong amperage rating may cause extensive damage to the electri-

cal system, cause the lighting and ignition systems to malfunction and could possibly cause a fire.

- 4. Install:
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

EAS28030

# CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY EWA13290

## **WARNING**

Batteries generate explosive hydrogen gas and contain electrolyte which is made of poisonous and highly caustic sulfuric acid. Therefore, always follow these preventive measures:

- Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.
- Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep batteries away from fire, sparks or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes).
- DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.
- KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause severe burns or permanent eye injury.

FIRST AID IN CASE OF BODILY CONTACT: EXTERNAL

- Skin Wash with water.
- Eyes Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

### **INTERNAL**

 Drink large quantities of water or milk followed with milk of magnesia, beaten egg or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention.

EC1D71020

### **CAUTION:**

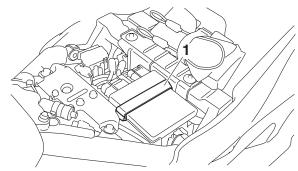
- This is a sealed battery. Never remove the sealing caps because the balance between cells will not be maintained and battery performance will deteriorate.
- Charging time, charging amperage and charging voltage for an MF battery are different from those of conventional batteries.
   The MF battery should be charged according to the instructions for the charging method. If the battery is overcharged, the

electrolyte level will drop considerably. Therefore, take special care when charging the battery.

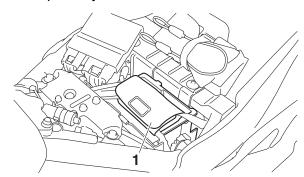
### NOTE: \_

Since MF batteries are sealed, it is not possible to check the charge state of the battery by measuring the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Therefore, the charge of the battery has to be checked by measuring the voltage at the battery terminals.

- 1. Remove:
- Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.
- 2. Remove:
- ECU band "1"



- 3. Remove:
- Coupler tray "1"

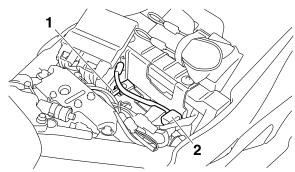


- 4. Disconnect:
  - Battery leads (from the battery terminals)

ECA13640

### **CAUTION:**

First, disconnect the negative battery lead "1", and then positive battery lead "2".

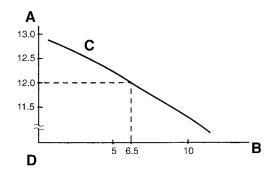


- 5. Remove:
- Battery
- 6. Check:
- Battery charge
- a. Connect a pocket tester to the battery terminals
- Positive tester probe → positive battery terminal
- Negative tester probe → negative battery terminal

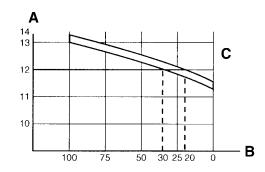
### NOTE:

- The charge state of an MF battery can be checked by measuring its open-circuit voltage (i.e., the voltage when the positive battery terminal is disconnected).
- No charging is necessary when the open-circuit voltage equals or exceeds 12.8 V.
- b. Check the charge of the battery, as shown in the charts and the following example.

Example
Open-circuit voltage = 12.0 V
Charging time = 6.5 hours
Charge of the battery = 20–30%



- A. Open-circuit voltage (V)
- B. Charging time (hours)
- C. Relationship between the open-circuit voltage and the charging time at 20 °C (68 °F)
- D. These values vary with the temperature, the condition of the battery plates, and the electrolyte level.



- A. Open-circuit voltage (V)
- B. Charging condition of the battery (%)
- C. Ambient temperature 20 °C (68 °F)

# 7. Charge:

 Battery (refer to the appropriate charging method illustration)

# WARNING

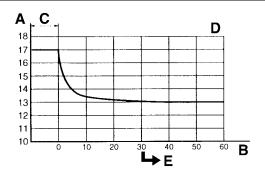
Do not quick charge a battery.

ECA13670

### **CAUTION:**

- Never remove the MF battery sealing caps.
- Do not use a high-rate battery charger since it forces a high-amperage current into the battery quickly and can cause battery overheating and battery plate damage.
- If it is impossible to regulate the charging current on the battery charger, be careful not to overcharge the battery.
- When charging a battery, be sure to remove it from the vehicle. (If charging has to be done with the battery mounted on the vehicle, disconnect the negative battery lead from the battery terminal.)
- To reduce the chance of sparks, do not plug in the battery charger until the battery charger leads are connected to the battery.
- Before removing the battery charger lead clips from the battery terminals, be sure to turn off the battery charger.
- Make sure the battery charger lead clips are in full contact with the battery terminal and that they are not shorted. A corroded battery charger lead clip may generate heat in the contact area and a weak clip spring may cause sparks.

- If the battery becomes hot to the touch at any time during the charging process, disconnect the battery charger and let the battery cool before reconnecting it. Hot batteries can explode!
- As shown in the following illustration, the open-circuit voltage of an MF battery stabilizes about 30 minutes after charging has been completed. Therefore, wait 30 minutes after charging is completed before measuring the open-circuit voltage.



- A. Open-circuit voltage (V)
- B. Time (minutes)
- C. Charging
- D. Ambient temperature 20 °C (68 °F)
- E. Check the open-circuit voltage.

# Charging method using a variable-current (voltage) charger

a. Measure the open-circuit voltage prior to charging.

### NOTE: \_

Voltage should be measured 30 minutes after the engine is stopped.

b. Connect a charger and ammeter to the battery and start charging.

### NOTE:

Set the charging voltage at 16–17 V. If the setting is lower, charging will be insufficient. If too high, the battery will be over-charged.

 Make sure that the current is higher than the standard charging current written on the battery.

### NOTE: \_

If the current is lower than the standard charging current written on the battery, set the charging voltage adjust dial at 20–24 V and monitor the amperage for 3–5 minutes to check the battery.

- Standard charging current is reached Battery is good.
- Standard charging current is not reached Replace the battery.
- d. Adjust the voltage so that the current is at the standard charging level.
- e. Set the time according to the charging time suitable for the open-circuit voltage.
- f. If charging requires more than 5 hours, it is advisable to check the charging current after a lapse of 5 hours. If there is any change in the amperage, readjust the voltage to obtain the standard charging current.
- g. Measure the battery open-circuit voltage after leaving the battery unused for more than 30 minutes.

12.8 V or more --- Charging is complete. 12.7 V or less --- Recharging is required. Under 12.0 V --- Replace the battery.

# Charging method using a constant voltage charger

\_\_\_\_

a. Measure the open-circuit voltage prior to charging.

#### NOTE: \_

Voltage should be measured 30 minutes after the engine is stopped.

- b. Connect a charger and ammeter to the battery and start charging.
- Make sure that the current is higher than the standard charging current written on the battery.

### NOTE: \_

If the current is lower than the standard charging current written on the battery, this type of battery charger cannot charge the MF battery. A variable voltage charger is recommended.

d. Charge the battery until the battery's charging voltage is 15 V.

### NOTE:

Set the charging time at 20 hours (maximum).

 Measure the battery open-circuit voltage after leaving the battery unused for more than 30 minutes.

12.8 V or more --- Charging is complete. 12.7 V or less --- Recharging is required. Under 12.0 V --- Replace the battery.

### 

- 8. Install:
- Battery
- 9. Connect:
- Battery leads (to the battery terminals)

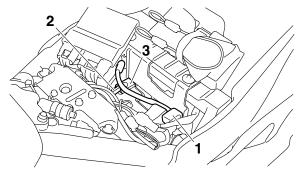
CA13630

#### **CAUTION:**

First, connect the positive battery lead "1", and then the negative battery lead "2".

### NOTE: \_

Be sure to route the negative battery lead towards the front of the vehicle and to install the negative terminal cover "3" securely.



### 10.Check:

Battery terminals
 Dirt → Clean with a wire brush.

 Loose connection → Connect properly.

### 11.Lubricate:

Battery terminals



Recommended lubricant Dielectric grease

### 12.Install:

- Coupler tray
- ECU band

NOTE:

Make sure the leads are routed correctly.

#### 13.Install:

• Rider seat Refer to "GENERAL CHASSIS" on page 4-1.

#### EAS28040

### **CHECKING THE RELAYS**

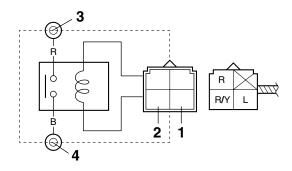
Check each switch for continuity with the pocket tester. If the continuity reading is incorrect, replace the relay.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- 1. Disconnect the relay from the wire harness.
- Connect the pocket tester (Ω × 1) and battery (12 V) to the relay terminals as shown.
   Check the relay operation.
   Out of specification → Replace.

### Starter relay

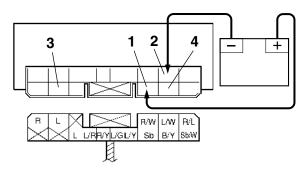


- 1. Positive battery terminal
- 2. Negative battery terminal
- 3. Positive tester probe
- 4. Negative tester probe



Result Continuity (between "3" and "4")

# Relay unit (starting circuit cut-off relay)

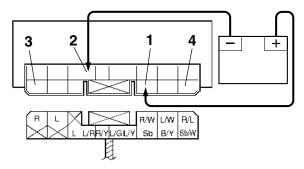


- 1. Positive battery terminal
- 2. Negative battery terminal
- 3. Positive tester probe
- 4. Negative tester probe



Result Continuity (between "3" and "4")

### Relay unit (fuel pump relay)

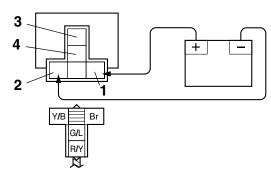


- 1. Positive battery terminal
- 2. Negative battery terminal
- 3. Positive tester probe
- 4. Negative tester probe



Result
Continuity
(between "3" and "4")

# Headlight relay



- 1. Positive battery terminal
- 2. Negative battery terminal
- 3. Positive tester probe
- 4. Negative tester probe



Result Continuity (between "3" and "4")

FT1D7101:

### **CHECKING THE TURN SIGNAL RELAY**

- 1. Check:
- Turn signal relay input voltage
   Out of specification → The wiring circuit from
   the main switch to the turn signal relay cou pler is faulty and must be repaired.



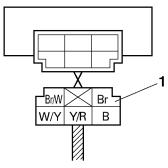
Turn signal relay input voltage DC 12 V

a. Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the turn signal relay terminal as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → brown "1"
- Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$  ground



- b. Turn the main switch to "ON".
- c. Measure the turn signal relay input voltage.
- 2. Check:
  - Turn signal relay output voltage
     Out of specification → Replace.



Turn signal relay output voltage DC 12 V

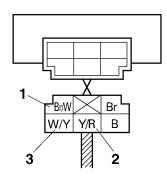
\_\_\_\_

a. Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the turn signal relay terminal as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → brown/white "1", yellow/red "2" or white/yellow "3"
- Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$  ground



- b. Turn the main switch to "ON".
- c. Measure the turn signal relay output voltage.

## 

EAS28050

### **CHECKING THE DIODES**

### Relay unit (diode)

- 1. Check:
- Relay unit (diode)
   Out of specification → Replace.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

NOTE: \_\_

The pocket tester or the analog pocket tester readings are shown in the following table.



Continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$  sky blue "4"

Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

black/yellow "2"

No continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

black/yellow "2"

Negative tester probe → sky

blue "1"

Continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$  sky blue

"1"

Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

blue/yellow "3"

No continuity

**Positive tester probe** →

blue/yellow "3"

Negative tester probe → sky

blue "1"

Continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$  sky blue

"1"

**Negative tester probe** → **sky** 

blue/white "4"

No continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$  sky

blue/white "4"

Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$  sky

blue "1"

Continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

blue/green "5"

**Negative tester probe** →

blue/yellow "3"

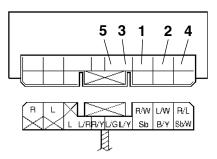
No continuity

**Positive tester probe** →

blue/yellow "3"

Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

blue/green "5"



- a. Disconnect the relay unit from the wire harness.
- b. Connect the pocket tester  $(\Omega \times 1)$  to the relay unit terminals as shown.

- c. Check the relay unit (diode) for continuity.
- d. Check the relay unit (diode) for no continuity.

### Diode 1

- 1. Check:
- Diode 1

Out of specification  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

NOTE: \_

The pocket tester and the analog pocket tester readings are shown in the following table.



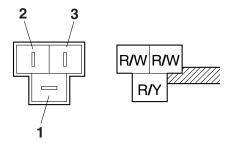
Continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$  red/yellow "1"

Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$  red/white "2" or red/white "3"

No continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$  red/white "2" or red/white "3" Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$  red/yellow "1"



- a. Disconnect the diode 1 from the wire harness
- b. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1$ ) to the diode 1 terminals as shown.

- c. Check the diode 1 for continuity.
- d. Check the diode 1 for no continuity.

### Diode 2

- 1. Check:
- Diode 2
   Out of specification → Replace.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

### NOTE:

The pocket tester and the analog pocket tester readings are shown in the following table.



Continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

red/white "1"

Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

black/red "2"

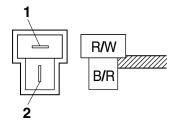
No continuity

Positive tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

black/red "2"

Negative tester probe  $\rightarrow$ 

red/white "1"



- a. Disconnect the diode 2 from the wire harness
- b. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1$ ) to the diode 2 terminals as shown.
- c. Check the diode 2 for continuity.

d. Check the diode 2 for no continuity.

ET1D7101

### **CHECKING THE IGNITION SPARK GAP**

- 1. Check:
- Ignition spark gap
   Out of specification → Perform the ignition
   system troubleshooting, starting with step 5.
   Refer to "TROUBLESHOOTING" on page
   7-4.



Minimum ignition spark gap 6.0 mm (0.24 in)

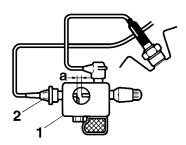
NOTE: \_

If the ignition spark gap is within specification, the ignition system circuit is operating normally.

- a. Disconnect the spark plug cap from the spark plug.
- b. Connect the ignition checker "1" as shown.



Ignition checker 90890-06754 Opama pet-4000 spark checker YM-34487



- 2. Spark plug cap
- c. Turn the main switch to "ON" and engine stop switch to "\cap".
- d. Measure the ignition spark gap "a".
- e. Crank the engine by pushing the start switch "(s)" and gradually increase the spark gap until a misfire occurs.

EAS28070

### CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG CAPS

The following procedure applies to all of the spark plug caps.

- 1. Check:
- Spark plug cap resistance
   Out of specification → Replace.

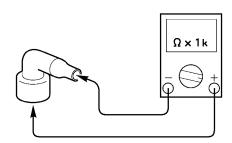


Resistance 10.0  $k\Omega$ 

- a. Remove the spark plug cap from the spark plug lead.
- b. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1k$ ) to the spark plug cap as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C



c. Measure the spark plug cap resistance.

EAS2810

### **CHECKING THE IGNITION COILS**

The following procedure applies to all of the ignition coils.

- 1. Check:
- Primary coil resistance
   Out of specification → Replace.



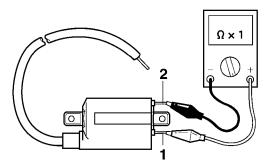
Primary coil resistance 2.16–2.64  $\Omega$ 

- Disconnect the ignition coil connectors from the ignition coil terminals.
- b. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1$ ) to the ignition coil as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → black/red "1"
- Negative tester probe → orange or gray/red "2"



c. Measure the primary coil resistance.

## 2. Check:

Secondary coil resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.



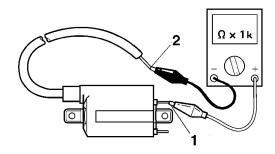
Secondary coil resistance 8.64–12.96 kΩ

- a. Disconnect the spark plug cap from the ignition coil.
- b. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1k$ ) to the ignition coil as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Negative tester probe → black/red "1"
- Positive tester probe → spark plug lead "2"



c. Measure the secondary coil resistance.

EAS28120

# CHECKING THE CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Disconnect:
- Crankshaft position sensor coupler (from the wire harness)
- 2. Check:
  - Crankshaft position sensor resistance
     Out of specification → Replace the crankshaft position sensor.



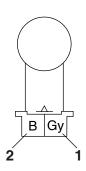
Crankshaft position sensor resistance 248–372  $\Omega$ 

a. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 100$ ) to the crankshaft position sensor coupler as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → gray "1"
- Negative tester probe → black "2"



b. Measure the crankshaft position sensor resistance.

EAS2813

### CHECKING THE LEAN ANGLE SENSOR

- 1. Remove:
- Lean angle sensor
- 2. Check:
- Lean angle sensor output voltage Out of specification → Replace.



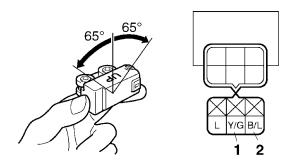
Lean angle sensor output voltage Less than 65°: 0.4–1.4 V More than 65°: 3.7–4.4 V

- a. Connect the lean angle sensor coupler to the wire harness.
- b. Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the lean angle sensor coupler as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → yellow/green "1"
- Negative tester probe → black/blue "2"



- c. Turn the lean angle sensor to 65°.
- d. Measure the lean angle sensor output voltage.

ET1D71013

# CHECKING THE STARTER MOTOR OPERATION

- 1. Check:
- Starter motor operation

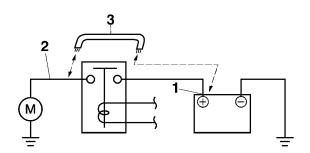
Does not operate  $\rightarrow$  Perform the electric starting system troubleshooting, starting with step 5.

Refer to "TROUBLESHOOTING" on page 7-11.

a. Connect the positive battery terminal "1" and starter motor lead "2" with a jumper lead "3".

# WARNING

- A wire that is used as a jumper lead must have at least the same capacity of the battery lead, otherwise the jumper lead may burn.
- This check is likely to produce sparks, therefore, make sure no flammable gas or fluid is in the vicinity.



b. Check the starter motor operation.

EAS28150

### **CHECKING THE STATOR COIL**

- 1. Disconnect:
- Stator coil coupler (from the rectifier/regulator)
- 2. Check:
  - Stator coil resistance
     Out of specification → Replace the stator coil.



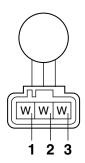
Stator coil resistance 0.112–0.168  $\Omega$ 

a. Connect the pocket tester  $(\Omega \times 1)$  to the stator coil coupler as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → white "1"
- Negative tester probe → white "2"
- Positive tester probe → white "1"
- Negative tester probe → white "3"
- Positive tester probe → white "2"
- Negative tester probe → white "3"



b. Measure the stator coil resistance.

EAS28170

### CHECKING THE RECTIFIER/REGULATOR

- 1. Check:
- Charging voltage
   Out of specification → Replace the rectifier/regulator.



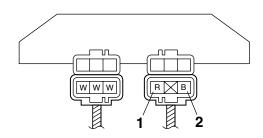
### Charging voltage 14 V at 5000 r/min

- a. Set the engine tachometer to the cylinder-#1 left spark plug lead or right spark plug lead.
- b. Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the rectifier/regulator coupler as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → red "1"
- Negative tester probe → black "2"



- c. Start the engine and let it run at approximately 5000 r/min.
- d. Measure the charging voltage.

EAS28180

## **CHECKING THE HORNS**

- 1. Check:
- Horn resistance
   Out of specification → Replace.



Coil resistance 0.94–0.98  $\Omega$ 

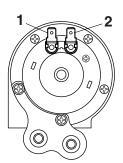
- a. Disconnect the horn 1 connectors and horn 2 coupler from the horn terminals.
- b. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1$ ) to the horn terminals.



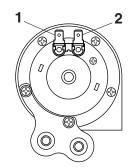
Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → horn terminal "1"
- Negative tester probe → horn terminal "2"

Α

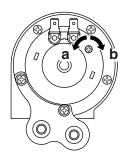


В

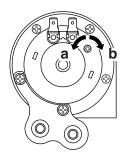


- A. Horn 1
- B. Horn 2
- Measure the horn resistance.
- 2. Check:
  - Horn sound
     Faulty sound → Adjust or replace.
- a. Connect a battery (12 V) to the horn.
- b. Turn the adjusting screw in direction "a" or "b" until the horn sound is obtained.

Α



В



- A. Horn 1
- B. Horn 2

AS28210

# CHECKING THE ENGINE TEMPERATURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove:
- Engine temperature sensor (from the front cylinder head)

EWA14140

# **WARNING**

- Handle the engine temperature sensor with special care.
- Never subject the engine temperature sensor to strong shocks. If the engine temperature sensor is dropped, replace it.
- 2. Check:
  - Engine temperature sensor resistance Out of specification → Replace.



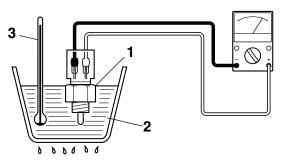
Engine temperature sensor resistance

0.90–1.10 k $\Omega$  at 100 °C (212 °F)

a. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1$  k) to the engine temperature sensor terminals as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C



b. Immerse the engine temperature sensor "1" in a container filled with water "2".

#### NOTE:

Make sure that the engine temperature sensor terminals do not get wet.

- c. Place a thermometer "3" in the water.
- d. Slowly heat the water, then let it cool down to the specified temperature.
- e. Measure the engine temperature sensor resistance.

- 3. Install:
  - Engine temperature sensor



Engine temperature sensor 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

#### ET1D7101

# CHECKING THE FUEL SENDER (FUEL TANK)

- 1. Remove:
- Fuel sender (from the fuel tank)
- 2. Check:
  - Fuel sender resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.



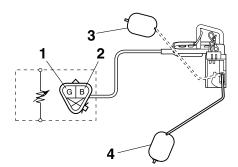
Fuel sender (fuel tank) Sender unit resistance (full) 9–11  $\Omega$  Sender unit resistance (empty) 213–219  $\Omega$ 

a. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 100$ ) to the fuel sender coupler as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → green "1"
- Negative tester probe → black "2"
- b. Move the fuel sender float to maximum "3"/minimum "4" level position.



c. Measure the fuel sender resistance.

ET1D71015

# CHECKING THE FUEL SENDER (FUEL PUMP)

- 1. Drain the fuel.
- 2. Disconnect:
  - Fuel pump coupler (from the fuel pump)
- 3. Remove:
  - Fuel pump (from the sub-fuel tank)
- 4. Check:
  - Fuel sender resistance
     Out of specification → Replace the fuel pump
     assembly.



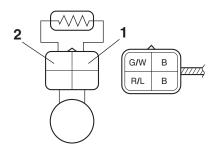
Fuel sender resistance 0.90–2.05 kΩ

a. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1$ ) to the fuel sender terminals as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → green/white "1"
- Negative tester probe → black "2"



b. Measure the fuel sender resistance.

ET1D7104

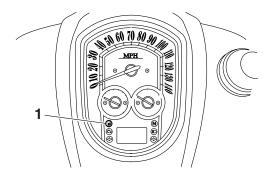
# CHECKING THE FUEL LEVEL WARNING LIGHT

This model is equipped with a self-diagnosis device for the fuel level detection circuit.

- 1. Check:
- Fuel level warning light "1"
   (Turn the main switch to "ON".)
   Warning light comes on for a few seconds, then goes off → Warning light is OK.
   Warning light does not come on → Replace the meter assembly.

Warning light flashes eight times, then goes off for three seconds in a repeated cycle (malfunction detected in fuel sender or thermistor)

 $\rightarrow$  Replace the fuel pump assembly.



EAS28240

### **CHECKING THE SPEED SENSOR**

- 1. Check:
- Speed sensor output voltage
   Out of specification → Replace.



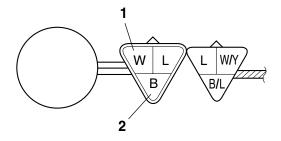
Output voltage reading cycle 0.6 V to 4.8 V to 0.6 V to 4.8 V

a. Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the speed sensor coupler as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → white "1"
- Negative tester probe → black "2"



- b. Turn the main switch to "ON".
- c. Elevate the rear wheel and slowly rotate it.
- d. Measure the voltage of white and black. With each full rotation of the rear wheel, the voltage reading should cycle from 0.6 V to 4.8 V to 0.6 V to 4.8 V.

EAS28300

# CHECKING THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Remove:
- Throttle position sensor (from the throttle body)
- 2. Check:
  - Throttle position sensor maximum resistance Out of specification → Replace the throttle position sensor.



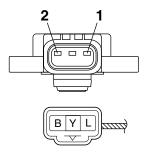
Resistance 4.0–6.0 kΩ/blue-black

a. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 1k$ ) to the throttle position sensor terminals as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → blue "1"
- Negative tester probe → black "2"



b. Measure the throttle position sensor maximum resistance.

3. Install:

• Throttle position sensor

NOTE:

When installing the throttle position sensor, adjust its angle properly. Refer to "ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR" on page 6-12.

EAS2835

### **CHECKING THE FUEL PUMP**

EWA13850

# **MARNING**

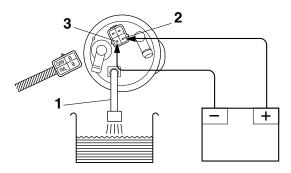
Gasoline is extremely flammable and under certain circumstances there can be a danger of an explosion or fire. Be extremely careful and note the following points:

- Stop the engine before refueling.
- Do not smoke, and keep away from open flames, sparks, or any other source of fire.
- If you do accidentally spill gasoline, wipe it up immediately with dry rags.
- If gasoline touches the engine when it is hot, a fire may occur. Therefore, make sure the engine is completely cool before performing the following test.
- 1. Disconnect:
- Fuel pump coupler (from the fuel pump)
- 2. Check:
- Fuel pump operation
   Faulty/rough movement → Replace.

a. Fill the fuel tank.

- b. Put the end of the fuel hose "1" into an open container.
- c. Connect the battery (DC 12 V) to the fuel pump terminals as shown.

- Positive battery lead → red/blue "2"
- Negative battery lead → black "3"



d. Check the fuel pump operation.

EAS28360

### **CHECKING THE EXUP SERVO MOTOR**

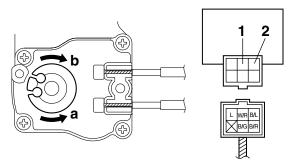
- 1. Check:
- EXUP servo motor operation
   Out of specification → Replace.
- a. Disconnect the EXUP cables from the EXUP servo motor pulley.
- b. Disconnect the EXUP servo motor coupler from the wire harness.
- c. Connect the battery leads to the EXUP servo motor terminals as shown.

For counterclockwise rotation "a"

- Positive battery lead → black/green "1"
- Negative battery lead → black/red "2"

For clockwise rotation "b"

- Positive battery lead → black/red "2"
- Negative battery lead → black/green "1"



d. Check that the EXUP servo motor pulley rotates several times in directions "a" and "b".

ECA14390

### **CAUTION:**

To prevent damaging the EXUP servo motor, perform this test within a few seconds of connecting the battery.

EAS2841

# CHECKING THE INTAKE AIR PRESSURE SENSOR

The following procedure applies to both of the intake air pressure sensors.

- 1. Check:
- Intake air pressure sensor output voltage Out of specification → Replace.



Intake air pressure sensor output voltage

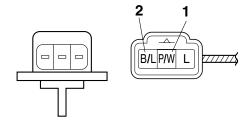
3.75-4.25 V

 Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the intake air pressure sensor coupler as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C

- Positive tester probe → pink/white "1" or pink/yellow
- Negative tester probe → black/blue "2"



- b. Turn the main switch to "ON".
- c. Measure the intake air pressure sensor output voltage.

ET1D7101

# CHECKING THE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove:
- Air temperature sensor

EW1D71004

# **WARNING**

- Handle the air temperature sensor with special care.
- Never subject the air temperature sensor to strong shocks. If the air temperature sensor is dropped, replace it.
- 2. Check:
  - Air temperature sensor resistance
     Out of specification → Replace.

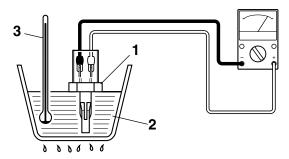


Air temperature sensor resistance 290–390  $\Omega$  at 80 °C (176 °F)

a. Connect the pocket tester ( $\Omega \times 100$ ) to the air temperature sensor terminals as shown.



Pocket tester 90890-03112 Analog pocket tester YU-03112-C



b. Immerse the air temperature sensor "1" in a container filled with water "2".

### NOTE: \_

Make sure that the air temperature sensor terminals do not get wet.

- c. Place a thermometer "3" in the water.
- d. Slowly heat the water, then let it cool down to the specified temperature.
- e. Measure the air temperature sensor resistance.

# **TROUBLESHOOTING**

| FROUBLESHOOTING                        | 8-1 |
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| FAULTY GEAR SHIFTING                   | 8-2 |
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| JUMPS OUT OF GEAR                      |     |
| FAULTY CLUTCH                          |     |
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EAS28450

# **TROUBLESHOOTING**

EAS28460

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

NOTE:

The following guide for troubleshooting does not cover all the possible causes of trouble. It should be helpful, however, as a guide to basic troubleshooting. Refer to the relative procedure in this manual for checks, adjustments, and replacement of parts.

EAS28470

### STARTING FAILURES

### **Engine**

- 1. Cylinder(s) and cylinder head(s)
- · Loose spark plug
- Loose cylinder head or cylinder
- Damaged cylinder head gasket
- Damaged cylinder gasket
- Worn or damaged cylinder
- Incorrect valve clearance
- Improperly sealed valve
- Incorrect valve-to-valve-seat contact
- Incorrect valve timing
- · Faulty valve spring
- Seized valve
- 2. Piston(s) and piston ring(s)
- · Improperly installed piston ring
- Damaged, worn or fatigued piston ring
- · Seized piston ring
- Seized or damaged piston
- 3. Air filter
- Improperly installed air filter
- Clogged air filter element
- 4. Crankcase and crankshaft
  - Improperly assembled crankcase
  - Seized crankshaft

### **Fuel system**

- 1. Fuel tank
- Empty fuel tank
- Clogged fuel filter
- Clogged fuel tank overflow/breather hose
- Clogged rollover valve
- Clogged rollover valve hose
- Deteriorated or contaminated fuel
- 2. Fuel pump
  - Faulty fuel pump
- Faulty relay unit (fuel pump relay)
- 3. Throttle body(-ies)
- Deteriorated or contaminated fuel

Sucked-in air

### **Electrical system**

- 1. Battery
- Discharged battery
- Faulty battery
- 2. Fuse(s)
- Blown, damaged or incorrect fuse
- Improperly installed fuse
- 3. Spark plug(s)
- Incorrect spark plug gap
- Incorrect spark plug heat range
- · Fouled spark plug
- Worn or damaged electrode
- Worn or damaged insulator
- Faulty spark plug cap
- 4. Ignition coil(s)
- Cracked or broken ignition coil body
- Broken or shorted primary or secondary coils
- Faulty spark plug lead
- 5. Ignition system
- Faulty ECU
- Faulty crankshaft position sensor
- Broken generator rotor woodruff key
- 6. Switches and wiring
  - Faulty main switch
  - Faulty engine stop switch
  - Broken or shorted wiring
  - Faulty neutral switch
  - · Faulty start switch
  - Faulty sidestand switch
  - · Faulty clutch switch
  - Improperly grounded circuit
  - Loose connections
- Starting system
- · Faulty starter motor
- Faulty starter relay
- Faulty relay unit (starting circuit cut-off relay)
- Faulty starter clutch

EAS2940

### **INCORRECT ENGINE IDLING SPEED**

### **Engine**

- 1. Cylinder(s) and cylinder head(s)
- Incorrect valve clearance
- Damaged valve train components
- 2. Air filter
  - Clogged air filter element

### **Fuel system**

- 1. Throttle body(-ies)
- Damaged or loose throttle body joint
- Improperly synchronized throttle bodies

# TROUBLESHOOTING

- Improper throttle cable free play
- Flooded throttle body

### **Electrical system**

- 1. Battery
- Discharged battery
- Faulty battery
- 2. Spark plug(s)
  - Incorrect spark plug gap
  - Incorrect spark plug heat range
  - · Fouled spark plug
  - Worn or damaged electrode
  - Worn or damaged insulator
- Faulty spark plug cap
- 3. Ignition coil(s)
- Broken or shorted primary or secondary coils
- Faulty spark plug lead
- · Cracked or broken ignition coil
- 4. Ignition system
- Faulty ECU
- Faulty crankshaft position sensor
- Broken generator rotor woodruff key

FAS28510

# POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH-SPEED PERFORMANCE

Refer to "STARTING FAILURES" on page 8-1.

### **Engine**

- 1. Air filter
- Clogged air filter element

### **Fuel system**

- 1. Fuel pump
- · Faulty fuel pump

EAS28530

### **FAULTY GEAR SHIFTING**

### Shifting is difficult

Refer to "Clutch drags".

FAS28540

### SHIFT PEDAL DOES NOT MOVE

### Shift shaft

- Improperly adjusted shift rod
- Bent shift shaft

### Shift drum and shift forks

- Foreign object in a shift drum groove
- Seized shift fork
- Bent shift fork guide bar

#### **Transmission**

- Seized transmission gear
- Foreign object between transmission gears
- Improperly assembled transmission

EAS2855

### JUMPS OUT OF GEAR

#### Shift shaft

- Incorrect shift pedal position
- Improperly returned stopper lever

### Shift forks

Worn shift fork

### Shift drum

- Incorrect axial play
- Worn shift drum groove

### **Transmission**

• Worn gear dog

FAS2857

#### **FAULTY CLUTCH**

## **Clutch slips**

- 1. Clutch
- Improperly assembled clutch
- Improperly assembled clutch master cylinder
- Improperly assembled clutch release cylinder
- Incorrect clutch fluid level
- Damaged clutch hose
- · Loose or fatigued clutch spring
- Loose union bolt
- Worn friction plate
- · Worn clutch plate
- Damaged clutch release cylinder
- 2. Engine oil
- Incorrect oil level
- Incorrect oil viscosity (low)
- Deteriorated oil

### **Clutch drags**

- 1. Clutch
  - Air in hydraulic clutch system
  - Unevenly tensioned clutch springs
  - Warped pressure plate
  - · Bent clutch plate
  - Swollen friction plate
- Bent clutch push rod
- Damaged clutch boss
- Burnt primary driven gear bushing
- Damaged clutch release cylinder
- · Match marks not aligned

## TROUBLESHOOTING

- 2. Engine oil
  - Incorrect oil level
  - Incorrect oil viscosity (high)
  - Deteriorated oil

EAS28590

### **OVERHEATING**

### **Engine**

- 1. Cylinder head(s) and piston(s)
- Heavy carbon buildup
- 2. Engine oil
- Incorrect oil level
- Incorrect oil viscosity
- Inferior oil quality

### **Fuel system**

- 1. Throttle body(-ies)
- Faulty throttle body(-ies)
- Damaged or loose throttle body joint
- 2. Air filter
  - Clogged air filter element

### Chassis

- 1. Brake(s)
- Dragging brake

### **Electrical system**

- 1. Spark plug(s)
- Incorrect spark plug gap
- Incorrect spark plug heat range
- 2. Ignition system
  - Faulty ECU

EAS28620

### POOR BRAKING PERFORMANCE

- Worn brake pad
- Worn brake disc
- Air in hydraulic brake system
- Leaking brake fluid
- Faulty brake caliper kit
- Faulty brake caliper seal
- Loose union bolt
- Damaged brake hose
- Oil or grease on the brake disc
- Oil or grease on the brake pad
- Incorrect brake fluid level

EAS28660

### **FAULTY FRONT FORK LEGS**

### Leaking oil

- Bent, damaged or rusty inner tube
- Cracked or damaged outer tube
- Improperly installed oil seal

- Damaged oil seal lip
- Incorrect oil level (high)
- · Loose damper rod assembly bolt
- Damaged damper rod assembly bolt copper washer
- Cracked or damaged cap bolt O-ring

#### Malfunction

- Bent or damaged inner tube
- Bent or damaged outer tube
- Damaged fork spring
- Worn or damaged outer tube bushing
- Bent or damaged damper rod
- Incorrect oil viscosity
- Incorrect oil level

EAS2867

### **UNSTABLE HANDLING**

- 1. Handlebar
- Bent or improperly installed handlebar
- 2. Steering head components
  - Improperly installed upper bracket
  - Improperly installed lower bracket (improperly tightened ring nut)
  - Bent steering stem
  - Damaged ball bearing or bearing race
- 3. Front fork leg(s)
- Uneven oil levels (both front fork legs)
- Unevenly tensioned fork spring (both front fork legs)
- Broken fork spring
- Bent or damaged inner tube
- Bent or damaged outer tube
- 4. Swingarm
  - Worn bearing or bushing
  - Bent or damaged swingarm
- 5. Rear shock absorber assembly
- Faulty rear shock absorber spring
- · Leaking oil or gas
- 6. Tire(s)
  - Uneven tire pressures (front and rear)
- Incorrect tire pressure
- Uneven tire wear
- 7. Wheel(s)
  - Incorrect wheel balance
- Deformed cast wheel
- Damaged wheel bearing
- Bent or loose wheel axle
- Excessive wheel runout
- 8. Frame
- Bent frame
- Damaged steering head pipe
- Improperly installed bearing race

EAS28710

### **FAULTY LIGHTING OR SIGNALING SYSTEM**

### Headlight does not come on

- Wrong headlight bulb
- Too many electrical accessories
- Hard charging
- Incorrect connection
- Improperly grounded circuit
- Poor contacts (main switch)
- Burnt-out headlight bulb

### Headlight bulb burnt out

- · Wrong headlight bulb
- Faulty battery
- Faulty rectifier/regulator
- Improperly grounded circuit
- Faulty main switch
- Headlight bulb life expired

# Tail/brake light does not come on

- Wrong tail/brake light LED
- Too many electrical accessories
- Incorrect connection
- Burnt-out tail/brake light LED

### Tail/brake light LED burnt out

- Wrong tail/brake light LED
- Faulty battery
- · Incorrectly adjusted rear brake light switch
- Tail/brake light LED life expired

### Turn signal does not come on

- · Faulty turn signal switch
- Faulty turn signal relay
- Burnt-out turn signal bulb
- Incorrect connection
- · Damaged or faulty wire harness
- Improperly grounded circuit
- Faulty battery
- Blown, damaged or incorrect fuse

### Turn signal flashes slowly

- Faulty turn signal relay
- Faulty main switch
- Faulty turn signal switch
- Incorrect turn signal bulb

### Turn signal remains lit

- Faulty turn signal relay
- Burnt-out turn signal bulb

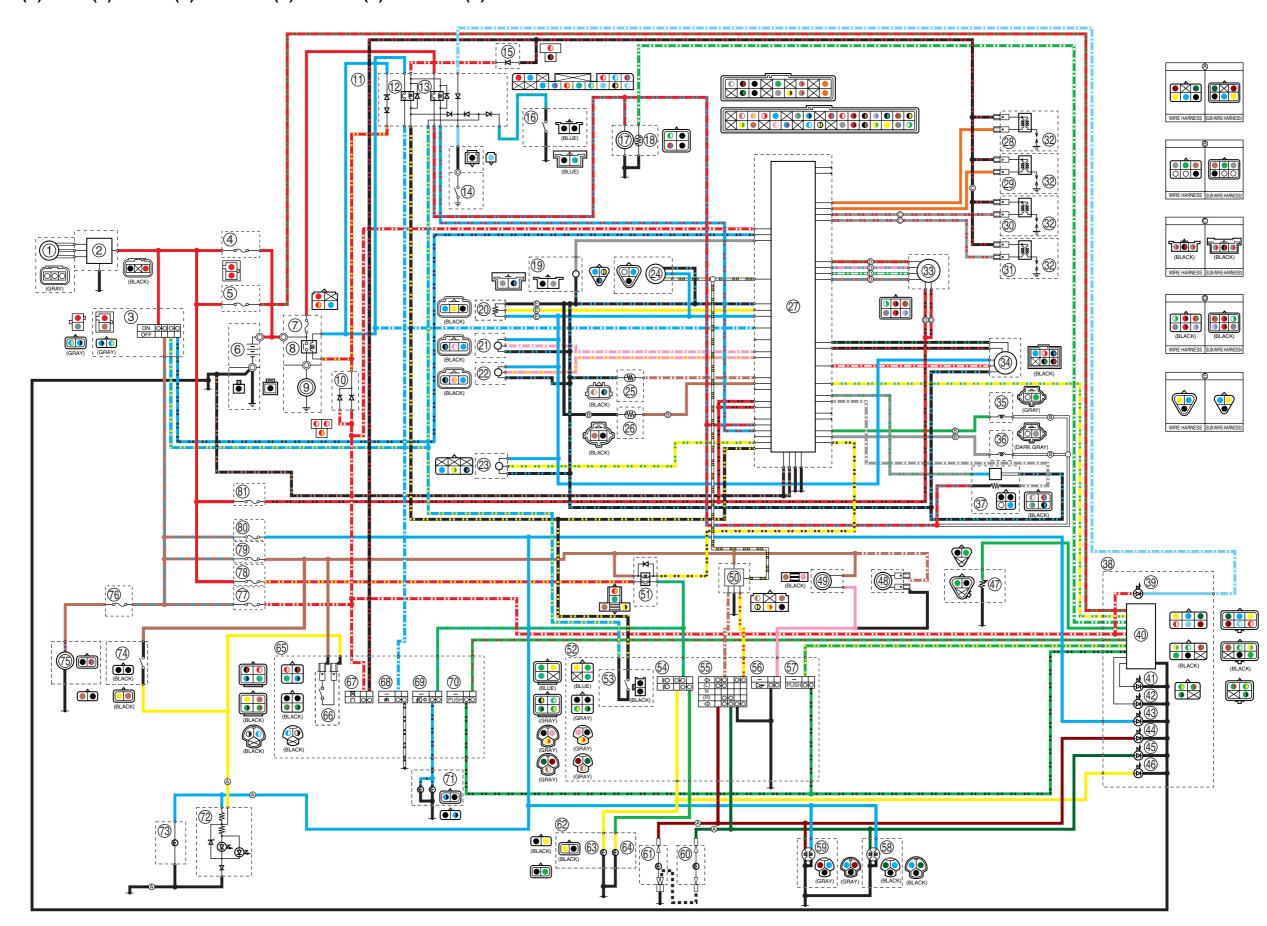
## Turn signal flashes quickly

• Incorrect turn signal bulb

- Faulty turn signal relay
- Burnt-out turn signal bulb

### Horn does not sound

- Improperly adjusted horn
- Damaged or faulty horn
- Faulty main switch
- Faulty horn switch
- Faulty battery
- Blown, damaged or incorrect fuse
- Faulty wire harness



### WIRING DIAGRAM

### XV19SV(C)/XV19V(C)/ XV19MV(C)/XV19CTSV(C)/ XV19CTV(C)/XV19CTMV(C) 2006

- 1. AC magneto
- 2. Rectifier/regulator
- 3. Main switch
- 4. Main fuse
- 5. Backup fuse (odometer and clock)
- 6. Battery
- 7. Fuel injection system fuse
- 8. Starter relay
- 9. Starter motor
- 10. Diode 1
- 11. Relay unit
- 12. Starting circuit cut-off relay
- 13. Fuel pump relay
- 14. Neutral switch
- 15. Diode 2
- 16. Sidestand switch
- 17. Fuel pump
- 18. Fuel sender (fuel pump)
- 19. Crankshaft position sensor
- 20. Throttle position sensor
- 21. Cylinder-#1 intake air pressure
- 22. Cylinder-#2 intake air pressure sensor
- 23. Lean angle sensor
- 24. Speed sensor
- 25. Air temperature sensor
- 26. Engine temperature sensor
- 27. ECU (electronic control unit)
- 28. Cylinder-#1 left ignition coil
- 29. Cylinder-#1 right ignition coil
- 30. Cylinder-#2 left ignition coil
- 31. Cylinder-#2 right ignition coil
- 32. Spark plug
- 33. ISC (idle speed control) unit
- 34. EXUP servo motor
- 35. Injector #1
- 36. Injector #2
- 37.0<sub>2</sub> sensor
- 38. Meter assembly
- 39. Neutral indicator light
- 40. Multi-function meter
- 41. Engine trouble warning light
- 42. Fuel level warning light
- 43. Meter light
- 44. Left turn signal indicator light
- 45. Right turn signal indicator light
- 46. High beam indicator light
- 47. Fuel sender (fuel tank)
- 48. Horn 1
- 49. Horn 2
- 50. Turn signal relay
- 51. Headlight relay

52. Left handlebar switch

- 53. Clutch switch
- 54. Dimmer switch
- 55. Turn signal switch
- 56. Horn switch
- 57. Select switch
- 58. Front right turn signal/position
- 59. Front left turn signal/position
- 60. Rear right turn signal light
- 61. Rear left turn signal light
- 62. Headlight assembly
- 63. Headlight (high beam)
- 64. Headlight (low beam)
- 65. Right handlebar switch
- 66. Front brake light switch
- 67. Engine stop switch
- 68. Start switch
- 69. Accessory light switch
- 70. Reset switch
- 71. Accessory light (OPTION)
- 72. Tail/brake light
- 73. License plate light
- 74. Rear brake light switch
- 75. Auxiliary DC coupler
- 76. Auxiliary DC connector fuse
- 77. Ignition fuse
- 78. Headlight fuse
- 79. Signaling system fuse
- 80. Taillight fuse
- 81. ECU fuse

EAS28750

**COLOR CODE** 

В Black Br Brown Ch Chocolate

Dg Dark green

G Green

Gy Gray

Blue 0 Orange

Р Pink

R Red Sky blue Sb

W White

٧ Yellow

Black/Brown B/Br

B/G Black/Green B/L Black/Blue

B/R Black/Red

B/Y

Black/Yellow

Br/L Brown/Blue

Br/W Brown/White

G/B Green/Black

G/L Green/Blue

G/R Green/Red

G/W Green/White

G/Y Green/Yellow

Gy/G Gray/Green

Gy/R Gray/Red

Gy/W Gray/White

L/B Blue/Black

Blue/Green L/G

Blue/Red L/R

L/W Blue/White

L/Y Blue/Yellow

P/L Pink/Blue

P/W Pink/White

P/Y Pink/Yellow

R/B Red/Black

R/G Red/Green

R/L Red/Blue

R/W Red/White

R/Y Red/Yellow

Sb/W Sky blue/White

W/B White/Black

W/G White/Green

W/R White/Red

W/Y White/Yellow

Y/B Yellow/Black

Y/G Yellow/Green

Y/L Yellow/Blue Y/R Yellow/Red